CENTER JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

www.centerusd.k12.ca.us

Students will realize their dreams by developing communication skills, reasoning, integrity, and motivation through academic excellence, a well-rounded education, and being active citizens of our diverse community.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES SPECIAL MEETING

LOCATION: District Office - Room 5 8408 Watt Avenue, Antelope, CA 95843

DATE/TIME: Wednesday, April 3, 2013 @ 5:30 p.m.

AGENDA

- I. CALL TO ORDER & ROLL CALL 5:30 p.m.
- II. FLAG SALUTE
- III. ADOPTION OF AGENDA Action
- IV. COMMENTS FROM THE AUDIENCE REGARDING ITEMS ON THE Public AGENDA Comments

Action

- V. BOARD / SUPERINTENDENT REPORTS (10 minutes) Info
- VI. BUSINESS ITEMS

Governance A. <u>First Reading: Board Policies/Regulations/Exhibits</u>

AR 0420.4 - Charter School Authorization

(AR revised)

Regulation updated to reflect NEW LAW (SB 1290) which requires a charter school petition to include a description of measurable student outcomes both schoolwide and for all "numerically significant" student subgroups served by the charter school, as defined in Education Code 52052. Regulation also clarifies the responsibility of the petition review committee to evaluate proposals based on criteria specified in law and Board policy for approval and denial of petitions.

Note: If you need a disability-related modification or accommodation, including auxiliary aids or services, to participate in the public meeting, please contact the Superintendent's Office at (916) 338-6409 at least 48 hours before the scheduled Board meeting. [Government Code §54954.2] [Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, §202.]

NOTICE: The agenda packet and supporting materials, including materials distributed less than 72 hours prior to the scheduled meeting, can be viewed at Center Joint Unified School District, Superintendent's Office, located at 8408 Watt Avenue, Antelope, CA. For more information please call 916-338-6409.

BP 0420.42 - Charter School Renewal

(BP revised)

Policy updated to reflect NEW LAW (SB 1290) which requires the Board to consider increases in student achievement for all "numerically significant" student subgroups served by the charter school as the most important factor in determining whether to grant a charter renewal. Policy also reflects provision of SB 1290 requiring that, when making a written finding that the charter school failed to attain its Academic Performance Index (API) growth target, the Board must base its finding on the API growth target in the prior year or in two of the last three years, rather than in the aggregate for the prior three years.

BP 0420.43 - Charter School Revocation

(BP revised)

Policy updated to reflect NEW LAW (SB 1290) which requires the Board to consider increases in student achievement for all "numerically significant" student subgroups served by the charter school as the most important factor in determining whether to revoke a charter.

BP/AR 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures

(BP/AR revised - TO BE ISSUED BY 2/4/13)

MANDATED policy and MANDATED regulation updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 1575) which mandates the use of uniform complaint procedures for resolving complaints of alleged violations of law which prohibits fees, deposits, or charges for student participation in educational activities. Policy and regulation also updated to reflect the use of uniform complaint procedures to address complaints of discrimination, harassment, intimidation, and bullying, as required by the California Department of Education (CDE) through the Federal Program Monitoring process.

BP/AR 3260 - Fees and Charges

(BP/AR revised)

MANDATED policy updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 1575) which clarifies the prohibition against charging of student fees, prescribes the use of uniform complaint procedures for filing a complaint when the charging of an impermissible fee is alleged, and requires information about student fees to be included in the annual notification regarding uniform complaint procedures. Regulation updated to reflect NEW LAW (SB 1016) which requires the district to charge a fee to families enrolled in part-day preschool programs and/or wraparound child care services in accordance with the fee schedule established by the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

AR 3543 - Transportation Safety and Emergencies

(AR revised)

MANDATED regulation updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 1536) which allows the use of voice-operated and hands-free electronic wireless communications devices for text-based communications while driving a motor vehicle, including a school bus or student activity bus. Regulation also expanded to reflect existing law related to daily safety inspections of buses, bus driver's obligation to report accidents, and placement of fire extinguishers in wheelchair school buses.

BP 4030 - Nondiscrimination in Employment

(BP revised)

Policy updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 1964) which prohibits discrimination against an employee or job applicant based on the person's religious beliefs, observances, or dress or grooming practices unless the district can demonstrate that it has explored available reasonable alternative means of accommodating the person but is unable to do so. Policy also updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 2386) which, for purposes of prohibiting discrimination in employment, revises the definition of "religious creed" to include religious dress and grooming practices and defines "sex" to include breastfeeding and related medical conditions.

AR 4161.2/4261.2/4361.2 - Personal Leaves

(AR revised)

MANDATED regulation updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 1203) which (1) requires the district to grant a paid leave of absence to a reasonable number of classified employees serving as unelected members of an employee organization for the purpose of attending important organizational activities authorized by the organization and (2) requires the employee organization to provide reasonable prior notification to the district and to reimburse the district within 10 days of receiving certification of the district's payment of compensation to the employee.

AR 4217.3 - Layoff/Rehire

(AR revised)

Regulation updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 1908) which changes the timeline for notifying classified employees when they are subject to layoff due to lack of work or lack of funds. Regulation also revised to reflect NEW LAW (AB 2307) which provides that laid-off classified employees who are reemployed in a new position but fail to complete the probationary period for the new position shall be returned to the reemployment list for the remainder of the 39-month reemployment eligibility period.

BP/AR 5113.1 - Chronic Absence and Truancy

(BP/AR revised)

Policy updated to provide information about available tools for tracking attendance, add school health services as a strategy for preventing attendance problems, expand list of agencies and individuals with whom the district might collaborate to identify and address problems, reflect legislative intent to use alternatives to suspension or expulsion with truants, and update representatives on the school attendance review board to reflect current law. MANDATED regulation updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 2616) which defines "valid excuse" for purposes of identifying truants and revises the interventions to be implemented at various stages of truancy.

AR 5125 - Student Records

(AR revised)

MANDATED regulation updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 733) which, in many respects, conforms state law to federal law with regard to persons authorized to access student records. Regulation also reflects NEW LAW (AB 1799) which requires a student's records to be transferred, within 10 school days of receiving a request, to another school in which the student is enrolled or intends to enroll.

AR 5141.31 - Immunizations

(AR revised)

Regulation updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 2109) which requires that, when a parent/guardian submits a written statement that one or more immunization requirements are contrary to his/her beliefs, the statement must document which immunizations have been given and specify which ones are contrary to his/her beliefs. Regulation also reflects a provision of AB 2109 that, effective January 1, 2014, the personal beliefs affidavit must include a sign attestation by a health care practitioner indicating that he/she has provided the parent/guardian with information regarding the benefits and risks of the immunization and the health risks associated with the communicable disease.

BP/AR 5144.1 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process

(BP/AR revised)

MANDATED policy and MANDATED regulation updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 1729) which prohibits suspension of a student, including in a supervised suspension classroom, for certain specified violations unless other means of correction have failed to bring about proper conduct. Regulation also updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 2537) which broadens the authority of school administrators to determine when expulsion should be recommended for certain offenses, clarifies that a student's possession of an imitation firearm does not require expulsion, and clarifies that a student's over-the-counter or prescribed medication is not considered possession of controlled substances when determining grounds for suspension or expulsion. Regulation reflects NEW LAW (AB 1909) which requires the district to invite a foster youth's attorney and an appropriate county child welfare agency representative to any meeting to consider certain disciplinary measures, including expulsion, against a foster youth and NEW LAW (SB 1088) which prohibits the district from denying readmission of an expelled student solely because of his/her contact with the juvenile justice system.

BP 5145.6 - Parental Notifications

(BP revised)

Policy updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 2262) which allows the annual parental notifications to be sent electronically upon request by the parent/guardian and requires that any notifications sent electronically be written both in English and in the family's primary language when required by law. Policy also reflects existing law prohibiting schools from undertaking specified activities if parents/guardians are not notified.

BP/AR 5148.3 - Preschool/Early Childhood Education

(BP/AR revised)

Policy and MANDATED regulation updated to reflect NEW LAW (SB 1016) which eliminates full-day preschool programs under the California State Preschool Program and encourages the provision of "wraparound child care services" which combine part-day preschool programs with general child care services to provide a full day of services for qualifying families. Regulation also reflects provisions of SB 1016 which change the age of preschool eligibility to align with kindergarten start dates, specify the order in which families must be disenrolled when state funding is reduced, amend requirements for family literacy services, and require the district to charge a fee to families enrolled in part-day preschool programs and/or supplemental wraparound services.

BP/AR/E 6161.1 - Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials

(BP/AR/E revised)

Policy, regulation, and exhibit updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 1246) which allows the district to adopt instructional materials for grades K-8 that have not been approved by the State Board of Education (SBE), provided that the materials are aligned with state academic content standards or Common Core Standards and have been reviewed by a group consisting mostly of teachers assigned to the subject area or grade level for which the materials will be used. Policy and regulation also delete material related to the Instructional Materials Funding Realignment Program, repealed by AB 1246.

BP 6161.11 - Supplementary Instructional Materials

(BP revised)

Policy updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 1719) as well as SB 140 (2011), which require the SBE to approve and publicize lists of supplementary materials aligned with the state's Common Core Standards in English language arts, mathematics, and English language development. Policy also revised to reflect the definition of supplementary instructional materials in law and to address the selection process, criteria, and funding.

AR 6173.1 - Education for Foster Youth

(AR revised)

Regulation updated to reflect NEW LAW (SB 121) which specifies conditions that must be satisfied for the district to be discharged from its duty to educate a foster youth in the least restrictive environment necessary for his/her educational achievement; NEW LAW (SB 1568) which authorizes a former foster youth to continue in the school of origin until high school graduation after the court's jurisdiction is terminated; and NEW LAW (AB 1909) which requires the district to invite a foster youth's attorney and an appropriate county child welfare agency representative to any meeting to consider certain disciplinary measures, including expulsion, against a foster youth.

BP/AR/E 6174 - Education for English Language Learners

(BP/AR/E revised; E(2)-(6) deleted)

MANDATED policy and MANDATED regulation revised to reflect NEW LAW (AB 2193) which defines "longterm English learner" and "English learner at risk of becoming a long-term English learner" and requires the CDE to annually report to the district and school on the number of students so classified. Policy also reflects NEW LAW (AB 124) which required the SBE to align the state English language development standards with Common Core Standards and NEW LAW (AB 1719) which requires the SBE to approve a list of supplementary instructional materials aligned to the updated standards. Policy clarifies that a student must be placed in an English mainstream classroom at the request of his/her parents/guardians and that the waiver process is not needed in such circumstances. Regulation expands material related to identification and assessment of English learners and redesignation of English learners as fluent English proficient. Exhibits containing sample forms to obtain parental waiver requests deleted and replaced with a single combined form reflecting all types of allowable parental waivers.

BP/AR 7214 - General Obligation Bonds

(BP/AR revised)

Policy updated to clarify material related to bond elections and resolutions regarding the sale of bonds and to add new section on bond anticipation notes, which may be issued to finance a facilities project on an interim basis in anticipation of the sale of bonds that has been approved by the voters. Regulation updated to reflect NEW LAW (AB 1199) which authorizes members of a citizens' oversight committee to serve for three consecutive terms rather than two.

BB 9322 - Agenda/Meeting Materials

(BB revised)

MANDATED bylaw revised to update material related to the consent agenda/calendar, including deleting outdated information and reflecting NEW LAW (SB 1003) which requires the Board to have a separate agenda item (not on consent agenda) when it is considering approving or rescinding its unconditional commitment to refrain from taking certain actions in violation of the Brown Act.

BB/E 9323.2 - Actions by the Board

(BB revised; E(2) added)

Bylaw updated to reflect NEW LAW (SB 1003) which expands the types of past Board actions that may be challenged by the district attorney or other interested person provided that certain requirements are met, including the sending of a "cease and desist" letter to the Board within nine months of the alleged violation. New exhibit provides a sample letter that the Board may use to respond to the cease and desist letter with an unconditional commitment to desist from repeating the past action, which would prevent the district attorney or other interested person from filing an action in court.

VII. ANNOUNCEMENT OF ITEMS TO BE DISCUSSED IN CLOSED SESSION

1. Public Employee Performance Evaluation (Certificated) - Superintendent (G.C.§54957)

VIII. PUBLIC COMMENTS REGARDING ITEMS TO BE DISCUSSED IN CLOSED SESSION

- IX. CLOSED SESSION
- X. RETURN TO OPEN SESSION

XI. ANNOUNCEMENT OF ACTION TAKEN IN CLOSED SESSION

XII. ADVANCE PLANNING

a. Future Meeting Dates:

- i. Regular Meeting: Wednesday, April 17, 2013 @ 6:00 p.m. District Board Room - Room 503, located at Riles Middle School, 4747 PFE Road, Roseville, CA 95747
- b. Suggested Agenda Items:
- XIII. ADJOURNMENT

Action

Info/Action

Info

AGENDA ITEM #_VI -A Center Joint Unified School District

		and the second	
			AGENDA REQUEST FOR:
Dept./	Site:	Superintendent's O	ffice Action Item X
Го:		Board of Trustees	Information Item
Date:		April 3, 2013	# Attached Pages
From		Scott A. Loehr, Sup	perintendent
	ipal/Ac	Iministrator Initials:	
	. *		
SUBJ	ECT:	First Reading: Boar	d Policies/Regulations/Exhibits
SUBJ Revise		First Reading: Boar	rd Policies/Regulations/Exhibits
Revise	AR	0420.4	Charter School Authorization
Revise Revise	AR BP	-	-
Revise Revise Revise	AR BP	0420.4 0420.42	Charter School Authorization Charter School Renewal Charter School Revocation
Revise Revise Revise Revise	AR BP BP	0420.4 0420.42 0420.43	Charter School Authorization Charter School Renewal
Revise Revise Revise Revise	AR BP BP BP/AR BP/AR	0420.4 0420.42 0420.43 1312.3	Charter School Authorization Charter School Renewal Charter School Revocation Uniform Complaint Procedures
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Immunizations

Parental Notifications

Education for Foster Youth

General Obligation Bonds

Agenda/Meeting Materials

Actions by the Board

Actions by the Board

Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process

Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials

Preschool/Early Childhood Education

Supplementary Instructional Materials

Education for English Language Learners

Education for English Language Learners

Revise AR

Revise BP

Revise BP

Revise AR

Revise BB

Revise BB

Add

Revise BP/AR

Revise BP/AR

Delete E(2-6)

Revise BP/AR

Ε

Revise BP/AR/E

Revise BP/AR/E(1) 6174

5141.31

5144.1

5145.6

5148.3

6161.1

6161.11

6173.1

6174

7214

9322

9323.2

9323.2

RECOMMENDATION: CJUSD Board of Trustees approve the first reading of presented policies/regulations/exhibits.

AGENDA ITEM # VI - A

CHARTER SCHOOL AUTHORIZATION

Note: The following administrative regulation is optional.

Petition Signatures

A petition for the establishment of a start-up charter school must be signed by one of the following: (Education Code 47605)

- 1. A number of parents/guardians equivalent to at least one-half of the number of students that the charter school estimates will enroll in the school for its first year of operation
- 2. A number of teachers equivalent to at least one-half of the number of teachers that the charter school estimates will be employed at the school during its first year of operation

If the charter petition calls for an existing public school to be converted to a charter school, the petition must be signed by at least 50 percent of the permanent status teachers currently employed at the school. (Education Code 47605)

(cf. 4116 - Permanent/Probationary Status)

In circulating a petition, the petitioners shall include a prominent statement explaining that a parent/guardian's signature means that the parent/guardian is meaningfully interested in having his/her child attend the charter school or, in the case of a teacher's signature, that the teacher is meaningfully interested in teaching at the charter school. The proposed charter shall be attached to the petition. (Education Code 47605)

Components of Charter Petition

Note: CSBA's publication <u>Charter Schools: A Manual for Governance Teams</u> recommends specific content that might be included in the descriptions of each component listed in items #1-16 below.

A petition shall include affirmations of the conditions described in Education Code 47605(d) as well as reasonably comprehensive descriptions of: (Education Code 47605, 47611.5)

1. The educational program of the school, designed, among other things, to identify those whom the school is attempting to educate, what it means to be an "educated person" in the 21st century, and how learning best occurs. The goals identified in that program shall include the objective of enabling students to become self-motivated, competent, and lifelong learners.

If the proposed school will serve high school students, the petition shall describe the manner in which the charter school will inform parents/guardians about the transferability of courses to other public high schools and the eligibility of courses to meet college entrance requirements. Courses offered by the charter school that are accredited by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges may be considered transferable, and courses approved by the University of California or the California State University as creditable under the "a-g" admissions criteria may be considered to meet college entrance requirements.

Note: Education Code 47605, as amended by SB 1290 (Ch. 576, Statutes of 2012), requires that the petition identify student outcomes that the charter school intends to use, including those that address increases in student achievement both schoolwide and for all groups of students served by the charter school, as defined in Education Code 47607. Education Code 47607, as amended by SB 1290, defines "all groups of students served by the charter school" to mean all "numerically significant" subgroups of students served by the charter school as defined in Education Code 52052.

- 2. The measurable student outcomes identified for use by the charter school. *Student* outcomes means the extent to which all students of the school demonstrate that they have attained the skills, knowledge, and attitudes specified as goals in the school's educational program, including outcomes that address increases in student academic achievement both schoolwide and for each "numerically significant" subgroup of students served by the charter school, as defined in Education Code 52052.
- 3. The method by which student progress in meeting the identified student outcomes is to be measured.
- 4. The governance structure of the school, including, but not limited to, the process to be followed by the school to ensure parent/guardian involvement.
- 5. The qualifications to be met by individuals to be employed by the school.
- 6. The procedures that the school will follow to ensure the health and safety of students and staff, including the requirement that each school employee furnish the school with a criminal record summary as described in Education Code 44237.
- 7. The means by which the school will achieve a racial and ethnic balance among its students that is reflective of the general population residing within the district's territorial jurisdiction.
- 8. Admission requirements, if applicable.
- 9. The manner in which annual, independent financial audits shall be conducted, which shall employ generally accepted accounting principles, and the manner in which audit exceptions and deficiencies shall be resolved to the Governing Board's satisfaction.

- 10. The procedures by which students can be suspended or expelled.
- 11. The manner by which staff members of the charter school will be covered by the State Teachers' Retirement System, the Public Employees' Retirement System, or federal social security.
- 12. The public school attendance alternatives for students residing within the district who choose to not attend the charter school.
- 13. A description of the rights of any district employee upon leaving district employment to work in the charter school and of any rights of return to the district after employment at the charter school.
- 14. The procedures to be followed by the charter school and the Board to resolve disputes relating to charter provisions.

Note: Education Code 47605 requires charter petitions to contain the declaration specified in item #15 below regarding responsibilities for collective bargaining. If the charter school is not deemed the public school employer for purposes of collective bargaining under Government Code 3540-3549.3, the district where the charter school is located shall be deemed the public school employer for these purposes, pursuant to Education Code 47611.5. Education Code 47611.5 further provides that, if the charter does not specify that the charter school shall comply with laws and regulations governing tenure or a merit or civil service system, the scope of representation for that charter school shall also include discipline and dismissal of charter school employees.

15. A declaration as to whether or not the charter school shall be deemed the exclusive public school employer of the school's employees for purposes of collective bargaining under Government Code 3540-3549.3.

Note: Education Code 47605 and 5 CCR 11962 require the charter petition to include procedures to be used in the event that the charter school closes for any reason, as provided in item #16 below. Duties of the district pertaining to charter school closures include notification requirements pursuant to Education Code 47604.32 and 5 CCR 11962.1; see BP 0420.41 - Charter School Oversight.

- 16. The procedures to be used if the charter school closes, including, but not limited to: (5 CCR 11962)
 - a. Designation of a responsible entity to conduct closure-related activities
 - b. Notification to parents/guardians, the Board, the county office of education, the special education local plan area in which the school participates, the retirement systems in which the school's employees participate, and the California Department of Education, providing at least the following information:

- (1) The effective date of the closure
- (2) The name(s) and contact information of the person(s) to whom reasonable inquiries may be made regarding the closure
- (3) The students' districts of residence
- (4) The manner in which parents/guardians may obtain copies of student records, including specific information on completed courses and credits that meet graduation requirements
- c. Provision of a list of students at each grade level, the classes they have completed, and their districts of residence to the responsible entity designated in accordance with item #16a above
- d. Transfer and maintenance of all student records, all state assessment results, and any special education records to the custody of the responsible entity designated in accordance with item #16a above, except for records and/or assessment results that the charter may require to be transferred to a different entity
- e. Transfer and maintenance of personnel records in accordance with applicable law
- f. Completion of an independent final audit within six months after the closure of the school that includes an accounting of all financial assets and liabilities pursuant to 5 CCR 11962 and an assessment of the disposition of any restricted funds received by or due to the school
- g. Disposal of any net assets remaining after all liabilities of the school have been paid or otherwise addressed pursuant to 5 CCR 11962
- h. Completion and filing of any annual reports required pursuant to Education Code 47604.33
- i. Identification of funding for the activities identified in item #16a-h above

Note: Education Code 47605 requires that petitioners provide to the Governing Board the information listed in items #1-4 below. The Board may require additional information. For example, U.S. Department of Education nonregulatory guidance, <u>The Impact of New Title I Requirements on Charter Schools</u>, suggests that districts may, at their discretion, choose to incorporate in the charter the state's definition of "adequate yearly progress" to assist charter schools in understanding their accountability requirements; see the accompanying Board policy and BP/AR 0520.2 - Title I Program Improvement Schools.

As outlined in CSBA's publication <u>Charter Schools: A Manual for Governance Teams</u>, some districts request a school calendar, information regarding transportation arrangements, staff development plans, assurances that the school will provide appropriate services for English language learners and students with disabilities, or any other information that will assist the Board in understanding the proposal. Districts that wish to require additional information in the charter may list those items below.

Charter school petitioners shall provide information to the Board regarding the proposed operation and potential effects of the school, including, but not limited to: (Education Code 47605)

Note: Education Code 47605 requires that information on school facilities, listed in item #1 below, must specify where the school intends to locate. Unless otherwise exempted, the school must be located within the geographic boundaries of the chartering district; see section "Location of Charter School" below.

1. The facilities to be used by the school, including where the school intends to locate

(cf. 7160 - Charter School Facilities)

- 2. The manner in which administrative services of the school are to be provided
- 3. Potential civil liability effects, if any, upon the school and district
- 4. Financial statements that include a proposed first-year operational budget, including start-up costs and cash-flow and financial projections for the first three years of operation

Location of Charter School

Note: Education Code 47605 and 47605.1 establish geographic and site requirements for charter schools. Pursuant to Education Code 47605, a charter school granted by either the County Board of Education or the State Board of Education following initial denial by the district also must locate within the geographic boundaries of the district that denied the petition.

The Attorney General has opined, in 89 <u>Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen</u>. 166 (2006), that online charter schools are subject to the restrictions and conditions placed upon independent study programs, including the requirement that students reside in the charter school's home county or an adjacent county.

Unless otherwise exempted by law, the charter petition shall identify a single charter school that will operate within the geographic boundaries of the district. A charter school may propose to operate at multiple sites within the district as long as each location is identified in the petition. (Education Code 47605, 47605.1)

A charter school that is unable to locate within the district's jurisdictional boundaries may establish one site outside district boundaries but within the county, provided that: (Education Code 47605, 47605.1)

- 1. The district is notified prior to approval of the petition.
- 2. The County Superintendent of Schools and Superintendent of Public Instruction are notified before the charter school begins operations.
- 3. The charter school has attempted to locate a single site or facility to house the entire program but such a facility or site is unavailable in the area in which the school chooses to locate, or the site is needed for temporary use during a construction or expansion project.

A charter school may establish and locate a resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility in an adjacent county if both of the following conditions are met: (Education Code 47605.1)

- 1. The facility is used exclusively for the educational support of students who are enrolled in nonclassroom-based independent study of the charter school.
- 2. The charter school provides its primary educational services in, and a majority of the students it serves are residents of, the county in which the school is authorized.

Petition Review Committee

Note: The following section is **optional**. CSBA's publication <u>Charter Schools: A Manual for Governance</u> <u>Teams</u> suggests that establishment of a petition review team is one method that can be used to obtain input on proposed charters. Such a committee might include representatives of the district's human resources, fiscal services, risk management, student services, curriculum, special education, facilities, and other appropriate departments.

At his/her discretion, the Superintendent or designee may establish a staff advisory committee to review submitted petitions and supporting documentation. Such a committee may be used to evaluate the completeness of proposals, the merits of the proposed educational programs, and any concerns that should be addressed by the petitioners, taking into consideration the criteria specified in law and Board policy for approval or denial of petitions. The Superintendent or designee shall also consult with legal counsel, as appropriate, regarding compliance of the charter proposals with legal requirements.

(cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees)

Philosophy, Goals, Objectives, and Comprehensive Plans

CHARTER SCHOOL AUTHORIZATION

Petition Signatures

A petition for the establishment of a start-up charter school within the district must be signed by one of the following: (Education Code 47605)

- 1. A number of parents/guardians equivalent to at least one-half of the number of students that the charter school estimates will enroll in the school for its first year of operation
- 2. A number of teachers equivalent to at least one-half of the number of teachers that the charter school estimates will be employed at the school during its first year of operation

If the charter petition calls for an existing public school to be converted to a charter school, the petition must be signed by at least 50 percent of the permanent status teachers currently employed at the school. (Education Code 47605)

(cf. 4116 - Permanent/Probationary Status)

In circulating a petition, the petitioners shall include a prominent statement explaining that a parent/guardian's signature means that the parent/guardian is meaningfully interested in having his/her child attend the charter school or, in the case of a teacher's signature, that the teacher is meaningfully interested in teaching at the charter school. The proposed charter shall be attached to the petition. (Education Code 47605)

Components of Charter Petition

A charter petition shall include affirmations of the conditions described in Education Code 47605(d) as well as descriptions of all of the following: (Education Code 47605, 47611.5)

1. The educational program of the school, designed, among other things, to identify those whom the school is attempting to educate, what it means to be an "educated person" in the 21st century, and how learning best occurs. The goals identified in that program shall include the objective of enabling students to become self-motivated, competent, and lifelong learners.

If the proposed school will serve high school students, the petition shall describe the manner in which the charter school will inform parents/guardians about the transferability of courses to other public high schools and the eligibility of courses to meet college entrance requirements. Courses offered by the charter school that are accredited by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges may be considered transferable, and courses approved by the University of California or the California State University as creditable under the "a-g" admissions criteria may be considered to meet college entrance requirements.

- 2. The measurable student outcomes identified for use by the charter school. *Student* outcomes means the extent to which all students of the school demonstrate that they have attained the skills, knowledge, and attitudes specified as goals in the school's educational program.
- 3. The method by which student progress in meeting those student outcomes is to be measured.
- 4. The governance structure of the school, including, but not limited to, the process to be followed by the school to ensure parent/guardian involvement.
- 5. The qualifications to be met by individuals to be employed by the school.
- 6. The procedures that the school will follow to ensure the health and safety of students and staff. These procedures shall include the requirement that each school employee furnish the school with a criminal record summary as described in Education Code 44237.
- 7. The means by which the school will achieve a racial and ethnic balance among its students that is reflective of the general population residing within the district's territorial jurisdiction.
- 8. Admission requirements, if applicable.
- 9. The manner in which annual, independent financial audits shall be conducted, which shall employ generally accepted accounting principles, and the manner in which audit exceptions and deficiencies shall be resolved to the satisfaction of the Governing Board.
- 10. The procedures by which students can be suspended or expelled.
- 11. The manner by which staff members of the charter school will be covered by the State Teachers' Retirement System, the Public Employees' Retirement System, or federal social security.
- 12. The public school attendance alternatives for students residing within the district who choose to not attend charter schools.
- 13. A description of the rights of any district employee upon leaving district employment to work in a charter school and of any rights of return to the district after employment at a charter school.

- 14. The procedures to be followed by the charter school and the Board to resolve disputes relating to charter provisions.
- 15. A declaration as to whether or not the charter school shall be deemed the exclusive public school employer of the school's employees for purposes of collective bargaining under Government Code 3540-3549.3.
- 16. The procedures to be used if the charter school closes.

These procedures shall include, but not be limited to: (5 CCR 11962)

- a. Designation of a responsible entity to conduct closure-related activities
- b. Notification of the closure to parents/guardians, the Board, the county office of education, the special education local plan area in which the school participates, the retirement systems in which the school's employees participate, and the CDE, providing at least the following information:
 - (1) The effective date of the closure
 - (2) The name(s) of and contact information for the person(s) to whom reasonable inquiries may be made regarding the closure
 - (3) The students' districts of residence
 - (4) The manner in which parents/guardians may obtain copies of student records, including specific information on completed courses and credits that meet graduation requirements
- c. Provision of a list of students at each grade level, the classes they have completed, and the students' district of residence to the responsible entity designated in accordance with item #16a above
- d. Transfer and maintenance of all student records, all state assessment results, and any special education records to the custody of the responsible entity designated in accordance with item #16a above, except for records and/or assessment results that the charter may require to be transferred to a different entity
- e. Transfer and maintenance of personnel records in accordance with applicable law

- f. Completion of an independent final audit within six months after the closure of the school that includes an accounting of all financial assets and liabilities pursuant to 5 CCR 11962 and an assessment of the disposition of any restricted funds received by or due to the school
- g. Disposal of any net assets remaining after all liabilities of the school have been paid or otherwise addressed pursuant to 5 CCR 11962
- h. Completion and filing of any annual reports required pursuant to Education Code 47604.33
- i. Identification of funding for the activities identified in item #16a-h above

Charter school petitioners shall provide information to the Board regarding the proposed operation and potential effects of the school, including, but not limited to: (Education Code 47605)

- 1. The facilities to be used by the school, including where the school intends to locate
- (cf. 7160 Charter School Facilities)
- 2. The manner in which administrative services of the school are to be provided
- 3. Potential civil liability effects, if any, upon the school and district
- 4. Financial statements that include a proposed first-year operational budget, including start-up costs and cash-flow and financial projections for the first three years of operation

Location of Charter School

Unless otherwise exempted by law, the charter petition shall identify a single charter school that will operate within the geographic boundaries of the district. A charter school may propose to operate at multiple sites within the district as long as each location is identified in the petition. (Education Code 47605, 47605.1)

A charter school that is unable to locate within the district's jurisdictional boundaries may establish one site outside district boundaries but within the county, provided that: (Education Code 47605, 47605.1)

1. The district is notified prior to approval of the petition.

- 2. The County Superintendent of Schools and Superintendent of Public Instruction are notified before the charter school begins operations.
- 3. The school has attempted to locate a single site or facility to house the entire program but such a facility or site is unavailable in the area in which the school chooses to locate, or the site is needed for temporary use during a construction or expansion project.

A charter school may establish a resource center, meeting space, or other satellite facility located in an adjacent county if both of the following conditions are met: (Education Code 47605.1)

- 1. The facility is used exclusively for the educational support of students who are enrolled in nonclassroom-based independent study of the charter school.
- 2. The charter school provides its primary educational services in, and a majority of the students it serves are residents of, the county in which the school is authorized.

Petition Review Committee

At his/her discretion, the Superintendent or designee may establish a staff advisory committee to review submitted petitions and supporting documentation. Such a committee may be used to evaluate the completeness of proposals, the merits of the proposed educational programs, and any concerns that should be addressed by the petitioners. The Superintendent or designee shall also consult with legal counsel as appropriate regarding compliance of the proposals with legal requirements.

(cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees)

CHARTER SCHOOL RENEWAL

Note: The following policy is **optional**. When the term of a charter granted by the Governing Board pursuant to Education Code 47605 (see BP/AR 0420.4 - Charter School Authorization) is due to expire, the charter school must submit a petition for renewal to the Board in accordance with Education Code 47607 and 5 CCR 11966.4.

Pursuant to Education Code 47605, to renew a charter that was originally granted by the State Board of Education (SBE) on appeal, the charter school must first submit its petition for renewal to the district that initially denied the charter. If the Board denies the renewal, the school may then petition the SBE for renewal.

The Governing Board believes that the ongoing operation of a charter school established within the district should be dependent on the school's effectiveness in achieving its mission and goals for student learning and other student outcomes. Whenever a charter school submits a petition for renewal of its charter, the Board shall review the petition thoroughly and in a timely manner.

(cf. 0420.4 - Charter School Authorization) (cf. 0420.41 - Charter School Oversight) (cf. 0420.43 - Charter School Revocation) (cf. 0500 - Accountability)

Each renewal granted by the Board shall be for a period of five years. (Education Code 47607)

Submission of Renewal Petition

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. 5 CCR 11966.4 requires that the Board grant or deny the renewal petition within 60 days of receiving the petition; see section entitled "Timelines for Board Action" below. However, it is recommended that the charter school submit its renewal petition sufficiently early (e.g., as much as nine months before the term of the charter is due to expire) so that, in the event that the Board denies the renewal, the charter school may be able to appeal to the County Board of Education and then to the SBE pursuant to Education Code 47607.5 and, if the school closes, for students of the charter school to transfer to another school.

A charter school seeking renewal of its charter is encouraged to submit its petition for renewal to the Board sufficiently early before the term of the charter is due to expire.

The signature requirement applicable to new charter petitions is not applicable to petitions for renewal. (5 CCR 11966.4)

The petition for renewal shall include a reasonably comprehensive description of how the charter school has met all new charter school requirements enacted into law after the charter was originally granted or last renewed. The petition also shall include documentation that

the charter school meets at least one of the criteria for academic performance specified in Education Code 47607(b), as listed in item #5 in the section "Criteria for Granting or Denying Renewal" below. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11966.4)

Criteria for Granting or Denying Renewal

Renewals shall be governed by the same standards and criteria that apply to new charter petitions as set forth in Education Code 47605. The Board shall consider the past performance of the charter school's academics, finances, and operations in evaluating the likelihood of future success, along with plans for improvement, if any. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11966.4)

Note: As amended by SB 1290 (Ch. 576, Statutes of 2012), Education Code 47607 requires the Board to consider increases in student achievement for all "numerically significant" student subgroups, as defined in Education Code 52052, as the most important factor in determining whether to grant a charter renewal.

In determining whether to grant a charter renewal, the Board shall consider increases in academic achievement for all "numerically significant" groups of students served by the charter school, as defined in Education Code 52052, as the most important factor. (Education Code 47607)

Note: Education Code 47607 and 5 CCR 11966.4 establish grounds for denial of charter renewals. See CSBA's publication <u>Charter Schools: A Manual for Governance Teams</u> for additional information about making the determinations specified in items #1-4 below.

The Board shall deny a renewal petition only if it makes a written factual finding setting forth specific facts to support one or more of the following grounds: (Education Code 47605, 47607; 5 CCR 11966.4)

- 1. The charter school presents an unsound educational program for the students enrolled in the school.
- 2. The petitioners are demonstrably unlikely to successfully implement the program set forth in the petition.
- 3. The petition does not contain an affirmation of each of the conditions described in Education Code 47605(d).
- 4. The petition does not contain reasonably comprehensive descriptions of the charter provisions in Education Code 47605(b).

5. The charter school has failed to meet at least one of the following criteria of academic performance:

Note: SB 1290 (Ch. 576, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 47607 to revise the criterion related to the attainment of the Academic Performance Index growth target to (1) delete the option to consider attainment of the growth target in the aggregate for the prior three years and (2) require the growth target to be met both schoolwide and for all numerically significant groups of students served by the charter school.

- a. Attainment of its Academic Performance Index (API) growth target in the prior year or in two of the last three years, both schoolwide and for all numerically significant groups of students served by the charter school as defined in Education Code 52052.
- b. An API ranking in deciles 4-10 in the prior year or in two of the last three years.
- c. An API ranking in deciles 4-10 for a demographically comparable school in the prior year or in two of the last three years.
- d. Academic performance at least equal to the academic performance of the public schools that the charter school students would otherwise have been required to attend as well as the academic performance of district schools, taking into account the composition of the student population that is served at the charter school. In determining whether the charter school satisfies this criterion, the Board shall base its decision on:
 - (1) Documented clear and convincing data
 - (2) Student achievement data from assessments, including, but not limited to, the Standardized Testing and Reporting Program, for demographically similar student populations in comparison schools
 - (3) Information submitted by the charter school

Note: When making a written finding based on item #5d, Education Code 47607 requires the district to submit copies of supporting documentation and a written summary of the basis for its determination to the Superintendent of Public Instruction (SPI), as provided below. The SPI will review the materials and make recommendations to the district; those recommendations may be the basis for a revocation of the charter by the SBE.

Whenever the Board makes a determination based on this criterion, the Superintendent or designee shall submit copies of supporting documentation and a written summary of the basis for the Board's determination to the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

(cf. 6162.51 - Standardized Testing and Reporting Program)

e. Qualification for an alternative accountability system pursuant to Education Code 52052(h)

Timelines for Board Action

Note: The following optional paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice.

Within 30 days of receiving the renewal petition, the Board shall hold a public hearing to review documentation submitted by the charter school and obtain public input.

If the charter school submits documentation pursuant to item #5d in the section "Criteria for Granting or Denying Renewal" above, the Board shall not grant a renewal until at least 30 days after the submission of such documentation. (Education Code 47607)

Within 60 days of receiving the renewal petition, or within 90 days if extended by mutual written agreement of the Board and the charter school, the Board shall either grant or deny the request to renew the charter. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11966.4)

If the Board fails to make a written factual finding pursuant to items #1-5 in the section "Criteria for Granting or Denying Renewal" above within the required time period, the absence of a written factual finding shall be deemed an approval of the renewal petition. (5 CCR 11966.4)

The Superintendent or designee shall provide notification to the California Department of Education, within 10 calendar days of the Board's action, whenever a renewal of the charter is granted or denied. (Education Code 47604.32; 5 CCR 11962.1)

If the Board denies a renewal petition, the charter school may submit its application for renewal to the County Board of Education within 30 days of the Board's written factual findings supporting the denial. If the County Board then fails to deny or grant the petition within 60 days of receiving the petition, or within 90 days if extended by written mutual agreement of the charter school and the County Board, the charter school may submit the petition to the State Board of Education. (Education Code 47605, 47607.5)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 47604.32, if a charter school ceases operation for any reason, including denial of its renewal, the district must notify the California Department of Education; see BP 0420.41 - Charter School Oversight. In addition, the district and/or charter school must implement the school closure procedures specified in the charter in accordance with Education Code 47605 and 5 CCR 11962; see AR 0420.4 - Charter School Authorization.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 47600-47616.7 Charter Schools Act of 1992 52052 Alternative accountability system; definition of numerically significant student subgroup 56145-56146 Special education services in charter schools 60600-60649 Assessment of academic achievement <u>CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5</u> 11960-11969 Charter schools <u>UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20</u> 7223-7225 Charter schools

Management Resources:

<u>CSBA PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>The Role of the Charter School Authorizer</u>, Online Course <u>Charter Schools: A Manual for Governance Teams</u>, rev. 2012 <u>WEB SITES</u> CSBA: http://www.csba.org California Charter Schools Association: http://www.calcharters.org California Department of Education, Charter Schools: http://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/cs National Association of Charter School Authorizers: http://www.charterauthorizers.org U.S. Department of Education: http://www.ed.gov

Philosophy, Goals, Objectives, and Comprehensive Plans

CHARTER SCHOOL RENEWAL

The Governing Board believes that the ongoing operation of a charter school established within the district should be dependent on the school's effectiveness in achieving its mission and goals for student learning and other student outcomes. Whenever a charter school submits a petition for renewal of its charter, the Board shall review the petition in a thorough and timely manner.

(cf. 0420.4 - Charter School Authorization) (cf. 0420.41 - Charter School Oversight) (cf. 0420.43 - Charter School Revocation) (cf. 0500 - Accountability)

A charter school seeking renewal of its charter is encouraged to submit a petition for renewal to the Board sufficiently early before the term of the charter is due to expire.

The signature requirement applicable to new charter petitions shall not be applicable to petitions for renewal. (5 CCR 11966.4)

The petition for renewal shall include a reasonably comprehensive description of how the charter school has met all new charter school requirements enacted into law after the charter was originally granted or last renewed. The petition also shall include documentation that the charter school meets at least one of the criteria for academic performance specified in Education Code 47607(b). (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11966.4)

The Board shall not grant a renewal until at least 30 days after the charter school submits such documentation of its academic performance. (Education Code 47607)

Within 30 days of receiving the renewal petition, the Board shall hold a public hearing to review documentation submitted by the charter school and obtain public input.

Within 60 days of receiving the renewal petition, or within 90 days if extended by mutual written agreement of the Board and the charter school, the Board shall either grant or deny the request to renew the charter. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11966.4)

Renewals shall be governed by the same standards and criteria that apply to new charter petitions as set forth in Education Code 47605. When considering a petition for renewal, the Board shall consider the past performance of the charter school's academics, finances, and operations in evaluating the likelihood of future success, along with plans for improvement, if any. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11966.4)

Each renewal shall be for a period of five years. (Education Code 47607)

The Board shall deny a renewal petition only if it makes a written factual finding setting forth specific facts to support one or more of the following grounds: (Education Code 47605, 47607; 5 CCR 11966.4)

- 1. The charter school presents an unsound educational program for the students to be enrolled in the charter school.
- 2. The petitioners are demonstrably unlikely to successfully implement the program set forth in the petition.
- 3. The petition does not contain an affirmation of each of the conditions described in Education Code 47605(d).
- 4. The petition does not contain reasonably comprehensive descriptions of the charter provisions in Education Code 47605(b).
- 5. The charter school has failed to meet at least one of the following criteria of academic performance:
 - a. Attainment of its Academic Performance Index (API) growth target in the prior year or in two of the last three years, or in the aggregate for the prior three years
 - b. An API ranking in deciles 4-10 in the prior year or in two of the last three years
 - c. An API ranking in deciles 4-10 for a demographically comparable school in the prior year or in two of the last three years
 - d. Academic performance at least equal to the academic performance of the public schools that the charter school students would otherwise have been required to attend, as well as the academic performance of district schools, taking into account the composition of the student population that is served at the charter school

In determining whether the charter school satisfies this criterion, the Board shall base its decision on documented, clear, and convincing data; student achievement data including, but not limited to, results from the Standardized Testing and Reporting Program for demographically similar student populations in comparison schools; and information submitted by the charter school at least 30 days prior to the Board's decision.

The district shall submit copies of supporting documentation and a written summary of the basis for its determination to the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

e. Qualification for an alternative accountability system pursuant to Education Code 52052(h)

If the Board fails to make a written factual finding pursuant to items #1-5 above within the required time period, the absence of a written factual finding shall be deemed an approval of the renewal petition. (5 CCR 11966.4)

The Superintendent or designee shall provide notification to the California Department of Education, within 10 calendar days of the Board's action, whenever a renewal of the charter is granted or denied. (Education Code 47604.32; 5 CCR 11962.1)

If the Board denies a renewal petition, the charter school may submit its application for renewal to the County Board of Education within 30 days of the Board's written factual findings supporting the denial. If the County Board then fails to deny or grant the petition within 60 days of receiving the petition, or within 90 days if extended by written mutual agreement of the charter school and the County Board, the charter school may submit the petition to the State Board of Education.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 47600-47616.7 Charter Schools Act of 1992 52052 Alternative accountability system 56145-56146 Special education services in charter schools 60600-60649 Assessment of academic achievement <u>CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5</u> 11960-11969 Charter schools <u>UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20</u> 7223-7225 Charter schools

Management Resources:

<u>CSBA PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>The Role of the Charter School Authorizer</u>, Online Course <u>Charter Schools: A Manual for Governance Teams</u>, rev. 2009 <u>WEB SITES</u> CSBA: http://www.csba.org California Charter Schools Association: http://www.calcharters.org California Department of Education, Charter Schools: http://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/cs National Association of Charter School Authorizers: http://www.charterauthorizers.org U.S. Department of Education: http://www.ed.gov

Policy CENTER UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT approved: October 17, 2012 Antelope, California

CHARTER SCHOOL REVOCATION

Note: The following policy is **optional**. Education Code 47607 and 5 CCR 11968.5.2-11968.5.3 authorize the Governing Board to revoke the charter of a charter school in its jurisdiction when certain substantiated findings are made. In <u>Today's Fresh Start, Inc. v. Los Angeles County</u> Office of Education, the court of appeal confirmed that the revocation process prescribed in the Education Code provides a charter school with sufficient due process and that a charter school is not entitled to any additional evidentiary hearing by a neutral third party.

In addition, Education Code 47604.5 authorizes the State Board of Education (SBE) to revoke the charter of any charter school, whether or not the SBE is the chartering authority, if it makes certain findings relating to gross financial mismanagement, illegal or improper use of funds, or substantial and sustained departure from measurably successful practices that may jeopardize the educational development of students. SBE revocation procedures are specified in 5 CCR 11968.5-11968.5.1.

The Governing Board expects any charter school it authorizes to provide a sound educational program that promotes student learning and to carry out its operations in a manner that complies with law and the terms of its charter.

(cf. 0420.4 - Charter School Authorization) (cf. 0420.41 - Charter School Oversight) (cf. 0420.42 - Charter School Renewal) (cf. 0500 - Accountability)

The Board may revoke a charter before the date it is due to expire whenever the Board makes a written factual finding, supported by substantial evidence, that the charter school has done any of the following: (Education Code 47607)

- 1. Committed a material violation of any of the conditions, standards, or procedures set forth in the charter
- 2. Failed to meet or pursue any of the student outcomes identified in the charter
- 3. Failed to meet generally accepted accounting principles or engaged in fiscal mismanagement
- 4. Violated any provision of law

Note: As amended by SB 1290 (Ch. 576, Statutes of 2012), Education Code 47607 requires the Board to consider increases in student achievement for all numerically significant student subgroups, as defined in Education Code 52052, as the most important factor in determining whether to revoke a charter.

In determining whether to revoke a charter, the Board shall consider increases in student academic achievement for all "numerically significant" groups of students served by the charter school, as defined in Education Code 52052, as the most important factor. (Education Code 47607)

At least 72 hours prior to any Board meeting at which the Board will consider issuing a Notice of Violation, the Board shall provide the charter school with notice and all relevant documents related to the proposed action. (5 CCR 11968.5.2)

(cf. 9320 - Meetings and Notices)

If the Board takes action to issue a Notice of Violation, it shall deliver the Notice of Violation to the charter school's governing body. The Notice of Violation shall identify: (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11965, 11968.5.2)

- 1. The charter school's alleged violation(s).
- 2. All evidence relied upon by the Board in determining that the charter school committed the alleged violation(s), including the date and duration of the alleged violation(s). The Notice shall show that each alleged violation is both material and uncured and that it occurred within a reasonable period of time before the Notice of Violation is issued.
- 3. The period of time that the Board has concluded is a reasonable period of time for the charter school to remedy or refute the identified violation(s). In identifying this time period, the Board shall consider the amount of time reasonably necessary to remedy each identified violation, which may include the charter school's estimation as to the anticipated remediation time.

By the end of the remedy period identified in the Notice of Violation, the charter school's governing body may submit to the Board a detailed written response and supporting evidence addressing each identified violation, including the refutation, remedial action taken, or proposed remedial action. (5 CCR 11968.5.2)

Within 60 calendar days of the conclusion of the remedy period, the Board shall evaluate any response and supporting evidence provided by the charter school's governing body and shall take one of the following actions: (5 CCR 11968.5.2)

1. Discontinue revocation of the charter and provide timely written notice of such action to the charter school's governing body

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 47607 and 5 CCR 11968.5.2, a decision to issue a Notice of Intent to Revoke as provided in item #2 below must be supported by substantial evidence that the charter school has failed to remedy or refute a violation. "Substantial evidence" is not defined in law or state regulations. The district should consult legal counsel as necessary.

2. If there is substantial evidence that the charter school has failed to remedy a violation identified in the Notice of Violation or to refute a violation to the Board's satisfaction, continue revocation of the charter by issuing a Notice of Intent to Revoke to the charter school's governing body

If the Board issues a Notice of Intent to Revoke, it shall hold a public hearing concerning the revocation on the date specified in the notice, which shall be no later than 30 days after providing the notice. Within 30 calendar days after the public hearing, or within 60 calendar days if extended by written mutual agreement of the Board and the charter school, the Board shall issue a final decision to revoke or decline to revoke the charter. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11968.5.2)

If the Board fails to meet the timelines specified above for issuing a Notice of Intent to Revoke or a final decision, the revocation process shall be deemed terminated. (5 CCR 11968.5.2)

Within 10 calendar days of the Board's final decision, the Superintendent or designee shall provide a copy of the final decision to the California Department of Education (CDE) and the County Board of Education. (Education Code 47604.32; 5 CCR 11968.5.2)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 47604.32, if a charter school ceases operation for any reason, including revocation, the district must notify the California Department of Education; see BP 0420.41 - Charter School Oversight. In addition, the district and/or charter school must implement the school closure procedures specified in the charter in accordance with Education Code 47605 and 5 CCR 11962; see AR 0420.4 - Charter School Authorization.

Severe and Imminent Threat

The procedures specified above shall not be applicable when the Board determines, in writing, that any violation under Education Code 47607 constitutes a severe and imminent threat to the health or safety of students. In such circumstances, the Board may immediately revoke the school's charter by approving and delivering a Notice of Revocation by Determination of a Severe and Imminent Threat to Pupil Health or Safety to the charter school's governing body, the County Board, and the CDE. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11968.5.3)

Appeals

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 47607 and 5 CCR 11968.5.3-11968.5.5, a charter school may appeal the revocation of its charter, including a revocation based on a severe and imminent threat, to the County Board of Education within 30 days of the Board's final decision. The County Board may reverse the revocation if it determines that the district's findings are not supported by substantial evidence, in which case the district may appeal the reversal to the SBE. If the County Board upholds the revocation or does not issue a decision within 90 days of its receipt of the appeal, the charter school may appeal to the SBE. Pursuant to Education

Code 47607, if either the County Board or the SBE reverses the revocation, the district remains the chartering authority.

Education Code 47607 further provides that, while an appeal is pending, a charter school whose revocation is based on a material violation of any of the conditions, standards, or procedures set forth in its charter or is based on a failure to meet or pursue any of the student outcomes identified in the charter will continue to qualify as a charter school for funding and all other purposes of the Charter Schools Act and may continue to hold all existing grants, resources, and facilities in order to ensure that the education of students enrolled in the school is not disrupted.

In the event that the Board revokes the charter, the charter school may, within 30 days of the Board's final decision, appeal the revocation to the County Board. Either the charter school or the district may subsequently appeal the County Board's decision to the SBE. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11968.5.3-11968.5.5)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 47600-47616.7 Charter Schools Act of 1992, especially: 47607 Charter renewals and revocations 52052 Numerically significant student subgroup; definition <u>CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5</u> 11960-11969 Charter schools, especially: 11968.5-11968.5.5 Charter revocations <u>COURT DECISIONS</u> <u>Today's Fresh Start, Inc. v. Los Angeles County Office of Education</u>, (2011) 197 Cal.App.4th 436

Management Resources:

<u>CSBA PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>The Role of the Charter School Authorizer</u>, Online Course <u>Charter Schools: A Manual for Governance Teams</u>, rev. 2012 <u>WEB SITES</u> CSBA: http://www.csba.org California Charter Schools Association: http://www.calcharters.org California Department of Education, Charter Schools: http://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/cs National Association of Charter School Authorizers: http://www.charterauthorizers.org U.S. Department of Education: http://www.ed.gov

Philosophy, Goals, Objectives, and Comprehensive Plans

CHARTER SCHOOL REVOCATION

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The Governing Board expects any charter school authorized by the Board to provide a sound educational program that promotes student learning and to comply with law and the terms of its charter. However, when necessary, the Board may revoke a charter before the date it is due to expire.

(cf. 0420.4 - Charter School Authorization) (cf. 0420.41 - Charter School Oversight) (cf. 0420.42 - Charter School Renewal) (cf. 0500 - Accountability)

The Board may revoke a charter whenever it makes a written factual finding, supported by substantial evidence, that the charter school has done any of the following: (Education Code 47607)

- 1. Committed a material violation of any of the conditions, standards, or procedures set forth in the charter
- 2. Failed to meet or pursue any of the student outcomes identified in the charter
- 3. Failed to meet generally accepted accounting principles or engaged in fiscal mismanagement
- 4. Violated any provision of law

At least 72 hours prior to any Board meeting at which the Board will consider issuing a Notice of Violation, the Board shall provide the charter school with notice and all relevant documents related to the proposed action. (5 CCR 11968.5.2)

(cf. 9320 - Meetings and Notices)

If the Board takes action to issue a Notice of Violation, it shall deliver the Notice of Violation to the charter school's governing body. The Notice of Violation shall identify: (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11965, 11968.5.2)

- 1. The charter school's alleged violation(s).
- 2. All evidence relied upon by the Board in determining that the charter school committed the alleged violation(s), including the date and duration of the alleged violation(s). The Notice shall show that the violation(s) are both material and uncured and that the alleged violation(s) occurred within a reasonable period of time before the Notice of Violation is issued.
- 3. The period of time that the Board has concluded is a reasonable period of time for the charter school to remedy or refute the identified violation(s). In identifying this time period, the Board shall consider the amount of time reasonably necessary to remedy each identified violation, which may include the charter school's estimation as to the anticipated remediation time.

By the end of the remedy period identified in the Notice of Violation, the charter school's governing body may submit to the Board a detailed written response and supporting evidence addressing each identified violation, including the refutation, remedial action taken, or proposed remedial action. (5 CCR 11968.5.2)

Within 60 calendar days of the conclusion of the remedy period, the Board shall evaluate any response and supporting evidence provided by the charter school's governing body and shall take one of the following actions: (5 CCR 11968.5.2)

- 1. Discontinue revocation of the charter and provide timely written notice of such action to the charter school's governing body
- 2. If there is substantial evidence that the charter school has failed to remedy or refute to the Board's satisfaction a violation identified in the Notice of Violation, continue revocation of the charter by issuing a Notice of Intent to Revoke to the charter school's governing body

If the Board issues a Notice of Intent to Revoke, it shall hold a public hearing concerning the revocation on the date specified in the notice, which shall be no later than 30 days after providing the notice. Within 30 calendar days after the public hearing, or within 60 calendar days if extended by written mutual agreement of the Board and the charter school, the Board shall issue a final decision to revoke or decline to revoke the charter. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11968.5.2)

If the Board fails to meet the timelines specified above for issuing a Notice of Intent to Revoke or a final decision, the revocation process shall be deemed terminated. (5 CCR 11968.5.2)

Within 10 calendar days of the Board's final decision, the Superintendent or designee shall provide a copy of the final decision to the California Department of Education (CDE) and the County Board of Education. (Education Code 47604.32; 5 CCR 11968.5.2)

Severe and Imminent Threat

The procedures specified above shall not be applicable when the Board determines that any violation under Education Code 47607 constitutes a severe and imminent threat to the health or safety of students. In such circumstances, the Board may immediately revoke the school's charter by approving and delivering a Notice of Revocation by Determination of a Severe and Imminent Threat to Pupil Health or Safety to the charter school's governing body, the County Board, and the CDE. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11968.5.3)

Appeals

In the event that the Board revokes the charter, the charter school may, within 30 days of the Board's final decision, appeal the revocation to the County Board. Either the charter school or the district may subsequently appeal the County Board's decision to the SBE. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11968.5.3-11968.5.5)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 47600-47616.7 Charter Schools Act of 1992, especially: 47607 Charter renewals and revocations <u>CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5</u> 11960-11969 Charter schools, especially: 11968.5-11968.5.5 Charter revocations <u>COURT DECISIONS</u> <u>Today's Fresh Start, Inc. v. Los Angeles County Office of Education</u>, (2011) 197 Cal.App.4th 436

Management Resources:

<u>CSBA PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>The Role of the Charter School Authorizer</u>, Online Course <u>Charter Schools: A Manual for Governance Teams</u>, rev. 2009 <u>WEB SITES</u> CSBA: http://www.csba.org California Charter Schools Association: http://www.calcharters.org California Department of Education, Charter Schools: http://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/cs National Association of Charter School Authorizers: http://www.charterauthorizers.org U.S. Department of Education: http://www.ed.gov

UNIFORM COMPLAINT PROCEDURES

Note: To address prohibited discrimination and possible violations of state and federal laws governing educational programs, 5 CCR 4621 mandates districts to adopt uniform complaint policies and procedures consistent with the state's complaint procedures specified in 5 CCR 4600-4687. Pursuant to Education Code 234.1, as amended by AB 9 (Ch. 723, Statutes 2011), districts are required to adopt a process for receiving and investigating complaints alleging discrimination, harassment, intimidation, and bullying that meets the requirements specified in the law, including applicable timelines and an appeal process to follow if a complainant disagrees with the resolution of the complaint. The California Department of Education (CDE) monitors districts for compliance with these procedures through its Federal Program Monitoring (FPM) process. The FPM includes a review of written district policies and procedures for required language, including for discrimination, harassment, intimidation, and bullying against students pursuant to Education Code 234.1, and a review of records of required activities, such as annual notification provided to students, parents/guardians, employees, and other school community members.

The Governing Board recognizes that the district has the primary responsibility to ensure compliance with applicable state and federal laws and regulations governing educational programs. The district shall investigate and seek to resolve any complaints alleging failure to comply with such laws and/or alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying in accordance with the uniform complaint procedures.

Note: The following paragraph lists types of discrimination prohibited by state and federal law, as well as the protected groups listed in 5 CCR 4610.

The district shall use the uniform complaint procedures to resolve any complaint alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying in district programs and activities based on actual or perceived characteristics of race or ethnicity, color, ancestry, nationality, national origin, ethnic group identification, age, religion, marital or parental status, physical or mental disability, sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, or genetic information, or any other characteristic identified in Education Code 200 or 220, Penal Code 422.55, or Government Code 11135, or based on association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)
(cf. 4030 - Nondiscrimination in Employment)
(cf. 4031 - Complaints Concerning Discrimination in Employment)
(cf. 5131.2 - Bullying)
(cf. 5145.3 - Nondiscrimination/Harassment)
(cf. 5145.7 - Sexual Harassment)

Note: 5 CCR 4610 specifies programs and activities for which state and/or federal funding is provided to districts and for which districts are required to establish a uniform system of complaint processing. In addition, Education Code 32289 authorizes an individual to file a complaint if he/she believes that the district has not complied with the school safety planning requirements of 20 USC 7114(d)(7). The CDE has interpreted this to mean that complaints as to the development and adoption of the school safety plan may be considered under this procedure.

UNIFORM COMPLAINT PROCEDURES (continued)

In addition, pursuant to Education Code 49013, as added by AB 1575 (Ch. 776, Statutes of 2012), districts are **mandated** to adopt policies and procedures authorizing complaints to be filed using the uniform complaint procedures when a district is alleged to have violated the prohibition against requiring students to pay fees, deposits, or other charges as defined in Education Code 49010, unless authorized by law. For information about authorized student fees, see AR 3260 - Fees and Charges.

Uniform complaint procedures shall also be used to address any complaint alleging the district's failure to comply with the prohibition against requiring students to pay fees, deposits, or other charges for participation in educational activities, the requirements for the development and adoption of a school safety plan, and state and/or federal laws in adult education programs, consolidated categorical aid programs, migrant education, career technical and technical education and training programs, child care and development programs, child nutrition programs, and special education programs.

(cf. 0450 - Comprehensive Safety Plan) (cf. 1312.1 - Complaints Concerning District Employees) (cf. 1312.2 - Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials) (cf. 3260 - Fees and Charges) (cf. 3320 - Claims and Actions Against the District) (cf. 3553 - Free and Reduced Price Meals) (cf. 3555 - Nutrition Program Compliance) (cf. 5141.4 - Child Abuse Prevention and Reporting) (cf. 5148 - Child Care and Development) (cf. 6159 - Individualized Education Program) (cf. 6171 - Title I Programs) (cf. 6174 - Education for English Language Learners) (cf. 6175 - Migrant Education Program) (cf. 6178 - Career Technical Education) (cf. 6178.1 - Work-Based Learning) (cf. 6178.2 - Regional Occupational Center/Program) (cf. 6200 - Adult Education)

Note: 5 CCR 4621 mandates that district policy ensure that complainants are protected from retaliation.

The Board prohibits any form of retaliation against any complainant in the complaint process. Participation in the complaint process shall not in any way affect the status, grades, or work assignments of the complainant.

The Board encourages the early, informal resolution of complaints at the site level whenever possible.

Note: 5 CCR 4631 authorizes the district to utilize alternative dispute resolution methods, including mediation, to resolve complaints before initiating a formal investigation. The following optional paragraph provides for a neutral mediator and should be revised to reflect district practice.

UNIFORM COMPLAINT PROCEDURES (continued)

The Board recognizes that a neutral mediator can often suggest a compromise that is agreeable to all parties in a dispute. In accordance with the uniform complaint procedures, whenever all parties to a complaint agree to try resolving the problem through mediation, the Superintendent or designee shall initiate that process. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that the results are consistent with state and federal laws and regulations.

Note: The following paragraph is mandated pursuant to 5 CCR 4621. Appropriate disclosure will vary in each case depending on the facts and circumstances.

In investigating complaints, the confidentiality of the parties involved and the integrity of the process shall be protected. As appropriate for any complaint alleging discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying, the Superintendent or designee may keep the identity of a complainant confidential to the extent that the investigation of the complaint is not obstructed.

(cf. 4119.23/4219.23/4319.23 - Unauthorized Release of Confidential/Privileged Information) (cf. 5125 - Student Records) (cf. 9011 - Disclosure of Confidential/Privileged Information)

Note: Education Code 35186 requires the district to use uniform complaint procedures, with modifications, to investigate and resolve complaints related to items #1-4 below (i.e., "Williams complaints"). Because Education Code 35186 sets forth different timelines for investigation and resolution of these kinds of complaints than the timelines specified in law for other uniform complaints, the CDE has created a separate uniform complaint process for the Williams complaints. See AR 1312.4 - Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures for the separate procedure.

The district's Williams uniform complaint procedures, AR 1312.4, shall be used to investigate and resolve any complaint related to the following:

- 1. Sufficiency of textbooks or instructional materials
- 2. Emergency or urgent facilities conditions that pose a threat to the health or safety of students or staff
- 3. Teacher vacancies and misassignments

Note: Districts that do not receive funding for California High School Exit Examination intensive instruction and services pursuant to Education Code 37254 should delete item #4 below.

4. Deficiency in the district's provision of instruction and/or services to any student who, by the completion of grade 12, has not passed one or both parts of the high school exit examination

UNIFORM COMPLAINT PROCEDURES (continued)

Note: 5 CCR 4611 details complaint issues that are not subject to the uniform complaint procedures. Such issues include, but are not limited to, allegations of child abuse, health and safety complaints regarding a child development program, allegations of fraud, and employment discrimination complaints. For procedures related to complaints of discrimination in employment, see AR 4031 - Complaints Concerning Discrimination in Employment.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 200-262.4 Prohibition of discrimination 8200-8498 Child care and development programs 8500-8538 Adult basic education 18100-18203 School libraries 32289 School safety plan, uniform complaint procedures 35186 Williams uniform complaint procedures 37254 Intensive instruction and services for students who have not passed exit exam 41500-41513 Categorical education block grants 48985 Notices in language other than English 49010-49013 Student fees 49060-49079 Student records 49490-49590 Child nutrition programs 52160-52178 Bilingual education programs 52300-52490 Career technical education 52500-52616.24 Adult schools 52800-52870 School-based program coordination 54000-54028 Economic impact aid programs 54100-54145 Miller-Unruh Basic Reading Act 54400-54425 Compensatory education programs 54440-54445 Migrant education 54460-54529 Compensatory education programs 56000-56867 Special education programs 59000-59300 Special schools and centers 64000-64001 Consolidated application process **GOVERNMENT CODE** 11135 Nondiscrimination in programs or activities funded by state 12900-12996 Fair Employment and Housing Act PENAL CODE 422.55 Hate crime; definition 422.6 Interference with constitutional right or privilege CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5 3080 Application of section 4600-4687 Uniform complaint procedures 4900-4965 Nondiscrimination in elementary and secondary education programs UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20 6301-6577 Title I basic programs 6601-6777 Title II preparing and recruiting high quality teachers and principals
Legal Reference: (continued)

<u>UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20</u> (continued) 6801-6871 Title III language instruction for limited English proficient and immigrant students 7101-7184 Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act 7201-7283g Title V promoting informed parental choice and innovative programs 7301-7372 Title V rural and low-income school programs

Management Resources:

<u>WEB SITES</u> CSBA: http://www.csba.org California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights: http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr

Center USD Board Policy Uniform Complaint Procedures

BP 1312.3 Community Relations

The Governing Board recognizes that the district is primarily responsible for complying with applicable state and federal laws and regulations governing educational programs. The district shall investigate complaints alleging failure to comply with such laws and/or alleging discrimination and shall seek to resolve those complaints in accordance with the district's uniform complaint procedures. (5 CCR 4620)

The district shall follow uniform complaint procedures when addressing complaints alleging unlawful discrimination against any protected group as identified under Education Code 200 and 220 and Government Code 11135, including actual or perceived sex, sexual orientation, gender, ethnic group identification, race, ancestry, national origin, religion, color, or mental or physical disability, or age, or on the basis of a person's association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics in any district program or activity that receives or benefits from state financial assistance. (5 CCR 4610)

Uniform complaint procedures shall also be used when addressing complaints alleging failure to comply with state and/or federal laws in adult education programs, consolidated categorical aid programs, migrant education, career technical and technical education and career technical and technical training programs, child care and development programs, child nutrition programs, and special education programs. (5 CCR 4610)

- (cf. 0410 Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)
- (cf. 1312.1 Complaints Concerning District Employees)
- (cf. 1312.2 Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials)
- (cf. 3553 Free and Reduced Price Meals)
- (cf. 4031 Complaints Concerning Discrimination in Employment)
- (cf. 5141.4 Child Abuse Prevention and Reporting)
- (cf. 5148 Child Care and Development)
- (cf. 6159 Individualized Education Program)
- (cf. 6171 Title I Programs)
- (cf. 6174 Education for English Language Learners)
- (cf. 6175 Migrant Education Program)
- (cf. 6178 Vocational Education)
- (cf. 6200 Adult Education)

Complaints related to sufficiency of textbooks or instructional materials, emergency or urgent facilities conditions that pose a threat to the health or safety of pupils or staff, and

teacher vacancies and misassignments shall be investigated pursuant to the district's Williams uniform complaint procedure (AR 1312.4).

(cf. 1312.4 - Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures)

The Board encourages the early, informal resolution of complaints at the site level whenever possible.

The Board acknowledges and respects every individual's right to privacy. Discrimination complaints shall be investigated in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the parties and the integrity of the process. This may include keeping the identity of the complainant confidential, as appropriate and except to the extent necessary to carry out the investigation or proceedings, as determined by the Superintendent or designee, on a case-by-case basis.

(cf. 4119.23/4219.23/4319.23 - Unauthorized Release of Confidential/Privileged Information)
(cf. 5125 - Pupil Records)
(cf. 9011 - Disclosure of Confidential/Privileged Information)

The Board prohibits any form of retaliation against any complainant in the complaint process, including but not limited to a complainant's filing of a complaint or the reporting of instances of discrimination. Such participation shall not in any way affect the status, grades, or work assignments of the complainant.

The Board recognizes that a neutral mediator can often suggest a compromise that is agreeable to all parties in a dispute. In accordance with uniform complaint procedures, whenever all parties to a complaint agree to try resolving their problem through mediation, the Superintendent or designee shall initiate that process. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that the results are consistent with state and federal laws and regulations.

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE 200-262.4 Prohibition of discrimination 8200-8498 Child care and development programs 8500-8538 Adult basic education 18100-18203 School libraries 32289 School safety plan, uniform complaint procedure 35186 Williams uniform complaint procedure 41500-41513 Categorical education block grants 48985 Notices in language other than English 49060-49079 Student records 49490-49590 Child nutrition programs 52160-52178 Bilingual education programs

52300-52490 Career-technical education

52500-52616.24 Adult schools

52800-52870 School-based coordinated programs

54000-54028 Economic impact aid programs

54100-54145 Miller-Unruh Basic Reading Act

54400-54425 Compensatory education programs

54440-54445 Migrant education

54460-54529 Compensatory education programs

56000-56867 Special education programs

59000-59300 Special schools and centers

64000-64001 Consolidated application process

PENAL CODE

422.6 Interference with constitutional right or privilege

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

3080 Application of section

4600-4687 Uniform complaint procedures

4900-4965 Nondiscrimination in elementary and secondary education programs

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

6301-6577 Title I basic programs

6601-6777 Title II preparing and recruiting high quality teachers and principals

6801-6871 Title III language instruction for limited English proficient and immigrant students

7101-7184 Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act

7201-7283g Title V promoting informed parental choice and innovative programs 7301-7372 Title V rural and low-income school programs

Management Resources:

WEB SITES

CSBA: http://www.csba.org

California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov

U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights:

http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/index.html

Policy CENTER UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT adopted: August 16, 2006 Antelope, California

UNIFORM COMPLAINT PROCEDURES

Note: 5 CCR 4621 mandates that the district's uniform complaint procedures be consistent with the procedures of 5 CCR 4600-4687.

Except as the Governing Board may otherwise specifically provide in other Board policies, the uniform complaint procedures shall be used only to investigate and resolve complaints alleging violations of federal or state laws or regulations governing specific educational programs, the prohibition against requiring students to pay fees, deposits, or other charges for participating in educational activities, and unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying, as specified in accompanying Board policy.

(cf. 1312.1 - Complaints Concerning District Employees) (cf. 1312.2 - Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials) (cf. 1312.4 - Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures) (cf. 4031 - Complaints Concerning Discrimination in Employment)

Note: The following paragraph is required pursuant to Education Code 234.1, as amended by AB 9 (Ch. 723, Statutes of 2011), and Education Code 48985.

The district's uniform complaint procedures policy and administrative regulation shall be posted in all district schools and offices, including staff lounges and student government meeting rooms. If 15 percent or more of students enrolled in a particular district school speak a single primary language other than English, the district's policy, regulation, forms, and notices concerning uniform complaint procedures shall be translated into that language. (Education Code 234.1, 48985)

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

Compliance Officers

Note: 5 CCR 4621 mandates the district to identify in its policies and procedures the person(s), position(s), or unit(s) responsible for ensuring compliance with applicable state and federal laws and regulations governing educational programs, including receiving and investigating complaints alleging noncompliance or discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying. During its Federal Program Monitoring (FPM) process, California Department of Education (CDE) staff will check to ensure that the district's procedures list the specific title(s) of the employee(s) responsible for investigating complaints. Districts should identify the specific title(s) of the compliance officer(s) in the space provided below.

The following compliance officer(s) shall receive and investigate complaints and shall ensure district compliance with law:

Director of Personnel & Student Service 8408 Watt Avenue, Antelope, CA 95843 (916 338-6320

Note: 5 CCR 4621 mandates that the district's policy provide that employees responsible for compliance and/or investigation of complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs they are assigned to investigate. The second sentence below may be modified to reflect district practice.

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that employees designated to investigate complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs for which they are responsible. Designated employees may have access to legal counsel as determined by the Superintendent or designee.

(cf. 9124 - Attorney)

Notifications

Note: During the FPM process, CDE staff will check to ensure that the district's policy contains a statement ensuring annual dissemination of notice of the district's uniform complaint procedures to the persons specified below. A sample of the annual notice is available through the CDE web site.

Education Code 49013, as added by AB 1575 (Ch. 776, Statutes of 2012), mandates that district policy and procedures reflect the requirement to include information about student fees in the annual uniform complaint procedures notice; see also BP 3260 - Fees and Charges for language implementing this mandate.

The Superintendent or designee shall annually provide written notification of the district's uniform complaint procedures to students, employees, parents/guardians, the district advisory committee, school advisory committees, appropriate private school officials or representatives, and other interested parties. (Education Code 262.3, 49013; 5 CCR 4622)

(cf. 0420 - School Plans/Site Councils) (cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees) (cf. 3260 - Fees and Charges) (cf. 4112.9/4212.9/4312.9 - Employee Notifications) (cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

Note: During the FPM process, CDE staff will check the notice to ensure that it contains a summary of the complaint procedures as specified in items #1-4 below.

The notice shall:

- 1. Identify the person(s), position(s), or unit(s) responsible for receiving complaints
- 2. Advise the complainant of any civil law remedies that may be available to him/her under state or federal discrimination laws, if applicable
- 3. Advise the complainant of the appeal process, including, if applicable, the complainant's right to take a complaint directly to the California Department of Education (CDE) or to pursue remedies before civil courts or other public agencies

4. Include statements that:

- a. The district has the primary responsibility to ensure compliance with applicable state and federal laws and regulations governing educational programs.
- b. The complaint review shall be completed within 60 calendar days from the date of receipt of the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to an extension of the timeline.
- c. A complaint alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying must be filed not later than six months from the date it occurred, or six months from the date the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying.
- d. The complainant has a right to appeal the district's decision to the CDE by filing a written appeal within 15 calendar days of receiving the district's decision.
- e. The appeal to the CDE must include a copy of the complaint filed with the district and a copy of the district's decision.

Note: To ensure that the public is made aware of districts' obligation to provide the uniform complaint procedures free of charge pursuant to 5 CCR 4622, CDE staff review the notice during the FPM process.

f. Copies of the district's uniform complaint procedures are available free of charge.

Procedures

Note: 5 CCR 4631 requires that all complaints be investigated and completely resolved within 60 calendar days of the receipt of the complaint. The sample timelines in Steps #1-3 below are designed to ensure that the district complies with the 60-day requirement and should be revised to reflect district practice. Pursuant to 5 CCR 4640, when a complaint is erroneously sent to the CDE without first being filed with the district, the 60-day period specified in 5 CCR 4631 begins when the district receives the complaint.

All complaints shall be investigated and resolved within 60 calendar days of the district's receipt of the complaint. (5 CCR 4631)

Compliance officers shall maintain a record of each complaint and subsequent related actions, including all information required for compliance with 5 CCR 4631 and 4633.

All parties involved in allegations shall be notified when a complaint is filed, when a complaint meeting or hearing is scheduled, and when a decision or ruling is made.

Step 1: Filing of Complaint

Any individual, public agency, or organization may file a written complaint of the district's alleged noncompliance with federal or state laws or regulations governing educational programs. (5 CCR 4630)

A complaint concerning unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying may be filed only by a person who alleges that he/she personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying or by a person who believes that an individual or any specific class of individuals has been subjected to it. The complaint shall be initiated no later than six months from the date when the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying occurred, or six months from the date when the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying. However, upon written request by the complainant, the Superintendent or designee may extend the filing period for up to 90 calendar days. (5 CCR 4630)

Note: Education Code 49013, as added by AB 1575 (Ch. 776, Statutes of 2012), mandates districts to adopt procedures that allow for anonymous complaints to be filed when a district allegedly violates the prohibition against the charging of student fees.

A complaint alleging noncompliance with the law regarding the prohibition against requiring students to pay student fees, deposits, and charges may be filed anonymously if the complaint provides evidence or information leading to evidence to support an allegation of noncompliance. (Education Code 49013)

Note: The following paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice.

The complaint shall be presented to the compliance officer who shall maintain a log of complaints received, providing each with a code number and a date stamp.

If a complainant is unable to put a complaint in writing due to conditions such as a disability or illiteracy, district staff shall assist him/her in the filing of the complaint. (5 CCR 4600)

Step 2: Mediation

Note: The following **optional** section should be used only by those districts that have decided to establish procedures for attempting to resolve complaints through mediation; see the accompanying Board policy. Timelines should be revised to reflect district practice.

Within three business days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer may informally discuss with all the parties the possibility of using mediation. If the parties agree to mediation, the compliance officer shall make all arrangements for this process.

Before initiating the mediation of a complaint alleging discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying, the compliance officer shall ensure that all parties agree to make the mediator a party to related confidential information.

If the mediation process does not resolve the problem within the parameters of law, the compliance officer shall proceed with his/her investigation of the complaint.

The use of mediation shall not extend the district's timelines for investigating and resolving the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to such an extension of time. (5 CCR 4631)

Step 3: Investigation of Complaint

Note: 5 CCR 4631, which requires the district to provide the complainant with the opportunity to present relevant information, does not provide any timeline. Thus, the timeline specified below may be modified to reflect district practice.

Within 10 calendar days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer shall provide the complainant and/or his/her representative an opportunity to present the complaint and any evidence, or information leading to evidence, to support the allegations in the complaint. The compliance officer also shall collect all documents and interview all witnesses with information pertinent to the complaint.

Note: 5 CCR 4631 allows the district to dismiss a complaint when the complainant refuses to provide the investigator with relevant documents or otherwise obstructs the investigation. 5 CCR 4631 also provides that, if the district refuses to provide the investigator with access to records or other documents, the investigator may issue a finding in favor of the complainant. During the FPM process, CDE staff will check to ensure that both of these statements regarding the provision of access to information are included in the district's policy or procedures, as specified below.

A complainant's refusal to provide the district's investigator with documents or other evidence related to the allegations in the complaint, failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation, or engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation may result in the dismissal of the complaint because of a lack of evidence to support the allegation. (5 CCR 4631)

In accordance with law, the district shall provide the investigator with access to records and other information related to the allegation in the complaint and shall not in any way obstruct

the investigation. Failure or refusal of the district to cooperate in the investigation may result in a finding based on evidence collected that a violation has occurred and in the imposition of a remedy in favor of the complainant. (5 CCR 4631)

Step 4: Response

Note: Pursuant to 5 CCR 4631, the district's written decision must be sent to the complainant within 60 calendar days of receiving the complaint. Option 1 below is for districts that do not allow complainants to appeal the compliance officer's decision to the Board. Option 2 is for districts that allow appeals to the Board, and it requires the compliance officer's decision within 30 calendar days so that the Board's decision can still be given within the 60-day time limit.

OPTION 1:

Unless extended by written agreement with the complainant, the compliance officer shall prepare and send to the complainant a written report of the district's investigation and decision, as described in Step #5 below, within 60 calendar days of the district's receipt of the complaint. (5 CCR 4631)

OPTION 2:

Within 30 calendar days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer shall prepare and send to the complainant a written report of the district's investigation and decision, as described in Step #5 below. If the complainant is dissatisfied with the compliance officer's decision, he/she may, within five business days, file his/her complaint in writing with the Board.

The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting or at a special Board meeting convened in order to meet the 60-day time limit within which the complaint must be answered. The Board may decide not to hear the complaint, in which case the compliance officer's decision shall be final.

If the Board hears the complaint, the compliance officer shall send the Board's decision to the complainant within 60 calendar days of the district's initial receipt of the complaint or within the time period that has been specified in a written agreement with the complainant. (5 CCR 4631)

Step 5: Final Written Decision

The district's decision shall be in writing and sent to the complainant. (5 CCR 4631)

Note: Education Code 48985 requires that reports sent to parents/guardians be written in the primary language when 15 percent or more of a school's enrolled students speak a single primary language other than English. During the FPM process, CDE staff will check to ensure compliance with this requirement.

The district's decision shall be written in English and, when required by Education Code 48985, in the complainant's primary language.

Note: 5 CCR 4631 specifies components that should be part of the district's decision. Inclusion of these items will help protect the district's position in case of an appeal to the CDE or if litigation is filed.

For all complaints, the decision shall include: (5 CCR 4631)

- 1. The findings of fact based on the evidence gathered
- 2. The conclusion(s) of law
- 3. Disposition of the complaint
- 4. Rationale for such disposition
- 5. Corrective actions, if any are warranted
- 6. Notice of the complainant's right to appeal the district's decision within 15 calendar days to the CDE and procedures to be followed for initiating such an appeal

In addition, any decision concerning a discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying complaint based on state law shall include a notice that the complainant must wait until 60 calendar days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies. (Education Code 262.3)

Note: The following paragraph provides a means for ensuring that the privacy rights of individuals involved are protected even as appropriate action is being taken to address a complaint and may be revised to reflect district practice.

If investigation of a complaint results in discipline to a student or an employee, the decision shall simply state that effective action was taken and that the student or employee was informed of district expectations. The report shall not give any further information as to the nature of the disciplinary action.

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 49013, as added by AB 1575 (Ch. 776, Statutes of 2012), if the district, or the CDE on appeal, finds merit in the complaint alleging noncompliance with the law regarding student fees and charges, the district is required to provide a remedy as specified below, based on regulations to be adopted by the State Board of Education.

If a complaint alleging noncompliance with the laws regarding student fees, deposits, and other charges is found to have merit, the district shall provide a remedy to all affected students and parents/guardians, which, where applicable, shall include reasonable efforts to ensure full reimbursement to them. (Education Code 49013)

Appeals to the California Department of Education

Note: 5 CCR 4632-4633 provide that any complainant may appeal the district's decision to the CDE, as provided below. Pursuant to Education Code 49013, as added by AB 1575 (Ch. 776, Statutes of 2012), the district is mandated to adopt procedures that include the right to appeal to the CDE, in accordance with 5 CCR 4632, when a complainant is dissatisfied with the district's decision on his/her complaint alleging noncompliance with the law that prohibits districts from requiring students to pay fees, deposits, or charges for their participation in educational activities.

If dissatisfied with the district's decision, the complainant may appeal in writing to the CDE. (Education Code 49013; 5 CCR 4632)

The complainant shall file his/her appeal within 15 calendar days of receiving the district's decision and the appeal shall specify the basis for the appeal of the decision and whether the facts are incorrect and/or the law has been misapplied. The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the locally filed complaint and a copy of the district's decision. (5 CCR 4632)

Upon notification by the CDE that the complainant has appealed the district's decision, the Superintendent or designee shall forward the following documents to the CDE: (5 CCR 4633)

- 1. A copy of the original complaint
- 2. A copy of the decision
- 3. A summary of the nature and extent of the investigation conducted by the district, if not covered by the decision
- 4. A copy of the investigation file including, but not limited to, all notes, interviews, and documents submitted by the parties and gathered by the investigator
- 5. A report of any action taken to resolve the complaint
- 6. A copy of the district's uniform complaint procedures
- 7. Other relevant information requested by the CDE

Note: 5 CCR 4650 details circumstances under which the Superintendent of Public Instruction may directly intervene without waiting for action by the district. One such circumstance is when the district has not taken action on a complaint within 60 calendar days of the date that the complaint was filed with the district.

The CDE may directly intervene in a complaint without waiting for action by the district when one of the conditions listed in 5 CCR 4650 exists, including when the district has not taken action within 60 calendar days of the date the complaint was filed with the district. (5 CCR 4650)

Civil Law Remedies

Note: During the FPM process, CDE staff will expect to see a statement detailing a complainant's right to pursue civil law remedies (i.e., action in a court of law) in addition to or in conjunction with the right to pursue administrative remedies from the CDE.

A complainant may pursue available civil law remedies outside of the district's complaint procedures. Complainants may seek assistance from mediation centers or public/private interest attorneys. Civil law remedies that may be imposed by a court include, but are not limited to, injunctions and restraining orders.

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 262.3, a complainant alleging discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying based on state law must wait until 60 calendar days after filing an appeal with the CDE before filing a civil suit, except when he/she is only seeking injunctive relief from the court such as an injunction or restraining order. The 60-day waiting period does not apply when the discrimination complaint is based on federal law.

For complaints alleging discrimination, harassment, intimidation, and bullying based on state law, a complainant shall wait until 60 calendar days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies, provided the district has appropriately and in a timely manner apprised the complainant of his/her right to file a complaint in accordance with 5 CCR 4622. The moratorium does not apply to injunctive relief and to discrimination complaints based on federal law. (Education Code 262.3)

Center USD Administrative Regulation Uniform Complaint Procedures

AR 1312.3 Community Relations

Compliance Officers

The Governing Board designates the following compliance officer(s) to receive and investigate complaints and to ensure district compliance with law:

Assistant Superintendent - Instructional Services 8408 Watt Avenue, Antelope California 95843 (916) 338-6413

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that employees designated to investigate complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs for which they are responsible. Designated employees may have access to legal counsel as determined by the Superintendent or designee.

(cf. 9124 - Attorney)

Notifications

The Superintendent or designee shall annually provide written notification of the district's uniform complaint procedures to students, employees, parents/guardians, the district advisory committee, school advisory committees, appropriate private school officials or representatives, and other interested parties. (5 CCR 4622)

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The Superintendent or designee shall make available copies of the district's uniform complaint procedures free of charge. (5 CCR 4622)

The notice shall:

1. Identify the person(s), position(s), or unit(s) responsible for receiving complaints

2. Advise the complainant of any civil law remedies that may be available to him/her under state or federal discrimination laws, if applicable

3. Advise the complainant of the appeal process pursuant to Education Code 262.3, including the complainant's right to take a complaint directly to the California Department of Education (CDE) or to pursue remedies before civil courts or other public agencies

4. Include statements that:

a. The district is primarily responsible for compliance with state and federal laws and regulations

b. The complaint review shall be completed within 60 calendar days from the date of receipt of the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to an extension of the timeline

c. An unlawful discrimination complaint must be filed not later than six months from the date the alleged discrimination occurs, or six months from the date the complainant first obtains knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination

d. The complainant has a right to appeal the district's decision to the CDE by filing a written appeal within 15 days of receiving the district's decision

e. The appeal to the CDE must include a copy of the complaint filed with the district and a copy of the district's decision

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

Procedures

The following procedures shall be used to address all complaints which allege that the district has violated federal or state laws or regulations governing educational programs. Compliance officers shall maintain a record of each complaint and subsequent related actions, including all information required for compliance with 5 CCR 4631 and 4633.

All parties involved in allegations shall be notified when a complaint is filed, when a complaint meeting or hearing is scheduled, and when a decision or ruling is made.

Step 1: Filing of Complaint

Any individual, public agency, or organization may file a written complaint of alleged noncompliance by the district. (5 CCR 4630)

A complaint alleging unlawful discrimination shall be initiated no later than six months from the date when the alleged discrimination occurred, or six months from the date when the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination. A complaint may be filed by a person who alleges that he/she personally suffered unlawful discrimination or by a person who believes that an individual or any specific class of individuals has been subjected to unlawful discrimination. (5 CCR 4630)

The complaint shall be presented to the compliance officer who shall maintain a log of complaints received, providing each with a code number and a date stamp.

If a complainant is unable to put a complaint in writing due to conditions such as a disability or illiteracy, district staff shall assist him/her in the filing of the complaint. (5 CCR 4600)

Step 2: Mediation

Within three days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer may informally discuss with the complainant the possibility of using mediation. If the complainant agrees to mediation, the compliance officer shall make all arrangements for this process.

Before initiating the mediation of a discrimination complaint, the compliance officer shall ensure that all parties agree to make the mediator a party to related confidential information.

If the mediation process does not resolve the problem within the parameters of law, the compliance officer shall proceed with his/her investigation of the complaint.

The use of mediation shall not extend the district's timelines for investigating and resolving the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to such an extension of time. (5 CCR 4631)

Step 3: Investigation of Complaint

The compliance officer is encouraged to hold an investigative meeting within five days of receiving the complaint or an unsuccessful attempt to mediate the complaint. This meeting shall provide an opportunity for the complainant and/or his/her representative to repeat the complaint orally.

The complainant and/or his/her representative shall have an opportunity to present the complaint and evidence or information leading to evidence to support the allegations in the complaint. (5 CCR 4631)

A complainant's refusal to provide the district's investigator with documents or other evidence related to the allegations in the complaint, or his/her failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or his/her engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in the dismissal of the complaint because of a lack of evidence to support the allegation. (5 CCR 4631)

The district's refusal to provide the investigator with access to records and/or other information related to the allegation in the complaint, or its failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or its engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in a finding, based on evidence collected, that a violation has occurred and may result in the imposition of a remedy in favor of the complainant. (5 CCR 4631)

Step 4: Response

Unless extended by written agreement with the complainant, the compliance officer shall prepare and send to the complainant a written report of the district's investigation and decision, as described in Step #5 below, within 60 days of the district's receipt of the complaint. (5 CCR 4631)

The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting or at a special Board meeting convened in order to meet the 60-day time limit within which the complaint must be answered. The Board may decide not to hear the complaint, in which case the compliance officer's decision shall be final.

If the Board hears the complaint, the compliance officer shall send the Board's decision to the complainant within 60 days of the district's initial receipt the complaint or within the time period that has been specified in a written agreement with the complainant. (5 CCR 4631)

Step 5: Final Written Decision

The district's decision shall be in writing and sent to the complainant. (5 CCR 4631)

The district's decision shall be written in English and in the language of the complainant whenever feasible or as required by law.

The decision shall include:

- 1. The findings of fact based on the evidence gathered (5 CCR 4631)
- 2. The conclusion(s) of law (5 CCR 4631)
- 3. Disposition of the complaint (5 CCR 4631)
- 4. Rationale for such disposition (5 CCR 4631)
- 5. Corrective actions, if any are warranted (5 CCR 4631)

6. Notice of the complainant's right to appeal the district's decision within 15 days to the CDE and procedures to be followed for initiating such an appeal (5 CCR 4631)

7. For discrimination complaints, notice that the complainant must wait until 60 days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies (Education Code 262.3)

If an employee is disciplined as a result of the complaint, the decision shall simply state that effective action was taken and that the employee was informed of district expectations. The report shall not give any further information as to the nature of the disciplinary action.

Appeals to the California Department of Education

If dissatisfied with the district's decision, the complainant may appeal in writing to the CDE within 15 days of receiving the district's decision. When appealing to the CDE, the complainant must specify the basis for the appeal of the decision and whether the facts are incorrect and/or the law has been misapplied. The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the locally filed complaint and a copy of the district's decision. (5 CCR 4632)

Upon notification by the CDE that the complainant has appealed the district's decision, the Superintendent or designee shall forward the following documents to the CDE: (5 CCR 4633)

- 1. A copy of the original complaint
- 2. A copy of the decision

3. A summary of the nature and extent of the investigation conducted by the district, if not covered by the decision

4. A copy of the investigation file, including but not limited to all notes, interviews, and documents submitted by the parties and gathered by the investigator

- 5. A report of any action taken to resolve the complaint
- 6. A copy of the district's complaint procedures
- 7. Other relevant information requested by the CDE

The CDE may directly intervene in the complaint without waiting for action by the district when one of the conditions listed in 5 CCR 4650 exists, including cases in which the district has not taken action within 60 days of the date the complaint was filed with the district.

Civil Law Remedies

A complainant may pursue available civil law remedies outside of the district's complaint procedures. Complainants may seek assistance from mediation centers or public/private interest attorneys. Civil law remedies that may be imposed by a court include, but are not limited to, injunctions and restraining orders. For discrimination complaints, however, a complainant must wait until 60 days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies. The moratorium does not apply to injunctive relief and is applicable only if the district has appropriately, and in a timely manner, apprised the complainant of his/her right to file a complaint in accordance with 5 CCR 4622. Regulation CENTER UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT approved: August 16, 2006 Antelope, California

FEES AND CHARGES

Note: Education Code 49010-49013, as added by AB 1575 (Ch. 776, Statutes of 2012), prohibit districts from requiring students to pay fees, deposits, or other charges in order to participate in an educational activity, unless authorized by law, and mandate governing boards to adopt policies and procedures implementing this prohibition. However, the prohibition does not restrict districts from soliciting for voluntary donations, participating in fundraising activities, or providing prizes or other recognition for participants in such fundraising activities.

In addition, pursuant to 5 CCR 350, only fees specifically authorized by law may be charged by districts. See the accompanying administrative regulation for a list of such fees.

The Governing Board recognizes its responsibility to ensure that books, materials, equipment, supplies, and other resources necessary for students' participation in the educational program are made available to them. No student shall be required to pay any fees, deposits, or other charges for his/her participation in an educational activity which constitutes an integral fundamental part of the district's educational program, including curricular and extracurricular activities.

(cf. 1321 - Solicitation of Funds from and by Students) (cf. 3100 - Budget) (cf. 3290 - Gifts, Grants and Bequests) (cf. 6145 - Extracurricular and Cocurricular Activities)

As necessary, the Board may approve fees, deposits, and other charges which are specifically authorized by law. For such authorized fees, deposits, and charges, the district shall consider students' and parents/guardians' ability to pay when establishing fee schedules and granting waivers or exceptions.

(cf. 3250 - Transportation Fees) (cf. 3515.4 - Recovery for Property Loss or Damage) (cf. 3553 - Free and Reduced Price Meals) (cf. 5143 - Insurance) (cf. 9323.2 - Actions by the Board)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 49013, as added by AB 1575 (Ch. 776, Statutes of 2012), a district is mandated to adopt a policy which (1) allows students and/or parents/guardians to file complaints, using the uniform complaint procedures, when the district is alleged to have violated the prohibition against requiring students to pay unauthorized student fees and (2) requires the district to include information about the prohibition against requiring students to pay fees in the annual notification to students, parents/guardians, employees, and other interested parties. See BP/AR 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures for additional language implementing this mandate.

Whenever a student or parent/guardian believes that an impermissible fee, deposit, or other charge is being required of the student for his/her participation in an educational activity, the student or his/her parent/guardian may file a complaint with the principal or designee using the district's procedures in BP/AR 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures. (Education Code 49013)

FEES AND CHARGES (continued)

The Superintendent or designee shall include information in the annual notification required by 5 CCR 4622 to be provided to all district students, parents/guardians, employees, and other interested parties about the requirements relating to the prohibition against districts requiring students to pay fees, deposits or other charges in order to participate in an educational activity, unless authorized by law, and the filing of complaints for alleged violations using the uniform complaint procedures. (Education Code 49013)

(cf. 4112.9/4212.9/4312.9 - Employee Notifications) (cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

Note: The following paragraph is optional and may be revised to reflect district practice.

The Superintendent or designee shall provide professional development opportunities to administrators, teachers, and other personnel to learn about permissible fees.

(cf. 4131 - Staff Development) (cf. 4231 - Staff Development) (cf. 4331 - Staff Development)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 8239 Preschool and wraparound child care services 8263 Child care eligibility 8760-8773 Outdoor science and conservation programs 17551 Property fabricated by students 19910-19911 Offenses against libraries 32033 Eye protective devices 32221 Insurance for athletic team member 32390 Fingerprinting program 35330-35332 Excursions and field trips 35335 School camp programs 38080-38085 Cafeteria establishment and use 38120 Use of school band equipment on excursions to foreign countries 39807.5 Payment of transportation costs 39837 Transportation of students to places of summer employment 48050 Residents of adjoining states

Legal Reference continued: (see next page)

FEES AND CHARGES (continued)

Legal Reference: (continued) EDUCATION CODE (continued) 48052 Tuition for foreign residents 48904 Liability of parent or guardian 49010-49013 Student fees 49065 Charge for copies 49066 Grades, effect of physical education class apparel 49091.14 Prospectus of school curriculum 51810-51815 Community service classes 52612 Tuition for adult classes 52613 Nonimmigrant aliens 60410 Students in classes for adults **GOVERNMENT CODE** 6253 Request for copy; fee CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION Article 9, Section 5 Common school system CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5 350 Fees not permitted 4622 Notice UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 8 1184 Foreign students **COURT DECISIONS** Driving School Assn of CA v. San Mateo Union HSD (1993) 11 Cal. App. 4th 1513 Arcadia Unified School District v. State Department of Education (1992) 2 Cal 4th 251 Steffes v. California Interscholastic Federation (1986) 176 Cal. App. 3d 739 Hartzell v. Connell (1984) 35 Cal. 3d 899 CTA v. Glendale School District Board of Education (1980) 109 Cal. App. 3d 738

Management Resources:

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION MANAGEMENT ADVISORIES 1030.97 Fiscal Management Advisory 97-02: Fees, Deposits and Other Charges WEB SITES CSBA: http://www.csba.org California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov

Center USD Board Policy Fees And Charges

BP 3260 Business and Noninstructional Operations

The Governing Board desires to furnish books, materials and instructional equipment as needed for the educational program. Because the needs of the district must be met with limited available funds, the Board may charge fees when specifically authorized by law.

The district shall consider the student and parent/guardian's ability to pay when establishing fee schedules and granting exceptions.

(cf. 1321 - Solicitation of Funds from and by Students)

- (cf. 3250 Transportation Fees)
- (cf. 3290 Gifts, Grants and Bequests)
- (cf. 3515.4 Recovery for Property Loss or Damage)
- (cf. 3553 Free and Reduced Price Meals)
- (cf. 5143 Insurance)
- (cf. 6145 Extracurricular and Cocurricular Activities)
- (cf. 9323.2 Actions by the Board)

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE 8263 Child care eligibility 8760-8773 Outdoor science and conservation programs 17551 Property fabricated by students 19910-19911 Offenses against libraries 32033 Eye protective devices 32221 Insurance for athletic team member 32390 Fingerprinting program 35330-35332 Excursions and field trips 35335 School camp programs 38080-38085 Cafeteria establishment and use 38119 Lease of personal property; caps and gowns 38120 Use of school band equipment on excursions to foreign countries 39807.5 Payment of transportation costs 39837 Transportation of students to places of summer employment 48050 Residents of adjoining states 48052 Tuition for foreign residents 48904 Liability of parent or guardian 49066 Grades, effect of physical education class apparel 49091.14 Prospectus of school curriculum 51810-51815 Community service classes 52612 Tuition for adult classes

52613 Nonimmigrant aliens 60410 Students in classes for adults **GOVERNMENT CODE** 6253 Request for copy; fee **VEHICLE CODE** 21113 Public grounds (parking) **CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION** • · · · Article 9, Section 5 Common school system CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5 350 Fees not permitted **UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 8** 1184 Foreign Students COURT DECISIONS Driving School Assn of CA v. San Mateo Union HSD (1993) 11 Cal. App. 4th 1513 Arcadia Unified School District v. State Department of Education (1992) 2 Cal 4th 251 Steffes v. California Interscholastic Federation (1986) 176 Cal. App. 3d 739 Hartzell v. Connell (1984) 35 Cal. 3d 899 CTA v. Glendale School District Board of Education (1980) 109 Cal. App. 3d 738

Management Resources: CDE MANAGEMENT ADVISORIES 1030.97 Fiscal Management Advisory 97-02: Fees Deposits and Other Charges WEB SITES CDE: http://www.cde.ca.gov

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FEES AND CHARGES

Note: Pursuant to 5 CCR 350, constitutionally permissible fees can be charged only when specifically authorized by law. The following list specifies fees currently authorized by law. Other such fees may exist and be identified in the future. Pursuant to Education Code 49011, as added by AB 1575 (Ch. 776, Statutes of 2012), a district is prohibited from requiring a student to pay fees or charges in order to participate in an educational activity. A complaint against the charging of impermissible student fees may be filed in accordance with the uniform complaint procedures; see the accompanying Board policy and BP/AR 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures. Districts with questions as to whether a fee may be charged should consult with legal counsel.

The district shall not require any district student to pay any fees, deposits, or charges except as specifically authorized by law. (Education Code 49011; 5 CCR 350)

When approved by the Governing Board, the Superintendent or designee may impose a fee for the following:

- 1. Insurance for athletic team members, with an exemption for financial hardship (Education Code 32221)
- (cf. 5143 Insurance)
- 2. Insurance for medical or hospital service for students participating in field trips and excursions (Education Code 35331)
- 3. Expenses of students' participation in a field trip or excursion to another state, the District of Columbia, or a foreign country, as long as no student is prohibited from making the field trip due to lack of funds (Education Code 35330)
- (cf. 6153 School-Sponsored Trips)
- 4. Student fingerprinting program (Education Code 32390)
- (cf. 5142.1 Identification and Reporting of Missing Children)
- 5. School camp programs operated pursuant to Education Code 8760-8773 provided that the fee is not mandatory (Education Code 35335)
- (cf. 6142.5 Environmental Education)
- 6. Personal property of the district fabricated by students, as long as the cost of the property does not exceed the cost of the materials provided by the district (Education Code 17551)

FEES AND CHARGES (continued)

- 7. Home-to-school transportation and transportation between regular, full-time day schools and regional occupational centers, programs, or classes, as long as the fee does not exceed the statewide average nonsubsidized cost per student and as long as exemptions are made for indigent and disabled students (Education Code 39807.5)
- (cf. 3250 Transportation Fees)
- 8. Transportation to and from summer employment programs for youth (Education Code 39837)
- 9. Deposit for band instruments, music, uniforms, and other regalia which school band members take on excursions to foreign countries (Education Code 38120)
- 10. Fees for community service classes (Education Code 51815)
- (cf. 6142.4 Service Learning/Community Service Classes)
- 11. Eye safety devices, at a price not to exceed the district's actual costs (Education Code 32033)
- (cf. 5142 Safety)
- 12. Actual cost of furnishing copies of any student's records except, if he/she is a former student, up to two transcripts or two verifications of his/her various records (Education Code 49065)
- (cf. 5125 Student Records)
- 13. Actual costs of duplication for copies of public records (Government Code 6253)
- (cf. 1340 Access to District Records)
- 14. Actual costs of duplication for reproduction of the prospectus of school curriculum (Education Code 49091.14)
- (cf. 5020 Parent Rights and Responsibilities)
- 15. Food sold at school subject to free and reduced-price meal program eligibility and other restrictions specified in law (Education Code 38084)
- (cf. 3550 Food Service/Child Nutrition Program)
- (cf. 3551 Food Service Operations/Cafeteria Funds)
- (cf. 3553 Free and Reduced Price Meals)
- (cf. 3554 Other Food Sales)

FEES AND CHARGES (continued)

- 16. Fines or reimbursements for lost or damaged district property or damage to library property (Education Code 19910-19911, 48904)
- (cf. 3515.4 Recovery for Property Loss or Damage)
- 17. Tuition for district school attendance by an out-of-state and out-of-country resident (Education Code 48050, 48052, 52613; 8 USC 1184)
- (cf. 5111.2 Nonresident Foreign Students)
- 18. Adult education books, materials, and classes as specified in law (Education Code 52612, 60410)

(cf. 6200 - Adult Education)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 8239 and 8263, as amended by SB 1016 (Ch. 38, Statutes of 2012), districts are required to charge a fee to families enrolled in part-day preschool programs operated under the California State Preschool Program and/or wraparound child care and development services in accordance with the fee schedule established by the Superintendent of Public Instruction; see AR 5148.3 - Preschool/Early Childhood Education.

19. Preschool and child care and development services (Education Code 8239, 8263)

(cf. 5148 - Child Care and Development) (cf. 5148.3 - Preschool/Early Childhood Education)

Note: In Fiscal Management Advisory 97-02, the California Department of Education (CDE) opines that it is permissible for a district to require students to purchase their own gym clothes of a district-specified design and color, as long as the design and color are of a type sold for general wear outside of the school. According to the CDE, once the gym uniforms become specialized (e.g., logos, school name), they then become "school supplies" and the district must provide the items free of charge. It is important to note that Education Code 49066 provides that a student's grade may not be adversely affected due to the fact that he/she does not wear standardized physical education apparel due to circumstances beyond his/her control, such as lack of funds.

20. Physical education uniforms

(cf. 6142.7 - Physical Education and Activity)

Center USD Administrative Regulation Fees And Charges

AR 3260 Business and Noninstructional Operations

The district shall charge only those fees specifically authorized by law. (5 CCR 350)

The following fees and charges are permissible if approved by the Governing Board:

1. Insurance for athletic team members, with an exemption for financial hardship (Education Code 32221)

(cf. 5143 - Insurance)

2. Insurance for medical or hospital service for students participating in field trips and excursions (Education Code 35331)

3. Expenses of students' participation in a field trip or excursion to another state, the District of Columbia or a foreign country, as long as no student is prohibited from making the field trip due to lack of funds (Education Code 35330)

(cf. 6153 - School-Sponsored Trips)

4. Student fingerprinting program (Education Code 32390)

(cf. 5142.1 - Identification and Reporting of Missing Children)

5. School camp programs operated pursuant to Education Code 8760-8773 provided that the fee is not mandatory (Education Code 35335)

(cf. 6142.5 - Environmental Education)

6. Personal property of the district fabricated by students, as long as the cost of the property does not exceed the cost of the materials provided by the district (Education Code 17551)

7. Home-to-school transportation and transportation between school and regional occupational centers, programs or classes, as long as the fee does not exceed the statewide average nonsubsidized cost per student and so long as exemptions are made for indigent and disabled students (Education Code 39807.5)

(cf. 3250 - Transportation Fees)

8. Transportation to and from summer employment programs for youth (Education Code 39837)

9. Physical education uniforms

(cf. 6142.7 - Physical Education)

10. Rental or lease of personal property needed for district purposes, such as caps and gowns used by seniors in graduation ceremonies (Education Code 38119)

(cf. 5127 - Graduation Ceremonies and Activities)

11. Deposit for band instruments, music, uniforms and other regalia which school band members take on excursions to foreign countries (Education Code 38120)

12. Fees for community service classes (Education Code 51815)

13. Eye safety devices, at a price not to exceed the district's actual costs (Education Code 32033)

(cf. 5142 - Safety)

14. Actual costs of duplication for copies of public records (Government Code 6253)

(cf. 1340 - Access to District Records)

15. Actual costs of duplication for reproduction of the prospectus of school curriculum (Education Code 49091.14)

(cf. 5020 - Parent Rights and Responsibilities)

16. Food sold at school subject to free and reduced price meal program eligibility and other restrictions specified in law (Education Code 38084)

(cf. 3551 - Food Service Operations/Cafeteria Funds)
(cf. 3553 - Free and Reduced Price Meals)
· (cf. 3554 - Other Food Sales)

17. Fines or reimbursements for lost or damaged district property or damage to library property (Education Code 19910-19911, 48904)

(cf. 3515.4 - Recovery for Property Loss or Damage)

18. Tuition for out-of-state and out-of-country residents (Education Code 48050, 48052, 52613; 8 USC 1184)

(cf. 5111.1 - District Residency) (cf. 5111.2 - Nonresident Foreign Students)

19. Adult education books, materials, and classes as specified in law (Education Code 52612, 60410)

(cf. 6200 - Adult Education)

- 20. Child care and development services (Education Code 8263)
- (cf. 5148 Child Care and Development)

Business and Noninstructional Operations

TRANSPORTATION SAFETY AND EMERGENCIES

Cautionary Notice: AB 1610 (Ch. 724, Statutes of 2010) amended Government Code 17581.5 to relieve districts from the obligation to implement specified statutes whenever they are identified in the Budget Act as being ones for which state mandate reimbursement is not provided for that fiscal year. As a result, certain provisions of the following administrative regulation that reflect those requirements may be suspended. It is recommended that districts consult legal counsel prior to suspending any provisions.

Note: The following regulation is for use by districts that provide school bus transportation services and employ their own school bus drivers. Districts that contract out for all transportation services may revise this regulation as appropriate to ensure that the contracting firm meets all legal requirements regarding transportation safety.

Each day, prior to driving a school bus, each school bus driver shall inspect the bus to ensure that it is in safe operating condition and equipped as required by law and that all equipment is in good working order. At the completion of each day's work, the driver shall prepare and sign a written report of the condition of the equipment listed in 13 CCR 1215, including any defect or deficiency discovered by or reported to him/her which would affect safe operation or result in mechanical breakdown of the bus, or indicating that no defect or deficiency was discovered or reported. Any defect or deficiency that would affect safe operation shall be repaired prior to operating the bus. (13 CCR 1215)

(cf. 3540 - Transportation) (cf. 3541.1 - Transportation for School-Related Trips) (cf. 3542 - School Bus Drivers)

In the event of a school bus accident, the driver shall immediately notify the California Highway Patrol, the Superintendent or designee, and, if the bus is operated under contract, the driver's employer. The driver shall not leave the immediate vicinity of the bus to seek aid unless necessary. (13 CCR 1219)

The Superintendent or designee shall review all investigations of bus incidents and accidents to develop preventative measures.

(cf. 4112.42/4212.42/4312.42 - Drug and Alcohol Testing for School Bus Drivers)

Passenger Restraint Systems

Note: Pursuant to Vehicle Code 27316 and 27316.5, any school bus or student activity bus purchased or leased for use in California must be equipped with a passenger restraint system if the bus was manufactured on or after the dates specified in law, as described below. Although it is the manufacturer's responsibility to ensure installation of appropriate passenger restraint systems, the district should be aware that buses manufactured or purchased from outside California may need to be modified to comply with the state's requirements. In addition, according to the California Department of Education's (CDE) <u>Passenger Restraints Frequently Asked Questions</u>, districts may, but are not required to, retrofit older school buses with passenger restraint systems with the original equipment manufacturer's approval. In determining whether to retrofit buses, the CDE recommends that districts consider the age of the bus, the total cost of the retrofit, and the required re-inspection of the bus by the California Highway Patrol.

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that any school bus or student activity bus which is purchased or leased by the district is equipped with a combination pelvic and upper torso passenger restraint system at all designated seating positions if that bus: (Vehicle Code 27316, 27316.5; 13 CCR 1201)

- 1. Is a Type 1 school bus manufactured on or after July 1, 2005 which is designed for carrying more than 16 passengers and the driver
- 2. Is a Type 2 school bus or student activity bus manufactured on or after July 1, 2004 which meets one of the following criteria:
 - a. Is designed for carrying 16 or fewer passengers and the driver
 - b. Has a manufacturer's vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less and is designed for carrying not more than 20 passengers and the driver

Note: The following optional paragraph reflects legislative intent of Vehicle Code 27316.

The Superintendent or designee shall prioritize the allocation of school buses purchased, leased, or contracted to ensure that elementary students receive first priority for new school buses equipped with passenger restraint systems whenever feasible.

When a school bus or student activity bus is equipped with a passenger restraint system, all passengers shall use the passenger restraint system. (5 CCR 14105)

Note: Pursuant to Vehicle Code 27316, no person, district, or organization may be held criminally liable if a passenger improperly uses or fails to use the passenger restraint system. However, the CDE's <u>Passenger</u> <u>Restraints Frequently Asked Questions</u> encourages districts to develop procedures to enforce disciplinary actions for nonuse or improper use of the passenger restraint system.

The following **optional** paragraph may be expanded to specify the steps that should be taken by the driver to reasonably ensure that all passengers are properly restrained (e.g., verbal instructions to students, visual inspection), which may vary depending on the age/grade levels of the students. Such steps also may be incorporated in district regulations adopted pursuant to 5 CCR 14103 related to student conduct on buses, bus driver authority, and the suspension of riding privileges; see BP/AR 5131.1 - Bus Conduct.

Bus drivers shall be instructed regarding procedures to enforce the proper use of the passenger restraint system. Students who fail to follow instructions of the bus driver may be subject to discipline, including suspension of riding privileges, in accordance with Board policy and administrative regulations.

(cf. 5131.1 - Bus Conduct) (cf. 5144 - Discipline)

Fire Extinguishers

Each school bus shall be equipped with at least one fire extinguisher located in the driver's compartment which meets the standards specified in law. In addition, a wheelchair school bus shall have another fire extinguisher placed at the wheelchair loading door or emergency exit. All fire extinguishers shall be regularly inspected and serviced in accordance with regulations adopted by the State Fire Marshal. (Education Code 39838; 13 CCR 1242; 19 CCR 574-575.3)

Electronic Communications Devices

Note: Vehicle Code 23123 prohibits any person from driving a motor vehicle while using a wireless telephone, except under the conditions described below. Pursuant to the definitions in Vehicle Code 415 and 545, a "motor vehicle" would include a school bus or student activity bus. In addition, Vehicle Code 23125 prohibits a person from driving a school bus while using a wireless telephone except for work-related or emergency purposes. At its discretion, the district may establish conditions that are more restrictive than law and should revise the following list accordingly.

A bus driver shall not drive a school bus or student activity bus while using a wireless telephone, except under the following conditions: (Vehicle Code 23123, 23125)

- 1. When he/she uses a wireless telephone that is specifically designed and configured to allow hands-free listening and talking, provided it is used in that manner while driving
- 2. For emergency purposes, including, but not limited to, a call to a law enforcement agency, health care provider, fire department, or other emergency service agency or entity
- 3. For work-related purposes

(cf. 3513.1 - Cellular Phone Reimbursement)

Note: Vehicle Code 23123.5 generally prohibits any person from driving a motor vehicle while using an electronic wireless communications device for text-based communication. AB 1536 (Ch. 92, Statutes of 2012) amended Vehicle Code 23123.5 to add an exception for the use of voice-operated and hands-free operation of an electronic wireless communications device. At its discretion, the district may establish conditions that are more restrictive than law and should revise the following paragraph accordingly.

A bus driver shall not drive while using an electronic wireless communications device to write, send, or read a text-based communication, including, but not limited to, text messages, instant messages, and email, unless the device is specifically designed and configured to

allow voice-operated and hands-free operation and is used in that manner. This prohibition does not include reading, selecting, or entering a telephone number or name in an electronic wireless communications device for the purpose of making or receiving a telephone call. (Vehicle Code 23123.5)

Safe Bus Operations

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 39834, any Governing Board member, employee, or other person who knowingly operates or permits operation of a school bus in excess of its seating capacity is guilty of a misdemeanor. However, the Board is authorized to adopt policy that allows seating capacities to be exceeded in cases of emergency; see BP/AR 3516 - Emergencies and Disaster Preparedness Plan.

School buses and student activity buses shall not be operated whenever the number of passengers exceeds bus seating capacity, except when necessary in emergency situations which require that individuals be transported immediately to ensure their safety. (Education Code 39834)

(cf. 3516 - Emergencies and Disaster Preparedness Plan)

Note: Vehicle Code 34501.6 mandates any district that provides student transportation to adopt procedures that limit bus operation when atmospheric conditions reduce visibility, as described below, and that give drivers for school activity trips discretionary authority to discontinue operation when it is unsafe.

School bus operations shall be limited when atmospheric conditions reduce visibility on the roadway to 200 feet or less during regular home-to-school transportation service. Bus drivers for school activity trips may discontinue bus operation whenever they determine that it is unsafe to continue operation because of reduced visibility. (Vehicle Code 34501.6)

Unauthorized Entry

The Superintendent or designee may place a notice at bus entrances that warns against unauthorized entry. The driver or another school official may order any person to disembark if that person enters a bus without prior authorization. (Education Code 39842; 13 CCR 1256.5)

(cf. 3515.2 - Disruptions)

Transportation Safety Plan for Boarding and Exiting Buses

Note: The district should modify items #1-2 below to reflect grade levels offered by the district. A district that does not maintain any of grades prekindergarten through 8 should delete items #1-2.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop a transportation safety plan containing procedures for school personnel to follow to ensure the safe transport of students. The plan shall include all of the following: (Education Code 39831.3)

- 1. Procedures for determining if students in grades prekindergarten through 8 require an escort to cross a private road or highway at a bus stop pursuant to Vehicle Code 22112
- 2. Procedures for all students in grades prekindergarten through 8 to follow as they board and exit the bus at their bus stops
- 3. Procedures for boarding and exiting a school bus at a school or other trip destination

A copy of the plan shall be kept at each school site and made available upon request to the California Highway Patrol. (Education Code 39831.3)

Parental Notifications

Note: The following section is for use by districts that offer any of grades prekindergarten through 6 and should be revised to reflect the grade levels offered by the district.

The Superintendent or designee shall provide written safety information to the parents/guardians of all students in grades prekindergarten through 6 who have not previously been transported in a school bus or student activity bus. This information shall be provided upon registration and shall contain: (Education Code 39831.5)

- 1. A list of school bus stops near each student's home
- 2. General rules of conduct at school bus loading zones
- 3. Red light crossing instructions
- 4. A description of the school bus danger zone
- 5. Instructions for safety while walking to and from school bus stops

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

Student Instruction

Students who are transported in a school bus or student activity bus shall receive instruction in school bus emergency procedures and passenger safety as follows: (Education Code 39831.5; 5 CCR 14102)

1. Each year, all students who receive home-to-school transportation in a school bus shall be provided appropriate instruction in safe riding practices and emergency evacuation drills.

Note: Item #2 below is for use by districts that offer any of grades prekindergarten through 8 and should be revised to reflect the grade levels offered by the district.

- 2. At least once each school year, all students in grades prekindergarten through 8 who receive home-to-school transportation shall receive safety instruction which includes, but is not limited to:
 - a. Proper loading and unloading procedures, including escorting by the driver
 - b. How to safely cross the street, highway, or private road
 - c. In school buses with passenger restraint systems, instruction in the use of such systems as specified in 5 CCR 14105, including, but not limited to, the proper fastening and release of the passenger restraint system, acceptable placement of passenger restraint systems on students, times at which the passenger restraint systems should be fastened and released, and acceptable placement of the passenger restraint systems when not in use
 - d. Proper passenger conduct
 - e. Bus evacuation procedures
 - f. Location of emergency equipment

As part of this instruction, students shall evacuate the school bus through emergency exit doors. Instruction also may include responsibilities of passengers seated next to an emergency exit.

Each time the above instruction is given, the following information shall be documented:

- a. District name
- b. School name and location
- c. Date of instruction
- d. Names of supervising adults
TRANSPORTATION SAFETY AND EMERGENCIES (continued)

- e. Number of students participating
- f. Grade levels of students
- g. Subjects covered in instruction
- h. Amount of time taken for instruction
- i. Bus driver's name
- j. Bus number
- k. Additional remarks

This documentation shall be kept on file at the district office or the school for one year and shall be available for inspection by the California Highway Patrol.

Note: Item #3 below applies to all students in grades prekindergarten through 12 and may be revised to reflect grade levels offered by the district.

3. Before departing on a school activity trip, all students riding on a school bus or student activity bus shall receive safety instruction which includes, but is not limited to, the location of emergency exits and the location and use of emergency equipment. This instruction also may include responsibilities of passengers seated next to an emergency exit.

Legal Reference: (see next page)

TRANSPORTATION SAFETY AND EMERGENCIES (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 39830-39842 Transportation, school buses 51202 Instruction in personal and public health and safety PENAL CODE 241.3 Assault against school bus driver 243.3 Battery against school bus driver VEHICLE CODE 415 Definition of motor vehicle 545-546 Definition of school bus and student activity bus 22112 Loading and unloading passengers 23123 Use of wireless telephone prohibited while driving motor vehicle 23123.5 Text communications prohibited while driving motor vehicle 23125 Use of wireless telephone prohibited while driving school bus 27316-27316.5 Passenger restraint systems 34500 California Highway Patrol responsibility to regulate safe operation of school buses 34501.5 California Highway Patrol responsibility to adopt rules re: safe operation of school buses 34501.6 School buses; reduced visibility 34508 California Highway Patrol responsibility to adopt rules re; equipment and operations of school buses CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5 14100-14105 School buses and student activity buses CODE OF REGULATIONS. TITLE 13 1200-1293 Motor carrier safety 2480 Airborne toxic control measure; limitation on bus idling CODE OF REGULATIONS. TITLE 19 574-575.3 Inspection and maintenance of fire extinguishers CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 49 571.1-571.500 Motor vehicle standards, including school buses

Management Resources:

<u>WEB SITES</u>

California Association of School Business Officials: http://www.casbo.org California Association of School Transportation Officials: http://www.castoways.org California Department of Education, Office of School Transportation: http://www.cde.ca.gov/ls/tn California Highway Patrol: http://www.chp.ca.gov National Coalition for School Bus Safety: http://www.ncsbs.org National Transportation Safety Board: http://www.ntsb.gov U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration: http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov

Center USD Administrative Regulation Transportation Safety And Emergencies

AR 3543

Business and Noninstructional Operations

Cautionary Notice 2010-13: AB 1610 (Ch. 724, Statutes of 2010) amended Education Code 37252.2 to relieve districts from the obligation, until July 1, 2013, to perform any activities that are deemed to be reimbursable state mandates under that section. As a result, certain provisions of the following policy or administrative regulation that reflect those requirements may be suspended.

Safety Equipment

Each school bus shall be equipped with at least one fire extinguisher located in the driver's compartment which meets the standards specified in law. (Education Code 39838; 13 CCR 1242)

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that any school bus which is purchased or leased by the district is equipped with a combination pelvic and upper torso passenger restraint system at all designated seating positions if that bus: (Vehicle Code 27316, 27316.5; 13 CCR 1201)

1. Is a Type 1 school bus designed for carrying more than 16 passengers and the driver and is manufactured on or after July 1, 2005

2. Is a Type 2 school bus or student activity bus designed for carrying 16 or fewer passengers and the driver, or designed for carrying 20 or fewer passengers and the driver and having a manufacturer's vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less, and is manufactured on or after July 1, 2004

The Superintendent or designee shall prioritize the allocation of school buses purchased, leased, or contracted to ensure that elementary students receive first priority for new school buses equipped with passenger restraint systems whenever feasible.

When a school bus or student activity bus is equipped with a passenger restraint system, all passengers shall use the passenger restraint system. (5 CCR 14105)

Bus drivers shall be informed of procedures to be followed to reasonably enforce proper use of the passenger restraint system.

Safe Bus Operations

School buses and student activity buses shall not be operated whenever the number of passengers exceeds bus seating capacity, except when necessary in emergency situations which require that individuals be transported immediately to ensure their safety.

(cf. 3516 - Emergencies and Disaster Preparedness Plan)

School bus operations shall be limited when atmospheric conditions reduce visibility on the roadway to 200 feet or less during regular home-to-school transportation service. Bus drivers for school activity trips shall have the authority to discontinue bus operation whenever they determine that it is unsafe to continue operation because of reduced visibility. (Vehicle Code 34501.6)

(cf. 3516.5 - Emergency Schedules)
(cf. 3540 - Transportation)
(cf. 3541.1 - Transportation for School-Related Trips)
(cf. 3542 - School Bus Drivers)

A person shall not drive a motor vehicle while using a wireless telephone, except under the following conditions: (Vehicle Code 23123, 23125)

1. When he/she uses a wireless telephone that is specifically designed and configured to allow hands-free listening and talking, provided it is used in that manner while driving

2. For emergency purposes, including, but not limited to, an emergency call to a law enforcement agency, health care provider, fire department, or other emergency service agency or entity

3. In the case of a school bus driver, for work-related purposes

(cf. 3513.1 - Cellular Phone Reimbursement) (cf. 4040 - Employee Use of Technology)

A person shall not drive a motor vehicle while using an electronic wireless communications device to write, send, or read a text-based communication, including, but not limited to, text messages, instant messages, and email. This prohibition does not include reading, selecting, or entering a telephone number or name in an electronic wireless communications device for the purpose of making or receiving a telephone call. (Vehicle Code 23123.5)

The Superintendent or designee shall review all investigations of bus incidents and accidents to develop preventative measures.

(cf. 4112.42/4212.42/4312.42 - Drug and Alcohol Testing for School Bus Drivers)

The Superintendent or designee may place a notice at bus entrances that warns against unauthorized entry. The driver or another school official may order any person to disembark if that person enters a bus without prior authorization. (Education Code 39842; 13 CCR 1256.5)

(cf. 3515.2 - Disruptions)

Transportation Safety Plan for Boarding and Exiting Buses

The Superintendent or designee shall develop a transportation safety plan containing procedures for school personnel to follow to ensure the safe transport of students. The plan shall include all of the following: (Education Code 39831.3)

1. Procedures for determining if students in grades prekindergarten through 8 require an escort to cross a private road or highway at a bus stop pursuant to Vehicle Code 22112

2. Procedures for all students in grades prekindergarten through 8 to follow as they board and exit the bus at their bus stops

3. Procedures for boarding and exiting a school bus at a school or other trip destination

A copy of the plan shall be kept at each school site and made available upon request to the California Highway Patrol. (Education Code 39831.3)

Notifications

The Superintendent or designee shall provide written safety information to the parents/guardians of all students in grades prekindergarten through 6 who have not previously been transported in a school bus or student activity bus. This information shall be provided upon registration and shall contain: (Education Code 39831.5)

- 1. A list of school bus stops near each student's home
- 2. General rules of conduct at school bus loading zones
- 3. Red light crossing instructions
- 4. A description of the school bus danger zone
- 5. Instructions for safety while walking to and from school bus stops

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

Student Instruction

All students who are transported in a school bus or student activity bus shall receive instruction in school bus emergency procedures and passenger safety. (Education Code 39831.5)

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that instruction is provided to students as follows:

1. The Superintendent or designee shall annually provide appropriate instruction in safe riding practices and emergency evacuation drills to each student who receives home-to-school transportation in a school bus. (5 CCR 14102)

2. At least once each school year, all students in grades prekindergarten through 8 who receive home-to-school transportation shall receive safety instruction which includes, but is

not limited to: (Education Code 39831.5)

- a. Proper loading and unloading procedures, including escorting by the driver
- b. How to safely cross the street, highway, or private road

c. In school buses with passenger restraint systems, instruction in the use of such systems as specified in 5 CCR 14105, including, but not limited to, the proper fastening and release of the passenger restraint system, acceptable placement of passenger restraint systems on students, times at which the passenger restraint systems should be fastened and released, and acceptable placement of the passenger restraint systems when not in use

d. Proper passenger conduct

(cf. 5131.1 - Bus Conduct)

- e. Bus evacuation procedures
- f. Location of emergency equipment

As part of this instruction, students shall evacuate the school bus through emergency exit doors. Instruction also may include responsibilities of passengers seated next to an emergency exit. (Education Code 39831.5)

Each time the above instruction is given, the following information shall be documented: (Education Code 39831.5)

- a. District name
- b. School name and location
- c. Date of instruction
- d. Names of supervising adults
- e. Number of students participating
- f. Grade levels of students
- g. Subjects covered in instruction
- h. Amount of time taken for instruction
- i. Bus driver's name
- j. Bus number
- k. Additional remarks

This documentation shall be kept on file at the district office or the school for one year and shall be available for inspection by the California Highway Patrol. (Education Code 39831.5)

3. Before departing on a school activity trip, all students riding on a school bus or student activity bus shall receive safety instruction which includes, but is not limited to: (Education Code 39831.5)

a. Location of emergency exits

http://www.cde.ca.gov/ls/tn

b. Location and use of emergency equipment

This instruction also may include responsibilities of passengers seated next to an emergency exit. (Education Code 39831.5)

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE 39830-39842 Transportation, school buses 51202 Instruction in personal and public health and safety PENAL CODE 241.3 Assault against school bus driver 243.3 Battery against school bus driver **VEHICLE CODE** 415 Definition of motor vehicle 545-546 Definition of school bus and school pupil activity bus 22112 Loading and unloading passengers 23123 Use of wireless telephone prohibited while driving motor vehicle 23123.5 Text communications prohibited while driving motor vehicle 23125 Use of wireless telephone prohibited while driving school bus 27316 Passenger restraint systems 34500 California Highway Patrol responsibility to regulate safe operation of school buses 34501.5 California Highway Patrol responsibility to adopt rules re: safe operation of school buses 34501.6 School buses; reduced visibility 34508 California Highway Patrol responsibility to adopt rules re: equipment and operations of school buses CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5 14100-14105 School buses and student activity buses CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 13 1200-1293 Motor carrier safety CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 49 571.1-571.500 Motor vehicle standards, including school buses Management Resources: WEB SITES California Association of School Business Officials: http://www.casbo.org California Association of School Transportation Officials: http://www.castoways.org California Department of Education. Office of School Transportation:

California Highway Patrol: http://www.chp.ca.gov National Coalition for School Bus Safety: http://www.ncsbs.org National Transportation Safety Board: http://www.ntsb.gov U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration: http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov

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Regulation approved: April 1, 2009 CENTER UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Antelope, California

NONDISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT

Note: The following policy reflects the provisions of the California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA) (Government Code 12900-12996), which prohibits employers from discriminating against employees and job applicants on the basis of actual or perceived race, color, ancestry, national origin, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, religious creed, physical or mental disability, medical condition, marital status, or genetic information. All of these protections also are provided under various provisions of federal law, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 USC 2000d-2000d-7), Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 USC 2000e-2000e-17), Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 USC 1681-1688), the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 USC 12101-12213), Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 USC 794), and the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (42 USC 2000ff-2000ff-11).

For policy addressing sexual harassment of and by employees, see BP/AR 4119.11/4219.11/4319.11 - Sexual Harassment.

The Governing Board desires to provide a positive work environment where employees and job applicants are assured of equal access and opportunities and are free from harassment in accordance with law. The Board prohibits district employees from discriminating against or harassing any other district employee or job applicant on the basis of the person's actual or perceived race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, age, marital status, pregnancy, physical or mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, veteran status, gender, gender identity, gender expression, sex, or sexual orientation.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities) (cf. 4032 - Reasonable Accommodation) (cf. 4033 - Lactation Accommodation) (cf. 4119.11/4219.11/4319.11 - Sexual Harassment) (cf. 4119.41/4219.41/4319.41 - Employees with Infectious Disease) (cf. 4154/4254/4354 - Health and Welfare Benefits) (cf. 5145.7 - Sexual Harassment)

Prohibited discrimination consists of the taking of any adverse employment action against a person, including termination or denial of promotion, job assignment, or training, or in discriminating against the person in compensation, terms, conditions, or other privileges of employment based on any of the prohibited categories of discrimination listed above.

Note: Government Code 12940, as amended by AB 1964 (Ch. 287, Statutes of 2012), provides that a district may not discriminate against an employee or job applicant based on the person's religious beliefs, observances, or dress or grooming practices unless it can demonstrate that it has explored available reasonable alternative means of accommodating the person but is unable to reasonably accommodate him/her. In addition, Government Code 12926, as amended by AB 2386 (Ch. 701, Statutes of 2012), clarifies the definitions of "religious creed" and "sex," as stated below.

The prohibition against discrimination based on the religious creed of an employee or job applicant includes any discrimination based on the person's religious dress or grooming

practices or any conflict between the person's religious belief, observance, or practice and an employment requirement. The prohibition against discrimination based on the sex of an employee or job applicant shall include any discrimination based on the person's pregnancy, childbirth, breastfeeding, or any related medical conditions. (Government Code 12926, 12940)

Harassment consists of any unwelcome verbal, physical, or visual conduct that is based on any of the prohibited categories of discrimination listed above and that is so severe or pervasive that it adversely affects an individual's employment opportunities, has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with the individual's work performance, or creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment.

Note: In <u>Thompson v. North American Stainless LP</u>, the U.S. Supreme Court held that a third party may file an antiretaliation suit.

The Board also prohibits retaliation against any district employee or job applicant who complains, testifies, assists, or in any way participates in the district's complaint procedures instituted pursuant to this policy.

Any district employee who engages in prohibited discrimination, harassment, or retaliation or who aids, abets, incites, compels, or coerces another to engage or attempt to engage in such behavior in violation of this policy shall be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

(cf. 4117.4 - Dismissal) (cf. 4118 - Suspension/Disciplinary Action) (cf. 4218 - Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action)

Note: Many nondiscrimination laws and regulations require identification of an employee who will be responsible for compliance with the nondiscrimination laws, as provided in the following paragraph. For example, pursuant to 34 CFR 104.7 and 106.8, the district is required to designate the person(s) responsible for the overall implementation of the requirements of Title IX and Section 504, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of sex and disability.

The following position is designated as Coordinator for Nondiscrimination in Employment:

Director of Personnel and Student Services 8408 Watt Avenue, Antelope, CA 95843 (916) 338-6413

Any employee or job applicant who believes that he/she has been or is being discriminated against or harassed in violation of district policy should, as appropriate, immediately contact his/her supervisor, the Coordinator, or the Superintendent who shall advise the employee or applicant about the district's procedures for filing, investigating, and resolving any such complaint.

Note: For a sample procedure to be used by district employees or job applicants to complain about perceived discrimination in employment, see AR 4031 - Complaints Concerning Discrimination in Employment.

Complaints regarding employment discrimination or harassment shall immediately be investigated in accordance with AR 4031 - Complaints Concerning Discrimination in Employment.

(cf. 4031 - Complaints Concerning Discrimination in Employment)

Note: Pursuant to 2 CCR 7287.6, in certain instances, an employee's (especially a supervisor's) knowledge or notice of harassment may subject the district to liability. Therefore, it is recommended that the district require its employees with knowledge of harassment or discrimination to report the incident to the appropriate district authorities. In addition, Government Code 12940 provides that an employer may be responsible for the sexual harassment of employees by nonemployees where the employer knows or should have known of the conduct and failed to take immediate and corrective action. See BP/AR 4119.11/4219.11/4319.11 - Sexual Harassment.

Any supervisory or management employee who observes or has knowledge of an incident of prohibited discrimination or harassment shall report the incident to the Coordinator or Superintendent as soon as practical after the incident. All other employees are encouraged to report such incidents to their supervisor immediately.

Training and Notifications

Note: Government Code 12950.1 requires any district with 50 or more employees to provide two hours of sexual harassment training and education to supervisory employees once every two years.

In addition, Government Code 12940 requires districts to take all reasonable steps to prevent prohibited discrimination and harassment. Such steps include adopting an effective policy that contains provisions for training employees and providing them with required notifications. See AR 4119.11/4219.11/4319.11 - Sexual Harassment for information regarding sexual harassment training.

Although not required by law, risk managers and legal counsel often recommend that all employees receive training regarding harassment in order to help mitigate damages in the event of litigation.

The Superintendent or designee shall provide training to employees about how to recognize harassment and discrimination, how to respond appropriately, and components of the district's policies and regulations regarding discrimination.

(cf. 4131- Staff Development) (cf. 4231- Staff Development) (cf. 4331- Staff Development)

Note: Pursuant to 34 CFR 100.6(d) and 106.9 and 28 CFR 35.106, the district is required to continually notify job applicants that it does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, disability, or age.

The Superintendent or designee shall regularly publicize, within the district and in the community, the district's nondiscrimination policy and the availability of complaint procedures. Such publication shall be included in each announcement, bulletin, or application form that is used in employee recruitment. (34 CFR 100.6, 106.9)

The district's policy shall be posted in all district schools and offices including staff lounges and student government meeting rooms. (5 CCR 4960)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 200-262.4 Prohibition of discrimination CIVIL CODE 51.7 Freedom from violence or intimidation **GOVERNMENT CODE** 11135 Unlawful discrimination 12900-12996 Fair Employment and Housing Act PENAL CODE 422.56 Definitions, hate crimes CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2 7287.6 Terms, conditions and privileges of employment CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5 4900-4965 Nondiscrimination in elementary and secondary education programs UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20 1681-1688 Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 UNITED STATES CODE. TITLE 29 621-634 Age Discrimination in Employment Act 794 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42 2000d-2000d-7 Title VI, Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended 2000e-2000e-17 Title VII, Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended 2000ff-2000ff-11 Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 2000h-2-2000h-6 Title IX of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 6101-6107 Age discrimination in federally assisted programs 12101-12213 Americans with Disabilities Act **CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS. TITLE 28** 35.101-35.190 Americans with Disabilities Act

Legal Reference continued:

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 34 100.6 Compliance information 104.7 Designation of responsible employee for Section 504 104.8 Notice 106.8 Designation of responsible employee and adoption of grievance procedures 106.9 Dissemination of policy 110.1-110.39 Nondiscrimination on the basis of age COURT DECISIONS Thompson v. North American Stainless LP, (2011) 131 S.Ct. 863 Shephard v. Loyola Marymount, (2002) 102 Cal.App.4th 837

Management Resources:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS PUBLICATIONS Notice of Non-Discrimination, August 2010 U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION PUBLICATIONS Questions and Answers: Religious Discrimination in the Workplace, 2008 Enforcement Guidance: Reasonable Accommodation and Undue Hardship under the Americans with Disabilities Act, October 2002 Enforcement Guidance: Vicarious Employer Liability for Unlawful Harassment by Supervisors, June 1999 WEB SITES California Department of Fair Employment and Housing: http://www.dfeh.ca.gov

U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights: http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr

U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission: http://www.eeoc.gov

NONDISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT

The Governing Board desires to provide a positive work environment where employees and job applicants are free from harassment and are assured of equal access and opportunities in accordance with law. The Board prohibits any district employee from harassing or discriminating against any other district employee or job applicant on the basis of the person's actual or perceived race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, age, marital status, pregnancy, physical or mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, veteran status, gender, sex, or sexual orientation.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities) (cf. 4032 - Reasonable Accommodation) (cf. 4033 - Lactation Accommodation) (cf. 4119.11/4219.11/4319.11 - Sexual Harassment) (cf. 4119.41/4219.41/4319.41 - Employees with Infectious Disease) (cf. 4154/4254/4354 - Health and Welfare Benefits) (cf. 5145.7 - Sexual Harassment)

Prohibited discrimination consists of any adverse employment action, including termination or denial of promotion, job assignment, or training, based on any of the prohibited categories of discrimination listed above. Harassment consists of any unwelcome verbal, physical, or visual conduct that is based on any of the prohibited categories of discrimination listed above and that is so severe and pervasive that it adversely affects an individual's employment opportunities, has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with the individual's work performance, or creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment.

The Board also prohibits retaliation against any district employee or job applicant who complains, testifies, assists, or in any way participates in the district's complaint procedures instituted pursuant to this policy.

Any district employee who engages in prohibited discrimination, harassment, or retaliation or who aids, abets, incites, compels, or coerces another to engage or attempt to engage in such behavior in violation of this policy shall be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

(cf. 4117.4 - Dismissal) (cf. 4118 - Suspension/Disciplinary Action) (cf. 4218 - Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action)

The following position is designated as Coordinator for Nondiscrimination in Employment:

Director of Personnel & Student Services 8408 Watt Avenue, Antelope, CA 95843 (916) 338-6413

Any employee or job applicant who believes that he/she has been or is being discriminated against or harassed in violation of district policy should, as appropriate, immediately contact his/her supervisor, the Coordinator, or the Superintendent who shall advise the employee or applicant about the district's procedures for filing, investigating, and resolving any such complaint.

Complaints regarding employment discrimination or harassment shall immediately be investigated in accordance with AR 4031 - Complaints Concerning Discrimination in Employment.

(cf. 4031 - Complaints Concerning Discrimination in Employment)

Any supervisory or management employee who observes or has knowledge of an incident of prohibited discrimination or harassment shall report the incident to the Coordinator or Superintendent as soon as practical after the incident. All other employees are encouraged to report such incidents to their supervisor immediately.

Training and Notifications

The Superintendent or designee shall provide training to employees about how to recognize harassment and discrimination, how to respond appropriately, and components of the district's policies and regulations regarding discrimination.

(cf. 4131- Staff Development) (cf. 4231- Staff Development) (cf. 4331- Staff Development)

The Superintendent or designee shall regularly publicize, within the district and in the community, the district's nondiscrimination policy and the availability of complaint procedures. Such publication shall be included in each announcement, bulletin, or application form that is used in employee recruitment. (34 CFR 100.6, 106.9)

The district's policy shall be posted in all district schools and offices including staff lounges and student government meeting rooms. (5 CCR 4960)

Legal Reference: (see next page)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 200-262.4 Prohibition of discrimination CIVIL CODE 51.7 Freedom from violence or intimidation **GOVERNMENT CODE** 11135 Unlawful discrimination 12900-12996 Fair Employment and Housing Act PENAL CODE 422.56 Definitions, hate crimes CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2 7287.6 Terms, conditions and privileges of employment CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5 4900-4965 Nondiscrimination in elementary and secondary education programs **UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20** 1681-1688 Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 29 621-634 Age Discrimination in Employment Act 794 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42 2000d-2000d-7 Title VI, Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended 2000e-2000e-17 Title VII, Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended 2000ff-2000ff-11 Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 2000h-2-2000h-6 Title IX of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 6101-6107 Age discrimination in federally assisted programs 12101-12213 Americans with Disabilities Act CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS. TITLE 28 35.101-35.190 Americans with Disabilities Act **CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 34** 100.6 Compliance information 104.7 Designation of responsible employee for Section 504 104.8 Notice 106.8 Designation of responsible employee and adoption of grievance procedures 106.9 Dissemination of policy 110.1-110.39 Nondiscrimination on the basis of age **COURT DECISIONS** Thompson v. North American Stainless LP, (2011) 131 S.Ct. 863 Shephard v. Loyola Marymount, (2002) 102 Cal.App.4th 837

Management Resources: (see next page)

Management Resources:

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION PUBLICATIONS Questions and Answers: Religious Discrimination in the Workplace, 2008 Enforcement Guidance: Reasonable Accommodation and Undue Hardship under the Americans with Disabilities Act, October 2002 Enforcement Guidance: Vicarious Employer Liability for Unlawful Harassment by Supervisors, June 1999 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS PUBLICATIONS Notice of Non-Discrimination, August 2010 WEB SITES California Department of Fair Employment and Housing: http://www.dfeh.ca.gov U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights: http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr

U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission: http://www.eeoc.gov

All	Personnel	

PERSONAL LEAVES

Note: The following administrative regulation is subject to collective bargaining agreements.

As provided in the following paragraph, Family Code 297.5 extends to registered domestic partners the same rights that are available under state law to spouses. Thus, pursuant to Family Code 297.5, any reference to an employee's spouse throughout the following regulation also applies to a registered domestic partner, even if not expressly stated in the applicable state code (e.g., Education Code, Military and Veterans Code). Districts should consult legal counsel if a question arises as to leave provisions relative to an employee's domestic partner.

For the purpose of any personal leave offered pursuant to state law, a registered domestic partner shall have the same rights, protections, and benefits as a spouse and protections provided to a spouse's child shall also apply to a child of a registered domestic partner. (Family Code 297.5)

Whenever possible, employees shall request personal leaves in advance and prepare suitable instructions, including lesson plans as applicable, for a substitute employee.

(cf. 4121 - Temporary/Substitute Personnel)

Bereavement

Note: Education Code 44985 and 45194 allow the Governing Board to expand the class of relatives listed below and enlarge the benefits provided by law. The following two paragraphs may be revised to reflect district practice.

Employees are entitled to a leave of up to three days, or five days if out-of-state travel is required, upon the death of any member of the employee's immediate family. No deduction shall be made from the employee's salary, nor shall such leave be deducted from any other leave to which the employee is entitled. (Education Code 44985, 45194)

(cf. 4161/4261/4361 - Leaves)

Members of the immediate family include: (Education Code 44985, 45194)

- 1. The mother, father, grandmother, grandfather, or grandchild of the employee or of the employee's spouse
- 2. The employee's spouse, son, son-in-law, daughter, daughter-in-law, brother, or sister
- 3. Any relative living in the employee's immediate household

At the employee's request, bereavement leave may be extended under personal necessity leave provisions as provided in the section "Personal Necessity" below. (Education Code 44981, 45207)

AR 4161.2(b) 4261.2 4361.2

PERSONAL LEAVES (continued)

Personal Necessity

Note: Employees may use a maximum of seven days of accumulated personal illness/injury leave (sick leave) for reasons of personal necessity pursuant to Education Code 44981 (certificated employees) and 45207 (classified employees). Pursuant to Education Code 44981 and 45207, a higher maximum may be set for certificated and classified employees if specified in their collective bargaining agreement or, if there is no collective bargaining agreement for classified employees, then in a Board resolution. Districts that have established a maximum that is higher than seven days should modify the following paragraph accordingly.

Education Code 45207 clarifies that provisions pertaining to personal necessity leave also apply to districts that have adopted the merit system for classified employees in accordance with Education Code 45240-45320.

Employees may use a maximum of seven days of their accrued personal illness/injury leave during each school year for reasons of personal necessity. (Education Code 44981, 45207)

(cf. 4161.1/4361.1 - Personal Illness/Injury Leave) (cf. 4261.1 - Personal Illness/Injury Leave)

Acceptable reasons for the use of personal necessity leave include:

- 1. Death of a member of the employee's immediate family when the number of days of absence exceeds the limits set by bereavement leave provisions (Education Code 44981, 45207)
- 2. An accident involving the employee's person or property or the person or property of a member of the employee's immediate family (Education Code 44981, 45207)

Note: Education Code 44981 provides that a certificated employee may use personal necessity leave for the serious illness of a member of his/her immediate family. The Board may extend these provisions to classified employees under the authority granted to the Board by Education Code 45207. Districts are cautioned to consult legal counsel regarding any interaction of Education Code provisions with Labor Code 233, which states that any employer who provides personal illness/injury leave for employees must permit employees to use personal illness/injury leave to attend to the illness of a child, parent, spouse, registered domestic partner, or registered domestic partner's child. See AR 4161.1/4361.1 - Personal Illness/Injury Leave and AR 4261.1 - Personal Illness/Injury Leave. Also see AR 4161.8/4261.8/4361.8 - Family Care and Medical Leave for federal and state provisions related to leaves for the birth, adoption, or foster placement of a new child; the care of a seriously ill child, parent, or spouse/registered domestic partner; or the employee's own serious health condition.

3. A serious illness of a member of the certificated employee's immediate family (Education Code 44981)

PERSONAL LEAVES (continued)

Note: Education Code 45207 provides that classified employees may use personal illness/injury leave for required court appearances, as provided in item #4 below. Circumstances under which employees may take time off, with pay, for court appearances are described in the section on "Legal Duties" below.

4. A classified employee's appearance in any court or before any administrative tribunal as a litigant, party, or witness under subpoena or other order (Education Code 45207)

Note: Items #5 and #6 are optional and may be deleted or modified to reflect district practice.

- 5. Fire, flood, or other immediate danger to the home of the employee
- 6. Personal business of a serious nature which the employee cannot disregard

Leave for personal necessity may be allowed for other reasons at the discretion of the Superintendent or designee. However, no such leave shall be granted for purposes of personal convenience, for the extension of a holiday or vacation, or for matters which can be taken care of outside of working hours. The Superintendent or designee shall have final discretion as to whether a request reflects personal necessity.

Note: Education Code 44981 and 45207 specify circumstances under which certificated and classified employees cannot be required to seek advance permission for the leave. However, only certificated employees are afforded the right, pursuant to Education Code 44981, to not be required to provide advance notice for leave due to a serious illness of the employee's family member. Districts may, at their discretion, extend this right to all employees as stated in the following optional paragraph. Districts that wish to restrict the provision to certificated employees should revise the paragraph accordingly.

Also see AR 4161.8/4261.8/4361.8 - Family Care and Medical Leave for requirements pertaining to requests for leaves that qualify under the federal Family and Medical Leave Act (29 USC 2601-2654) or the California Family Rights Act (Government Code 12945.1-12945.2), including provisions that allow employees to provide notice as soon as practicable when 30-day advance notice is not practicable due to lack of knowledge of the date the leave will be needed, a change in circumstances, or a medical emergency.

Advance permission shall not be required of any employee in cases involving the death of a member of the employee's immediate family, an accident involving the employee's person or property or the person or property of a member of his/her immediate family, or the serious illness of a member of his/her immediate family. (Education Code 44981, 45207)

However, the employee shall notify the Superintendent or designee of the need for the leave as soon as practicable. After any absence due to personal necessity, the employee shall verify the absence by submitting a completed and signed district absence form to his/her immediate supervisor.

AR 4161.2(d) 4261.2 4361.2

PERSONAL LEAVES (continued)

Note: Education Code 44981 and 45207 mandate the adoption of regulations requiring, and prescribing the manner of, proof of personal necessity. The following paragraph may be revised to specify the manner of proof required by the district.

After any absence due to personal necessity, the employee shall verify the absence by submitting a completed and signed district absence form to his/her immediate supervisor.

Legal Duties

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 44037, it is unlawful for the district or personnel commission to (1) adopt any rule, regulation, or policy that encourages employees to seek exemption from jury duty; (2) directly or indirectly solicit or suggest to any employee that he/she seek exemption from jury duty; or (3) discriminate against any employee with respect to assignment, employment, promotion, or in any other manner because of his/her service on a jury panel. However, the Board or personnel commission may establish a rule providing that only a percentage of district staff, which shall not be less than two percent, shall be granted such leave with pay at any one time. The following section may be revised to reflect district practice.

Labor Code 230 prohibits the discharge of or discrimination or retaliation against an employee for taking time off for the activities specified in items #1-2 below.

An employee may take time off work in order to: (Labor Code 230)

- 1. Serve on an inquest jury or trial jury
- 2. Comply with a subpoena or other court order to appear as a witness

Notices, summons, and subpoenas for court appearances shall be submitted to the district office when requesting leave.

A classified employee called for jury duty shall be granted leave with pay up to the amount of the difference between his/her regular earnings and any amount received for jury fees. (Education Code 44037)

Note: The following optional paragraph is for use by districts that choose to provide leave of absence with pay for certificated employees called for jury duty, as authorized by Education Code 44036. Districts that do not extend such leave should delete this paragraph.

A certificated employee also shall be granted leave for jury duty with pay up to the amount of the difference between his/her regular earnings and any amount received for jury fees.

AR 4161.2(e) 4261.2 4361.2

PERSONAL LEAVES (continued)

Note: Education Code 44036 allows the Board, at its discretion, to provide paid leaves for employees to appear as witnesses in court other than as litigants or to respond to orders from another governmental jurisdiction. The following paragraph is optional. Districts that do not grant such leave should delete this paragraph.

Employees shall be granted leave to appear in court as witnesses other than litigants or to respond to an official order from another governmental jurisdiction for reasons not brought about through the connivance or misconduct of the employee. Such employees shall receive pay up to the amount of the difference between the employee's regular earnings and any amount received for witness fees.

Leaves for Crime Victims

Note: Labor Code 230.2 prohibits a district from taking adverse employment action against an employee who takes leave as described below.

An employee may be absent from work in order to attend judicial proceedings related to a crime when he/she is a victim, or an immediate family member, registered domestic partner, or child of a registered domestic partner of a victim, of any of the following crimes: (Labor Code 230.2)

- 1. A violent felony as defined in Penal Code 667.5(c)
- 2. A serious felony as defined in Penal Code 1192.7(c)
- 3. A felony provision of law proscribing theft or embezzlement

Note: Pursuant to Labor Code 230.2, employees may use any of the types of leave listed in the following paragraph, unless otherwise provided by a collective bargaining agreement, although a collective bargaining agreement cannot diminish the entitlement of an employee. The district should modify the following paragraph as necessary to reflect the terms of its collective bargaining agreement(s).

For these purposes, the employee may use vacation, personal leave, personal illness/injury leave, unpaid leave, or compensatory time off that is otherwise available to the employee. (Labor Code 230.2)

Prior to taking time off, an employee shall give his/her supervisor a copy of the notice of each scheduled proceeding that is provided by the responsible agency, unless advance notice is not feasible. When advance notice is not feasible or an unscheduled absence occurs, the employee shall, within a reasonable time after the absence, provide documentation evidencing the judicial proceeding from the court or government agency setting the hearing,

AR 4161.2(f) 4261.2 4361.2

PERSONAL LEAVES (continued)

the district attorney or prosecuting attorney's office, or the victim/witness office that is advocating on behalf of the victim. (Labor Code 230.2)

The district shall keep confidential any records pertaining to the employee's absence from work by reason of this leave. (Labor Code 230.2)

Leaves for Victims of Domestic Violence or Sexual Assault

Note: Labor Code 230 and 230.1 prohibit a district from taking adverse employment action against an employee who is a victim of sexual assault or domestic violence and who takes leave as described in the following section. Pursuant to Labor Code 230 and 230.1, such an employee may use vacation, personal leave, or compensatory time off that is otherwise available under the applicable terms of employment, unless otherwise provided by a collective bargaining agreement, although a collective bargaining agreement cannot diminish the entitlement of an employee. The district should modify the following paragraph as necessary to reflect the terms of its collective bargaining agreement(s).

An employee who is a victim of domestic violence or sexual assault as defined by law may use vacation, personal leave, or compensatory time off that is otherwise available to him/her under the terms of his/her employment to attend to the following activities: (Labor Code 230, 230.1)

1. Obtain or attempt to obtain any relief, including, but not limited to, a temporary restraining order, restraining order, or other injunctive relief to help ensure the health, safety, or welfare of the employee or his/her child

Note: Labor Code 230.1 requires a district with 25 or more employees to grant time off to an employee who is a victim of sexual assault or domestic violence for the following additional reasons. A district with fewer than 25 employees may use or delete items #2-5 below at its discretion.

- 2. Seek medical attention for injuries caused by domestic violence or sexual assault
- 3. Obtain services from a domestic violence shelter, program, or rape crisis center as a result of domestic violence or sexual assault
- 4. Obtain psychological counseling related to an experience of domestic violence or sexual assault
- 5. Participate in safety planning and take other actions to increase safety from future domestic violence or sexual assault, including temporary or permanent relocation

PERSONAL LEAVES (continued)

Prior to taking time off, an employee shall give reasonable notice to his/her supervisor, unless advance notice is not feasible. When an unscheduled absence occurs, the employee shall provide, within a reasonable period of time, certification of the absence in the form of any of the following documents: (Labor Code 230, 230.1)

- 1. A police report indicating that the employee was a victim of domestic violence or sexual assault
- 2. A court order protecting or separating the employee from the perpetrator of an act of domestic violence or sexual assault, or other evidence from the court or prosecuting attorney that the employee has appeared in court
- 3. Documentation from a medical professional, domestic violence advocate or advocate for victims of sexual assault, health care provider, or counselor that the employee was undergoing treatment for physical or mental injuries or abuse resulting from an act of domestic violence or sexual assault

The district shall maintain the confidentiality of such an employee to the extent authorized by law. (Labor Code 230, 230.1)

Personal Leave for a Child's School Activities

Note: Pursuant to Labor Code 230.8, the following section applies to any district employing 25 or more employees at the same location. A district with fewer than 25 employees at the same location may use or delete this section at its discretion.

Any employee who is a parent/guardian, or grandparent having custody, of one or more children who are enrolled in grades K-12 or who attend a licensed day care facility may use up to 40 hours of personal leave, vacation, or compensatory time off each school year in order to participate in school or day care activities. Such leave shall not exceed eight hours in any month of the year. The employee shall give reasonable advance notice of the absence. (Labor Code 230.8)

Note: Labor Code 230.8 provides that the employee may use time off without pay to the extent the district makes it available. The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice.

In lieu of using vacation, personal leave, or compensatory time off, eligible employees may take unpaid leave for this purpose.

If both parents/guardians of a child are employed at the same work site, this leave shall be allowed for the first parent/guardian who applies. Simultaneous absence by the second parent/guardian may be granted by the Superintendent or designee. (Labor Code 230.8)

AR 4161.2(h) 4261.2 4361.2

PERSONAL LEAVES (continued)

Upon request by the Superintendent or designee, the employee shall provide documentation from the school or licensed day care facility that he/she participated in school or licensed day care facility activities on a specific date and at a particular time. (Labor Code 230.8)

Note: Pursuant to Labor Code 230.8, an employee who is discharged, threatened with discharge, demoted, suspended, or otherwise discriminated against for using the above leave is entitled to reinstatement and reimbursement for lost wages and benefits, and an employer who willfully refuses to rehire, promote, or otherwise reinstate such an employee is subject to a civil penalty equal to three times the amount of the lost wages and benefits.

Service on Education Boards and Committees

Upon request, a certificated employee shall be granted up to 20 school days of paid leave per school year for service performed within the state on any education board, commission, committee, or group authorized by Education Code 44987.3 provided that all of the following conditions are met: (Education Code 44987.3)

- 1. The service is performed within the state.
- 2. The board, commission, organization, or group informs the district in writing of the service.
- 3. The board, commission, organization, or group agrees, prior to the service, to reimburse the district, upon the district's request, for compensation paid to the employee's substitute and for actual related administrative costs.

Employee Organization Activities

Note: The following section may be deleted by any district whose collective bargaining agreements expressly provide for a paid leave of absence for participation in the activities described in this section.

Education Code 44987 and 45210 provide that certificated and classified employees may take time off without loss of compensation to serve as elected officers of their local, statewide, or national employee organization. Following the district's payment to the employee for the leave of absence, the employee organization must reimburse the district within 10 days after receiving the district's certification of payment of compensation to the employee. This leave of absence is in addition to the release time granted to representatives of an employee organization pursuant to Government Code 3543.1.

Upon request, any certificated or classified employee shall be granted a leave of absence without loss of compensation to serve as an elected officer of a district employee organization or any statewide or national employee organization with which the employee organization is affiliated. The leave shall include, but is not limited to, absence for purposes

PERSONAL LEAVES (continued)

of attending periodic, stated, special, or regular meetings of the body of the organization. (Education Code 44987, 45210)

(cf. 4140/4240/4340 - Bargaining Units) (cf. 4143/4243 - Negotiations)

Note: AB 1203 (Ch. 804, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 45210 to require districts to grant a paid leave of absence to a reasonable number of classified employees serving as unelected members of the employee organization or a statewide or national public employee organization when the employee attends "important organizational activities authorized by the public employee organization." Compensation must include the required retirement fund contributions. The employee will continue to earn full service credit during the leave and must pay member contributions as specified. The maximum amount of service credit an employee organization provide reasonable notification to the district when requesting a leave of absence for employees without loss of compensation.

Upon request of an employee organization in the district or its state or national affiliate, a reasonable number of unelected classified employees shall be granted a leave of absence without loss of compensation for the purpose of attending important organizational activities authorized by the organization. The employee organization shall provide reasonable notification to the Superintendent or designee when requesting a leave of absence for employees for this purpose. (Education Code 45210)

When leave is granted for any of the above purposes, the employee organization shall reimburse the district within 10 days after receiving the district's certification of payment of compensation to the employee. (Education Code 44987, 45210)

Religious Leave

Note: The following **optional** section is for any district that chooses to grant religious leave and may be revised to reflect district practice. A district that does not grant such leave should delete this section. However, the district should consult legal counsel before denying a request for religious leave since the Constitution requires districts to provide "reasonable accommodation" to employee religious practices.

The Superintendent or designee may grant an employee up to three days of leave per year for religious purposes, provided that the leave is requested in advance and that it does not cause additional district expenditures, the neglect of assigned duties, or any other unreasonable hardship on the district.

Note: The following optional paragraph reflects the California Supreme Court's interpretation of Article 1, Section 8 of the California Constitution as stated in <u>Rankin v. Commission on Professional Competence</u>.

AR 4161.2(j) 4261.2 4361.2

PERSONAL LEAVES (continued)

The Superintendent or designee shall deduct the cost of hiring a substitute, when required, from the wages of the employee who takes religious leave.

No employee shall be discriminated against for using this leave or any additional days of unpaid leave granted for religious observances at the discretion of the Superintendent or designee.

Spouse on Leave from Military Deployment

Note: Military and Veterans Code 395.10 requires any district with 25 or more employees to allow up to 10 days of unpaid leave to an employee whose spouse is on leave from military deployment. A district with fewer than 25 employees may use the following section at its discretion. In addition, 29 USC 2612 authorizes an employee to take up to 26 work weeks of unpaid military caregiver leave or up to 12 weeks of "exigency" leave; see AR 4161.8/4261.8/4361.8 - Family Care and Medical Leave.

An employee who works an average of 20 hours or more per week and whose spouse is a member of the United States Armed Forces, National Guard, or reserves may take up to 10 days of unpaid leave during a period that his/her spouse is on leave from deployment during a military conflict, as defined in Military and Veterans Code 395.10. (Military and Veterans Code 395.10)

Within two business days of receiving official notice that his/her spouse will be on leave from deployment, the employee shall provide the Superintendent or designee with notice of his/her intention to take the leave. The employee shall submit written documentation certifying that his/her spouse will be on leave from deployment during the time that the leave is requested. (Military and Veterans Code 395.10)

Leave for Emergency Duty

Note: Labor Code 230.3 prohibits a district from discharging or discriminating against an employee who takes time off to perform emergency duty as specified below. Labor Code 230.3 defines emergency rescue personnel as a member of a federal, state, local, or private fire department or agency, as well as a sheriff or police department.

An employee may take time off to perform emergency duty as a volunteer firefighter, a reserve peace officer, or emergency rescue personnel. (Labor Code 230.3)

Note: Labor Code 230.4 requires a district with 50 or more employees to grant an employee who is a volunteer firefighter leaves of absence for up to 14 days per calendar year for activities as specified below. A district with fewer than 50 employees may use or delete this paragraph at its discretion.

AR 4161.2(k) 4261.2 4361.2

PERSONAL LEAVES (continued)

An employee who is a volunteer firefighter shall be permitted to take temporary leaves of absence, not to exceed an aggregate total of 14 days per calendar year, for the purpose of engaging in fire or law enforcement training. (Labor Code 230.4)

Civil Air Patrol Leave

Note: Labor Code 1500-1507 require a district with more than 15 employees to provide at least 10 days of unpaid leave per year, beyond any leave otherwise available to employees, to employees who volunteer with the Civil Air Patrol and are directed to respond to an emergency operational mission, as provided below. Labor Code 1503 specifies that a district may not require an employee to first exhaust all accrued vacation, personal, sick, or any other available leave in order to use Civil Air Patrol leave.

If the district chooses to offer more than 10 days of such leave per year or to provide paid leave, it should modify the following paragraph accordingly. A district with 15 or fewer employees may use or delete this section at its discretion.

An employee may take up to 10 days of unpaid leave per calendar year, beyond any leave otherwise available to him/her, to respond to an emergency operational mission of the California Civil Air Patrol, provided that the employee has been employed by the district for at least a 90-day period immediately preceding the leave. Such leaves shall not exceed three days for a single mission, unless an extension is granted by the governmental entity authorizing the mission and is approved by the Superintendent or designee. (Labor Code 1501, 1503)

The employee shall give the district as much advance notice as possible of the intended dates of the leave. The Superintendent or designee may require certification from the proper Civil Air Patrol authority to verify the eligibility of the employee for the leave and may deny the leave if the employee fails to provide the required certification. (Labor Code 1503)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 44036-44037 Leaves of absence for judicial and official appearances 44963 Power to grant leaves of absence (certificated) 44981 Leave of absence for personal necessity (certificated) 44985 Leave of absence due to death in immediate family (certificated) 44987 Service as officer of employee organization (certificated) 44987.3 Leave of absence to serve on certain boards, commissions, etc. 45190 Leaves of absence and vacations (classified) 45194 Bereavement leave of absence (classified) 45198 Effect of provisions authorizing leaves of absence

Legal Reference continued: (see next page)

AR 4161.2(l) 4261.2 4361.2

PERSONAL LEAVES (continued)

Legal Reference: (continued) EDUCATION CODE (continued) 45207 Personal necessity (classified) 45210 Service as officer of employee organization (classified) 45240-45320 Merit system, classified employees FAMILY CODE 297-297.5 Registered domestic partner rights, protections, and benefits **GOVERNMENT CODE** 3543.1 Release time for representatives of employee organizations 12945.1-12945.2 California Family Rights Act LABOR CODE 230-230.2 Leave for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, or specified felonies 230.3 Leave for emergency personnel 230.4 Leave for volunteer firefighters 230.8 Leave to visit child's school 233 Illness of child, parent, spouse, domestic partner or domestic partner's child 234 Absence control policy 1500-1507 Civil Air Patrol leave MILITARY AND VETERANS CODE 395.10 Leave when spouse on leave from military deployment PENAL CODE 667.5 Violent felony, defined 1192.7 Serious felony, defined **CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION** Article 1, Section 8 Religious discrimination UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 29 2601-2654 Family and Medical Leave Act UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42 2000d-2000d-7 Title VII, Civil Rights Act of 1964 COURT DECISIONS Rankin v. Commission on Professional Competence, (1988) 24 Cal.3d 167 **PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS BOARD DECISIONS** Berkeley Council of Classified Employees v. Berkeley Unified School District, (2008) PERB Decision No. 1954

Management Resources:

<u>WEB SITES</u> California Federation of Teachers: http://www.cft.org California School Employees Association: http://www.csea.com California Teachers Association: http://www.cta.org Public Employment Relations Board: http://www.perb.ca.gov

Center USD Administrative Regulation Personal Leaves

AR 4161.2 4261.2,4361.2 Personnel

For the purpose of any personal leave offered pursuant to state law, a registered domestic partner shall have the same rights, protections, and benefits as a spouse and protections provided to a spouse's child shall also apply to a child of a registered domestic partner. (Family Code 297.5)

Whenever possible, employees shall request personal leaves in advance and prepare suitable lesson plans or instructions for a substitute employee.

(cf. 4121 - Temporary/Substitute Personnel)

Bereavement

Employees are entitled to a leave of up to three days, or five days if out-of-state travel is required, upon the death of any member of the employee's immediate family. No deduction shall be made from the employee's salary, nor shall such leave be deducted from any other leave to which the employee is entitled. (Education Code 44985, 45194)

(cf. 4161/4261/4361 - Leaves)

Members of the immediate family include: (Education Code 44985, 45194)

1. The mother, father, grandmother, grandfather, or grandchild of the employee or of the employee's spouse

2. The employee's spouse, son, son-in-law, daughter, daughter-in-law, brother, or sister

3. Any relative living in the employee's immediate household

At the employee's request, bereavement leave may be extended under personal necessity leave provisions as provided below. (Education Code 44981, 45207)

Personal Necessity

Upon prior approval, current and accumulated sick leave may be used by the employee, at his/her election, in cases of personal necessity. (Education Code 44981, 45207)

(cf. 4161.1/4361.1 - Personal Illness/Injury Leave) (cf. 4261.1 - Personal Illness/Injury Leave)

Acceptable reasons for the use of personal necessity leave include:

1. Death of a member of the employee's immediate family when the number of days of absence exceeds the limits set by bereavement leave provisions (Education Code 44981, 45207)

2. An accident involving the employee's person or property or the person or property of a member of the employee's immediate family (Education Code 44981, 45207)

3. A serious illness of a member of the certificated employee's immediate family (Education Code 44981)

(cf. 4161.8/4261.8/4361.8 - Family Care and Medical Leave)

4. A classified employee's appearance in any court or before any administrative tribunal as a litigant, party, or witness under subpoena or other order (Education Code 45207)

5. Fire, flood, or other immediate danger to the home of the employee

6. Personal business of a serious nature which the employee cannot disregard

Leave for personal necessity may be allowed for other reasons at the discretion of the Superintendent or designee. However, no such leave shall be granted for purposes of personal convenience, for the extension of a holiday or vacation, or for matters which can be taken care of outside of working hours. The Superintendent or designee shall have final discretion as to whether a request reflects personal necessity.

Advance permission shall not be required of any employee in cases involving the death of a member of the employee's immediate family or an accident involving the employee's person or property or the person or property of a member of his/her immediate family. For certificated employees, advance permission also shall not be required in cases involving the serious illness of a member of the employee's immediate family. (Education Code 44981, 45207)

After any absence due to personal necessity, the employee shall verify the absence by submitting a completed and signed district absence form to his/her immediate supervisor.

Legal Duties

Classified employees called for jury duty shall be granted leave with pay up to the amount of the difference between the employee's regular earnings and any amount received for jury fees. (Education Code 44037)

Certificated employees also shall be granted leave for jury duty with pay up to the amount of the difference between the employee's regular earnings and any amount received as juror's fees.

Employees shall be granted leaves to appear in court as witnesses other than litigants or to respond to an official order from another governmental jurisdiction for reasons not brought about through the connivance or misconduct of the employee. Such employees shall receive

pay up to the amount of the difference between the employee's regular earnings and any amount received for witness fees.

An employee may take time off work in order to: (Labor Code 230)

- 1. Serve on an inquest jury or trial jury
- 2. Comply with a subpoena or other court order to appear as a witness

Notices, summons, and subpoenas for court appearances shall be submitted to the district office when requesting leave.

Leaves for Crime Victims

An employee may be absent from work in order to attend judicial proceedings related to a crime when he/she is a victim, immediate family member of a victim, registered domestic partner of a victim, or child of a registered domestic partner of a victim of the following crimes: (Labor Code 230.2)

- 1. A violent felony as defined in Penal Code 667.5(c)
- 2. A serious felony as defined in Penal Code 1192.7(c)
- 3. A felony provision of law proscribing theft or embezzlement

For these purposes, the employee may use vacation, personal leave, personal illness/injury leave, compensatory time off that is otherwise available to the employee, or unpaid leave. (Labor Code 230.2)

Prior to taking time off, an employee shall give his/her supervisor a copy of the notice of each scheduled proceeding that is provided by the responsible agency, unless advance notice is not feasible. When advance notice is not feasible or an unscheduled absence occurs, the employee shall, within a reasonable time after the absence, provide documentation evidencing the judicial proceeding from the court or government agency setting the hearing, the district attorney or prosecuting attorney's office, or the victim/witness office that is advocating on behalf of the victim. (Labor Code 230.2)

The district shall keep confidential any records pertaining to the employee's absence from work. (Labor Code 230.2)

Leaves for Victims of Domestic Violence or Sexual Assault

An employee who is a victim of domestic violence or sexual assault as defined by law may take time off work to obtain or attempt to obtain any relief including, but not limited to, a temporary restraining order, restraining order, or other injunctive relief to help ensure the health, safety, or welfare of the employee or his/her child. (Labor Code 230)

In addition, an employee who is a victim of domestic violence or sexual assault may take time off work to attend to the following activities: (Labor Code 230.1) 1. Seek medical attention for injuries caused by domestic violence or sexual assault

2. Obtain services from a domestic violence shelter, program, or rape crisis center as a result of domestic violence or sexual assault

3. Obtain psychological counseling related to an experience of domestic violence or sexual assault

4. Participate in safety planning and take other actions to increase safety from future domestic violence or sexual assault, including temporary or permanent relocation

An employee who is a victim of domestic violence or sexual assault may use vacation, personal leave, or compensatory time off that is otherwise available to the employee under the applicable terms of employment. (Labor Code 230, 230.1)

Prior to taking time off, an employee shall give reasonable notice to his/her supervisor, unless advance notice is not feasible. When an unscheduled absence occurs, the employee shall provide, within a reasonable period of time, certification of the absence in the form of any of the following documents: (Labor Code 230, 230.1)

1. A police report indicating that the employee was a victim of domestic violence or sexual assault

2. A court order protecting or separating the employee from the perpetrator of an act of domestic violence or sexual assault, or other evidence from the court or prosecuting attorney that the employee has appeared in court

3. Documentation from a medical professional, domestic violence advocate or advocate for victims of sexual assault, health care provider, or counselor that the employee was undergoing treatment for physical or mental injuries or abuse resulting from an act of domestic violence or sexual assault

The district shall maintain the confidentiality of such an employee to the extent authorized by law. (Labor Code 230, 230.1)

Personal Leave for a Child's School Activities

Any employee who is a parent/guardian, or grandparent having custody of one or more children who are enrolled in grades K-12, or who attend a licensed day care facility, may use up to 40 hours of personal leave, vacation, or compensatory time off each school year in order to participate in school or day care activities. Such leave shall not exceed eight hours in any month of the year, and the employee shall give reasonable advance notice of the absence. (Labor Code 230.8)

(cf. 1240 - Volunteer Assistance)

In lieu of using vacation, personal leave, or compensatory time off, eligible employees giving reasonable advance notice may take up to 40 hours without pay each school year for this

purpose, not to exceed eight hours in any month.

If both parents/guardians of a child are employed at the same work site, this leave shall be allowed for the first parent/guardian who applies. Simultaneous absence by the second parent may be granted by the Superintendent or designee. (Labor Code 230.8)

Upon request by the Superintendent or designee, the employee shall provide documentation from the school or licensed day care facility that he/she participated in school or licensed day care facility activities on a specific date and at a particular time. (Labor Code 230.8)

Service on Education Boards, Committees, and State or Employee Organizations

Upon request, certificated employees shall be granted up to 20 school days of paid leave per school year for service performed within the state on any education boards, commissions, committees, or groups authorized by Education Code 44987.3 provided that all of the following conditions are met: (Education Code 44987.3)

1. The service is performed in the state of California.

2. The Board, commission, organization, or group informs the district in writing of the service.

3. The board, commission, organization, or group agrees, prior to service, to reimburse the district, upon the district's request, for compensation paid to the employee's substitute and for actual related administrative costs.

Upon request, certificated and classified employees shall be granted a leave of absence without loss of compensation to serve as an elected officer of a district employee organization or any statewide or national employee organization with which the local organization is affiliated. The leave shall include, but is not limited to, absence for purposes of attending periodic, stated, special, or regular meetings of the body of the organization. (Education Code 44987, 45210)

Religious Leave

The Superintendent or designee may grant employees up to three days of leave per year for religious purposes, provided that the leave is requested in advance and that it does not cause additional district expenditures, the neglect of assigned duties, or any other unreasonable hardship on the district.

The Superintendent or designee shall deduct the cost of a substitute, when required, from the wages of the employee who takes religious leave.

No employee shall be discriminated against for using this leave or any additional days of unpaid leave granted for religious observances at the discretion of the Superintendent or designee.

Spouse on Leave from Military Deployment

An employee who works an average of 20 hours or more per week and whose spouse is a member of the United States Armed Forces, National Guard, or reserves may take up to 10 days of unpaid leave during a period that his/her spouse is on leave from deployment during a military conflict, as defined in Military and Veterans Code 395.10. (Military and Veterans Code 395.10)

The employee shall provide the Superintendent or designee with notice, within two business days of receiving official notice that his/her spouse will be on leave from deployment, of his/her intention to take the leave. The employee shall submit written documentation certifying that his/her spouse will be on leave from deployment during the time that the leave is requested. (Military and Veterans Code 395.10)

Leave for Emergency Duty

An employee may take time off to perform emergency duty as a volunteer firefighter, a reserve peace officer, or emergency rescue personnel. (Labor Code 230.3)

An employee who is a volunteer firefighter shall be permitted to take temporary leaves of absence, not to exceed an aggregate total of 14 days per calendar year, for the purpose of engaging in fire or law enforcement training. (Labor Code 230.4)

Civil Air Patrol Leave

An employee may take up to 10 days of unpaid leave per calendar year, beyond any leave otherwise available to employees, to respond to an emergency operational mission of the California Civil Air Patrol, provided that the employee has been employed by the district for at least a 90-day period immediately preceding the leave. Such leaves shall not exceed three days for a single emergency operational mission, unless an extension is granted by the governmental entity authorizing the mission and is approved by the Superintendent or designee. (Labor Code 1501, 1503)

The employee shall give the district as much advance notice as possible of the intended dates of the leave. The Superintendent or designee may require certification from the proper Civil Air Patrol authority to verify the eligibility of the employee for the leave and may deny the leave if the employee fails to provide the required certification. (Labor Code 1503)

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE 44036-44037 Leaves of absence for judicial and official appearances 44963 Power to grant leaves of absence (certificated) 44981 Leave of absence for personal necessity (certificated) 44985 Leave of absence due to death in immediate family (certificated)

44987 Service as officer of employee organization (certificated)

44987.3 Leave of absence to serve on certain boards, commissions, etc.

45190 Leaves of absence and vacations (classified)

45194 Bereavement leave of absence (classified)

45198 Effect of provisions authorizing leaves of absence

45207 Personal necessity (classified)

45210 Service as officer of employee organization (classified)

45240-45320 Merit system, classified employees

FAMILY CODE

297-297.5 Registered domestic partner rights, protections, and benefits GOVERNMENT CODE

3543.1 Release time for representatives of employee organizations

LABOR CODE

230-230.2 Leave for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, or specified felonies

230.3 Leave for emergency personnel

230.4 Leave for volunteer firefighters

230.8 Leave to visit child's school

233 Illness of child, parent, spouse, domestic partner or domestic partner's child

234 Absence control policy

1500-1507 Civil Air Patrol leave

MILITARY AND VETERANS CODE

395.10 Leave when spouse on leave from military deployment

PENAL CODE

667.5 Violent felony, defined

1192.7 Serious felony, defined

CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION

Article 1, Section 8 Religious discrimination

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 29

2612 Family and Medical Leave Act, leave requirements

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42

2000d-2000d-7 Title VII, Civil Rights Act of 1964

COURT DECISIONS

Rankin v. Commission on Professional Competence, (1988) 24 Cal.3d 167

Management Resources:

WEB SITES

California Federation of Teachers: http://www.cft.org

California School Employees Association: http://www.csea.com

California Teachers Association: http://www.cta.org
LAYOFF/REHIRE

Classified employees shall be subject to layoff for lack of work or lack of funds. (Education Code 45114, 45308)

A classified employee shall not be laid off if a short-term employee is retained to render a service that the classified employee is qualified to render. (Education Code 45117)

Order of Layoff/Determination of Seniority

The order of layoff within the class shall be determined by length of service. (Education Code 45114, 45308)

Length of service shall be determined by the date of hire. The employee who has been employed the shortest time by the district shall be laid off first.

Length of service credit shall be granted for military leave of absence, including voluntary or involuntary active duty during a period of national emergency or war as a member of the Military Reserve or the National Guard. (Education Code 45297, 45308)

(cf. 4161.5/4261.5/4361.5 - Military Leave)

Length of service credit may be granted for time spent on unpaid illness or maternity leave, unpaid family care leave, or unpaid industrial accident leave. Length of service credit shall not be granted for other types of unpaid leaves. (Education Code 45308, 45114)

(cf. 4161.8/4261.8/4361.8 - Family Care and Medical Leave)

Persons employed under Education Code Section 45105(b) or 45259 in "restricted" positions do not acquire permanent status under Education Code 45113 or 45301 and do not acquire seniority credits for the purpose of layoff for lack of work or lack of funds. However, after completing six months of satisfactory service, persons hired into these positions shall be given the opportunity to take qualifying examinations that are required for all other persons serving in the same class in the classified service. If they successfully complete the examination, they shall be entitled to the full rights, benefits and burdens of regular classified employees, and his/her service for layoff purposes shall be counted from the original date of employment in the "restricted" position. (Education Code 45105)

For an employee in a "restricted position" under Education Code 45105 or 45259, the original date of employment in the restricted position shall be used to determine his/her length of service, provided he/she has completed six months of satisfactory service and has successfully passed the qualifying examination required for service in the class. (Education Code 45105)

(cf. 4121 - Temporary/Substitute Personnel)

Notice of Layoff

Classified employees subject to layoff because of lack of work in the event of a bona fide reduction or elimination of service being performed shall receive notice of the layoff 45 days before the effective date. They shall be informed of their displacement rights, if any, and their reemployment rights. (Education Code 45117)

In cases where positions in specially funded programs expire at the end of any school year, classified employees subject to layoff for lack of funds shall receive written notice on or before April 29. The notice shall inform them of the layoff effective at the end of the school year, their displacement rights, if any, and reemployment rights. If the termination date of the specially funded program is other than June 30, the notice shall be given at least 45 days before the effective date of the layoff. (Education Code 45117)

The district is not bound to provide 45 days' notice in the event of an actual and existing financial inability to pay the salaries of classified employees or if the layoff is due to a lack of work resulting from conditions not foreseeable or preventable by the district. (Education Code 45117)

The district also is not bound to provide 45 days' notice to any person hired as a short-term employee for a period not exceeding 45 days. (Education Code 45117)

Note: Education Code 45117 requires that classified employees be given prior written notice when they are subject to layoff due to lack of work or lack of funds. AB 1908 (Ch. 860, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 45117 to extend the timeline for such notice to 60 days, as provided below.

Whenever a classified employee is to be laid off for lack of work or lack of funds, written notice shall be given to the employee, informing him/her of the layoff, the date the layoff goes into effect, any displacement rights, and reemployment rights. The notice shall be given: (Education Code 45117)

- 1. At least 60 days prior to the effective date of the layoff, if the layoff is for lack of work resulting from a bona fide reduction or elimination of service being performed.
- 2. No later than April 29, if the layoff is for lack of funds due to the expiration of a specially funded program at the end of any school year. However, if the termination date of the specially funded program is other than June 30, the employee shall be given notice at least 60 days from the effective date of the layoff.

(cf. 4112.9/4212.9/4312.9 - Employee Notifications)

The district is not required to provide the 60-day notice in the event of an actual and existing financial inability to pay the salaries of classified employees or if the layoff is due to a lack of work resulting from conditions not foreseeable or preventable by the district. (Education Code 45117)

The district also is not required to provide the 60-day notice to any person hired as a shortterm employee for a period not exceeding 60 days whose service may not be extended or renewed. (Education Code 45117)

Voluntary Demotion or Voluntary Reduction of Hours

Employees who take voluntary demotions or voluntary reductions in assigned time in lieu of layoff, or in order to remain in their present position rather than be reclassified or reassigned, shall be granted the same rights as persons laid off. (Education Code 45114, 45298)

Reemployment Eligibility

Classified employees laid off because of lack of work or lack of funds are eligible for reemployment within a period of 39 months and shall be reemployed in preference to new applicants. Persons so laid off also have the right to apply and establish their qualification for vacant promotional positions within the district during the 39-month period. (Education Code 45114, 45298)

Employees who take voluntary demotions or voluntary reductions in assigned time in lieu of layoff, reclassification or reassignment shall retain eligibility to be considered for reemployment in a position of the previously held class or positions with increased assigned time, provided that the same tests of fitness under which they qualified for appointment to the class are still applicable. The length of this additional period of time shall be determined by the Governing Board on a class-by-class basis and shall not exceed 24 months. (Education Code 45114, 45298)

Employees who take voluntary demotions or voluntary reductions in assigned time in lieu of layoff shall have the option of returning to a position in their former class or to positions with increased assigned time as vacancies become available, and without limitation of time. If there is a valid reemployment list they shall be ranked on that list in accordance with their proper seniority. (Education Code 45114, 45298)

Upon rejecting two offers of reemployment, the employee's name will be removed from the reemployment list and he/she will forfeit all reemployment rights to which he/she would otherwise be entitled.

When an employee is notified of a vacancy and fails to respond or report to work within time limits specified by district procedures, his/her name will be removed from the reemployment list and he/she will forfeit all reemployment rights to which he/she would otherwise be entitled.

If an employee is employed in a new position and fails to complete the probationary period in the new position, he/she shall be returned to the reemployment list for the remainder of the 39-month period. The remaining time period shall be calculated as the time remaining in the 39-month period as of the date of reemployment. (Education Code 45114, 45298)

Reemployment Procedures

Reemployment shall be in reverse order of layoff. (Education Code 45114, 45298, 45308)

In order to be reinstated, an employee must be fully capable of performing the normal and customary duties of the job. Employees whose physical condition is such that they cannot be reinstated at the time called for reemployment will be kept on the reemployment list until physically capable of returning to work or for a period not to exceed 39 calendar months.

(cf. 4032 - Reasonable Accommodation)

When a vacancy occurs, the senior employee who has held prior permanency in the position shall be so notified by certified U.S. mail at his/her last known address and given the opportunity to accept or reject appointment into the vacant position. The employee shall advise the district of his/her decision no later than 10 calendar days following notification. If the employee accepts, he/she shall report to work no later than two calendar weeks from the vacancy notification date or on a later date specified by the district.

When a laid-off employee is reemployed, all accumulated sick leave credit shall be restored.

A laid-off permanent employee shall be reemployed with all rights and benefits accorded to him/her at the time of layoff. A laid-off probationary employee shall be reemployed as a probationary employee, and the time served toward the completion of the required probationary period shall be counted. He/she shall also be reemployed with all rights and benefits accorded to him/her at the time of layoff.

A laid-off employee, when reemployed, shall be placed on the salary step held at the time of layoff. An employee who bumped into a lower class shall, when reinstated to the previous class, be placed on the salary step to which he/she would have progressed had he/she remained there. An adjusted anniversary date shall be established for step increment purposes so as to reflect the actual amount of time served in the district.

Legal-Reference: EDUCATION CODE 45101 - Definitions 45103 - Classified service in districts not incorporating the merit system 45105 - Positions under various acts not requiring certification qualifications; elassification 45113 - Rules and regulations for classified service in districts not incorporating the merit system 45114 - Layoff and reemployment procedures; definitions 45115 - Layoff: Reinstatement from service retirement 45117 - Notice of layoff 45286 - Limited term employees 45297 - Right to take equivalent examination while employee in military service 45298 - Reemployment - and - promotional - examination - preference - of - persons - laid - off; voluntary demotions or reductions in time 45308 - Order of layoff and reemployment; length of service

45309 Reinstatement of permanent noncertified employees after resignation

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 38

4301 4307 Veterans' Reemployment Rights

COURT DECISIONS

San Mateo City School District v. Public Employment Relations Board (1983) 33 Cal.3d 850, 866

Management Resources: WEB SITES California School Employees Association: http://www.esea.com

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 45101 Definitions 45103 Classified service in districts not incorporating the merit system 45105 Positions under various acts not requiring certification qualifications; classification 45113 Rules and regulations for classified service in districts not incorporating the merit system 45114 Layoff and reemployment procedures; definitions 45115 Layoff: Reinstatement from service retirement 45117 Notice of layoff 45286 Limited term employees 45297 Right to take equivalent examination while employee in military service 45298 Reemployment of persons laid off; voluntary demotions or reductions in time; districts adopting merit system 45308 Order of layoff and reemployment; length of service 45309 Reinstatement of permanent noncertified employees after resignation UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 38 4301-4307 Veterans' Reemployment Rights COURT DECISIONS Tucker v. Grossmont Union High School District (2008) 168 Cal.App.4th 640 San Mateo City School District v. Public Employment Relations Board (1983) 33 Cal.3d 850, 866

Management Resources:

<u>WEB SITES</u> California School Employees Association: http://www.csea.com

Center USD Administrative Regulation Layoff/Rehire

AR 4217.3 Personnel

Classified employees shall be subject to layoff for lack of work or lack of funds. (Education Code 45114, 45308)

Order of Layoff/Determination of Seniority

The order of layoff within the class shall be determined by length of service. (Education Code 45114, 45308)

Length of service shall be determined by the date of hire. The employee who has been employed the shortest time by the district shall be laid off first.

Length of service credit shall be granted for military leave of absence, including voluntary or involuntary active duty during a period of national emergency or war as a member of the Military Reserve or the National Guard. (Education Code 45297, 45308)

(cf. 4161.5/4261.5/4361.5 - Military Leave)

Length of service credit may be granted for time spent on unpaid illness or maternity leave, unpaid family care leave, or unpaid industrial accident leave. Length of service credit shall not be granted for other types of unpaid leaves. (Education Code 45308, 45114)

(cf. 4161.8/4261.8/4361.8 - Family Care and Medical Leave)

Persons employed under Education Code Section 45105(b) or 45259 in "restricted" positions do not acquire permanent status under Education Code 45113 or 45301 and do not acquire seniority credits for the purpose of layoff for lack of work or lack of funds. However, after completing six months of satisfactory service, persons hired into these positions shall be given the opportunity to take qualifying examinations that are required for all other persons serving in the same class in the classified service. If they successfully complete the examination, they shall be entitled to the full rights, benefits and burdens of regular classified employees, and his/her service for layoff purposes shall be counted from the original date of employment in the "restricted" position. (Education Code 45105)

A classified employee shall not be laid off if a short-term employee is retained to render a service that the classified employee is qualified to render. (Education Code 45117)

(cf. 4121 - Temporary/Substitute Personnel)

Notice of Layoff

Classified employees subject to layoff because of lack of work in the event of a bona fide reduction or elimination of service being performed shall receive notice of the layoff 45 days before the effective date. They shall be informed of their displacement rights, if any, and their reemployment rights. (Education Code 45117)

In cases where positions in specially funded programs expire at the end of any school year, classified employees subject to layoff for lack of funds shall receive written notice on or before April 29. The notice shall inform them of the layoff effective at the end of the school year, their displacement rights, if any, and reemployment rights. If the termination date of the specially funded program is other than June 30, the notice shall be given at least 45 days before the effective date of the layoff. (Education Code 45117)

The district is not bound to provide 45 days' notice in the event of an actual and existing financial inability to pay the salaries of classified employees or if the layoff is due to a lack of work resulting from conditions not foreseeable or preventable by the district. (Education Code 45117)

The district also is not bound to provide 45 days' notice to any person hired as a short-term employee for a period not exceeding 45 days. (Education Code 45117)

Voluntary Demotion or Voluntary Reduction of Hours

Employees who take voluntary demotions or voluntary reductions in assigned time in lieu of layoff, or in order to remain in their present position rather than be reclassified or reassigned, shall be granted the same rights as persons laid off. (Education Code 45114, 45298)

Reemployment Eligibility

Classified employees laid off because of lack of work or lack of funds are eligible for reemployment within a period of 39 months and shall be reemployed in preference to new applicants. Persons so laid off also have the right to apply and establish their qualification for vacant promotional positions within the district during the 39-month period. (Education Code 45114, 45298)

Employees who take voluntary demotions or voluntary reductions in assigned time in lieu of layoff, reclassification or reassignment shall retain eligibility to be considered for reemployment in a position of the previously held class or positions with increased assigned time, provided that the same tests of fitness under which they qualified for appointment to the class are still applicable. The length of this additional period of time shall be determined by the Governing Board on a class-by-class basis and shall not exceed 24 months. (Education Code 45114, 45298)

Employees who take voluntary demotions or voluntary reductions in assigned time in lieu of layoff shall have the option of returning to a position in their former class or to positions with increased assigned time as vacancies become available, and without limitation of time. If there is a valid reemployment list they shall be ranked on that list in accordance with their proper seniority. (Education Code 45114, 45298)

Upon rejecting two offers of reemployment, the employee's name will be removed from the

reemployment list and he/she will forfeit all reemployment rights to which he/she would otherwise be entitled.

When an employee is notified of a vacancy and fails to respond or report to work within time limits specified by district procedures, his/her name will be removed from the reemployment list and he/she will forfeit all reemployment rights to which he/she would otherwise be entitled.

Reemployment Procedures

Reemployment shall be in reverse order of layoff. (Education Code 45114, 45298, 45308)

In order to be reinstated, an employee must be fully capable of performing the normal and customary duties of the job. Employees whose physical condition is such that they cannot be reinstated at the time called for reemployment will be kept on the reemployment list until physically capable of returning to work or for a period not to exceed 39 calendar months.

(cf. 4032 - Reasonable Accommodation)

When a vacancy occurs, the senior employee who has held prior permanency in the position shall be so notified by certified U.S. mail at his/her last known address and given the opportunity to accept or reject appointment into the vacant position. The employee shall advise the district of his/her decision no later than 10 calendar days following notification. If the employee accepts, he/she shall report to work no later than two calendar weeks from the vacancy notification date or on a later date specified by the district.

When a laid-off employee is reemployed, all accumulated sick leave credit shall be restored.

A laid-off permanent employee shall be reemployed with all rights and benefits accorded to him/her at the time of layoff. A laid-off probationary employee shall be reemployed as a probationary employee, and the time served toward the completion of the required probationary period shall be counted. He/she shall also be reemployed with all rights and benefits accorded to him/her at the time of layoff.

A laid-off employee, when reemployed, shall be placed on the salary step held at the time of layoff. An employee who bumped into a lower class shall, when reinstated to the previous class, be placed on the salary step to which he/she would have progressed had he/she remained there. An adjusted anniversary date shall be established for step increment purposes so as to reflect the actual amount of time served in the district.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

45101 Definitions

45103 Classified service in districts not incorporating the merit system

45105 Positions under various acts not requiring certification qualifications; classification

45113 Rules and regulations for classified service in districts not incorporating the merit system

45114 Layoff and reemployment procedures; definitions

45115 Layoff: Reinstatement from service retirement

45117 Notice of layoff

45286 Limited term employees

45297 Right to take equivalent examination while employee in military service

45298 Reemployment and promotional examination preference of persons laid off; voluntary demotions or reductions in time

45308 Order of layoff and reemployment; length of service

45309 Reinstatement of permanent noncertified employees after resignation

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 38

4301-4307 Veterans' Reemployment Rights

COURT DECISIONS

San Mateo City School District v. Public Employment Relations Board (1983) 33 Cal.3d 850, 866

Management Resources:

WEB SITES

California School Employees Association: http://www.csea.com

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CHRONIC ABSENCE AND TRUANCY

Note: The following **optional** policy addresses both chronic absence, which refers to students missing an excessive number of school days for any reason, whether excused or unexcused, and truancy, which refers to students missing school without a valid excuse. AB 2616 (Ch. 432, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 48260 to define a "valid excuse" for purposes of classifying students as truants; see the accompanying administrative regulation. Also see BP/AR 5113 - Absences and Excuses for information about methods of verification of student absences.

CSBA's policy brief <u>Improving Student Achievement by Addressing Chronic Absence</u> provides further information about monitoring student attendance and strategies for addressing chronic absence.

The Governing Board believes that excessive student absenteeism and tardiness, whether caused by excused or unexcused absences, may be an early warning sign of poor academic achievement and may put students at risk of dropping out of school. The Board desires to ensure that all students attend school in accordance with the state's compulsory education law and take full advantage of educational opportunities provided by the district.

(cf. 5113 - Absences and Excuses)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. Districts must monitor unexcused absences for the purpose of identifying students who are classified as truants pursuant to Education Code 48260-48273; see the accompanying administrative regulation. State law does not require districts to monitor chronic absence, although Education Code 60901 provides a definition of chronic absentees (i.e., students who are absent for any reason for 10 percent or more of the school days in the school year) which may be useful to districts that choose to monitor both excused and unexcused absences in order to identify students at risk.

Contingent on the receipt of federal funding, Education Code 60901 requires the California Department of Education (CDE) to include data on the quarterly rate of student attendance within the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADS). When funded, the system will periodically provide districts with districtwide, school, class, and individual student reports on rates of absence and chronic absentees, and will provide early warning reports to identify individual students who are at risk of academic failure or dropping out of school. Districts' submission of attendance data to CALPADS will be voluntary.

Other tools to calculate chronic absence are available, such as the <u>District Attendance Tracking Tool</u> and <u>School Attendance Tracking Tool</u> from Attendance Works and an online software application from OnTrackCA; see the management resources listed below in this policy.

The Superintendent or designee shall establish a system to accurately track student attendance in order to identify individual students classified as chronic absentees and truants, as defined in law and administrative regulation.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop strategies that focus on prevention of attendance problems, which may include, but are not limited to, efforts to provide a safe and

positive school environment, relevant and engaging learning experiences, school activities that help develop students' feelings of connectedness with the school, school-based health services, and incentives and rewards to recognize students who achieve excellent attendance or demonstrate significant improvement in attendance. The Superintendent or designee also shall develop strategies that enable early outreach to students as soon as they show signs of poor attendance.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)
(cf. 0450 - Comprehensive Safety Plan)
(cf. 5126 - Awards for Achievement)
(cf. 5131 - Conduct)
(cf. 5131.2 - Bullying)
(cf. 5137 - Positive School Climate)
(cf. 5141.6 - School Health Services)
(cf. 5145.3 - Nondiscrimination/Harassment)

Note: In developing strategies for addressing chronic absence and truancy, districts may consider reasons for absences given by individual students as well as survey data using tools such as the <u>California Healthy</u> <u>Kids Survey</u> and/or the <u>California School Climate</u>, <u>Health</u>, and <u>Learning Survey</u> System available from WestEd.

The Superintendent or designee shall work with students, parents/guardians, school staff, and community agencies, as appropriate, to identify factors contributing to chronic absence and truancy. He/she also may collaborate with child welfare services, law enforcement, courts, public health care agencies, other government agencies, and/or medical, mental health, and oral health care providers to ensure that alternative educational programs and nutrition, health care, and other support services are available for students and families and to intervene as necessary when students have serious attendance problems.

- (cf. 1020 Youth Services)
- (cf. 5030 Student Wellness)
- (cf. 5146 Married/Pregnant/Parenting Students)
- (cf. 5147 Dropout Prevention)
- (cf. 5149 At-Risk Students)
- (cf. 6158 Independent Study)
- (cf. 6164.2 Guidance/Counseling Services)
- (cf. 6164.5 Student Success Teams)
- (cf. 6173 Education for Homeless Children)
- (cf. 6173.1 Education for Foster Youth)
- (cf. 6173.2 Education of Children of Military Families)
- (cf. 6175 Migrant Education Program)
- (cf. 6179 Supplemental Instruction)
- (cf. 6181 Alternative Schools/Programs of Choice)
- (cf. 6183 Home and Hospital Instruction)
- (cf. 6184 Continuation Education)
- (cf. 6185 Community Day School)

Note: State law establishes a series of interventions that the district is required or authorized to impose depending on the number of truancies committed by a student; see the accompanying administrative regulation. Habitually truant students, as defined in Education Code 48262, may be referred to a school attendance review board (SARB) established by the county or, if no county SARB exists, to a SARB established by the district Governing Board pursuant to Education Code 48321. Instead of the SARB process, students may be referred to a truancy mediation program operated by the county's district attorney or probation officer pursuant to Education Code 48260.6. As amended by AB 2616 (Ch. 432, Statutes of 2012), Education Code 48264.5 authorizes, but does not require, students who continue to be truant after receiving these interventions to be referred to a juvenile court. Parents/guardians of truants may be subject to penalties pursuant to Education Code 48293, Penal Code 270.1, and/or Penal Code 272.

Students who are identified as truants shall be subject to the interventions specified in law and administrative regulation.

Note: Education Code 48900 expresses legislative intent that alternatives to suspension or expulsion be used with students who are truant, tardy, or otherwise absent from assigned school activities; see BP 5144 - Discipline and BP 5144.1 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process.

A student's truancy, tardiness, or other absence from school shall not be the sole basis for his/her out-of-school suspension or expulsion. Alternative disciplinary strategies and positive reinforcement for attendance shall be used whenever possible.

(cf. 5144 - Discipline) (cf. 5144.1 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process)

The Superintendent or designee shall regularly analyze data on student absence to identify patterns of absence districtwide and by school, grade level, and student population. Such data shall be used to identify common barriers to attendance, prioritize resources for intervention, and monitor progress over time. The Superintendent or designee shall periodically report this information to the Board for purposes of evaluating the effectiveness of strategies implemented to reduce chronic absence and truancy and making changes as needed. As appropriate, the Superintendent or designee also shall provide this information to key school staff and community agency partners to engage them in program evaluation and improvement and in identification of how to best allocate available community resources.

School Attendance Review Board

Note: Education Code 48321 authorizes the establishment of a SARB in each county and also authorizes the county SARB to approve as many local SARBs as it deems necessary. If no county SARB exists, the district Board may establish a local SARB which operates in the same manner and under the same authority as a county SARB. The following section should be revised to reflect program(s) available to district students.

In accordance with law and administrative regulation, habitual truants may be referred to a school attendance review board (SARB).

Note: The following **optional** paragraph is for use by districts whose county has established a SARB. Pursuant to Education Code 48321, the county SARB must include representative(s) of school districts who are to be nominated by the district Board and appointed by the County Superintendent of Schools.

The Board may submit a nomination to the County Superintendent of Schools for a person who will serve on the county SARB as a representative of school districts. (Education Code 48321)

Note: The remainder of this section is for use by districts that have established a local SARB instead of, or in addition to, the county SARB. The CDE's <u>School Attendance Review Board Handbook</u> provides guidance to SARBs on effective operations.

Education Code 48321 lists persons the Board may, but is not required to, appoint to the local SARB, as provided in the following paragraph. AB 614 (Ch. 71, Statutes of 2011) amended Education Code 48321 to require county SARBs and to authorize local SARBs to include a representative of school, county, or community mental health personnel. In addition, the CDE recommends that the Board include a representative of the county CalWORKS office in order to assist the office in determining whether a student whose family receives a welfare grant is regularly attending school. Pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 11253.5, if any such student is not regularly attending school, the family's welfare grant may be reduced.

The Board shall appoint members of the district's SARB, who may include, but are not limited to, a parent/guardian as well as representatives of the district, county probation department, county welfare department, county office of education, law enforcement agencies, community-based youth service centers, school guidance personnel, child welfare and attendance personnel, school or county health care personnel, and school, county, or community mental health personnel. (Education Code 48321)

The district's SARB shall operate in accordance with Education Code 48320-48325 and procedures established by the Superintendent or designee.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 1740 Employment of personnel to supervise attendance (county superintendent) 37223 Weekend classes 41601 Reports of average daily attendance 46000 Records (attendance) 46010-46014 Absences 46110-46119 Attendance in kindergarten and elementary schools 46140-46147 Attendance in junior high and high schools 48200-48208 Children ages 6-18 (compulsory full-time attendance) 48225.5 Work permits, entertainment and allied industries 48240-48246 Supervisors of attendance

Legal Reference: (continued)

EDUCATION CODE (continued) 48260-48273 Truants 48290-48296 Failure to comply; complaints against parents 48320-48325 School attendance review boards 48340-48341 Improvement of student attendance 48400-48403 Compulsory continuation education 48900 Suspension and expulsion 49067 Unexcused absences as cause of failing grade 60901 Chronic absence GOVERNMENT CODE 54950-54963 The Ralph M. Brown Act PENAL CODE 270.1 Chronic truancy; parent/guardian misdemeanor 272 Parent/guardian duty to supervise and control minor child; criminal liability for truancy 830.1 Peace officers **VEHICLE CODE** 13202.7 Driving privileges; minors; suspension or delay for habitual truancy WELFARE AND INSTITUTIONS CODE 601-601.4 Habitually truant minors 11253.5 Compulsory school attendance CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5 306 Explanation of absence 420-421 Record of verification of absence due to illness and other causes **COURT DECISIONS** L.A. v. Superior Court of San Diego County, (2012) 209 Cal.App.4th 976

Management Resources:

<u>CSBA PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>Improving Student Achievement by Addressing Chronic Absence</u>, Policy Brief, December 2010 <u>CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>School Attendance Review Board Handbook</u>, 2012 <u>School Attendance Improvement Handbook</u>, 2000 <u>WEB SITES</u> <u>CSBA: http://www.csba.org</u> Attendance Works: http://www.attendanceworks.org California Association of Supervisors of Child Welfare and Attendance: http://www.cascwa.org California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov California Healthy Kids Survey: http://chks.wested.org California School Climate, Health, and Learning Survey System: http://www.cal-schls.wested.org OnTrackCA: http://www.ontrackca.org

Center USD Board Policy Chronic Absence And Truancy

BP 5113.1 Students

The Governing Board believes that excessive student absenteeism and tardiness, whether caused by excused or unexcused absences, may be an early warning sign of poor academic achievement and may put students at risk of dropping out of school. The Board desires to ensure that all students attend school in accordance with the state's compulsory education law and take full advantage of educational opportunities provided by the district.

(cf. 5113 - Absences and Excuses)

The Superintendent or designee shall establish a system to accurately track and monitor student attendance, including methods to identify students classified as chronic absentees and truants, as defined in law and administrative regulation.

To encourage school attendance, the Superintendent or designee shall develop strategies that focus on prevention and early intervention of attendance problems. Preventive strategies may include efforts to provide a safe and positive school environment, relevant and engaging learning experiences, and school activities that help develop students' feelings of connectedness with the schools. The Superintendent or designee also may provide incentives and rewards to recognize students who achieve excellent attendance or demonstrate significant improvement in attendance.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

(cf. 0450 - Comprehensive Safety Plan)

- (cf. 5126 Awards for Achievement)
- (cf. 5131 Conduct)
- (cf. 5137 Positive School Climate)
- (cf. 5145.3 Nondiscrimination/Harassment)

The Superintendent or designee shall work with students and parents/guardians to identify factors contributing to chronic absence and truancy. Based on this needs assessment, he/she shall collaborate with community agencies, including, but not limited to, child welfare services, law enforcement, courts, and/or public health care agencies, to ensure that alternative educational programs and nutrition, health care, and other support services are available for students and families and to intervene as necessary when students have serious attendance problems.

(cf. 1020 - Youth Services)
(cf. 3550 - Food Service/Child Nutrition Program)
(cf. 5030 - Student Wellness)
(cf. 5145.6 - School Health Services)
(cf. 5146 - Married/Pregnant/Parenting Students)

(cf. 5147 - Dropout Prevention)
(cf. 5149 - At-Risk Students)
(cf. 6158 - Independent Study)
(cf. 6164.2 - Guidance/Counseling Services)
(cf. 6164.5 - Student Success Teams)
(cf. 6173 - Education for Homeless Children)
(cf. 6173.1 - Education for Foster Youth)
(cf. 6173.2 - Education of Children of Military Families)
(cf. 6175 - Migrant Education Program)
(cf. 6181 - Alternative Schools/Programs of Choice)
(cf. 6183 - Home and Hospital Instruction)
(cf. 6184 - Continuation Education)
(cf. 6185 - Community Day School)

As required by law, habitually truant students shall be referred to a school attendance review board (SARB), a truancy mediation program operated by the county's district attorney or probation officer, and/or a juvenile court.

The Superintendent or designee shall regularly analyze data on student absence to identify patterns of absence districtwide and by school, grade level, and student population. Such data shall be used to identify common barriers to attendance, prioritize resources for intervention, and monitor progress over time. The Superintendent or designee shall periodically report this information to the Board for purposes of evaluating the effectiveness of strategies implemented to reduce chronic absence and truancy and making changes as needed. As appropriate, the Superintendent or designee also shall provide this information to key school staff and community agency partners to engage them in program evaluation and improvement.

School Attendance Review Board

The Board shall submit nominations to the County Superintendent of Schools for a district representative on the county SARB. (Education Code 48321)

The Board shall appoint members of the district's SARB, who may include, but need not be limited to, a parent/guardian as well as representatives of the district, county probation department, county welfare department, county office of education, law enforcement agencies, community-based youth service centers, school guidance personnel, child welfare and attendance personnel, and school or county health care personnel. (Education Code 48321)

The district's SARB shall operate in accordance with Education Code 48320-48325 and procedures established by the Superintendent or designee.

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE 1740 Employment of personnel to supervise attendance (county superintendent) 37223 Weekend classes

41601 Reports of average daily attendance

46000 Records (attendance)

46010-46014 Absences

46110-46119 Attendance in kindergarten and elementary schools

46140-46147 Attendance in junior high and high schools

48200-48208 Children ages 6-18 (compulsory full-time attendance)

48240-48246 Supervisors of attendance

48260-48273 Truants

48290-48296 Failure to comply; complaints against parents

48320-48325 School attendance review boards

48340-48341 Improvement of student attendance

48400-48403 Compulsory continuation education

49067 Unexcused absences as cause of failing grade

60901 Chronic absence

GOVERNMENT CODE

54950-54963 The Ralph M. Brown Act

PENAL CODE

270.1 Chronic truancy; parent/guardian misdemeanor

272 Parent/guardian duty to supervise and control minor child; criminal liability for truancy

830.1 Peace officers

VEHICLE CODE

13202.7 Driving privileges; minors; suspension or delay for habitual truancy

WELFARE AND INSTITUTIONS CODE

601-601.4 Habitually truant minors

11253.5 Compulsory school attendance

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

306 Explanation of absence

420-421 Record of verification of absence due to illness and other causes

Management Resources:

CSBA PUBLICATIONS

Improving Student Achievement by Addressing Chronic Absence, Policy Brief, December 2010

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

School Attendance Review Board Handbook, 2009

School Attendance Improvement Handbook, 2000

WEB SITES

CSBA: http://www.csba.org

Attendance Counts: http://www.attendancecounts.org

California Association of Supervisors of Child Welfare and Attendance: http://www.cascwa.org

California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov

CHRONIC ABSENCE AND TRUANCY

Definitions

Note: The following definition of "chronic absentee" is provided in Education Code 60901 for purposes of reporting student attendance within the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System. Chronic absence includes absence for any reason (i.e., excused and/or unexcused absences).

Chronic absentee means a student who is absent for any reason on 10 percent or more of the school days in the school year, when the total number of days the student is absent is divided by the total number of days the student is enrolled and school was actually taught in the regular schools of the district, exclusive of Saturdays and Sundays. (Education Code 60901)

Truant means a student who is absent from school without a valid excuse three full days in one school year, or tardy or absent for more than any 30-minute period during the school day without a valid excuse on three occasions in one school year, or any combination thereof. (Education Code 48260)

Habitual truant means a student who has been reported as a truant three or more times within the same school year, provided the district has made a conscientious effort to hold at least one conference with the student and his/her parent/guardian. (Education Code 48262, 48264.5)

Chronic truant means a student who has been absent from school without a valid excuse for 10 percent or more of the school days in one school year, from the date of enrollment to the current date, provided the district has met the requirements of Education Code 48260-48263 and 48291. (Education Code 48263.6)

Note: As provided above, definitions of the various categories of truancy are based on the number of absences from school without a valid excuse. As amended by AB 2616 (Ch. 432, Statutes of 2012), Education Code 48260 defines a "valid excuse," for purposes of classifying a student as a truant, as any of the reasons specified in Education Code 48205 (i.e., illness, quarantine, health services appointments, funeral service attendance, jury duty, illness or medical appointment of student's child, justifiable personal reasons, service on precinct board, time with family member called to active duty or on leave from active duty, and religious exercises), Education Code 48225.5 (i.e., entertainment or allied industries work permits and nonprofit organization performances), or other reasons at the discretion of school administrators. AR 5113 - Absences and Excuses reflects the reasons that students may be excused from school pursuant to Education Code 48205 and provides information about methods of verification of student absences.

For purposes of classifying a student as a truant, *valid excuse* includes, but is not limited to, the reasons for which a student shall be excused from school pursuant to Education Code 48205 and 48225.5. A valid excuse also may include other reasons that are within the discretion of school administrators and, based on the facts of the student's circumstances, are deemed to constitute a valid excuse. (Education Code 48260)

(cf. 5113 - Absences and Excuses) (cf. 5113.2 - Work Permits)

Attendance Supervisor(s)

Note: The following **optional** section may be revised to reflect district practice. Pursuant to Education Code 48240-48246, the district may appoint an attendance supervisor, join a consortium of districts to employ an attendance supervisor, or, with approval of the County Board of Education, contract with the County Superintendent of Schools to supervise the attendance of district students. The following section may be revised to specify which duties will be assumed by the attendance supervisor.

The Superintendent or designee shall appoint or contract with a supervisor of attendance and assistant supervisors as necessary to supervise the attendance of district students. Such supervisors shall perform duties related to compulsory full-time education, truancy, compulsory continuation education, work permits, and any additional duties prescribed by the Superintendent. (Education Code 48240, 48243, 48244)

Addressing Chronic Absence

Note: The following **optional** section may be revised to reflect district practice. For further information about strategies to address chronic absence, see CSBA's policy brief <u>Improving Student Achievement by</u> <u>Addressing Chronic Absence</u> and the California Department of Education's (CDE) <u>School Attendance</u> <u>Improvement Handbook</u>. Also see AR 5113 - Absences and Excuses for language requiring students with frequent absences due to illness to provide written verification from a health care practitioner.

When a student is identified as a chronic absentee, the attendance supervisor shall communicate with the student and his/her parents/guardians to determine the reason(s) for the excessive absences, ensure the student and parents/guardians are aware of the adverse consequences of poor attendance, and jointly develop a plan for improving the student's school attendance.

(cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

The student may be referred to a student success team or school-site attendance review team to assist in evaluating his/her needs and identifying strategies and programs to assist him/her.

- (cf. 5146 Married/Pregnant/Parenting Students)
- (cf. 5147 Dropout Prevention)
- (cf. 5149 At-Risk Students)
- (cf. 6164.2 Guidance/Counseling Services)
- (cf. 6164.5 Student Success Teams)
- (cf. 6173 Education for Homeless Children)
- (cf. 6173.1 Education for Foster Youth)
- (cf. 6173.2 Education of Children of Military Families)
- (cf. 6175 Migrant Education Program)

A student who is struggling academically may be offered tutoring or other supplemental instruction, extended learning opportunities, and/or alternative educational options as appropriate.

(cf. 6158 - Independent Study) (cf. 6176 - Weekend/Saturday Classes) (cf. 6178.1 - Work-Based Learning) (cf. 6179 - Supplemental Instruction) (cf. 6181 - Alternative Schools/Programs of Choice) (cf. 6183 - Home and Hospital Instruction) (cf. 6184 - Continuation Education)

Whenever chronic absenteeism is linked to a health issue or nonschool condition, the attendance supervisor may recommend school or community resources and/or collaborate with community agencies and organizations to address the needs of the student and his/her family.

(cf. 1020 - Youth Services) (cf. 5141.6 - School Health Services)

Addressing Truancy

An attendance supervisor or designee, peace officer, probation officer, or school administrator or designee may, as applicable, arrest or assume temporary custody during school hours of any minor student found away from his/her home who is absent from school without a valid excuse. Any person arresting or assuming temporary custody of a minor student shall deliver the student and make reports in accordance with Education Code 48265 and 48266. (Education Code 48264, 48265, 48266)

(cf. 3515.3 - District Police/Security Department)

The attendance supervisor shall investigate a complaint from any person that a parent/guardian has violated the state compulsory education laws contained in Education Code 48200-48341. (Education Code 48290)

When a student has been identified as a truant as defined above, the following steps shall be implemented based on the number of truancies he/she has committed:

- 1. Initial truancy
 - a. The student shall be reported to the attendance supervisor. (Education Code 48260)

Note: When a student is classified as truant, Education Code 48260.5 requires notification of his/her parents/guardians by the most cost-effective method possible, which may include email or a telephone call. The CDE's web site and <u>School Attendance Improvement Handbook</u> provide sample letters.

- b. The student's parent/guardian shall be notified by the most cost-effective method possible, which may include email or a telephone call, that: (Education Code 48260.5)
 - (1) The student is truant.
 - (2) The parent/guardian is obligated to compel the student to attend school. If the parent/guardian fails to meet this obligation, he/she may be guilty of an infraction of the law and subject to prosecution pursuant to Education Code 48290-48296.
 - (3) Alternative educational programs are available in the district.
 - (4) The parent/guardian has the right to meet with appropriate school personnel to discuss solutions to the student's truancy.
 - (5) The student may be subject to arrest or held in temporary custody by a probation officer, a peace officer, a school administrator or attendance supervisor or his/her designee under Education Code 48264 if found away from home and absent from school without a valid excuse.
 - (6) The student may be subject to suspension, restriction, or delay of his/her driving privilege pursuant to Vehicle Code 13202.7.
 - (7) It is recommended that the parent/guardian accompany the student to school and attend classes with the student for one day.

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

c. The student may be required to attend makeup classes on one day of a weekend pursuant to Education Code 37223. (Education Code 48264.5)

Note: AB 2616 (Ch. 432, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 48264.5 to add the following strategy for addressing initial truancy.

d. The student and, as appropriate, his/her parent/guardian may be requested to attend a meeting with a school counselor or other school designee to discuss the root causes of the attendance issue and develop a joint plan to improve the student's attendance. (Education Code 48264.5)

Note: The following **optional** item is for use by districts in which there is no county school attendance review board (SARB) and the county's district attorney or probation officer has elected to participate in a truancy mediation program pursuant to Education Code 48260.6.

- e. The attendance supervisor may notify the district attorney and/or probation officer of the student's name and the name and address of his/her parents/guardians. (Education Code 48260.6)
- 2. Second truancy
 - a. Any student who has once been reported as a truant shall again be reported to the attendance supervisor as a truant if he/she is absent from school without a valid excuse one or more days or is tardy on one or more days during the school year. (Education Code 48261)
 - b. The student may be required to attend makeup classes on one day of a weekend pursuant to Education Code 37223. (Education Code 48264.5)
 - c. The student may be assigned to an after-school or weekend study program within the county. If the student fails to successfully complete this study program, he/she shall be subject to item #3 below. (Education Code 48264.5)

Note: Education Code 48262 provides that a student cannot be classified as a habitual truant (item #3 below) until the district has made a conscientious effort to hold at least one conference with the student and his/her parent/guardian after the attendance supervisor has been notified of either the first or second truancy. Education Code 48262 defines "conscientious effort," for purposes of this section, as attempting to communicate with the parent/guardian at least once using the most cost-effective method possible, which may include email or a telephone call. Thus, the following paragraph requires such communication in the event of the second truancy.

d. An appropriate district staff member shall make a conscientious effort to hold at least one conference with the student and his/her parent/guardian by communicating with the parent/guardian at least once using the most costeffective method possible, which may include email or a telephone call. (Education Code 48262)

Note: As amended by AB 2616 (Ch. 432, Statutes of 2012), Education Code 48264.5 eliminated a written warning by a peace officer as a response to initial truancy and instead provides that the peace officer's warning may be a response to the second truancy, as provided below.

e. The student may be given a written warning by a peace officer. A record of that warning may be kept at the school for not less than two years or until the student graduates or transfers from the school. If the student transfers, the record may be forwarded to the new school. (Education Code 48264.5)

Note: The following optional item is for use by districts in which there is no county SARB and the county's district attorney or probation officer has elected to participate in a truancy mediation program. Pursuant to Education Code 48260.6, if the district notifies the district attorney and/or probation officer that a student continues to be classified as a truant after proper notification to the parents/guardians as described in #1b above, the district attorney or probation officer may request a meeting with the student and his/her parents/guardians to discuss the possible legal consequences of the student's truancy.

- f. The attendance supervisor may notify the district attorney and/or probation officer when the student continues to be classified as a truant after the parents/guardians have been notified in accordance with item #1b above. (Education Code 48260.6)
- 3. Third truancy (habitual truancy)

Note: Education Code 48263 and 48264.5 authorize the district to refer habitual truants to a SARB, a county truancy mediation program, or a comparable program for services. The district should revise the following items to reflect the option(s) available in the district.

According to the CDE's <u>School Attendance Improvement Handbook</u>, prior to referring a truant student to a SARB or county truancy mediation program, some districts initiate an intermediate step, such as a school-site attendance review team or student success team. Districts that have established such an intermediate step may revise the following item accordingly.

- a. A student who is habitually truant, irregular in school attendance, or habitually insubordinate or disorderly during attendance at school may be referred to, and required to attend, a school attendance review board (SARB) program, a truancy mediation program established by the district attorney or the probation officer, or a comparable program deemed acceptable by the district's attendance supervisor. (Education Code 48263, 48264.5)
- b. Upon making a referral to the SARB or the probation department, the attendance supervisor shall provide the student and parent/guardian, in writing, the name and address of the SARB or probation department and the reason for the referral. This notice shall indicate that the student and parent/guardian shall be required, along with the district staff person making the referral, to meet with the SARB or a probation officer to consider a proper disposition of the referral. (Education Code 48263)
- c. If the student does not successfully complete the truancy mediation program or other similar program, he/she shall be subject to item #4 below. (Education Code 48264.5)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48263, the SARB or probation officer may direct a student and/or the student's parents/guardians to make use of available community services and may require satisfactory

evidence of participation. If the SARB or probation officer determines that available community resources cannot resolve the problem, or if the student and/or parents/guardians have failed to respond to the directives of the SARB or probation officer, the SARB may so notify the district attorney and/or probation officer, or the probation officer may notify the district attorney provided the district attorney or probation officer participates in a truancy mediation program. If the county has not established a SARB, the district may make this finding and notification.

The following paragraph is for use by districts in which the county has not established a SARB and the county's district attorney or probation officer has elected to participate in a truancy mediation program.

- d. If the attendance supervisor determines that available community services cannot resolve the problem of the truant or insubordinate student or if the student and/or his/her parents/guardians have failed to respond to the directives of the district or to services provided, the attendance supervisor may so notify the district attorney and/or the probation officer. (Education Code 48263)
- 4. Fourth truancy

Note: AB 2616 (Ch. 432, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 48264.5 to authorize, rather than require, a student to be referred to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court upon the fourth truancy report.

a. Upon his/her fourth truancy within the same school year, the student may be referred to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. (Education Code 48264.5; Welfare and Institutions Code 601)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48264.5 and Welfare and Institutions Code 601, a student coming within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court may be adjudged a ward of the court and required to perform community service, pay a fine, attend a court-approved truancy prevention program, and/or lose driving privileges. AB 2616 (Ch. 432, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 48264.5 to lower the maximum amount of the fine that can be imposed from \$100 to \$50.

In <u>L.A. v. Superior Court of San Diego County</u>, a court of appeal held that juvenile court judges have the authority to imprison a truant as a last resort if the student commits an egregious violation of a court order, less restrictive alternatives have proved ineffective, and the student is confined separately from youths held for criminal violations.

b. If a student has been adjudged by the county juvenile court to be a habitual truant, the attendance supervisor shall notify the juvenile court and the student's probation or parole officer whenever the student is truant or tardy on one or more days without a valid excuse in the same or succeeding school year, or is habitually insubordinate or disorderly at school. The juvenile court and probation or parole officer shall be notified within 10 days of the violation. (Education Code 48267)

Note: Item #5 below is for use by districts that offer any of grades K-8. Penal Code 270.1 states that a parent/guardian of a "chronic truant" who is at least age 6 years and is in any of grades K-8 is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine and/or imprisonment if he/she has failed to reasonably supervise and encourage the student's school attendance and has been offered language-accessible support services to address the student's truancy. Pursuant to Penal Code 270.1, a parent/guardian found guilty of a misdemeanor may participate in a program established by a superior court, if available, which includes periodic meetings with district representatives and service referrals.

- 5. Absence for 10 percent of school days (chronic truancy)
 - a. The attendance supervisor shall ensure that the student's parents/guardians are offered language-accessible support services to address the student's truancy.
 - b. If a chronically truant student is at least age 6 years and is in any of grades K-8, the attendance supervisor shall notify the student's parents/guardians that failure to reasonably supervise and encourage the student's school attendance may result in the parent/guardian being found guilty of a misdemeanor pursuant to Penal Code 270.1.

Records

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. The CDE's <u>School</u> <u>Attendance Review Board Handbook</u> cautions that it is important to keep accurate and complete records of any violations of compulsory school attendance laws because such records may ultimately be introduced as evidence in a trial for truancy.

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain accurate attendance records for students identified as habitual or chronic truants. The Superintendent or designee also shall document all contacts with a student and his/her parent/guardian regarding the student's attendance, including a summary of all conversations and a record of all intervention efforts.

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)

Note: Education Code 48273 mandates that the district adopt rules and regulations for the purpose of gathering data and making a report to the County Superintendent of Schools regarding SARB referrals. The CDE's web site provides a model annual summary report form.

The Superintendent or designee shall gather and transmit to the County Superintendent of Schools the number and types of referrals made to the SARB and of requests for petitions made to the juvenile court. (Education Code 48273)

Center USD Administrative Regulation Chronic Absence And Truancy

AR 5113.1 Students

Definitions

Chronic absentee means a student who is absent for any reason on 10 percent or more of the school days in the school year, when the total number of days the student is absent is divided by the total number of days the student is enrolled and school was actually taught in the regular day schools of the district, exclusive of Saturdays and Sundays.

Truant means a student who is absent from school without a valid excuse three full days in one school year, or tardy or absent for more than any 30-minute period during the school day without a valid excuse on three occasions in one school year, or any combination thereof. (Education Code 48260)

Habitual truant means a student who has been reported as a truant three or more times within the same school year, provided the district has made a conscientious effort to hold at least one conference with the student and his/her parent/guardian. (Education Code 48262, 48264.5)

Chronic truant means a student who has been absent from school without a valid excuse for 10 percent or more of the school days in one school year, from the date of enrollment to the current date, provided the district has met the requirements of Education Code 48260-48263 and 48291. (Education Code 48263.6)

Attendance Supervisor(s)

The Superintendent or designee shall appoint or contract with a supervisor of attendance and assistant supervisors as necessary to supervise the attendance of district students. Such supervisors shall perform duties related to compulsory full-time education, truancy, compulsory continuation education, work permits, and any additional duties prescribed by the Superintendent. (Education Code 48240, 48243, 48244)

(cf. 5113 - Absences and Excuses) (cf. 5113.2 - Work Permits)

Addressing Chronic Absence

When a student is identified as a chronic absentee, the attendance supervisor shall communicate with the student and his/her parent/guardian to determine the reason(s) for the excessive absences, ensure the student and parent/guardian are aware of the adverse consequences of poor attendance, and jointly develop a plan for improving the student's school attendance.

(cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

The student may be referred to a student success team or school-site attendance review team to assist in evaluating the student's needs and identifying strategies and programs that may assist him/her.

(cf. 5146 - Married/Pregnant/Parenting Students)

- (cf. 5147 Dropout Prevention)
- (cf. 5149 At-Risk Students)
- (cf. 6164.2 Guidance/Counseling Services)
- (cf. 6164.5 Student Success Teams)
- (cf. 6173 Education for Homeless Children)
- (cf. 6173.1 Education for Foster Youth)
- (cf. 6173.2 Education of Children of Military Families)
- (cf. 6175 Migrant Education Program)

A student who is struggling academically may be offered tutoring or other supplemental instruction, extended learning opportunities, and/or alternative educational options as appropriate.

- (cf. 6158 Independent Study)
- (cf. 6176 Weekend/Saturday Classes)
- (cf. 6178.1 Work Experience Education)
- (cf. 6179 Supplemental Instruction)
- (cf. 6181 Alternative Schools/Programs of Choice)
- (cf. 6183 Home and Hospital Instruction)
- (cf. 6184 Continuation Education)

Whenever chronic absenteeism is linked to a nonschool condition, the attendance supervisor may recommend community resources and/or collaborate with community agencies and organizations to address the needs of the student and his/her family.

(cf. 1020 - Youth Services) (cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools) (cf. 5145.6 - School Health Services)

Addressing Truancy

An attendance supervisor or designee, peace officer, probation officer, or school administrator or designee may arrest or assume temporary custody, during school hours, of any minor student found away from his/her home who is absent from school without a valid excuse. Any person arresting or assuming temporary custody of a minor student shall deliver the student and make reports in accordance with Education Code 48265 and 48266. (Education Code 48264, 48265, 48266)

(cf. 3515.3 - District Police/Security Department)

The attendance supervisor shall investigate a complaint from any person that a

parent/guardian has violated the state compulsory education laws contained in Education Code 48200-48341. (Education Code 48290)

When a student has been identified as a truant, as defined above, the following steps shall be implemented based on the number of truancies he/she has committed:

1. Initial truancy

a. A student who is initially classified as truant shall be reported to the attendance supervisor. (Education Code 48260)

b. The student's parent/guardian shall be notified by the most cost-effective method possible, which may include email or a telephone call, that: (Education Code 48260.5)

(1) The student is truant.

(2) The parent/guardian is obligated to compel the student to attend school. If the parent/guardian fails to meet this obligation, he/she may be guilty of an infraction of the law and subject to prosecution pursuant to Education Code 48290-48296.

(3) Alternative educational programs are available in the district.

(4) The parent/guardian has the right to meet with appropriate school personnel to discuss solutions to the student's truancy.

(5) The student may be subject to arrest or held in temporary custody by a probation officer, a peace officer, a school administrator or attendance supervisor or his/her designee under Education Code 48264 if found away from home and absent from school without a valid excuse.

(6) The student may be subject to suspension, restriction, or delay of his/her driving privilege pursuant to Vehicle Code 13202.7.

(7) It is recommended that the parent/guardian accompany the student to school and attend classes with the student for one day.

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

c. The student may be required to attend makeup classes on one day of a weekend pursuant to Education Code 37223. (Education Code 48264.5)

d. The student may be given a written warning by a peace officer. A record of this warning may be kept at school for not less than two years or until the student graduates or transfers from the school. If the student transfers, the record may be forwarded to the new school. (Education Code 48264.5)

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)

e. The attendance supervisor may notify the district attorney and/or probation officer of

the name of each student who has been classified as a truant and the name and address of the student's parents/guardians. (Education Code 48260.6)

2. Second truancy

a. Any student who has once been reported as a truant shall again be reported to the attendance supervisor as a truant if he/she is absent from school without valid excuse one or more days or is tardy on one or more days. (Education Code 48261)

b. The student may be required to attend makeup classes on one day of a weekend pursuant to Education Code 37223. (Education Code 48264.5)

c. The student may be assigned to an after-school or weekend study program within the county. If the student fails to successfully complete this study program, he/she shall be subject to item #3 below. (Education Code 48264.5)

d. An appropriate district staff member shall make a conscientious effort to hold at least one conference with the student and parent/guardian by communicating with the parent/guardian at least once using the most cost-effective method possible, which may include email or a telephone call. (Education Code 48262)

e. The attendance supervisor may notify the district attorney and/or probation officer whether the student continues to be classified as a truant after the parents/guardians have been notified in accordance with item #1b above. (Education Code 48260.6)

3. Third truancy (habitual truancy)

a. A student who is habitually truant, irregular in school attendance, or habitually insubordinate or disorderly during attendance at school may be referred to, and required to attend, a school attendance review board (SARB) program, a truancy mediation program established by the district attorney or the probation officer, or a comparable program deemed acceptable by the district's attendance supervisor. (Education Code 48263, 48264.5)

b. Upon making a referral to the SARB or the probation department, the attendance supervisor shall provide the student and parent/guardian, in writing, the name and address of the SARB or probation department and the reason for the referral. This notice shall indicate that the student and parent/guardian shall be required, along with the district staff person making the referral, to meet with the SARB or a probation officer to consider a proper disposition of the referral. (Education Code 48263)

c. If the student does not successfully complete the truancy mediation program or other similar program, he/she shall be subject to item #4 below. (Education Code 48264.5)

d. If the attendance supervisor determines that available community services cannot resolve the problem of the truant or insubordinate student or if the student and/or student's parents/guardians have failed to respond to the directives of the district or to services provided, the attendance supervisor may so notify the district attorney and/or the probation officer. (Education Code 48263)

4. Fourth truancy

a. Upon his/her fourth truancy within the same school year, the student shall be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. (Education Code 48264.5; Welfare and Institutions Code 601)

b. If a student has been adjudged by the county juvenile court to be a habitual truant, the attendance supervisor shall notify the juvenile court and the student's probation or parole officer whenever the student is truant or tardy on one or more days without a valid excuse in the same or succeeding school year, or is habitually insubordinate or disorderly at school. The juvenile court and probation or parole officer shall be notified within 10 days of the violation. (Education Code 48267)

5. Absence for 10 percent of school days (chronic truancy)

a. The attendance supervisor shall ensure that the student's parents/guardians are offered language-accessible support services to address the student's truancy.

b. If a chronically truant student is at least age 6 years and is in any of grades K-8, the attendance supervisor shall notify the parents/guardians that failure to reasonably supervise and encourage the student's school attendance may result in the parent/guardian being found guilty of a misdemeanor pursuant to Penal Code 270.1.

Records

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain accurate attendance records for students identified as habitual or chronic truants. The Superintendent or designee also shall document all contacts with a student and his/her parent/guardian regarding the student's attendance, including a summary of all conversations and a record of all intervention efforts.

The Superintendent or designee shall gather and transmit to the County Superintendent of Schools the number and types of referrals made to the SARB and of requests for petitions made to the juvenile court. (Education Code 48273)

STUDENT RECORDS

Definitions

Student means any individual who is or has been in attendance at the district and regarding whom the district maintains student records. (34 CFR 99.3)

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Attendance includes, but is not limited to, attendance in person or by paper correspondence, videoconference, satellite, Internet, or other electronic information and telecommunication technologies for students who are not physically present in the classroom, and the period during which a person is working under a work-study program. (34 CFR 99.3)

Note: Guidance issued by the U.S. Department of Education (USDOE) and U.S. Department of Health and Human Services clarifies that a student's immunization and health record maintained by the district, such as health and medical records maintained by a school nurse who is employed by or under contract with a district, is a "student record" subject to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). Also see BP/AR 5141.6 - School Health Services.

Student records are any items of information (in handwriting, print, tape, film, computer, or other medium) gathered within or outside the district that are directly related to an identifiable student and maintained by the district, required to be maintained by an employee in the performance of his/her duties, or maintained by a party acting for the district. Any information maintained for the purpose of second-party review is considered a student record. Student records include the student's health record. (Education Code 49061, 49062; 5 CCR 430; 34 CFR 99.3)

Student records do not include: (Education Code 49061, 49062; 5 CCR 430; 34 CFR 99.3)

1. Directory information

(cf. 5125.1 - Release of Directory Information)

2. Informal notes compiled by a school officer or employee which remain in the sole possession of the maker, are used only as a personal memory aid, and are not accessible or revealed to any other person except a substitute employee

Note: USDOE guidance (<u>Balancing Student Privacy and School Safety</u>) clarifies that records created by the district's law enforcement unit, as specified in item #3 below, are not considered student records under FERPA as long as the records are created for a law enforcement purpose. Thus, according to the guidance, student images appearing on security videotapes maintained by the district's law enforcement unit are not subject to FERPA.

3. Records of the law enforcement unit of the district, subject to the provisions of 34 CFR 99.8

- 4. Records created or received by the district after an individual is no longer a student in attendance and that are not directly related to the individual's attendance as a student
- 5. Grades on peer-graded papers before they are collected and recorded by a teacher

Mandatory permanent student records are those records which are maintained in perpetuity and which schools have been directed to compile by state law, regulation, or administrative directive. (5 CCR 430)

Mandatory interim student records are those records which the schools are directed to compile and maintain for stipulated periods of time and are then destroyed in accordance with state law, regulation, or administrative directive. (5 CCR 430)

Permitted student records are those records having clear importance only to the current educational process of the student. (5 CCR 430)

Disclosure means to permit access to, or the release, transfer, or other communication of, personally identifiable information contained in student records to any party, except the party that provided or created the record, by any means including oral, written, or electronic. (34 CFR 99.3)

Access means a personal inspection and review of a record or an accurate copy of a record, or receipt of an accurate copy of a record or an oral description or communication of a record, and a request to release a copy of any record. (Education Code 49061)

Personally identifiable information includes, but is not limited to: (34 CFR 99.3)

- 1. The student's name
- 2. The name of the student's parent/guardian or other family members
- 3. The address of the student or student's family
- 4. A personal identifier, such as the student's social security number, student number, or biometric record (e.g., fingerprints, retina and iris patterns, voiceprints, DNA sequence, facial characteristics, and handwriting)
- 5. Other indirect identifiers, such as the student's date of birth, place of birth, and mother's maiden name

- 6. Other information that, alone or in combination, is linked or linkable to a specific student that would allow a reasonable person in the school community, who does not have personal knowledge of the relevant circumstances, to identify the student with reasonable certainty
- 7. Information requested by a person who the district reasonably believes knows the identity of the student to whom the student record relates

Adult student is a person who is or was enrolled in school and who is at least 18 years of age. (5 CCR 430)

Parent/guardian means a natural parent, an adopted parent, legal guardian, surrogate parent, or foster parent. (Education Code 49061, 56050, 56055)

Note: Education Code 49063 requires districts to list in their annual notification regarding student records the criteria for defining "school officials and employees" and "legitimate educational interest"; see section below entitled "Notification of Parents/Guardians."

School officials and employees are officials or employees whose duties and responsibilities to the district, whether routine or as a result of special circumstances, require that they have access to student records.

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 49076, as amended by AB 733 (Ch. 388, Statutes of 2012), the district may allow any "contractor or consultant" with whom it has a formal written agreement to access information in student records without parent/guardian consent, when the contractor or consultant has a "legitimate educational interest" in that information. However, contrary to 34 CFR 99.31, Education Code 49076, as amended by AB 733, prohibits release of student records to volunteers.

Contractor or consultant is anyone with a formal written agreement or contract with the district regarding the provision of services or functions outsourced to him/her by the district. Contractor or consultant shall not include a volunteer or other party. (Education Code 49076)

Legitimate educational interest is an interest held by any school official, employee, contractor, or consultant whose duties, responsibilities, or contractual obligations to the district, whether routine or as a result of special circumstances, require him/her to have access to student records.

Custodian of records is the employee responsible for the security of student records maintained by the district and for devising procedures for assuring that access to such records is limited to authorized persons. (5 CCR 433)

County placing agency means the county social service department or county probation department. (Education Code 49061)

Persons Granted Access

The following persons shall have absolute access to any and all student records in accordance with law:

- 1. Parents/guardians of students younger than age 18 years, including the parent who is not the student's custodial parent (Education Code 49069; Family Code 3025)
- 2. An adult student age 18 years or older, or a student under the age of 18 years who attends a postsecondary institution, in which case the student alone shall exercise rights related to his/her student records and grant consent for the release of records (34 CFR 99.3, 99.5)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 56041.5, all the rights accorded to the parent/guardian of a student with disabilities, including the right to access student records, are transferred to the student when he/she reaches age 18 years except when the student has been declared incompetent under state law.

3. Parents/guardians of an adult student with disabilities who is age 18 years or older and has been declared incompetent under state law (Education Code 56041.5)

(cf. 6159 - Individualized Education Program)

In addition, the following persons or agencies shall have access to those particular records that are relevant to their legitimate educational interest or other legally authorized purpose:

Note: Education Code 49076 and 34 CFR 99.31 require that parents/guardians of a dependent child, as defined in 26 USC 152, be provided access to student records that are relevant to their legitimate educational interest. 26 USC 152 defines a "dependent child" as one who lives with his/her parent/guardian for more than half the taxable year, has not provided more than half of his/her own support during that year, and has not filed a joint tax return with a spouse.

- 1. Parents/guardians of a student age 18 or older who is a dependent child as defined under 26 USC 152 (Education Code 49076; 34 CFR 99.31)
- 2. Students who are age 16 or older or who have completed the 10th grade (Education Code 49076; 34 CFR 99.31)
- 3. School officials and employees, consistent with the definition provided in the section "Definitions" above (Education Code 49076; 34 CFR 99.31)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 49076, as amended by AB 733 (Ch. 388, Statutes of 2012), access to student records based on the "legitimate educational interest" of a school attendance review board is limited to only those members who have been designated as authorized representatives of the district.

4. Members of a school attendance review board (SARB) who are authorized representatives of the district and any volunteer aide age 18 or older who has been investigated, selected, and trained by the SARB to provide follow-up services to a referred student (Education Code 49076)

(cf. 5113.1 - Chronic Absence and Truancy)

5. Officials and employees of other public schools, school systems, or postsecondary institutions where the student intends or is directed to enroll, including local, county, or state correctional facilities where educational programs leading to high school graduation are provided, or where the student is already enrolled, as long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer (Education Code 49076; 34 CFR 99.31)

Note: 34 CFR 99.34 requires the district to make a reasonable attempt to notify the parent/guardian or adult student when the district discloses certain information as described in the following paragraph. However, if the district includes a statement in its annual parental notification that the district may forward education records under these circumstances, it is not obligated to individually notify parents/guardians or adult students. The following optional paragraph may be deleted by districts that include such a statement in their annual parental notifications. See section below entitled "Notification of Parents/Guardians."

When the district discloses personally identifiable information to officials of another school, school system, or postsecondary institution where the student seeks or intends to enroll, the Superintendent or designee shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the parent/guardian or adult student at his/her last known address, provide a copy of the record that is disclosed, and give the parent/guardian or adult student an opportunity for a hearing to challenge the record. (34 CFR 99.34)

Note: 34 CFR 99.3, 99.31, and 99.35 clarify the limited circumstances under which the district may disclose student records to federal, state, or local officials to assess the effectiveness of state and federally funded education programs. Pursuant to 34 CFR 99.35, the district must have a written agreement with the entity or individual which contains specified components and must use reasonable methods to ensure that the entity or individual complies with FERPA.

6. Federal, state, and local officials, as needed for an audit, evaluation, or compliance activity related to a state or federally funded education program and in accordance with a written agreement developed pursuant to 34 CFR 99.35 (Education Code 49076; 34 CFR 99.3, 99.31, 99.35)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 49076, as amended by AB 733 (Ch. 388, Statutes of 2012), county placing agencies authorized to assess the effectiveness of a state or federally funded program on behalf of federal, state, or local officials and agencies may be allowed access to student records. Education Code 49076 also authorizes districts, county offices of education, and county placing agencies to develop cooperative agreements to facilitate confidential access to and exchange of student information by email, facsimile, electronic format, or other secure means, provided the agreement complies with the requirements of 34 CFR 99.35.

7. Any county placing agency acting as an authorized representative of a state or local educational agency which is required to audit or evaluate a state or federally supported education program pursuant to item #6 above (Education Code 49076)

Note: Pursuant to 5 CCR 435, prior to releasing records in compliance with a court order or subpoena, the district is generally required to give the parent/guardian three days' notice as specified in item #8 below. However, 34 CFR 99.31 specifies that the notice is <u>not</u> required when the disclosure is in response to a court order issued under the USA Patriot Act regarding investigations of domestic or international terrorism.

8. Any person, agency, or organization authorized in compliance with a court order or lawfully issued subpoena (Education Code 49077; 5 CCR 435; 34 CFR 99.31)

Unless otherwise instructed by the court, the Superintendent or designee shall, prior to disclosing a record pursuant to a court order or subpoena, give the parent/guardian or adult student at least three days' notice of the name of the requesting agency and the specific record requested, if lawfully possible within the requirements of the judicial order. (Education Code 49077; 5 CCR 435; 34 CFR 99.31)

- 9. Any district attorney who is participating in or conducting a truancy mediation program or participating in the presentation of evidence in a truancy petition (Education Code 49076)
- 10. A district attorney's office for consideration against a parent/guardian for failure to comply with compulsory education laws (Education Code 49076)
- 11. Any probation officer, district attorney, or counsel of record for a minor student for the purposes of conducting a criminal investigation or an investigation in regards to declaring the minor student a ward of the court or involving a violation of a condition of probation, subject to evidentiary rules specified in Welfare and Institutions Code 701 (Education Code 49076)

When disclosing records for these purposes, the Superintendent or designee shall obtain written certification from the recipient of the records that the information will not be disclosed to another party without prior written consent of the student's parent/guardian or the holder of the student's educational rights, unless specifically authorized by state or federal law. (Education Code 49076)
12. Any judge or probation officer for the purpose of conducting a truancy mediation program for a student or for the purpose of presenting evidence in a truancy petition pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 681 (Education Code 49076)

In such cases, the judge or probation officer shall certify in writing to the Superintendent or designee that the information will be used only for truancy purposes. Upon releasing student information to a judge or probation officer, the Superintendent or designee shall inform, or provide written notification to, the student's parent/guardian within 24 hours. (Education Code 49076)

- 13. Any foster family agency with jurisdiction over currently enrolled or former students for purposes of accessing those students' records of grades and transcripts and any individualized education program developed and maintained by the district (Education Code 49069.3)
- (cf. 6173.1 Education for Foster Youth)
- 14. Appropriate law enforcement authorities, in circumstances where Education Code 48902 requires that the district provide special education and disciplinary records of a student with disabilities who is suspended or expelled for committing an act violating Penal Code 245 (Education Code 48902, 49076)

When disclosing such records, the Superintendent or designee shall obtain written certification by the recipient of the records as described in item #11 above. (Education Code 49076)

Note: As amended by AB 733 (Ch. 388, Statutes of 2012), Education Code 49076.5 authorizes the use of item #15 below only in specified circumstances and requires that, prior to its use, the district receive from the designated peace officer or law enforcement agency a parent/guardian's written consent, a lawfully issued subpoena or court order, or information indicating the existence of an emergency situation.

15. Designated peace officers or law enforcement agencies in cases where the district is authorized by law to assist law enforcement in investigations of suspected criminal conduct or kidnapping and a written parental consent, lawfully issued subpoena, or court order is submitted to the district, or information is provided to it indicating that an emergency exists in which the student's information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals (Education Code 49076.5; 34 CFR 99.1-99.67)

In such cases, the Superintendent or designee shall provide information about the identity and location of the student as it relates to the transfer of that student's records to another public school district or California private school. (Education Code 49076.5)

At his/her discretion, the Superintendent or designee may release information from a student's records to the following:

Note: As amended by AB 733 (Ch. 388, Statutes of 2012), Education Code 49076 has conformed state law to 34 CFR 99.36, which authorizes a district to disclose personally identifiable information in connection with an emergency to any person whose knowledge of the information is necessary to protect the health or safety of students or others. Pursuant to Education Code 49076, when releasing any information based on this authorization, the district is required to document the information received indicating the emergency and those to whom it discloses information from the student record, in accordance with the requirements of 34 CFR 99.32(a)(5).

1. Appropriate persons, including parents/guardians of a student, in an emergency if the health and safety of the student or other persons are at stake (Education Code 49076; 34 CFR 99.31, 99.32, 99.36)

When releasing information to any such appropriate person, the Superintendent or designee shall record information about the threat to the health or safety of the student or any other person that formed the basis for the disclosure and the person(s) to whom the disclosure was made. (Education Code 49076; 34 CFR 99.32)

- 2. Accrediting associations (Education Code 49076; 34 CFR 99.31)
- 3. Under the conditions specified in Education Code 49076 and 34 CFR 99.31, organizations conducting studies on behalf of educational institutions or agencies for the purpose of developing, validating, or administering predictive tests, administering student aid programs, or improving instruction, provided that: (Education Code 49076; 34 CFR 99.31)
 - a. The study is conducted in a manner that does not permit personal identification of parents/guardians and students by individuals other than representatives of the organization who have legitimate interests in the information.
 - b. The information is destroyed when no longer needed for the purposes for which the study is conducted.
 - c. The district enters into a written agreement with the organization that complies with 34 CFR 99.31.
- 4. Officials and employees of private schools or school systems where the student is enrolled or intends to enroll, subject to the rights of parents/guardians as provided in Education Code 49068 and in compliance with 34 CFR 99.34 (Education Code 49076; 34 CFR 99.31, 99.34)

5. Local health departments operating countywide or regional immunization information and reminder systems and the California Department of Public Health, in which case the Superintendent or designee shall notify the student's parent/guardian of his/her rights in accordance with law prior to releasing the information (Health and Safety Code 120440)

Note: Education Code 49076, as amended by AB 733 (Ch. 388, Statutes of 2012), has included "contractors" and "consultants," as defined above in the section entitled "Definitions," among the categories of individuals to whom a student's personally identifiable information may be disclosed under certain circumstances. Unlike 34 CFR 99.34, however, Education Code 49076 prohibits disclosure of such information to volunteers and other parties.

6. Contractors and consultants having a legitimate educational interest based on services or functions which have been outsourced to them through a formal written agreement or contract by the district, excluding volunteers or other parties (Education Code 49076)

(cf. 3600 - Consultants)

Note: Items #7 and 8 below are for use by districts that maintain high schools.

- 7. Agencies or organizations in connection with the student's application for or receipt of financial aid, provided that information permitting the personal identification of a student or his/her parents/guardians for these purposes is disclosed only as may be necessary to determine the eligibility of the student for financial aid, determine the amount of financial aid, determine the conditions which will be imposed regarding the financial aid, or enforce the terms or conditions of the financial aid (Education Code 49076; 34 CFR 99.31, 99.36)
- 8. County elections officials for the purpose of identifying students eligible to register to vote or offering such students an opportunity to register, subject to the provisions of 34 CFR 99.37 and under the condition that any information provided on this basis shall not be used for any other purpose or transferred to any other person or agency (Education Code 49076; 34 CFR 99.31, 99.37)

(cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools)

Persons, agencies, or organizations not afforded access rights by law may be granted access only through written consent of the parent/guardian or adult student, or by judicial order. (Education Code 49075)

Only a parent/guardian having legal custody of the student may consent to the release of records to others. Either parent may grant consent if both parents notify the district, in writing, that such an agreement has been made. (Education Code 49061)

(cf. 5021 - Noncustodial Parents)

Any person, agency, or organization granted access is prohibited from releasing information to another person, agency, or organization without written permission from the parent/guardian or adult student unless specifically allowed by state law or the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act. (Education Code 49076)

De-identification of Records

Note: 20 USC 1232(g)) and Education Code 49076 authorize the district to release student records for specified purposes (e.g., to federal and state officials conducting program audits or to organizations conducting studies) without parent/guardian consent after the removal of all "personally identifiable information" as defined in the section entitled "Definitions" above and provided that the district has made a reasonable determination that a student's identity will not be personally identifiable through single or multiple releases. Education Code 49074 further authorizes the district to provide de-identified statistical data to public or private agencies, postsecondary institutions, or research organizations when such actions would be "in the best educational interests of students."

34 CFR 99.31 lists objective standards under which districts may release information from de-identified records. These standards are applicable to both requests for individual, redacted records and requests for statistical information from multiple records.

When authorized by law for any program audit, educational research, or other purposes, the Superintendent or designee may release information from a student record without prior consent of the parent/guardian or adult student after the removal of all personally identifiable information. Prior to releasing such information, the Superintendent or designee shall make a reasonable determination that the student's identity is not personally identifiable, whether through single or multiple releases and taking into account other reasonably available information. (Education Code 49074, 49076; 34 CFR 99.31)

Process for Providing Access to Records

Note: Education Code 49069 mandates procedures for notifying parents/guardians of the location of all official student records if not centrally located. The following paragraph may be expanded to include specific notification procedures.

Student records shall be maintained in a central file at the school attended by the student or, when records are maintained in different locations, a notation shall be placed in the central file indicating where other records may be found. Parents/guardians shall be notified of the location of student records if not centrally located. (Education Code 49069; 5 CCR 433)

The custodian of records shall be responsible for the security of student records and shall ensure that access is limited to authorized persons. (5 CCR 433)

Note: 5 CCR 431 mandates districts to establish written procedures to ensure the security of student records. The following three paragraphs reflect this mandate and should be modified to reflect any specific physical, technological, or administrative controls developed by the district.

34 CFR 99.31 requires districts to use "reasonable methods" to (1) ensure that school officials, employees, and outside contractors obtain access to only those records, both paper and electronic, in which they have a legitimate educational interest and (2) identify and authenticate the identity of parents/guardians, students, school officials, and any other party to whom the district discloses personally identifiable information from education records. In addition, 34 CFR 99.31 specifies that a district which does not use physical or technological access controls (e.g., a locked file cabinet or computer security limiting access) must ensure that its administrative policy for controlling access is effective and remains in compliance with the "legitimate educational interest" requirement.

The Analysis to Comments and Changes (73 Fed. Reg. 237, page 74817) suggests a balance of physical, technological, and administrative controls to prevent unauthorized access and to ensure that school officials do not have unrestricted access to the records of all students. The Analysis also clarifies that the reasonableness of the method depends, in part, on the potential harm involved. For example, high-risk records, such as social security numbers or other information that could be used for identity theft, should receive greater and more immediate protection.

In addition, as a condition of participation in an interagency data information system (e.g., California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System), Education Code 49076 requires that the district develop security procedures or devices by which unauthorized personnel cannot access data in the system and procedures or devices to secure privileged or confidential data from unauthorized disclosure.

The custodian of records shall develop reasonable methods, including physical, technological, and administrative controls, to ensure that school officials and employees obtain access to only those student records in which they have legitimate educational interests. (34 CFR 99.31)

To inspect, review, or obtain copies of student records, authorized persons shall submit a request to the custodian of records. Prior to granting the request, the custodian of records shall authenticate the individual's identity. For any individual granted access based on a legitimate educational interest, the request shall specify the interest involved.

When prior written consent is required by law, the parent/guardian shall provide a written, signed, and dated consent before the district discloses the student record. Such consent may be given through electronic means in those cases where it can be authenticated. The district's consent form shall specify the records that may be disclosed, state the purpose of the disclosure, and identify the party or class of parties to whom the disclosure may be made. Upon request by the parent/guardian, the district shall provide him/her a copy of the records disclosed. (34 CFR 99.30)

Note: Education Code 49069 and 5 CCR 431 mandate that the district adopt procedures for granting parent/guardian requests to inspect, review, and obtain copies of records.

Within five business days following the date of request, a parent/guardian or other authorized person shall be granted access to inspect, review, and obtain copies of student records during regular school hours. (Education Code 49069)

Note: Education Code 49069 mandates procedures for the availability of qualified certificated personnel to interpret records when requested. The following paragraph may be expanded to include specific procedures for persons to request and receive the assistance of certificated personnel.

Qualified certificated personnel shall be available to interpret records when requested. (Education Code 49069)

The custodian of records or the Superintendent or designee shall prevent the alteration, damage, or loss of records during inspection. (5 CCR 435)

Access Log

A log shall be maintained for each student's record which lists all persons, agencies, or organizations requesting or receiving information from the records and the legitimate educational interest of the requester. (Education Code 49064)

In every instance of inspection by persons who do not have assigned educational responsibility, the custodian of records shall make an entry in the log indicating the record inspected, the name of the person granted access, the reason access was granted, and the time and circumstances of inspection. (5 CCR 435)

Note: Although Education Code 49064 does not require the district to record access by individuals specified in items #1-5 below, the district may consider recording access by all individuals as part of the reasonable administrative controls required by 34 CFR 99.31; see section above entitled "Process for Providing Access to Records." The following paragraph is optional.

The log does <u>not</u> need to include record of access by: (Education Code 49064)

- 1. Parents/guardians or adult students
- 2. Students who are 16 years of age or older or who have completed the 10th grade
- 3. Parties obtaining district-approved directory information
- 4. Parties who provide written parental consent, in which case the consent notice shall be filed with the record pursuant to Education Code 49075
- 5. School officials and employees who have a legitimate educational interest

The log shall be accessible only to the parent/guardian, adult student, dependent adult student, student who is age 16 years or older or who has completed the 10th grade, custodian of records, and certain state or federal officials. (Education Code 49064; 5 CCR 432)

Duplication of Student Records

Note: Education Code 49069 mandates that the district adopt procedures for granting parent/guardian requests for copies of student records pursuant to Education Code 49065.

To provide copies of any student record, the district shall charge a reasonable fee not to exceed the actual cost of providing the copies. No charge shall be made for providing up to two transcripts or up to two verifications of various records for any former student. No charge shall be made to locate or retrieve any student record. (Education Code 49065)

(cf. 3260 - Fees and Charges)

Changes to Student Records

Only or a parent/guardian having legal custody of a student or an adult student may challenge the content of a record or offer a written response to a record. (Education Code 49061)

(cf. 5125.3 - Challenging Student Records)

No additions except routine updating shall be made to a student's record after high school graduation or permanent departure without prior consent of the parent/guardian or adult student. (5 CCR 437)

Retention and Destruction of Student Records

Note: 5 CCR 431 mandates that the district establish written policies and procedures regarding the signing and dating of anecdotal information, as specified below.

All anecdotal information and assessment reports maintained as student records shall be dated and signed by the individual who originated the data. (5 CCR 431)

The following mandatory permanent student records shall be kept indefinitely: (5 CCR 432, 437)

- 1. Legal name of student
- 2. Date and place of birth and method of verifying birth date

(cf. 5111 - Admission)

- 3. Sex of student
- 4. Name and address of parent/guardian of minor student
 - a. Address of minor student if different from the above
 - b. Annual verification of parent/guardian's name and address and student's residence

(cf. 5111.1 - District Residency)

(cf. 5111.12 - Residency Based on Parent/Guardian Employment)

- 5. Entrance and departure dates of each school year and for any summer session or other extra session
- 6. Subjects taken during each year, half-year, summer session, or quarter, and marks or credits given

(cf. 5121 - Grades/Evaluation of Student Achievement)

7. Verification of or exemption from required immunizations

(cf. 5141.31 - Immunizations)

8. Date of high school graduation or equivalent

Mandatory interim student records, unless forwarded to another district, shall be maintained subject to destruction during the third school year after the school year in which they originated, following a determination that their usefulness has ceased or the student has left the district. These records include: (Education Code 48918, 51747; 5 CCR 432, 437, 16027)

1. Expulsion orders and the causes therefor

(cf. 5144.1 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process) (cf. 5144.2 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Students with Disabilities))

- 2. A log identifying persons or agencies who request or receive information from the student record
- 3. Health information, including verification or waiver of the health screening for school entry

(cf. 5141.32 - Health Screening for School Entry)

4. Information on participation in special education programs, including required tests, case studies, authorizations, and evidence of eligibility for admission or discharge

(cf. 6159 - Individualized Education Program) (cf. 6164.4 - Identification and Evaluation of Individuals for Special Education)

- 5. Language training records
- (cf. 6174 Education for English Language Learners)
- 6. Progress slips/notices required by Education Code 49066 and 49067
- 7. Parental restrictions/stipulations regarding access to directory information
- 8. Parent/guardian or adult student rejoinders to challenged records and to disciplinary action
- 9. Parent/guardian authorization or denial of student participation in specific programs
- 10. Results of standardized tests administered within the past three years

(cf. 6162.51 - Standardized Testing and Reporting Program) (cf. 6162.52 - High School Exit Examination)

11. Written findings resulting from an evaluation conducted after a specified number of missed assignments to determine whether it is in a student's best interest to remain in independent study

(cf. 6158 - Independent Study)

Permitted student records may be destroyed six months after the student completes or withdraws from the educational program, including: (5 CCR 432, 437)

- 1. Objective counselor and/or teacher ratings
- 2. Standardized test results older than three years
- 3. Routine disciplinary data
- (cf. 5144 Discipline)
- 4. Verified reports of relevant behavioral patterns
- 5. All disciplinary notices

6. Supplementary attendance records

Records shall be destroyed in a way that assures they will not be available to possible public inspection in the process of destruction. (5 CCR 437)

Transfer of Student Records

When a student transfers into this district from any other school district or a private school, the Superintendent or designee shall inform the student's parent/guardian of his/her rights regarding student records, including the right to review, challenge, and receive a copy of student records. (Education Code 49068; 5 CCR 438)

Note: Education Code 48201 requires districts to request records of a transferring student regarding acts that resulted in the student's suspension or expulsion from the previous school, as specified below. Once the record is received, the Superintendent or designee must inform the student's teachers of the acts; see AR 4158/4258/4358 - Employee Security.

When a student transfers into this district from another district, the Superintendent or designee shall request that the student's previous district provide any records, either maintained by that district in the ordinary course of business or received from a law enforcement agency, regarding acts committed by the transferring student that resulted in his/her suspension or expulsion. (Education Code 48201)

(cf. 4158/4258/4358 - Employee Security) (cf. 5119 - Students Expelled From Other Districts)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 49068, as amended by AB 1799 (Ch. 369, Statutes of 2012), a district is required to transfer a copy of a student's records to another school in which the student is enrolled or intends to enroll within 10 school days of receiving a request for the records. However, this would not affect a situation where a more restrictive timeline is required. For example, a district is required to transfer the records of a student who is a foster youth to the new school within two business days, pursuant to Education Code 48853.5.

When a student transfers from this district to another school district or to a private school, the Superintendent or designee shall forward a copy of the student's mandatory permanent record within 10 school days of the district's receipt of the request for the student's records. The original record or a copy shall be retained permanently by this district. If the transfer is to another California public school, the student's entire mandatory interim record shall also be forwarded. If the transfer is out of state or to a private school, the mandatory interim record may be forwarded. Permitted student records may be forwarded to any other district or private school. (Education Code 48918, 49068; 5 CCR 438)

Upon receiving a request from a county placing agency to transfer a student in foster care out of a district school, the Superintendent or designee shall transfer the student's records to the next educational placement within two business days. (Education Code 49069.5)

All student records shall be updated before they are transferred. (5 CCR 438)

Student records shall not be withheld from the requesting district because of any charges or fees owed by the student or parent/guardian. (5 CCR 438)

If the district is withholding grades, diploma, or transcripts from the student because of his/her damage or loss of school property, this information shall be sent to the requesting district along with the student's records.

(cf. 5125.2 - Withholding Grades, Diploma or Transcripts)

Notification of Parents/Guardians

Upon any student's initial enrollment, and at the beginning of each school year thereafter, the Superintendent or designee shall notify parents/guardians and eligible students, in writing, of their rights related to student records. Insofar as practicable, the district shall provide these notices in the student's home language and shall effectively notify parents/guardians or eligible students with disabilities. (Education Code 49063; 34 CFR 99.7)

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

The notice shall include: (Education Code 49063; 34 CFR 99.7, 99.34)

- 1. The types of student records kept by the district and the information contained therein
- 2. The title(s) of the official(s) responsible for maintaining each type of record
- 3. The location of the log identifying those who request information from the records
- 4. District criteria for defining school officials and employees and for determining legitimate educational interest
- 5. District policies for reviewing and expunging student records
- 6. The right to inspect and review student records and the procedures for doing so
- 7. The right to challenge and the procedures for challenging the content of a student record that the parent/guardian or student believes to be inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the student's privacy rights
- 8. The cost, if any, charged for duplicating copies of records

- 9. The categories of information defined as directory information pursuant to Education Code 49073
- 10. The right to consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student's records except when disclosure without consent is authorized by law
- 11. Availability of the curriculum prospectus developed pursuant to Education Code 49091.14 containing the titles, descriptions, and instructional aims of every course offered by the school

(cf. 5020 - Parent Rights and Responsibilities)

12. Any other rights and requirements set forth in Education Code 49060-49078, and the right of parents/guardians to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning an alleged failure by the district to comply with 20 USC 1232g

Note: Pursuant to 34 CFR 99.34, if the district's annual parental notification contains the information described in optional item #13 below, the district does not need to attempt to individually notify a parent/guardian or adult student when the district discloses an education record to officials of another school, school system, or postsecondary institution (see item #5 in the list of persons/agencies with legitimate educational interests in the section entitled "Persons Granted Access" above).

13. A statement that the district forwards education records to other agencies or institutions that request the records and in which the student seeks or intends to enroll or is already enrolled as long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment

Center USD Administrative Regulation Student Records

AR 5125 Students

Definitions

Student means any individual who is or has been in attendance at the district and regarding whom the district maintains student records. (34 CFR 99.3)

Attendance includes, but is not limited to, attendance in person or by paper correspondence, videoconference, satellite, Internet, or other electronic information and telecommunication technologies for students who are not physically present in the classroom, and the period during which a person is working under a work-study program. (34 CFR 99.3)

Student records are any items of information (in handwriting, print, tape, film, computer, or other medium) gathered within or outside the district that are directly related to an identifiable student and maintained by the district, required to be maintained by an employee in the performance of his/her duties, or maintained by a party acting for the district. Any information maintained for the purpose of second-party review is considered a student record. Student records include the student's health record. (34 CFR 99.3; Education Code 49061, 49062; 5 CCR 430)

Student records do not include: (34 CFR 99.3; Education Code 49061, 49062; 5 CCR 430)

1. Directory information

(cf. 5125.1 - Release of Directory Information)

2. Informal notes compiled by a school officer or employee which remain in the sole possession of the maker, are used only as a personal memory aid, and are not accessible or revealed to any other person except a substitute

3. Records of the law enforcement unit of the district, subject to the provisions of 34 CFR 99.8

(cf. 3515 - Campus Security) (cf. 3515.3 - District Police/Security Department)

4. Records created or received by the district after an individual is no longer a student in attendance and that are not directly related to the individual's attendance as a student

5. Grades on peer-graded papers before they are collected and recorded by a teacher

Mandatory permanent student records are those records which are maintained in perpetuity

and which schools have been directed to compile by state law, regulation, or administrative directive. (5 CCR 430)

Mandatory interim student records are those records which the schools are directed to compile and maintain for stipulated periods of time and are then destroyed in accordance with state law, regulation, or administrative directive. (5 CCR 430)

Permitted student records are those records having clear importance only to the current educational process of the student. (5 CCR 430)

Access means a personal inspection and review of a record, an accurate copy of a record or receipt of an accurate copy of a record, an oral description or communication of a record, and a request to release a copy of any record. (Education Code 49061)

Disclosure means to permit access to, or the release, transfer, or other communication of, personally identifiable information contained in education records to any party, except the party that provided or created the record, by any means including oral, written, or electronic. (34 CFR 99.3)

Personally identifiable information includes, but is not limited to: (34 CFR 99.3)

- 1. The student's name
- 2. The name of the student's parent/guardian or other family members
- 3. The address of the student or student's family

4. A personal identifier, such as the student's social security number, student number, or biometric record (e.g., fingerprints, retina and iris patterns, voiceprints, DNA sequence, facial characteristics, and handwriting)

5. Other indirect identifiers, such as the student's date of birth, place of birth, and mother's maiden name

6. Other information that, alone or in combination, is linked or linkable to a specific student that would allow a reasonable person in the school community, who does not have personal knowledge of the relevant circumstances, to identify the student with reasonable certainty

7. Information requested by a person who the district reasonably believes knows the identity of the student to whom the student record relates

Adult student is a person who is or was enrolled in school and who is at least 18 years of age. (5 CCR 430)

Parent/guardian means a natural parent, an adopted parent, legal guardian, surrogate parent, or foster parent. (Education Code 49061, 56050, 56055)

School officials and employees are officials or employees whose duties and responsibilities to the district, whether routine or as a result of special circumstances, require that they have access to student records. School officials and employees include contractors, consultants, volunteers, or other parties to whom the district has outsourced district functions and who perform services for which the district would otherwise use employees.

A legitimate educational interest is one held by school officials and employees whose duties and responsibilities to the district, whether routine or as a result of special circumstances, require that they have access to student records.

Custodian of records is the employee responsible for the security of student records maintained by the district and for devising procedures for assuring that access to such records is limited to authorized persons. (5 CCR 433)

County placing agency means the county social service department or county probation department. (Education Code 49061)

Persons Granted Access Without Prior Written Consent

The following persons or agencies shall have absolute access to any and all student records in accordance with law:

1. Parents/guardians of students younger than age 18 (Education Code 49069)

Access to student records and information shall not be denied to a parent because he/she is not the child's custodial parent. (Family Code 3025)

2. An adult student age 18 or older or a student under the age of 18 who attends a postsecondary institution, in which case the student alone shall exercise rights related to his/her student records and grant consent for the release of records (34 CFR 99.3, 99.5)

3. Any person, agency, or organization authorized in compliance with a court order or lawfully issued subpoena (Education Code 49077)

Unless otherwise instructed by the court, the Superintendent or designee shall, prior to disclosing a record pursuant to a court order or subpoena, give the parent/guardian or adult student at least three days' notice of the name of the requesting agency and the specific record requested, if lawfully possible within the requirements of the judicial order. (34 CFR 99.31; 5 CCR 435)

In addition, the following persons or agencies shall have access to those particular records that are relevant to their legitimate educational interest: (34 CFR 99.31; Education Code 49076)

- 1. Parents/guardians of a dependent student age 18 or older
- 2. Students who are age 16 or older or who have completed the 10th grade
- 3. School officials and employees (consistent with criteria defined by the district)
- 4. Members of a school attendance review board (SARB) and any volunteer aide age 18 or

older who has been investigated, selected, and trained by the SARB to provide follow-up services to a referred student

(cf. 5113.1 - Truancy)

5. Officials and employees of other public schools, school systems, or postsecondary institutions where the student intends or is directed to enroll, including local, county, or state correctional facilities where educational programs leading to high school graduation are provided, or where the student is already enrolled, as long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer

When the district discloses personally identifiable information to officials of another school, school system, or postsecondary institution where the student seeks or intends to enroll, the Superintendent or designee shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the parent/guardian or adult student at his/her last known address, provide a copy of the record that is disclosed, and give the parent/guardian or adult student an opportunity for a hearing to challenge the record. (34 CFR 99.34)

6. Federal, state, and local officials, as needed for program audits or compliance with law

7. Any district attorney who is participating in or conducting a truancy mediation program or participating in the presentation of evidence in a truancy petition or a prosecuting agency for consideration against a parent/guardian for failure to comply with compulsory education laws

8. Any probation officer or district attorney for the purposes of conducting a criminal investigation or an investigation in regards to declaring a person a ward of the court or involving a violation of a condition of probation

9. Any judge or probation officer for the purpose of conducting a truancy mediation program for a student or for the purpose of presenting evidence in a truancy petition pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 681

Upon releasing student information to a judge or probation officer in such cases, the Superintendent or designee shall inform, or provide written notification to, the student's parent/guardian within 24 hours. (Education Code 49076)

10. Any county placing agency for the purpose of fulfilling educational case management responsibilities required by the juvenile court or by law pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 16010 and to assist with the school transfer or enrollment of a student

(cf. 6173.1 - Education for Foster Youth)

Foster family agencies with jurisdiction over currently enrolled or former students may access those students' records of grades and transcripts and any individualized education program (IEP) developed and maintained by the district with respect to such students. (Education Code 49069.3)

(cf. 6159 - Individualized Education Program)

When authorized by law to assist law enforcement in investigations of suspected kidnapping, the Superintendent or designee shall provide information about the identity and location of the student as it relates to the transfer of that student's records to another public school district or California private school. The information shall be released only to designated peace officers, federal criminal investigators, and federal law enforcement officers whose names have been submitted in writing by their law enforcement agency in accordance with the procedures specified in Education Code 49076.5. (Education Code 49076.5)

The Superintendent or designee may release information from a student's records to the following: (34 CFR 99.31, 99.36; Education Code 49076)

1. Appropriate persons, including parents/guardians of a student, in an emergency, if the health and safety of the student or other persons are at stake

2. Accrediting associations

3. Under the conditions specified in Education Code 49076 and 34 CFR 99.31, organizations conducting studies on behalf of educational institutions or agencies for the purpose of developing, validating, or administering predictive tests, administering student aid programs, or improving instruction, provided that:

a. The study is conducted in a manner that does not permit personal identification of parents/guardians and students by individuals other than representatives of the organization who have legitimate interests in the information.

b. The information is destroyed when no longer needed for the purposes for which the study is conducted.

c. The district enters into a written agreement with the organization that includes the information in 34 CFR 99.31.

4. Officials and employees of private schools or school systems where the student is enrolled or intends to enroll

5. Agencies or organizations in connection with the student's application for or receipt of financial aid

However, information permitting the personal identification of a student or his/her parents/guardians for these purposes may be disclosed only as may be necessary to determine the eligibility of the student for financial aid, determine the amount of financial aid, determine the conditions which will be imposed regarding the financial aid, or enforce the terms or conditions of the financial aid.

6. County elections officials for the purpose of identifying students eligible to register to vote and offering such students an opportunity to register

(cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools)

The Superintendent or designee may release information specified in law regarding a student's immunization record to local health departments operating countywide or regional immunization information and reminder systems and the California Department of Public Health. Prior to releasing such information, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the parent/guardian of his/her rights in accordance with law. (Health and Safety Code 120440)

Persons Granted Access With Prior Written Consent

Persons, agencies, or organizations not afforded access rights by law may be granted access only through written permission of the parent/guardian or adult student, or by judicial order. (Education Code 49075)

Only a parent/guardian having legal custody of the student may consent to the release of records to others. Either parent may grant consent if both parents notify the district, in writing, that such an agreement has been made. (Education Code 49061)

(cf. 5021 - Noncustodial Parents)

Any person or agency granted access is prohibited from releasing information to another person or agency without written permission from the parent/guardian or adult student. (Education Code 49076)

Access to Records by Authorized Persons

Student records shall be maintained in a central file at the school attended by the student or, when records are maintained in different locations, a notation shall be placed in the central file indicating where other records may be found. Parents/guardians shall be notified of the location of student records if not centrally located. (Education Code 49069; 5 CCR 433)

The custodian of records shall be responsible for the security of student records and shall assure that access is limited to authorized persons. (5 CCR 433)

The custodian of records shall develop reasonable methods, including physical, technological, and administrative controls, to ensure that school officials and employees obtain access to only those student records in which they have legitimate educational interests. (34 CFR 99.31)

To inspect, review, or obtain copies of student records, authorized persons shall submit a request to the custodian of records. For those individuals for whom the law requires that access be granted based on a legitimate educational interest, the request shall specify such interest involved. Prior to granting the request, the custodian of records shall authenticate the individual's identity.

When prior written consent is required by law, the parent/guardian shall provide a signed and dated written consent before the district discloses the student record. Such consent may be given through electronic means in those cases where it can be authenticated. The district's consent form shall specify the records that may be disclosed, state the purpose of the disclosure, and identify the party or class of parties to whom the disclosure may be made.

Upon request by the parent/guardian, the district shall provide him/her a copy of the records disclosed. (34 CFR 99.30)

Within five business days following the date of request, a parent/guardian or other authorized person shall be granted access to inspect, review, and obtain copies of student records during regular school hours. (Education Code 49069)

Qualified certificated personnel shall be available to interpret records when requested. (Education Code 49069)

The custodian of records or the Superintendent or designee shall prevent the alteration, damage, or loss of records during inspection. (5 CCR 435)

Access Log

A log shall be maintained for each student's record which lists all persons, agencies, or organizations requesting or receiving information from the records and the legitimate educational interest of the requester. (Education Code 49064)

In every instance of inspection by persons who do not have assigned educational responsibility, the custodian of records shall make an entry in the log indicating the record inspected, the name of the person granted access, the reason access was granted, and the time and circumstances of inspection. (5 CCR 435)

The log does not need to include record of access by: (Education Code 49064)

- 1. Parents/guardians or adult students
- 2. Students who are 16 years of age or older or who have completed the 10th grade
- 3. Parties obtaining district-approved directory information

(cf. 5125.1 - Release of Directory Information)

4. Parties who provide written parental consent, in which case the consent notice shall be filed with the record pursuant to Education Code 49075

5. School officials and employees who have a legitimate educational interest

The log shall be accessible only to the parent/guardian, adult student, dependent adult student, student age who is 16 years or older or who has completed the 10th grade, custodian of records, and certain state/federal officials. (Education Code 49064; 5 CCR 432)

De-Identification of Records

The Superintendent or designee may release information from a student record without prior consent of the parent/guardian or adult student after the removal of all personally identifiable information, provided that he/she has made a reasonable determination that the student's identify is not personally identifiable, whether through single or multiple releases, and taking

into account other reasonably available information. (34 CFR 99.31)

The Superintendent or designee may release de-identified student data from education records for the purpose of educational research in accordance with the conditions specified in 34 CFR 99.31.

Duplication of Student Records

To provide copies of any student record, the district shall charge a reasonable fee not to exceed the actual cost of providing the copies. No charge shall be made for providing up to two transcripts or up to two verifications of various records for any former student. No charge shall be made to locate or retrieve any student record. (Education Code 49065)

Changes to Student Records

No additions except routine updating shall be made to a student's record after high school graduation or permanent departure without prior consent of the parent/guardian or adult student. (5 CCR 437)

Only a parent/guardian having legal custody of the student or an adult student may challenge the content of a record or offer a written response to a record. (Education Code 49061)

(cf. 5125.3 - Challenging Student Records)

Retention and Destruction of Student Records

All anecdotal information and assessment reports maintained as student records shall be dated and signed by the individual who originated the data. (5 CCR 431)

The following mandatory permanent student records shall be kept indefinitely: (5 CCR 432, 437)

- 1. Legal name of student
- 2. Date and place of birth and method of verifying birth date
- (cf. 5111 Admission)
- 3. Sex of student
- 4. Name and address of parent/guardian of minor student
 - a. Address of minor student if different from the above
 - b. Annual verification of parent/guardian's name and address and student's residence

(cf. 5111.1 - District Residency)

(cf. 5111.12 - Residency Based on Parent/Guardian Employment)

(cf. 5111.13 - Residency for Homeless Children)

5. Entrance and departure dates of each school year and for any summer session or other extra session

6. Subjects taken during each year, half-year, summer session, or quarter, and marks or credits given

(cf. 5121 - Grades/Evaluation of Student Achievement)

7. Verification of or exemption from required immunizations

(cf. 5141.31 - Immunizations)

8. Date of high school graduation or equivalent

Mandatory interim student records, unless forwarded to another district, shall be maintained subject to destruction during the third school year following a determination that their usefulness has ceased or the student has left the district. These records include: (Education Code 48918, 51747; 5 CCR 432, 437, 16027)

1. Expulsion orders and the causes therefor

(cf. 5144.1 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process) (cf. 5144.2 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Students with Disabilities))

2. A log identifying persons or agencies who request or receive information from the student record

3. Health information, including verification or waiver of the health screening for school entry

(cf. 5141.32 - Health Screening for School Entry)

4. Information on participation in special education programs, including required tests, case studies, authorizations, and evidence of eligibility for admission or discharge

(cf. 6159 - Individualized Education Program) (cf. 6164.4 - Identification and Evaluation of Individuals for Special Education)

5. Language training records

(cf. 6174 - Education for English Language Learners)

6. Progress slips/notices required by Education Code 49066 and 49067

7. Parental restrictions/stipulations regarding access to directory information

8. Parent/guardian or adult student rejoinders to challenged records and to disciplinary

action

9. Parent/guardian authorization or denial of student participation in specific programs

10. Results of standardized tests administered within the past three years

(cf. 6162.51 - Standardized Testing and Reporting Program) (cf. 6162.52 - High School Exit Examination)

11.Written findings resulting from an evaluation conducted after a specified number of missed assignment

(cf. 6158 - Independent Study)

Permitted student records may be destroyed six months after the student completes or withdraws from the educational program, including: (5 CCR 432, 437)

- 1. Objective counselor and/or teacher ratings
- 2. Standardized test results older than three years
- 3. Routine disciplinary data

(cf. 5144 - Discipline)

4. Verified reports of relevant behavioral patterns

- 5. All disciplinary notices
- 6. Supplementary attendance records

Records shall be destroyed in a way that assures they will not be available to possible public inspection in the process of destruction. (5 CCR 437)

Transfer of Student Records

If a student transfers into this district from any other school district or a private school, the Superintendent or designee shall inform the parent/guardian of his/her rights regarding student records, including the right to review, challenge, and receive a copy of student records. (Education Code 49068; 5 CCR 438)

When a student transfers into this district from another district, the Superintendent or designee shall request that the student's previous district provide any records, either maintained by that district in the ordinary course of business or received from a law enforcement agency, regarding acts committed by the transferring student that resulted in his/her suspension or expulsion. (Education Code 48201)

(cf. 4158/4258/4358 - Employee Security) (cf. 5119 - Students Expelled From Other Districts) When a student transfers from this district to another school district or to a private school, the Superintendent or designee shall forward a copy of the student's mandatory permanent record as requested by the other district or private school. The original record or a copy shall be retained permanently by this district. If the transfer is to another California public school, the student's entire mandatory interim record shall also be forwarded. If the transfer is out of state or to a private school, the mandatory interim record may be forwarded. Permitted student records may be forwarded to any other district or private school. (Education Code 48918; 5 CCR 438)

Upon receiving a request from a county placing agency to transfer a student in foster care out of a district school, the Superintendent or designee shall transfer the student's records to the next educational placement within two business days. (Education Code 49069.5)

(cf. 6173.1 - Education for Foster Youth)

All student records shall be updated before they are transferred. (5 CCR 438)

Student records shall not be withheld from the requesting district because of any charges or fees owed by the student or parent/guardian. (5 CCR 438)

If the district is withholding grades, diploma, or transcripts from the student because of his/her damage or loss of school property, this information shall be sent to the requesting district along with the student's records.

(cf. 5125.2 - Withholding Grades, Diploma or Transcripts)

Notification of Parents/Guardians

Upon any student's initial enrollment, and at the beginning of each school year thereafter, the Superintendent or designee shall notify parents/guardians and eligible students, in writing, of their rights related to student records. Insofar as practicable, the district shall provide these notices in the student's home language and shall effectively notify parents/guardians or eligible students who are disabled. (34 CFR 99.7; Education Code 49063)

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

The notice shall include: (34 CFR 99.7, 99.34; Education Code 49063)

1. The types of student records kept by the district and the information contained therein

2. The title(s) of the official(s) responsible for maintaining each type of record

3. The location of the log identifying those who request information from the records

4. District criteria for defining school officials and employees and for determining legitimate educational interest

5. District policies for reviewing and expunging student records

6. The right to inspect and review student records and the procedures for doing so

7. The right to challenge and the procedures for challenging the content of a student record that the parent/guardian or student believes to be inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the student's privacy rights

(cf. 5125.3 - Challenging Student Records)

8. The cost, if any, charged for duplicating copies of records

9. The categories of information defined as directory information pursuant to Education Code 49073

10. The right to consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student's records except when disclosure without consent is authorized by law

11. The availability of the curriculum prospectus developed pursuant to Education Code 49091.14 containing the titles, descriptions, and instructional aims of every course offered by the school

(cf. 5020 - Parent Rights and Responsibilities)

12. Any other rights and requirements set forth in Education Code 49060-49078, and the right of parents/guardians to file a complaint with the United States Department of Education concerning an alleged failure by the district to comply with 20 USC 1232g

13. A statement that the district forwards education records to other agencies or institutions that request the records and in which the student seeks or intends to enroll or is already enrolled as long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment

IMMUNIZATIONS

Required Immunizations

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. The California Department of Public Health's (CDPH) <u>California Immunization Handbook for Schools and Child Care</u> <u>Programs</u> recommends that districts provide parents/guardians with a written notice of immunization requirements. The CDPH's <u>Guide to the Requirements of the California School Immunization Law for</u> <u>Parents of Children in or Entering School or Child Care</u>, which is available in English and Spanish, may be used for this purpose.

The Superintendent or designee shall provide parents/guardians, upon school registration, a written notice summarizing the state's immunization requirements.

Note: The following paragraph should be revised to reflect the grade levels and programs offered by the district. See 17 CCR 6020 and the CDPH's <u>Guide to Immunizations Required for School Entry</u> and <u>California Immunization Handbook for Schools and Child Care Programs</u> for details regarding the ages/grades at which specific immunizations are required and the doses needed.

The Superintendent or designee shall not unconditionally admit any student to a district elementary or secondary school, preschool, or child care and development program nor advance a student to specified grade levels unless the student has presented documentation of full immunization, in accordance with the age/grade and dose required by the California Department of Public Health (CDPH), against the following diseases: (Health and Safety Code 120335; 17 CCR 6020)

- 1. Measles, mumps, and rubella (MMR)
- 2. Diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis (whooping cough) (DTP, DTaP, or Tdap)
- 3. Poliomyelitis (polio)
- 4. Hepatitis B
- 5. Varicella (chickenpox)
- 6. Haemophilus influenza type b (Hib meningitis)
- 7. Any other disease designated by the CDPH

(cf. 5141.22 - Infectious Diseases) (cf. 5148 - Child Care and Development) (cf. 5148.3 - Preschool/Early Childhood Education)

Note: According to the CDPH's <u>Guide to Immunizations Required for School Entry</u>, the immunization record must be either a personal record with entries made by an authorized health care provider or a school immunization record from the student's previous school (either the California School Immunization Record or another state's school record). Pursuant to 17 CCR 6070, the record must include at least the month and year each dose was received. However, for measles, mumps, and rubella vaccine administered during the month of the first birthday, the record must show the month, day, and year.

The student's immunization record shall be provided by the student's health care provider or from the student's previous school immunization record. The record must show the date that each dose was administered.

Exemptions

Exemption from immunization requirements shall be granted under either of the following circumstances: (Health and Safety Code 120365, 120370; 17 CCR 6051)

1. The student's parent/guardian provides a written statement by a licensed physician that, due to the physical condition or medical circumstances of the student, one or more immunizations are considered unsafe or are permanently not indicated. The physician's statement shall indicate the specific nature and probable duration of the medical condition or circumstances that contraindicate immunization. In such circumstances, the student shall be exempted from one or more vaccines to the extent indicated by the physician's statement.

Note: Health and Safety Code 120365 exempts a student from one or more immunization requirements if the parent/guardian states in writing that the immunizations are contrary to his/her beliefs. AB 2109 (Ch. 821, Statutes of 2012) amended Health and Safety Code 120365 to require that this written statement also document which immunizations have been given and to specify which immunizations are contrary to the parent/guardian's beliefs. On or after January 1, 2014, the parent/guardian statement must be accompanied by (1) a CDPH form signed by a physician attesting that he/she has provided certain information to the parent/guardian, as provided below, and (2) the parent/guardian's acknowledgment of the receipt of the information.

2. The student's parent/guardian provides a letter or affidavit documenting which immunizations required by Health and Safety Code 120355 have been given and which immunizations have not been given on the basis that they are contrary to the parent/guardian's beliefs.

(cf. 6141.2 - Recognition of Religious Beliefs and Customs)

When immunization(s) are contrary to the parent/guardian's personal beliefs but there is good cause to believe that the student has been exposed to one of the communicable diseases listed in Health and Safety Code 120325, the student may be temporarily excluded from school until the local public health officer is satisfied that the student is no longer at risk of developing the disease.

On or after January 1, 2014, the parent/guardian shall also submit a form prescribed by the CDPH which includes a signed attestation by a health care practitioner that indicates he/she has provided the parent/guardian with information regarding the benefits and risks of the immunization and the health risks of the communicable diseases listed in Health and Safety Code 120335 to the person and the community. The parent/guardian shall sign a statement indicating that he/she has received this information. Neither the health care practitioner nor the parent/guardian shall sign these statements more than six months prior to the date that the student is subject to the immunization requirement. In lieu of the original form, the district shall accept a photocopy of the signed form or a letter by a health care practitioner that includes all information and attestations included on the form.

Exclusions Due to Lack of Immunizations

Any student without the required evidence of immunization may be excluded from school until the immunization is obtained or an exemption is granted in accordance with the section "Exemptions" above.

(cf. 5112.2 - Exclusions from Attendance) (cf. 6183 - Home and Hospital Instruction)

Before an already admitted student is excluded from school attendance because of lack of immunization, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the parent/guardian that he/she has 10 school days to supply evidence of proper immunization or an appropriate exemption. (Education Code 48216; 17 CCR 6040)

This notice shall refer the parent/guardian to the student's usual source of medical care or, if the student has no usual source of medical care, then to the county health department or school immunization program, if any. (Education Code 48216)

(cf. 5141.6 - School Health Services)

The Superintendent or designee shall exclude from further attendance any already admitted student who fails to obtain the required immunization within 10 school days following the parent/guardian's receipt of the notice specified above, unless the student is exempt from immunization for medical reasons or personal beliefs. The student shall remain excluded from school until he/she provides written evidence that he/she has received a dose of each required vaccine due at that time. The student shall also be reported to the attendance supervisor or principal. (17 CCR 6055)

Conditional Enrollment

The Superintendent or designee may conditionally admit a student with documentation from an authorized health care provider that: (Health and Safety Code 120340; 17 CCR 6000, 6035)

- 1. The student has received some but not all required immunizations and is not due for any vaccine dose at the time of admission.
- 2. The student has a temporary exemption from immunization for medical reasons.

The Superintendent or designee shall notify the student's parents/guardians of the date by which the student must complete all the remaining doses when they become due as specified in 17 CCR 6035.

The Superintendent or designee shall review the immunization record of each student admitted conditionally every 30 days until that student has received all the required immunizations. If the student does not receive the required immunizations within the specified time limits, he/she shall be excluded from further attendance until the immunizations are received. (Health and Safety Code 120375; 17 CCR 6070)

Records

Note: The CDPH requires that school staff record all immunization dates from each student's personal immunization record onto the California School Immunization Record (often referred to as the "blue card") and then complete the documentation section of the card which includes the type of record provided and the status of the student's immunizations. The record also may be maintained electronically.

An immunization record that is directly related to a student is an "education record" subject to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (20 USC 1232g; 34 CFR 99.1-99.67) and therefore generally requires parent/guardian consent to be lawfully disclosed. However, pursuant to 20 USC 1232g and 34 CFR 99.31 and 99.36, an exception exists when knowledge of the information is necessary to address an articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of the student or other individuals.

The Superintendent or designee shall record each new entrant's immunizations in the California School Immunization Record and retain it as part of the student's mandatory permanent student record. District staff shall maintain the confidentiality of immunization records and may disclose such information to state and local health departments only in accordance with law. (Health and Safety Code 120375, 120440; 17 CCR 6070)

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)



Students

IMMUNIZATIONS

Required Immunizations

The Superintendent or designee shall provide parents/guardians, upon school registration, a written notice summarizing the state's immunization requirements.

The Superintendent or designee shall not unconditionally admit any student to a district elementary or secondary school, preschool, or child care and development program nor advance a student to specified grade levels unless that student has presented documentation of full immunization, in accordance with the age/grade and dose required by the California Department of Public Health (CDPH), against the following diseases: (Health and Safety Code 120335; 17 CCR 6020)

- 1. Measles, mumps and rubella (MMR)
- 2. Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (whooping cough) (DTP, DTaP, or Tdap)
- 3. Poliomyelitis (polio)
- 4. Hepatitis B
- 5. Varicella (chickenpox)
- 6. Haemophilus influenza type b (Hib meningitis)
- 7. Any other disease designated by the CDPH

(cf. 5141.22 - Infectious Diseases) (cf. 5148 - Child Care and Development) (cf. 5148.3 - Preschool/Early Childhood Education)

The student's immunization record shall be provided by the student's health care provider or from the student's previous school immunization record. The record must show the date that each dose was administered.

Exemptions

Exemption from immunization requirements is allowed when: (Health and Safety Code 120365, 120370; 17 CCR 6051)

1. The student's parent/guardian states in writing that immunization is contrary to his/her beliefs.





However, if there is good cause to believe that the student has been exposed to one of the communicable diseases listed above, the student may be temporarily excluded from school until the local public health officer is satisfied that the student is no longer at risk of developing the disease.

(cf. 6141.2 - Recognition of Religious Beliefs and Customs)

2. The student's parent/guardian provides a written statement by a licensed physician that the physical condition or medical circumstances of the student are such that immunization is unsafe or is permanently not indicated, in which case the student shall be exempted to the extent indicated by the physician's statement.

Exclusions Due to Lack of Immunizations

Any student without the required evidence of immunization may be excluded from school until the immunization is obtained or the student presents a letter or affidavit of exemption from his/her parent/guardian or physician to the Superintendent or designee.



(cf. 5112.2 - Exclusions from Attendance) (cf. 6183 - Home and Hospital Instruction)

Before an already admitted student is excluded from school attendance because of lack of immunization, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the parent/guardian that he/she has 10 school days to supply evidence of proper immunization or an appropriate letter of exemption. (Education Code 48216; 17 CCR 6040)

This notice shall refer the parent/guardian to the student's usual source of medical care or, if the student has no usual source of medical care, then to the county health department or school immunization program, if any. (Education Code 48216)

The Superintendent or designee shall exclude from further attendance any already admitted student who fails to obtain the required immunization within 10 school days following the parent/guardian's receipt of the notice specified above, unless the student is exempt from immunization for medical reasons or personal beliefs. The student shall remain excluded from school until he/she has received another dose of each required vaccine due at that time. The student shall also be reported to the attendance supervisor or principal. (17 CCR 6055)

Conditional Enrollment



The Superintendent or designee may conditionally admit a student with documentation from an authorized health care provider that: (Health and Safety Code 120340; 17 CCR 6000, 6035)



- 1. He/she has received some but not all required immunizations and is not due for any vaccine dose at the time of admission
- 2. He/she has a temporary exemption from immunization for medical reasons

The Superintendent or designee shall notify the student's parents/guardians of the date by which the student must complete all the remaining doses when they become due as specified in 17 CCR 6035.

The Superintendent or designee shall review the immunization record of each student admitted conditionally every 30 days until that student has received all the required immunizations. If the student does not receive the required immunizations within the specified time limits, he/she shall be excluded from further attendance until the immunizations are received. (Health and Safety Code 120375; 17 CCR 6070)

Records



The Superintendent or designee shall record each new entrant's immunizations in the California School Immunization Record and retain it as part of the student's mandatory permanent student record. District staff shall maintain the confidentiality of immunization records and may disclose such information to state and local health departments only in accordance with law. (Health and Safety Code 120375, 120440; 17 CCR 6070)

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)



Students

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS

Note: Education Code 35291 requires the Governing Board to prescribe rules and regulations for maintaining discipline in the schools under its jurisdiction. In addition, Education Code 48918 mandates the setting of rules and regulations for student expulsion; see the accompanying administrative regulation.

While recognizing that suspension or expulsion of students is sometimes necessary, the California State Legislature has made its intent clear that instructional time should be used for student learning purposes and that school discipline should be imposed in a way that, as much as possible, would not exclude students from school or limit their ability or opportunity to learn. Pursuant to Education Code 48900.5, as amended by AB 1729 (Ch. 425, Statutes of 2012), a district is not authorized to suspend a student for certain specified violations unless other means of correction have failed to bring about proper conduct. Such other means of correction include, but are not limited to, conferences between school personnel and the student and his/her parents/guardians; use of study, guidance, or other intervention teams to develop a plan to address the behavior in partnership with the student; and participation in a restorative justice program. Education Code 48900.5, as amended, also authorizes a district to document in a student's records the alternative means of correction used to address the student's behavior. For further information about specific disciplinary strategies, see BP/AR 5144 - Discipline.

The Governing Board desires to provide district students access to educational opportunities in an orderly school environment that protects their safety and security, ensures their welfare and well-being, and promotes their learning and development. The Board shall develop rules and regulations setting the standards of behavior expected of district students and the disciplinary processes and procedures for addressing violations of those standards, including suspension and/or expulsion.

(cf. 5131 - Conduct) (cf. 5131.1 - Bus Conduct) (cf. 5131.2 - Bullying)

To correct the behavior of any student who is subject to discipline, the Superintendent or designee shall, to the extent allowed by law, first use alternative disciplinary strategies specified in AR 5144.1 - Discipline. (Education Code 48900.5)

(cf. 1020 - Youth Services)
(cf. 5138 - Conflict Resolution/Peer Mediation)
(cf. 5144 - Discipline)
(cf. 6142.4 - Service Learning/Community Service Classes)
(cf. 6164.2 - Guidance/Counseling Services)
(cf. 6164.5 - Student Success Teams)

Note: The following optional paragraph reflects the Legislature's intent, expressed in Education Code 48900, concerning disciplinary actions against truant, tardy, or absent students.

Alternatives to suspension or expulsion also shall be used with students who are truant, tardy, or otherwise absent from assigned school activities.

(cf. 5113 - Absences and Excuses) (cf. 5113.1 - Chronic Absence and Truancy)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. Although the term "zero tolerance" does not appear in law, the federal Gun-Free Schools Act (20 USC 7151) requires a district to expel for one year a student who brings a firearm to school without permission. This requirement has commonly been labeled as "zero tolerance." Education Code 48915(c) also requires the mandatory suspension and recommendation for expulsion of students who possess, sell, or furnish a firearm, brandish a knife, sell a controlled substance, commit or attempt to commit a sexual assault or sexual battery, or possess an explosive. However, as amended by AB 2537 (Ch. 431, Statutes of 2012), Education Code 48915(c) clarifies that a student's possession of an "imitation firearm" does not require expulsion. See accompanying administrative regulation and BP/AR 5131.7 - Weapons and Dangerous Instruments.

Except for single acts of a grave nature or offenses for which suspension or expulsion is required by law, suspension or expulsion shall be used only when other means of correction have failed to bring about proper conduct or the student's presence causes a continuing danger to himself/herself or others.

(cf. 5131.7 - Weapons and Dangerous Instruments)

The grounds for suspension and expulsion and the procedures for considering, recommending, and/or implementing suspension and expulsion shall be those specified in law and administrative regulation.

Note: The following **optional** paragraph highlights the importance of ensuring fairness in the dispensing of suspension and/or expulsion to students who violate school rules. As part of its justification for passing AB 1729 (Ch. 425, Statutes of 2012), the Legislature noted in its findings that suspension and expulsion are disproportionately imposed on some vulnerable student populations. The U.S. Department of Education's Office for Civil Rights' (OCR) March 2012 publication, <u>Civil Rights Data Collection Summary</u>, indicates that males, certain ethnic minority students, and students with disabilities are being suspended or expelled at a disproportionately higher rate than other students.

District staff shall enforce the rules concerning suspension and expulsion of students fairly, consistently, and in accordance with the district's nondiscrimination policies.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

Due Process

The Board shall provide for the fair and equitable treatment of students facing suspension and expulsion by affording them their due process rights under the law. The Superintendent or designee shall comply with procedures for notices, hearings, and appeals as specified in law and administrative regulation. (Education Code 48911, 48915, 48915.5)

Removal from Class by a Teacher and Parental Attendance

Note: The following section is for use by any district that chooses to require parents/guardians to attend a portion of the school day when their child is removed from class for specified behaviors, as authorized by Education Code 48900.1. As noted in its findings in AB 1729 (Ch. 425, Statutes of 2012), the Legislature has indicated its preference for disciplinary strategies that keep students engaged in school and from losing instructional time. For any district using this disciplinary option, the Board is required to include the components specified in this section. Districts that do not require parental attendance should delete this section.

When suspending a student from class for committing an obscene act, engaging in habitual profanity or vulgarity, disrupting school activities, or otherwise willfully defying valid staff authority, the teacher of the class may require any parent/guardian who lives with the student to attend a portion of the school day in the class from which the student is being suspended, to assist in resolving the classroom behavior problems. (Education Code 48900.1)

Teachers should reserve the option of required parental attendance for cases in which they have determined that it is the best strategy to promote positive interaction between the teacher and the student and his/her parents/guardians and to improve the student's behavior.

Any teacher requiring parental attendance pursuant to this policy shall apply the policy uniformly to all students within the classroom. (Education Code 48900.1)

When a teacher requires parental attendance, the principal shall send a written notice to the parent/guardian stating that his/her attendance is required pursuant to law. (Education Code 48900.1)

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

Note: For any district that authorizes parental attendance as a disciplinary option, Education Code 48900.1 **mandates** that the district's policy include procedures to ensure that parents/guardians who attend school meet with the principal or designee after completing the classroom visitation and before leaving the school.

A parent/guardian who has received a written notice shall attend class as specified in the notice. After completing the classroom visit and before leaving school premises, the parent/guardian also shall meet with the principal or designee. (Education Code 48900.1)

Note: The following paragraph is optional and may be revised to reflect district practice.

At the meeting with the student's parent/guardian, the principal or designee shall explain the district's and school's discipline policies, including the disciplinary strategies that may be used to achieve proper student conduct.

Note: For any district that authorizes parental attendance as a disciplinary option, Education Code 48900.1 mandates that the district's policy include procedures for contacting parents/guardians who do not respond to the request to attend. The following paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice.

When a parent/guardian does not respond to the request to attend school, the principal or designee shall contact him/her by telephone, mail, or other method that maintains the confidentiality of the student's records.

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)

District regulations and school-site rules for student discipline shall include procedures for implementing parental attendance requirements. Parents/guardians shall be notified of this policy prior to its implementation. (Education Code 48900.1)

Supervised Suspension Classroom

Note: As an alternative to off-campus suspension, Education Code 48911.1 authorizes a supervised suspension classroom program for students who pose no imminent danger to anyone at school and who have not been recommended for expulsion, as specified below. Education Code 48911.2 states that if the number of students suspended during the prior year exceeds 30 percent of the school's enrollment, the district should consider implementing this program and/or another program of on-campus progressive discipline. However, Education Code 48900.5, as amended by AB 1729 (Ch. 425, Statutes of 2012), requires a district to try other means of correction, under certain circumstances, before imposing a supervised suspension.

The following **optional** section is for use by districts implementing a supervised suspension classroom program; such districts may continue to claim apportionments for students so assigned, provided they meet specific criteria which are set forth under "Supervised Suspension Classroom" in the accompanying administrative regulation.

To ensure the proper supervision and ongoing learning of students who are suspended for any of the reasons enumerated in Education Code 48900 and 48900.2, but who pose no imminent danger or threat to anyone at school and for whom expulsion proceedings have not been initiated, the Superintendent or designee shall establish a supervised suspension classroom program which meets the requirements of law.

Except where a supervised suspension is permitted by law for a student's first offense, supervised suspension shall be imposed only when other means of correction have failed to bring about proper conduct. (Education Code 48900.5)

Decision Not to Enforce Expulsion Order

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48917, the Board may decide to suspend the enforcement of an order for expulsion if a student satisfies specific conditions. See the accompanying administrative regulation for criteria. In addition, the Attorney General opined in <u>80 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen</u>. 85 (1997) that a board may suspend the enforcement of an expulsion even in those cases where the student has committed an offense for which expulsion is required by law. Legal counsel should be consulted as appropriate.

Option 1 below is for use by boards that choose not to suspend the enforcement of an order for expulsion in cases where the student has committed an offense for which expulsion is mandatory pursuant to Education Code 48915(c). Option 2 is for use by boards that, on a case-by-case basis, may determine that an order for expulsion be suspended for any type of offense.

OPTION 1: In cases where expulsion is mandatory pursuant to Education Code 48915(c), the enforcement of an expulsion order shall not be suspended by the Board. In all other cases of expulsion, the order for expulsion may be suspended by the Board, on case by case basis, pursuant to the requirements of law and administrative regulation.

OPTION 2: On a case-by-case basis, the enforcement of an expulsion order may be suspended by the Board pursuant to the requirements of law and administrative regulation. (Education Code 48917)

Monitoring the Use of Suspension and Expulsion

Note: The following section is **optional**. Pursuant to Education Code 48900.8 and 48916, the district is required to maintain data related to suspensions and expulsions and to report them to the Superintendent of Public Instruction upon request. For the specific information required, see the accompanying administrative regulation.

At the end of each school year, the Superintendent or designee shall present a report to the Board regarding the use of suspension and/or expulsion in district schools. The report shall include, but is not limited to, outcome data which the district is required by law to collect and data related to the effect of suspension and/or expulsion on the district's minority student populations or groupings.

(cf. 9320 - Meetings and Notices)

Legal Reference: (see next page)
Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 212.5 Sexual harassment 233 Hate violence 1981 Enrollment of students in community school 17292.5 Program for expelled students 32261 Interagency School Safety Demonstration Act of 1985 35145 Open board meetings 35146 Closed sessions (regarding suspensions) 35291 Rules (for government and discipline of schools) 35291.5 Rules and procedures on school discipline 48645.5 Readmission; contact with juvenile justice system 48660-48667 Community day schools 48853.5 Foster youth 48900-48927 Suspension and expulsion 48950 Speech and other communication 48980 Parental notifications 49073-49079 Privacy of student records CIVIL CODE 47 Privileged communication 48.8 Defamation liability CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE 1985-1997 Subpoenas; means of production **GOVERNMENT CODE** 11455.20 Contempt 54950-54963 Ralph M. Brown Act HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE 11014.5 Drug paraphernalia 11053-11058 Standards and schedules LABOR CODE 230.7 Discharge or discrimination against employee for taking time off to appear in school on behalf of a child PENAL CODE 31 Principal of a crime, defined 240 Assault defined 241.2 Assault fines 242 Battery defined 243.2 Battery on school property 243.4 Sexual battery 245 Assault with deadly weapon 245.6 Hazing 261 Rape defined 266c Unlawful sexual intercourse 286 Sodomy defined 288 Lewd or lascivious acts with child under age 14 288a Oral copulation 289 Penetration of genital or anal openings 417.27 Laser pointers

Legal Reference continued: (see next page)

Legal Reference: (continued)

PENAL CODE (continued) 422.55 Hate crime defined 422.6 Interference with exercise of civil rights 422.7 Aggravating factors for punishment 422.75 Enhanced penalties for hate crimes 626.2 Entry upon campus after written notice of suspension or dismissal without permission 626.9 Gun-Free School Zone Act of 1995 626.10 Dirks, daggers, knives, razors, or stun guns 868.5 Supporting person; attendance during testimony of witness WELFARE AND INSTITUTIONS CODE 729.6 Counseling UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 18 921 Definitions, firearm UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20 1415(K) Placement in alternative educational setting 7151 Gun-free schools **COURT DECISIONS** T.H. v. San Diego Unified School District (2004) 122 Cal. App. 4th 1267 Woodbury v. Dempsey (2003) 108 Cal. App. 4th 421 Board of Education of Sacramento City Unified School District v. Sacramento County Board of Education and Kenneth H. (2001) 85 Cal. App. 4th 1321 Garcia v. Los Angeles Board of Education (1991) 123 Cal. App. 3d 807 Fremont Union High School District v. Santa Clara County Board (1991) 235 Cal. App. 3d 1182 John A. v. San Bernardino School District (1982) 33 Cal. 3d 301 ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINIONS 84 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 146 (2001) 80 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 91 (1997) 80 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 85 (1997)

Management Resources:

<u>CSBA PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>Safe Schools: Strategies for Governing Boards to Ensure Student Success</u>, 2011 <u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>Civil Rights Data Collection Summary</u>, March 2012 <u>WEB SITES</u> CSBA: http://www.csba.org California Attorney General's Office: http://www.oag.ca.gov California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov U.S. Department of Education; http://www.cde.ca.gov U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights: http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/crdc-2012-data-summary.pdf U.S. Department of Education, Office of Safe and Drug-Free Schools: http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/osdfs

Students

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS

The Governing Board desires to provide district students access to educational opportunities in an orderly school environment that protects their safety and security, ensures their welfare and well-being, and promotes their learning and development. The Board shall develop rules and regulations setting the standards of behavior expected of district students and the disciplinary processes and procedures for addressing violations of those standards, including suspension and/or expulsion.

(cf. 5131 - Conduct) (cf. 5144 - Discipline)

The grounds for suspension and expulsion and the procedures for considering, recommending, and/or implementing suspension and expulsion shall be those specified in law and administrative regulation.

District staff shall enforce the rules concerning suspension and expulsion of students fairly, consistently, and in accordance with the district's nondiscrimination policies.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

Except for single acts of a grave nature or offenses for which suspension or expulsion is required by law, suspension or expulsion shall be used only when the student involved has a history of misconduct and other means of correction have failed to bring about proper conduct or the student's presence causes a continuing danger to himself/herself or others.

To correct the behavior of students who are subject to discipline, the Superintendent or designee, to the extent allowed by law, shall use alternative disciplinary measures that keep students in school during the school day.

(cf. 1020 - Youth Services) (cf. 5138 - Conflict Resolution/Peer Mediation) (cf. 6142.4 - Service Learning/Community Service Classes) (cf. 6164.2 - Guidance/Counseling Services) (cf. 6164.5 - Student Success Teams)

Alternatives to suspension or expulsion also shall be used with students who are truant, tardy, or otherwise absent from assigned school activities.

(cf. 5113 - Absences and Excuses) (cf. 5113.1 - Chronic Absence and Truancy)

Suspended or expelled students shall be denied the privilege of participation in all extracurricular activities during the period of suspension or expulsion.

(cf. 6145 - Extracurricular and Cocurricular Activities) (cf. 6145.2 - Athletic Competition)

Due Process

The Board shall provide for the fair and equitable treatment of students facing suspension and expulsion by affording them their due process rights under the law. The Superintendent or designee shall comply with procedures for notices, hearings, and appeals as specified in law and administrative regulation. (Education Code 48911, 48915, 48915.5)

(cf. 5119 - Students Expelled from Other Districts)

(cf. 5144.2 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Individuals with Disabilities))

Removal from Class by a Teacher and Parental Attendance

When suspending a student from class for committing an obscene act, engaging in habitual profanity or vulgarity, disrupting school activities, or otherwise willfully defying valid staff authority, the teacher of the class may require any parent/guardian who lives with the student to attend a portion of the school day in the class from which the student is being suspended, to assist in resolving the classroom behavior problems. (Education Code 48900.1)

Teachers should reserve the option of required parental attendance for cases in which they have determined that it is the best strategy to promote positive interaction between the student and his/her parents/guardians and to improve classroom behavior.

Any teacher requiring parental attendance pursuant to this policy shall apply the policy uniformly to all students within the classroom. (Education Code 48900.1)

When a teacher requires parental attendance, the principal shall send a written notice to the parent/guardian stating that his/her attendance is required pursuant to law. (Education Code 48900.1)

A parent/guardian who has received a written notice shall attend class as specified in the notice. After completing the classroom visit and before leaving school premises, the parent/guardian also shall meet with the principal or designee. (Education Code 48900.1)

When a parent/guardian does not respond to the request to attend school, the principal or designee shall contact him/her by telephone, mail, or other means that maintains the confidentiality of the student's records.

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)

District regulations and school-site rules for student discipline shall include procedures for implementing parental attendance requirements. Parents/guardians shall be notified of this policy prior to its implementation. (Education Code 48900.1)

Supervised Suspension Classroom

To ensure the proper supervision and ongoing learning of students who are suspended for any of the reasons enumerated in Education Code 48900 and 48900.2, but who pose no imminent danger or threat to anyone at school and for whom expulsion proceedings have not been initiated, the Superintendent or designee may establish a supervised classroom suspension program which meets the requirements of law. The use of such alternatives does not preclude off-campus suspensions.

Decision Not to Enforce Expulsion Order

On a case-by-case basis, the enforcement of an expulsion order may be suspended by the Board pursuant to the requirements of law and administrative regulation.

Legal Reference: (see next page)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 212.5 Sexual harassment 1981 Enrollment of students in community school 17292.5 Program for expelled students 32261 Interagency School Safety Demonstration Act of 1985 35146 Closed sessions (re suspensions) 35291 Rules (for government and discipline of schools) 35291.5 Rules and procedures on school discipline 48660-48667 Community day schools 48900-48927 Suspension and expulsion 48950 Speech and other communication 49073-49079 Privacy of student records CIVIL CODE 47 Privileged communication 48.8 Defamation liability CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE 1985-1997 Subpoenas; means of production **GOVERNMENT CODE** 11455.20 Contempt 54950-54963 Ralph M. Brown Act HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE 11014.5 Drug paraphernalia 11053-11058 Standards and schedules LABOR CODE 230.7 Discharge or discrimination against employee for taking time off to appear in school on behalf of a child PENAL CODE 31 Principal of a crime, defined 240 Assault defined 241.2 Assault fines 242 Battery defined 243.2 Battery on school property 243.4 Sexual battery 245 Assault with deadly weapon 245.6 Hazing 261 Rape defined 266c Unlawful sexual intercourse 286 Sodomy defined 288 Lewd or lascivious acts with child under age 14 288a Oral copulation 289 Penetration of genital or anal openings 626.2 Entry upon campus after written notice of suspension or dismissal without permission 626.9 Gun-Free School Zone Act of 1995 626.10 Dirks, daggers, knives, razors or stun guns

868.5 Supporting person; attendance during testimony of witness

Legal Reference: (continued) WELFARE AND INSTITUTIONS CODE 729.6 Counseling UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 18 921 Definitions, firearm UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20 7151 Gun free schools **COURT DECISIONS** T.H. v. San Diego Unified School District (2004) 122 Cal. App. 4th 1267 Woodbury v. Dempsey (2003) 108 Cal. App. 4th 421 Board of Education of Sacramento City Unified School District v. Sacramento County Board of Education and Kenneth H., (2001) 85 Cal.App.4th 1321 Garcia v. Los Angeles Board of Education (1991) 123 Cal.App.3d 807 Fremont Union High School District v. Santa Clara County Board (1991) 235 Cal. App. 3d 1182 John A. v. San Bernardino School District (1982) 33 Cal. 3d 301 ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINIONS 84 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 146 (2001) 80 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 91 (1997) 80 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 85 (1997)

Management Resources:

<u>CSBA PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>Safe Schools: Strategies for Governing Boards to Ensure Student Success</u>, 2011 <u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>Civil Rights Data Collection Summary</u>, March 2012 <u>WEB SITES</u> <u>CSBA: http://www.csba.org</u> California Attorney General's Office: http://www.oag.ca.gov California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights: http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/crdc-2012-data-summary.pdf U.S. Department of Education, Office of Safe and Drug-Free Schools: http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/osdfs

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS

Note: Education Code 35291 requires the Governing Board to adopt rules and regulations for maintaining discipline in the schools under its jurisdiction. In addition, Education Code 48918 and 48918.5 mandate that districts adopt rules concerning the due process rights of students in expulsion situations, and Education Code 48916 mandates procedures for filing and processing requests for readmission. Specific language complying with these mandates is included throughout this administrative regulation.

Definitions

Suspension from school means removal of a student from ongoing instruction for adjustment purposes. However, suspension does not mean any of the following: (Education Code 48925)

- 1. Reassignment to another education program or class at the same school where the student will receive continuing instruction for the length of day prescribed by the Governing Board for students of the same grade level.
- 2. Referral to a certificated employee designated by the principal to advise students.
- 3. Removal from the class, but without reassignment to another class or program, for the remainder of the class period without sending the student to the principal or designee as provided in Education Code 48910. Removal from a particular class shall not occur more than once every five school days.

Expulsion means removal of a student from the immediate supervision and control, or the general supervision, of school personnel. (Education Code 48925)

Day means a calendar day unless otherwise specifically provided. (Education Code 48925)

School day means a day upon which the schools of the district are in session or weekdays during the summer recess. (Education Code 48925)

Student includes a student's parent/guardian or legal counsel. (Education Code 48925)

Principal's designee means one or more administrators or, if there is not a second administrator at one school site, a certificated person specifically designated by the principal, in writing, to assist with disciplinary procedures. Only one such person may be designated at any time as the principal's primary designee and only one such person may be designated as secondary designee for the school year. The names of such persons shall be on file in the principal's office. (Education Code 48911)

School property, for the purposes described in Education Code 48900, includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. (Education Code 48900(u))

Notice of Regulations

At the beginning of each school year, the principal of each school shall ensure that all students and parents/guardians are notified in writing of all school rules related to discipline, including suspension and expulsion. (Education Code 35291, 48900.1, 48980)

(cf. 5144 - Discipline) (cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion

Any student, including a student with disabilities, may be subject to suspension or expulsion when it is determined that he/she:

(cf. 5144.2 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Students with Disabilities))

1. Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person or willfully used force or violence upon another person, except in self-defense (Education Code 48900(a))

Note: Education Code 48900 allows for the suspension, but not expulsion, of a student who "aids or abets," as defined in Penal Code 31, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person. However, a student may be suspended or expelled if a juvenile court determines that he/she has committed, as an aider or abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered either great or serious bodily injury. The term "aiding or abetting," as defined in Penal Code 31, is a complex legal term and requires that, at the time he/she committed the crime, the aider or abettor was aware of the crime and specifically intended to commit the crime. Because of the complexities of criminal law, this issue may be difficult for school administrators to apply in a school setting and legal counsel should be consulted as appropriate.

A student who *aids* or *abets* the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury on another person, as defined in Penal Code 31, may be suspended, but not expelled. However, such a student may be suspended or expelled pursuant to Education Code 48900(a) when he/she has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider or abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great or serious bodily injury. (Education Code 48900(t))

Note: The Attorney General, in 80 <u>Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen</u>. 91 (1997), determined that a student may be expelled for "possession" of a firearm if the student knowingly and voluntarily had direct control over the firearm. The only exceptions are when the student has permission from school officials to possess the firearm (pursuant to Education Code 48900 and 48915) or when the possession is brief and solely for the purpose of disposing of the firearm, such as handing it to school officials. See BP 5131.7 - Weapons and Dangerous Instruments.

Pursuant to Penal Code 417.27, students are prohibited from possessing a laser pointer on school premises, except for a valid instructional or other school-related purpose. See BP 5131 - Conduct.

2. Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive, or other dangerous object, unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the principal or designee's concurrence (Education Code 48900(b))

(cf. 5131 - Conduct) (cf. 5131.7 - Weapons and Dangerous Instruments)

3. Unlawfully possessed, used, sold, otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind (Education Code 48900(c))

(cf. 5131.6 - Alcohol and Other Drugs)

- 4. Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid, substance, or material and represented same as such controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant (Education Code 48900(d))
- 5. Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion (Education Code 48900(e))
- 6. Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property (Education Code 48900(f))
- 7. Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property (Education Code 48900(g))
- 8. Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including, but not limited to, cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets, and betel, except that this restriction shall not prohibit a student from using or possessing his/her own prescription products (Education Code 48900(h))

(cf. 5131.62 - Tobacco)

- 9. Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity (Education Code 48900(i))
- 10. Unlawfully possessed, offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code 11014.5 (Education Code 48900(j))

- 11. Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties (Education Code 48900(k))
- (cf. 5131.4 Student Disturbances)
- 12. Knowingly received stolen school property or private property (Education Code 48900(1))
- 13. Possessed an imitation firearm (Education Code 48900(m))

Imitation firearm means a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm. (Education Code 48900(m))

- 14. Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault as defined in Penal Code 261, 266c, 286, 288, 288a, or 289, or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code 243.4 (Education Code 48900(n))
- 15. Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness (Education Code 48900(o))
- 16. Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma (Education Code 48900(p))
- 17. Engaged in, or attempted to engage in, hazing (Education Code 48900(q))

Hazing means a method of initiation or pre-initiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. *Hazing* does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.

Note: Education Code 48900(r) defines "bullying" as "any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct directed toward a student and which would have certain consequences upon a reasonable student.

The legal issues regarding the discipline of students for cyberbullying are complex because the acts often originate off campus (e.g., using a home computer) and because such communications may be protected by the freedom of speech rights of students granted pursuant to Education Code 48907. Generally, courts have upheld discipline against students for off-campus conduct that constituted cyberbullying that posed a threat

to the safety of other students, staff, or school property or presented a risk of substantial disruption of school activities. Districts should consult legal counsel as appropriate. See also BP 5131.2 - Bullying and BP 5145.2 - Freedom of Speech/Expression.

18. Engaged in an act of bullying (Education Code 48900(r))

Bullying means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, directed toward one or more students that has or can reasonably be predicted to have the effect of placing a reasonable student in fear of harm to himself/herself or his/her property; cause the student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his/her physical or mental health; or cause the student to experience substantial interferences with his/her academic performance or ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by a school.

Note: "Bullying" also would include any act of sexual harassment, hate violence, or harassment, threat, or intimidation (as set forth in Education Code 48900.2, 48900.3, or 48900.4; see items #20-22 below) that is committed by a student of any grade level, when the act results in harm to a reasonable student as specified in the above paragraph. However, when bullying is found under these circumstances, students below grade 4 may not be disciplined for the underlying violations of items #20-22 below, but may only be disciplined for "bullying."

Bullying shall include any act of sexual harassment, hate violence, or harassment, threat, or intimidation, as defined in Education Code 48900.2, 48900.3, or 48900.4 (items #20-22 below), that has any of the effects described above on a reasonable student.

Note: Education Code 48900(r), as amended by AB 1732 (Ch. 157, Statutes of 2012), defines "electronic act" to include posts on social network Internet web sites as specified below. However, Education Code 48900(r) provides that an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely by reason of its transmission on the Internet.

Electronic act means the transmission of a communication, including, but not limited to, a message, text, sound, image, or post on a social network Internet web site, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager. A post on a social network Internet web site shall include, but is not limited to, the posting or creation of a burn page or the creation of a credible impersonation or false profile for the purpose of causing a reasonable student any of the effects of bullying described above.

Reasonable student means a student, including, but not limited to, a student who has been identified as a student with a disability, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of his/her age, or for a person of his/her age with his/her disability. (Education Code 48900(r))

(cf. 1114 - District-Sponsored Social Media) (cf. 5131.2 - Bullying) (cf. 6164.4 - Identification and Evaluation of Individuals for Special Education) (cf. 6164.6 - Identification and Education under Section 504)

19. Made terrorist threats against school officials and/or school property. (Education Code 48900.7)

A *terrorist threat* includes any written or oral statement by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death or great bodily injury to another person or property damage in excess of \$1,000, with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out. (Education Code 48900.7)

Note: The following additional grounds apply only to students in grades 4-12 and may be revised to reflect grade levels offered by the district. As discussed in item #18 above, although Education Code 48900(r) defines bullying to include acts involving items #20-22, only students in grades 4-12 may be suspended or expelled for the individual acts that constitute sexual harassment, hate violence, and harassment as stated in items #20-22 below. The interplay between items #18 and #20-22 can raise complex legal issues. Districts should consult legal counsel as appropriate.

A student in grades 4-12 is also subject to suspension or recommendation for expulsion when it is determined that he/she:

20. Committed sexual harassment as defined in Education Code 212.5 (Education Code 48900.2)

Sexual harassment means conduct which, when considered from the perspective of a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim, is sufficiently severe or pervasive as to have a negative impact upon the victim's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. (Education Code 212.5, 48900.2)

- (cf. 5145.7 Sexual Harassment)
- 21. Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of hate violence as defined in Education Code 233 (Education Code 48900.3)

Hate violence means any act punishable under Penal Code 422.6, 422.7, or 422.75. Such acts include injuring or intimidating a victim, interfering with the exercise of a victim's civil rights, or damaging a victim's property because of the victim's race, ethnicity, religion, nationality, disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation; a perception of the presence of any of those characteristics in the victim; or the victim's association with a person or group with one or more of those actual or perceived characteristics. (Education Code 233; Penal Code 422.55)

(cf. 5145.9 - Hate-Motivated Behavior)

22. Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation against district personnel or students that is sufficiently severe or pervasive to have the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting classwork, creating substantial disorder, and invading the rights of school personnel or students by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment (Education Code 48900.4)

(cf. 5145.3 - Nondiscrimination/Harassment)

A student may be suspended or expelled for any of the acts listed above if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any district school or within any other school district, at any time, including, but not limited to, the following: (Education Code 48900(s))

- 1. While on school grounds
- 2. While going to or coming from school

(cf. 5131.1 - Bus Conduct)

3. During the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus

(cf. 5112.5 - Open/Closed Campus)

4. During, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity

Removal from Class by a Teacher and Parental Attendance

Note: The following section is optional and may be revised to reflect district practice.

A teacher may remove any student from his/her class for the remainder of the day and the following day for any act listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above. (Education Code 48910)

When removing a student from his/her class, the teacher shall immediately report this action to the principal or designee and send the student to the principal or designee for appropriate action. If that action requires the continuing presence of the student at school, he/she shall be appropriately supervised during the class periods from which he/she has been removed. (Education Code 48910)

As soon as possible, the teacher shall ask the student's parent/guardian to attend a parentteacher conference regarding the removal. A counselor or psychologist may attend the

conference if it is practicable, and a school administrator shall attend if either the parent/guardian or teacher so requests. (Education Code 48910)

A student removed from class shall not be returned to class during the period of removal without the approval of the teacher of the class and the principal. (Education Code 48910)

A student removed from class shall not be placed in another regular class during the period of removal. However, if a student is assigned to more than one class per day, he/she may be placed in any other regular classes except those held at the same time as the class from which the student was removed. (Education Code 48910)

The teacher of any class from which a student is removed may require the student to complete any assignments and tests missed during the removal. (Education Code 48913)

Note: The remainder of this section is for use by districts that have adopted a policy regarding required parental attendance pursuant to Education Code 48900.1; see the accompanying Board policy.

Pursuant to Board policy, a teacher may require the parent/guardian of a student whom the teacher has removed to attend a portion of a school day in his/her child's classroom. When a teacher makes this request, the principal shall send the parent/guardian a written notice that the parent/guardian's attendance is requested pursuant to law. (Education Code 48900.1)

Note: Education Code 48900.1 requires the principal's notice to specify when the parent/guardian must attend the class and to take into account reasonable factors that may prevent the parent/guardian from complying, such as illness, injury, disability, or absence from town. The following paragraph establishes a one-week deadline for the parent/guardian's attendance. This deadline may be modified to reflect district practice.

The notice shall specify that the attendance may be on either the date the student is scheduled to return to class or within one week thereafter.

Note: Items #1-3 below are optional and should be modified to reflect district practice.

This notice shall also:

- 1. Inform the parent/guardian when his/her presence is expected and by what means he/she may arrange an alternate date
- 2. State that if the parent/guardian does not have a means of transportation to school, he/she may ride the school bus with the student
- 3. Ask the parent/guardian to meet with the principal after the visit and before leaving school, as required by Education Code 48900.1

Suspension by Superintendent, Principal, or Designee

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48900, as amended by AB 1729 (Ch. 425, Statutes of 2012), and Education Code 48915, as amended by AB 2537 (Ch. 431, Statutes of 2012), except for certain grave violations requiring suspension as specified below, the Superintendent or principal is authorized to use his/her discretion to provide an alternative, age-appropriate disciplinary measure that is tailored to correct a student's specific misbehavior when considering suspension or expulsion of the student. Education Code 48900.5, as amended by AB 1729, also authorizes documentation in the student's record of any implemented alternative means of correction and provides examples of such alternatives. For details and a listing of these alternatives, see AR 5144 - Discipline.

The Superintendent, principal, or designee may suspend a student for any of the acts listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above. A student may be suspended only when the Superintendent or principal has determined that other means of correction have failed to bring about proper conduct in the student. (Education Code 48900.5)

When other means of correcting a student's behavior are implemented prior to imposing suspension upon the student, including supervised suspension, the Superintendent, principal, or designee shall document the other means of correction used and retain them in the student's record. (Education Code 48900.5)

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)

Note: Education Code 48900.5, as amended by AB 1729 (Ch. 425, Statutes of 2012), limits situations warranting suspension for a first offense to when the violation involves Education Code 48900(a)-(e) or the student's presence causes a danger to persons.

However, the Superintendent, principal, or designee may impose a suspension upon a first offense if he/she determines that the student violated any of items #1-5 listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above or if the student's presence causes a danger to persons. (Education Code 48900.5)

In addition, the Superintendent, principal, or designee shall <u>immediately</u> suspend any student found at school or at a school activity to be: (Education Code 48915)

- 1. Possessing, as verified by a district employee, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm, unless the student had obtained prior written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the principal or designee's concurrence
- 2. Brandishing a knife as defined in Education Code 48915(g)
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code 11053-11058

- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault as defined in Penal Code 261, 266c, 286, 288, 288a, or 289, or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code 243.4
- 5. Possessing an explosive as defined in 18 USC 921

The Superintendent, principal, or designee may suspend a student from school for not more than five consecutive school days unless the suspension is extended pending expulsion. (Education Code 48911)

A student may be suspended from school for not more than 20 school days in any school year unless, for purposes of adjustment, the student enrolls in or is transferred to another regular school, an opportunity school, or continuation school or class, in which case suspension shall not exceed 30 days in any school year. However, this restriction on the number of days of suspension does not apply when the suspension is extended pending an expulsion. (Education Code 48903, 48911, 48912)

(cf. 6184 - Continuation Education)

The district may count suspensions that occur while a student is enrolled in another school district toward the maximum number of days for which the student may be suspended in any school year. (Education Code 48903)

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. Informal Conference: Suspension shall be preceded by an informal conference conducted by the Superintendent, principal, or designee with the student and, whenever practicable, the teacher, supervisor, or school employee who referred the student to the principal. At the conference, the student shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action, presented with the evidence against him/her, and given the opportunity to present his/her version and evidence in support of his/her defense. (Education Code 48911)

This conference may be omitted if the Superintendent, principal, or designee determines that an emergency situation exists involving a clear and present danger to the lives, safety, or health of students or school personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student's right to return to school for the purpose of the conference. The conference shall be held within two school days, unless the student waives his/her right to it or is physically unable to attend for any reason. In such a case, the conference shall be held as soon as the student is physically able to return to school. (Education Code 48911)

Note: Item #2 below should be revised to reflect the district's processing and reporting procedures.

- 2. Administrative Actions: All requests for student suspension are to be processed by the principal or designee. A school employee shall report the suspension, including the name of the student and the cause for the suspension, to the Superintendent or designee. (Education Code 48911)
- 3. Notice to Parents/Guardians: At the time of the suspension, a school employee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension. (Education Code 48911)

This notice shall state the specific offense committed by the student. (Education Code 48900.8)

Note: The following optional paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice.

In addition, the notice may state the date and time when the student may return to school. If school officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may add that state law requires the parent/guardian to respond to such requests without delay.

4. **Parent/Guardian Conference:** Whenever a student is suspended, school officials may meet with the parent/guardian to discuss the cause(s) and duration of the suspension, the school policy involved, and any other pertinent matter. (Education Code 48914)

Although the parent/guardian is required to respond without delay to a request for a conference about his/her child's behavior, no penalties may be imposed on the student for the failure of the parent/guardian to attend such a conference. The student may not be denied readmission solely because the parent/guardian failed to attend the conference. (Education Code 48911)

5. Extension of Suspension: If the Board is considering the expulsion of a suspended student from any school or the suspension of a student for the balance of the semester from continuation school, the Superintendent or designee may, in writing, extend the suspension until such time as the Board has made a decision. (Education Code 48911)

Any extension of the original period of suspension shall be preceded by notice of such extension with an offer to hold a conference concerning the extension, giving the student an opportunity to be heard. This conference may be held in conjunction with

a meeting requested by the student or parent/guardian to challenge the original suspension. Extension of the suspension may be made only if the Superintendent or designee determines, following a meeting in which the student and the student's parent/guardian were invited to participate, that the student's presence at the school or at an alternative school would endanger persons or property or threaten to disrupt the instructional process. (Education Code 48911)

Note: When the student being considered for expulsion is a foster youth, Education Code 48911, as amended by AB 1909 (Ch. 849, Statutes of 2012), and Education Code 48918.1, as added by AB 1909, require the district to invite the student's attorney and an appropriate county child welfare agency representative to the meeting specified above. To ensure such invitation, the following paragraph provides that the district liaison for foster youth be notified. However, any district that has designated another position to carry out this responsibility may modify the paragraph to specify that position. For designation of the liaison for foster youth, see AR 6173.1 - Education for Foster Youth.

If the student involved is a foster youth, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the district liaison for foster youth of the need to invite the student's attorney and a representative of the appropriate county child welfare agency to attend the meeting. (Education Code 48853.5, 48911, 48918.1)

(cf. 6173.1 - Education for Foster Youth)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. Since Education Code 48900 and 48900.5, as amended by AB 1729 (Ch. 425, Statutes of 2012), require a district, under certain circumstances, to use alternative disciplinary measures prior to imposing suspension, including supervised suspension, the district may, as necessary, provide services that would address the student's specific misbehavior along with the suspension program. For example, the district may require the student to enroll in a program that teaches prosocial behavior or anger management even while the student is suspended.

In addition to suspending a student, the Superintendent, principal, or designee may provide services or require the student to participate in an alternative disciplinary program designed to correct his/her behavior and keep him/her in school.

Suspension by the Board

The Board may suspend a student for any of the acts listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above and within the limits specified in "Suspension by Superintendent, Principal, or Designee" above. (Education Code 48912)

The Board may suspend a student enrolled in a continuation school or class for a period not longer than the remainder of the semester if any of the acts listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" occurred. The suspension shall meet the requirements of Education Code 48915. (Education Code 48912.5)

When the Board is considering a suspension, disciplinary action, or any other action (except expulsion) against any student, it shall hold a closed session if a public hearing would lead to disclosure of information violating a student's right to privacy under Education Code 49073-49079. (Education Code 35146, 48912)

(cf. 9321 - Closed Session Purposes and Agendas)

The Board shall provide the student and his/her parent/guardian with written notice of the closed session by registered or certified mail or personal service. Upon receiving this notice, the student or parent/guardian may request a public meeting, and this request shall be granted if made in writing within 48 hours after receipt of the Board's notice. However, any discussion that conflicts with any other student's right to privacy still shall be held in closed session. (Education Code 35146, 48912)

Supervised Suspension Classroom

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by any district establishing a supervised on-campus suspension program pursuant to Education Code 48911.1. However, pursuant to Education Code 48900.5, as amended by AB 1729 (Ch. 425, Statutes of 2012), such a district is required to use other means of correcting a student's behavior before imposing a supervised suspension, unless such a supervised suspension is otherwise permitted by law for a student's first offense. Use of a supervised suspension program does not in any way limit the district's ability to transfer a student to an opportunity school or class or a continuation education school or class.

A student for whom an expulsion action has not been initiated and who poses no imminent danger or threat to the school, students, or staff may be assigned to a supervised suspension classroom in a separate classroom, building, or site for the entire period of suspension. The following conditions shall apply: (Education Code 48911.1)

- 1. The supervised suspension classroom shall be staffed in accordance with law.
- 2. The student shall have access to appropriate counseling services.
- 3. The supervised suspension classroom shall promote completion of schoolwork and tests missed by the student during the suspension.
- 4. The student shall be responsible for contacting his/her teacher(s) to receive assignments to be completed in the supervised suspension classroom. The teacher(s) shall provide all assignments and tests that the student will miss while suspended. If no such work is assigned, the person supervising the suspension classroom shall assign schoolwork.

At the time a student is assigned to a supervised suspension classroom, the principal or designee shall notify the student's parent/guardian in person or by telephone. When the assignment is for longer than one class period, this notification shall be made in writing. (Education Code 48911.1)

Authority to Expel

A student may be expelled <u>only</u> by the Board. (Education Code 48918(j))

The Board shall expel, as required by law, any student found to have committed any offense listed below under "Mandatory Recommendation and Mandatory Expulsion." (Education Code 48915)

For all other grounds listed above under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion," the Board shall order a student expelled upon the recommendation of the Superintendent, principal, or designee, only if the Board makes a finding of either or both of the following: (Education Code 48915(b) and (e))

- 1. That other means of correction are not feasible or have repeatedly failed to bring about proper conduct
- 2. That due to the nature of the violation, the presence of the student causes a continuing danger to the physical safety of the student or others

Mandatory Recommendation for Expulsion

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48915, as amended by AB 2537 (Ch. 431, Statutes of 2012), the authority of school administrators in determining when expulsion should be recommended for certain offenses has been broadened as provided in the following paragraph.

Unless the Superintendent, principal, or designee determines that expulsion should not be recommended under the circumstances or that an alternative means of correction would address the conduct, he/she shall recommend a student's expulsion for any of the following acts: (Education Code 48915(a))

- 1. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
- 2. Possession of any knife as defined in Education Code 48915(g), explosive, or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student

Note: As amended by AB 2537 (Ch. 431, Statutes of 2012), Education Code 48915 added possession by a student of his/her over-the-counter or prescribed medication as an exception to the possession of controlled substances as provided in item #3 below.

- 3. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance as listed in Health and Safety Code 11053-11058, except for (a) the first offense for the possession of not more than one ounce of marijuana, other than concentrated cannabis, or (b) the student's possession of over-the-counter medication for his/her use or other medication prescribed for him/her by a physician
- 4. Robbery or extortion
- 5. Assault or battery, as defined in Penal Code 240 and 242, upon any school employee

In determining whether or not to recommend the expulsion of a student, the Superintendent, principal, or designee shall act as quickly as possible to ensure that the student does not lose instructional time. (Education Code 48915)

Mandatory Recommendation and Mandatory Expulsion

Note: The following section reflects circumstances under which Education Code 48915 requires both a recommendation of expulsion and Board action to expel the student. The Attorney General has determined, in 80 <u>Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen</u>. 347 (1997), that a district may not adopt a zero tolerance policy mandating expulsion of a student for a first offense of possession of a controlled substance or alcohol; see the accompanying Board policy.

The Superintendent, principal, or designee shall recommend that the Board expel any student found at school or at a school activity to be: (Education Code 48915(c))

Note: The Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 USC 7151, requires districts and county offices of education to submit to the California Department of Education (CDE) assurances of compliance with state and federal laws related to incidents on campus involving the possession of firearms. Item #1 below reflects language that must be submitted to the CDE for compliance. For other such language that must be submitted to the CDE, see sections in this regulation entitled "Final Action by the Board" and "Notifications to Law Enforcement Authorities."

Education Code 48915, as amended by AB 2537 (Ch. 431, Statutes of 2012), clarifies that possession of an "imitation firearm" is not an offense requiring mandatory expulsion as provided in item #1 below.

1. Possessing, as verified by a district employee, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm, unless the student had obtained prior written permission to possess the firearm from a certificated school employee, with the principal or designee's concurrence

However, possession of an imitation firearm, as defined in Education Code 48900(m), shall not be regarded as an offense requiring a mandatory recommendation for expulsion and mandatory expulsion.

2. Brandishing a knife as defined in Education Code 48915(g) at another person

- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code 11053-11058
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault as defined in Penal Code 261, 266c, 286, 288, 288a, or 289, or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code 243.4
- 5. Possessing an explosive as defined in 18 USC 921

Upon finding that the student committed any of the above acts, the Board shall expel the student. (Education Code 48915)

Student's Right to Expulsion Hearing

Note: Education Code 48918 mandates that the Board establish rules and regulations governing procedures for the expulsion of students. The timelines of Education Code 48918 must be strictly followed; failure to do so may result in loss of the district's power to act (<u>Garcia v. Los Angeles Board of Education</u>). In calculating timelines, the district should also be aware of the difference between the calculation of "school days" and "calendar days" under Education Code 48918.

Any student recommended for expulsion shall be entitled to a hearing to determine whether he/she should be expelled. The hearing shall be held within 30 school days after the Superintendent, principal, or designee determines that the student has committed one of the acts listed above under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion." (Education Code 48918(a))

The student is entitled to at least one postponement of an expulsion hearing for a period of not more than 30 calendar days. The request for postponement shall be in writing. Any subsequent postponement may be granted at the Board's discretion. (Education Code 48918(a))

If the Board finds it impractical during the regular school year to comply with these time requirements for conducting an expulsion hearing, the Superintendent or designee may, for good cause, extend the time period by an additional five school days. Reasons for the extension shall be included as a part of the record when the expulsion hearing is held. (Education Code 48918(a))

If the Board finds it impractical to comply with the time requirements of the expulsion hearing due to a summer recess of Board meetings of more than two weeks, the days during the recess shall not be counted as school days. The days not counted during the recess may not exceed 20 school days, as defined in Education Code 48925. Unless the student requests in writing that the expulsion hearing be postponed, the hearing shall be held not later than 20 calendar days prior to the first day of the next school year. (Education Code 48918(a))

Once the hearing starts, all matters shall be pursued with reasonable diligence and concluded without unnecessary delay. (Education Code 48918(a))

Note: The following optional paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. "Stipulated expulsion" is for districts that have adopted an expedited procedure which requires a student to waive his/her right to a hearing in exchange for an agreement as to the term of the expulsion. Because such waivers are not covered in the Education Code, districts should consult legal counsel as appropriate.

After a determination that one of the grounds listed above under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" has occurred, the Superintendent, principal, or designee shall offer the student and his/her parent/guardian the option to waive a hearing and stipulate to the expulsion. The stipulation agreement shall be in writing and shall be signed by the student and his/her parent/guardian.

Rights of Complaining Witness

Note: Education Code 48918.5 mandates the following rights related to the treatment of witnesses alleging acts of sexual assault or sexual battery. Other procedures related to complaining witnesses also may be added as desired by the district. Additional mandated procedures related to the rights and treatment of complaining witnesses are included where appropriate throughout this regulation.

An expulsion hearing involving allegations of sexual assault or sexual battery may be postponed for one school day in order to accommodate the special physical, mental, or emotional needs of a student who is the complaining witness. (Education Code 48918.5)

Whenever the Superintendent or designee recommends an expulsion hearing that addresses allegations of sexual assault or sexual battery, he/she shall give the complaining witness a copy of the district's suspension and expulsion policy and regulation and shall advise the witness of his/her right to: (Education Code 48918.5)

- 1. Receive five days' notice of his/her scheduled testimony at the hearing
- 2. Have up to two adult support persons of his/her choosing present at the hearing at the time he/she testifies
- 3. Have a closed hearing during the time he/she testifies

Whenever any allegation of sexual assault or sexual battery is made, the Superintendent or designee shall immediately advise complaining witnesses and accused students to refrain from personal or telephone contact with each other during the time when an expulsion process is pending. (Education Code 48918.5)

Written Notice of the Expulsion Hearing

Note: Education Code 48918 mandates the Board to adopt procedures that include the following items.

Written notice of the expulsion hearing shall be forwarded to the student and the student's parent/guardian at least 10 calendar days before the date of the hearing. The notice shall include: (Education Code 48900.8, 48918(b))

- 1. The date and place of the hearing.
- 2. A statement of the specific facts, charges, and offense upon which the proposed expulsion is based.
- 3. A copy of district disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation.
- 4. Notification of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation, pursuant to Education Code 48915.1, to provide information about the student's status in the district to any other district in which the student seeks enrollment. This obligation applies when a student is expelled for acts other than those described in Education Code 48915(a) or (c).

(cf. 5119 - Students Expelled from Other Districts)

5. The opportunity for the student or the student's parent/guardian to appear in person or be represented by legal counsel or by a nonattorney advisor.

Legal counsel means an attorney or lawyer who is admitted to the practice of law in California and is an active member of the State Bar of California.

Nonattorney advisor means an individual who is not an attorney or lawyer, but who is familiar with the facts of the case and has been selected by the student or student's parent/guardian to provide assistance at the hearing.

- 6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing.
- 7. The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing.
- 8. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the student's behalf, including witnesses.

Additional Notice of Expulsion Hearing for Foster Youth

Note: Prior to conducting a hearing to determine whether a foster youth should be expelled, Education Code 48918.1, as added by AB 1909 (Ch. 849, Statutes of 2012), requires the district to notify the student's attorney and a representative of an appropriate county child welfare agency, provided that the violation does not require a mandatory recommendation for expulsion. However, if the offense requires a mandatory recommendation for expulsion, the notice is permitted but not required.

At least 10 days prior to a hearing to determine if a student who is a foster youth as defined under Education Code 48853.5 should be expelled for an offense not requiring a mandatory recommendation for expulsion, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the student's attorney and a representative of an appropriate county child welfare agency. If the hearing is pursuant to an offense requiring a mandatory expulsion recommendation, the Superintendent or designee may provide the same notification. The notice shall be provided by the most costeffective method possible, including by email or a telephone call. (Education Code 48918.1)

Conduct of Expulsion Hearing

Note: Education Code 48918 mandates that the Board adopt procedures that include the following items.

Instead of the Board conducting an expulsion hearing, it may appoint a hearing officer or an impartial administrative panel to conduct the hearing; see section "Alternative Expulsion Hearing: Hearing Officer or Administrative Panel" below. Even if the district conducts all expulsion hearings in this manner, the requirements of Education Code 48918 pertaining to the conduct of the hearing must be met.

1. **Closed Session:** Notwithstanding the provisions of Government Code 54953 and Education Code 35145, the Board shall conduct a hearing to consider the expulsion of the student in a session closed to the public unless the student requests in writing at least five days prior to the hearing that the hearing be a public meeting. If such a request is made, the meeting shall be public unless another student's privacy rights would be violated. (Education Code 48918(c))

Note: For the purpose of Board deliberations during the closed session described below, the presence of any person other than the Board members, including the Superintendent, necessitates allowing the presence of the parent/guardian, student, and student's counsel.

Whether the expulsion hearing is held in closed or public session, the Board may meet in closed session to deliberate and determine whether or not the student should be expelled. If the Board admits any other person to this closed session, the parent/guardian, the student, and the counsel of the student also shall be allowed to attend the closed session. (Education Code 48918(c))

If a hearing that involves a charge of sexual assault or sexual battery is to be conducted in public, a complaining witness shall have the right to have his/her

testimony heard in closed session when testifying in public would threaten serious psychological harm to the witness and when there are no alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm, including, but not limited to, videotaped deposition or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing room by closed-circuit television. (Education Code 48918(c))

2. **Record of Hearing:** A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made. (Education Code 48918(g))

Note: Education Code 48918 authorizes the Board to issue subpoenas for the personal appearance of percipient witnesses at an expulsion hearing. In <u>Woodbury v. Dempsey</u>, the court held that a district's authority to determine whether to issue subpoenas is discretionary, but a district could not have a blanket policy denying the issuance of subpoenas in all cases.

In accordance with Code of Civil Procedure 1987, the subpoena must be served at least 10 days before the time required for attendance unless the court prescribes a shorter time. Unless they are parties to the hearing or are district or government employees, witnesses who appear pursuant to a subpoena receive fees equal to those prescribed for witnesses in civil actions in a superior court, and all witnesses other than the parties to the hearing receive mileage; these fees and mileage must be paid by the party requesting the subpoena.

3. **Subpoenas:** Before commencing a student expulsion hearing, the Board may issue subpoenas, at the request of either the student or the Superintendent or designee, for the personal appearance at the hearing of any person who actually witnessed the action that gave rise to the recommendation for expulsion. After the hearing has commenced, the Board or the hearing officer or administrative panel may issue such subpoenas at the request of the student or the County Superintendent of Schools or designee. All subpoenas shall be issued in accordance with Code of Civil Procedure 1985-1985.2 and enforced in accordance with Government Code 11455.20. (Education Code 48918(i))

Any objection raised by the student or the Superintendent or designee to the issuance of subpoenas may be considered by the Board in closed session, or in open session if so requested by the student, before the meeting. The Board's decision in response to such an objection shall be final and binding. (Education Code 48918(i))

If the Board determines, or if the hearing officer or administrative panel finds and submits to the Board, that a witness would be subject to unreasonable risk of harm by testifying at the hearing, a subpoena shall not be issued to compel the personal attendance of that witness at the hearing. However, that witness may be compelled to testify by means of a sworn declaration as described in item #4 below. (Education Code 48918(i))

4. **Presentation of Evidence:** Technical rules of evidence shall not apply to the expulsion hearing, but relevant evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. The decision of the Board to expel shall be supported by substantial evidence that the student committed any of the acts pursuant to Education Code 48900 and listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above. (Education Code 48918(h))

Note: Findings of fact made by the Board or a hearing panel must not be based on hearsay alone. "Hearsay" is evidence of an oral or written statement made by a person who is not present at the hearing which is offered to establish a fact as being true. Some exceptions to the hearsay rule exist under the Evidence Code and Education Code; the district should consult legal counsel as appropriate.

Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. Although no finding shall be based solely on hearsay, sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses whose disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm. (Education Code 48918(f))

In cases where a search of a student's person or property has occurred, evidence describing the reasonableness of the search shall be included in the hearing record.

Note: Education Code 48918.6 provides that testimony by a student witness at an expulsion hearing is privileged and thus protected from liability for defamation pursuant to Civil Code 47(b).

- 5. **Testimony by Complaining Witnesses:** The following procedures shall be observed when a hearing involves allegations of sexual assault or sexual battery by a student: (Education Code 48918, 48918.5)
 - a. Any complaining witness shall be given five days' notice before being called to testify.
 - b. Any complaining witness shall be entitled to have up to two adult support persons, including, but not limited to, a parent/guardian or legal counsel, present during his/her testimony.
 - c. Before a complaining witness testifies, support persons shall be admonished that the hearing is confidential.
 - d. The person presiding over the hearing may remove a support person whom he/she finds is disrupting the hearing.
 - e. If one or both support persons are also witnesses, the hearing shall be conducted in accordance with Penal Code 868.5.

- f. Evidence of specific instances of prior sexual conduct of a complaining witness shall be presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard unless the person conducting the hearing determines that extraordinary circumstances require the evidence to be heard. Before such a determination is made, the complaining witness shall be given notice and an opportunity to oppose the introduction of this evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of this evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent/guardian, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of a complaining witness shall not be admissible for any purpose.
- g. In order to facilitate a free and accurate statement of the experiences of the complaining witness and to prevent discouragement of complaints, the district shall provide a nonthreatening environment.
 - (1) The district shall provide a room separate from the hearing room for the use of the complaining witness before and during breaks in testimony.
 - (2) At the discretion of the person conducting the hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed reasonable periods of relief from examination and cross-examination during which he/she may leave the hearing room.
 - (3) The person conducting the hearing may:
 - (a) Arrange the seating within the hearing room so as to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness
 - (b) Limit the time for taking the testimony of a complaining witness to the hours he/she is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours
 - (c) Permit one of the support persons to accompany the complaining witness to the witness stand
- 6. **Decision:** The Board's decision as to whether to expel a student shall be made within 40 school days after the student is removed from his/her school of attendance, unless the student requests in writing that the decision be postponed. (Education Code 48918(a))

Alternative Expulsion Hearing: Hearing Officer or Administrative Panel

Note: For districts that use a hearing officer or administrative panel, Education Code 48918 mandates that the Board adopt procedures that include the following section.

Instead of conducting an expulsion hearing itself, the Board may contract with the county hearing officer or with the Office of Administrative Hearings of the State of California for a hearing officer. Alternatively, the Board may appoint an impartial administrative panel composed of three or more certificated personnel, none of whom shall be members of the Board or on the staff of the school in which the student is enrolled. (Education Code 48918(d))

A hearing conducted by the hearing officer or administrative panel shall conform to the same procedures applicable to a hearing conducted by the Board as specified above in "Conduct of Expulsion Hearing," including the requirement to issue its decision within 40 school days of the student's removal from school, unless the student requests that the decision be postponed. (Education Code 48918(a) and (d))

The hearing officer or administrative panel shall, within three school days after the hearing, determine whether to recommend expulsion of the student to the Board. If expulsion is not recommended, the expulsion proceeding shall be terminated and the student shall be immediately reinstated. The Superintendent or designee shall place the student in a classroom instructional program, any other instructional program, a rehabilitation program, or any combination of these programs after consulting with district staff, including the student's teachers, and with the student's parent/guardian. The decision to not recommend expulsion shall be final. (Education Code 48918(e))

If expulsion is recommended, findings of fact in support of the recommendation shall be prepared and submitted to the Board. All findings of fact and recommendations shall be based solely on the evidence presented at the hearing. The Board may accept the recommendation based either upon a review of the findings of fact and recommendations submitted or upon the results of any supplementary hearing the Board may order. (Education Code 48918(f))

In accordance with Board policy, the hearing officer or administrative panel may recommend that the Board suspend the enforcement of the expulsion for a period of one year. (Education Code 48917, 48918)

Final Action by the Board

Note: Education Code 48918 mandates that the Board adopt procedures that include the following paragraph.

Whether the expulsion hearing is conducted in closed or public session by the Board, a hearing officer, or an administrative panel, the final action to expel shall be taken by the Board at a public meeting. (Education Code 48918(j))

(cf. 9321.1 - Closed Session Actions and Reports)

If the Board conducts the hearing and reaches a decision not to expel, this decision shall be final and the student shall be reinstated immediately.

Note: The Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 USC 7151, requires that the following paragraph be sent to the CDE for assurances of compliance with federal and state law. For other language that must be submitted to the CDE, see section below entitled "Notifications to Law Enforcement Authorities."

Upon ordering an expulsion, the Board shall set a date when the student shall be reviewed for readmission to a school within the district. For a student expelled for any act listed under "Mandatory Recommendation and Mandatory Expulsion" above, this date shall be one year from the date the expulsion occurred, except that the Board may set an earlier date on a case-by-case basis. For a student expelled for other acts, this date shall be no later than the last day of the semester following the semester in which the expulsion occurred. If an expulsion is ordered during summer session or the intersession period of a year-round program, the Board shall set a date when the student shall be reviewed for readmission not later than the last day of the semester following the summer session or intersession period in which the expulsion occurred. (Education Code 48916)

At the time of the expulsion order, the Board shall recommend a plan for the student's rehabilitation, which may include: (Education Code 48916)

- 1. Periodic review, as well as assessment at the time of review, for readmission
- 2. Recommendations for improved academic performance, tutoring, special education assessments, job training, counseling, employment, community service, or other rehabilitative programs

Note: The following paragraph is **optional**. Education Code 48916.5 authorizes, but does not mandate, the Board to make the following requirement of certain expelled students.

With parent/guardian consent, students who have been expelled for reasons relating to controlled substances or alcohol may be required to enroll in a county-sponsored drug rehabilitation program before returning to school. (Education Code 48916.5)

Written Notice to Expel

The Superintendent or designee shall send written notice of the decision to expel to the student or parent/guardian. This notice shall include the following:

- 1. The specific offense committed by the student for any of the causes for suspension or expulsion listed above under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" (Education Code 48900.8)
- 2. The fact that a description of readmission procedures will be made available to the student and his/her parent/guardian (Education Code 48916)
- 3. Notice of the right to appeal the expulsion to the County Board of Education (Education Code 48918)
- 4. Notice of the alternative educational placement to be provided to the student during the time of expulsion (Education Code 48918)
- 5. Notice of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of the student's status with the expelling district, pursuant to Education Code 48915.1 (Education Code 48918)

Decision Not to Enforce Expulsion Order

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48917, the Board's criteria for suspending the enforcement of expulsions must be applied uniformly to all students. Items #1-3 below are **optional** and should be revised to reflect district criteria.

In accordance with Board policy, when deciding whether to suspend the enforcement of an expulsion order, the Board shall take into account the following criteria:

- 1. The student's pattern of behavior
- 2. The seriousness of the misconduct
- 3. The student's attitude toward the misconduct and his/her willingness to follow a rehabilitation program

The suspension of the enforcement of an expulsion shall be governed by the following:

1. The Board may, as a condition of the suspension of enforcement, assign the student to a school, class, or program appropriate for the student's rehabilitation. This rehabilitation program may provide for the involvement of the student's parent/guardian in the student's education. However, a parent/guardian's refusal to participate in the rehabilitation program shall not be considered in the Board's determination as to whether the student has satisfactorily completed the rehabilitation program. (Education Code 48917)

- 2. During the period when enforcement of the expulsion order is suspended, the student shall be on probationary status. (Education Code 48917)
- 3. The suspension of the enforcement of an expulsion order may be revoked by the Board if the student commits any of the acts listed under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above or violates any of the district's rules and regulations governing student conduct. (Education Code 48917)
- 4. When the suspension of enforcement of an expulsion order is revoked, a student may be expelled under the terms of the original expulsion order. (Education Code 48917)
- 5. Upon satisfactory completion of the rehabilitation assignment, the Board shall reinstate the student in a district school. Upon reinstatement, the Board may order the expunging of any or all records of the expulsion proceedings. (Education Code 48917)
- 6. The Superintendent or designee shall send written notice of any decision to suspend the enforcement of an expulsion order during a period of probation to the student or parent/guardian. The notice shall inform the parent/guardian of the right to appeal the expulsion to the County Board, the alternative educational placement to be provided to the student during the period of expulsion, and the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of his/her status with the expelling district, pursuant to Education Code 48915.1(b). (Education Code 48918(j))
- 7. Suspension of the enforcement of an expulsion order shall not affect the time period and requirements for the filing of an appeal of the expulsion order with the County Board. (Education Code 48917)

Right to Appeal

The student or parent/guardian is entitled to file an appeal of the Board's decision with the County Board. The appeal must be filed within 30 days of the Board's decision to expel, even if the expulsion order is suspended and the student is placed on probation. (Education Code 48919)

The student shall submit a written request for a copy of the written transcripts and supporting documents from the district simultaneously with the filing of the notice of appeal with the County Board. The district shall provide the student with these documents within 10 school days following the student's written request. (Education Code 48919)

Notification to Law Enforcement Authorities

Note: The Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 USC 7151, requires that the following two paragraphs be sent to the CDE for assurances of compliance with federal and state law.

In addition, Education Code 48902 requires the principal or designee to notify law enforcement authorities when a student or nonstudent possesses a firearm or explosive or sells or furnishes a firearm at school. However, when the student involved in such a case is a student with a disability, Education Code 49076 requires any law enforcement authority to which student information is disclosed to certify that those records will not be disclosed to another party without the prior written consent of the student's parent/guardian or other person invested with the student's educational right; see AR 5144.2 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Students with Disabilities).

Prior to the suspension or expulsion of any student, the principal or designee shall notify appropriate city or county law enforcement authorities of any student acts of assault which may have violated Penal Code 245. (Education Code 48902)

The principal or designee also shall notify appropriate city or county law enforcement authorities of any student acts which may involve the possession or sale of narcotics or of a controlled substance. In addition, law enforcement authorities shall be notified regarding any acts by students regarding the possession, sale, or furnishment of firearms, explosives, or other dangerous weapons in violation of Education Code 48915(c)(1) or (5) or Penal Code 626.9 and 626.10. (Education Code 48902)

Within one school day after a student's suspension or expulsion, the principal or designee shall notify appropriate city or county law enforcement authorities, by telephone or other appropriate means, of any student acts which may violate Education Code 48900(c) or (d), relating to the possession, use, offering, or sale of controlled substances, alcohol, or intoxicants of any kind. (Education Code 48902)

Post-Expulsion Placements

Note: Education Code 48915 requires the Board to refer all expelled students to a program of study that is prepared to accommodate students with discipline problems and that is not located at the school the student currently attends or at any regular elementary, middle, junior, or senior high school. However, students expelled for the acts described in Education Code 48900(f) through (r) or Education Code 48900.2, 48900.3, or 48900.4 may be referred to a program of study that is at another elementary, middle, junior, or senior high school if the County Superintendent of Schools certifies that an alternative program is not available at a site away from such a school.

Education Code 48915.01 states that if the Board has established a community day school pursuant to Education Code 48661 on the same site as an elementary, middle, junior, or senior high school, expelled students may be referred to the community day school at that site. Although Education Code 48663 prohibits the use of independent study in community day schools, Education Code 48916.1 does not in any way restrict the district from offering independent study as a voluntary alternative placement option for expelled students.

The Board shall refer expelled students to a program of study that is: (Education Code 48915, 48915.01)

- 1. Appropriately prepared to accommodate students who exhibit discipline problems
- 2. Not provided at a comprehensive middle, junior, or senior high school or at any elementary school, unless the program is offered at a community day school established at such a site
- 3. Not housed at the school site attended by the student at the time of suspension

(cf. 6158 - Independent Study) (cf. 6185 - Community Day School)

When the placement described above is not available and when the County Superintendent so certifies, students expelled for acts described in items #6-13 and #20-22 under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above may be referred to a program of study that is provided at another comprehensive middle, junior, or senior high school or at an elementary school. (Education Code 48915)

The program for a student expelled from any of grades K-6 shall not be combined or merged with programs offered to students in any of grades 7-12. (Education Code 48916.1)

Readmission After Expulsion

Note: Education Code 48916 mandates that the Board adopt rules and regulations establishing a procedure for filing and processing requests for readmission and a process for Board review of all expelled students for readmission. Items #2-4 below should be revised to reflect district practice.

Readmission procedures shall be as follows:

- 1. On the date set by the Board when it ordered the expulsion, the district shall consider readmission of the student. (Education Code 48916)
- 2. The Superintendent or designee shall hold a conference with the parent/guardian and the student. At the conference, the student's rehabilitation plan shall be reviewed and the Superintendent or designee shall verify that the provisions of this plan have been met. School regulations shall be reviewed and the student and parent/guardian shall be asked to indicate in writing their willingness to comply with these regulations.
- 3. The Superintendent or designee shall transmit to the Board his/her recommendation regarding readmission. The Board shall consider this recommendation in closed session if information would be disclosed in violation of Education Code 49073-

49079. If a written request for open session is received from the parent/guardian or adult student, it shall be honored.

- 4. If the readmission is granted, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the student and parent/guardian, by registered mail, of the Board's decision regarding readmission.
- 5. The Board may deny readmission only if it finds that the student has not satisfied the conditions of the rehabilitation plan or that the student continues to pose a danger to campus safety or to other district students or employees. (Education Code 48916)
- 6. If the Board denies the readmission of a student, the Board shall determine either to continue the student's placement in the alternative educational program initially selected or to place the student in another program that serves expelled students, including placement in a county community school. (Education Code 48916)
- 7. The Board shall provide written notice to the expelled student and parent/guardian describing the reasons for denying readmittance into the regular program. This notice shall indicate the Board's determination of the educational program which the Board has chosen. The student shall enroll in that program unless the parent/guardian chooses to enroll the student in another school district. (Education Code 48916)

Note: Education Code 48645.5, as amended by SB 1088 (Ch. 381, Statutes of 2012), prohibits the district from denying the readmission of an expelled student solely because of his/her contact with the juvenile justice system.

No student shall be denied readmission into the district based solely on the student's arrest, adjudication by a juvenile court, formal or informal supervision by a probation officer, detention in a juvenile facility, enrollment in a juvenile school, or other such contact with the juvenile justice system. (Education Code 48645.5)

Maintenance of Records

The district shall maintain a record of each suspension and expulsion, including its specific cause(s). (Education Code 48900.8)

Expulsion records of any student shall be maintained in the student's mandatory interim record, and sent to any school in which the student subsequently enrolls upon written request by that school. (Education Code 48918(k))

Note: Education Code 48915.1 requires that, when an expelled student asks to enroll in another district, the receiving district must hold a hearing to determine whether the student poses a danger to its students or staff. The receiving district then may either deny or permit the enrollment. Upon request from another district, the expelling district must provide information about the expulsion within five days.
The Superintendent or designee shall, within five working days, honor any other district's request for information about an expulsion from this district. (Education Code 48915.1)

(cf. 5119 - Students Expelled from Other Districts)

Outcome Data

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain the following data: (Education Code 48900.8, 48916.1)

- 1. The number of students recommended for expulsion
- 2. The specific grounds for each recommended expulsion
- 3. Whether the student was subsequently expelled
- 4. Whether the expulsion order was suspended
- 5. The type of referral made after the expulsion
- 6. The disposition of the student after the end of the expulsion period

Note: The following paragraph is **optional** and may be revised to reflect district practice. In passing AB 1729 (Ch. 425, Statutes of 2012), the Legislature noted the disproportionate use of suspension and expulsion against minority student populations. To ensure that suspension and expulsion are being enforced in a fair and even-handed manner, districts should monitor their uses against such student populations and make necessary changes accordingly.

In addition, the Superintendent or designee shall disaggregate student data collected based on race, color, nationality, religion, disability, and other categories protected from discrimination under the law.

Students

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS

Definitions

Suspension from school means removal of a student from ongoing instruction for adjustment purposes. However, suspension does not mean any of the following: (Education Code 48925)

- 1. Reassignment to another education program or class at the same school where the student will receive continuing instruction for the length of day prescribed by the Governing Board for students of the same grade level.
- 2. Referral to a certificated employee designated by the principal to advise students.
- 3. Removal from the class, but without reassignment to another class or program, for the remainder of the class period without sending the student to the principal or designee as provided in Education Code 48910. Removal from a particular class shall not occur more than once every five school days.

Expulsion means removal of a student from the immediate supervision and control, or the general supervision, of school personnel. (Education Code 48925)

Day means a calendar day unless otherwise specifically provided. (Education Code 48925)

School day means a day upon which the schools of the district are in session or weekdays during the summer recess. (Education Code 48925)

Student includes a student's parent/guardian or legal counsel. (Education Code 48925)

Principal's designee means one or more administrators or, if there is not a second administrator at one school site, a certificated person specifically designated by the principal, in writing, to assist with disciplinary procedures. Only one such person may be designated at any time as the principal's primary designee and only one such person may be designated as secondary designee for the school year. The names of such persons shall be on file in the principal's office. (Education Code 48911)

School property, for the purposes described in Education Code 48900, includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. (Education Code 48900(u))

Notice of Regulations

At the beginning of each school year, the principal of each school shall ensure that all students and parents/guardians are notified in writing of all school rules related to discipline, including suspension and expulsion. (Education Code 35291, 48900.1, 48980)

(cf. 5144 - Discipline) (cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion

Any student, including a student with disabilities, may be subject to suspension or expulsion when it is determined that he/she:

(cf. 5144.2 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Students with Disabilities))

1. Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person or willfully used force or violence upon another person, except in self-defense. (Education Code 48900(a))

A student who *aids* or *abets* the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury on another person, as defined in Penal Code 31, may be suspended, but not expelled. However, such a student may be suspended or expelled pursuant to Education Code 48900(a) when he/she has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider or abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great or serious bodily injury. (Education Code 48900(t))

2. Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive, or other dangerous object, unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the principal or designee's concurrence. (Education Code 48900(b))

(cf. 5131 - Conduct) (cf. 5131.7 - Weapons and Dangerous Instruments)

3. Unlawfully possessed, used, sold, otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of, any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind. (Education Code 48900(c))

(cf. 5131.6 - Alcohol and Other Drugs)

- 4. Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid, substance, or material and represented same as such controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant. (Education Code 48900(d))
- 5. Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion. (Education Code 48900(e))
- 6. Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property. (Education Code 48900(f))

- 7. Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property. (Education Code 48900(g))
- 8. Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including, but not limited to, cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets, and betel, except that this restriction shall not prohibit a student from using or possessing his/her own prescription products. (Education Code 48900(h))

(cf. 5131.62 - Tobacco)

- 9. Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity. (Education Code 48900(i))
- 10. Unlawfully possessed, offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code 11014.5. (Education Code 48900(j))
- 11. Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. (Education Code 48900(k))
- (cf. 5131.4 Student Disturbances)
- 12. Knowingly received stolen school property or private property. (Education Code 48900(1))
- 13. Possessed an imitation firearm. (Education Code 48900(m))

Imitation firearm means a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm. (Education Code 48900(m))

- 14. Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault as defined in Penal Code 261, 266c, 286, 288, 288a, or 289, or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code 243.4. (Education Code 48900(n))
- 15. Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness. (Education Code 48900(o))
- 16. Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma. (Education Code 48900(p))

17. Engaged in, or attempted to engage in, hazing. (Education Code 48900(q))

Hazing means a method of initiation or pre-initiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. *Hazing* does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.

18. Engaged in an act of bullying. (Education Code 48900(r))

Bullying means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, directed toward one or more students that has or can reasonably be predicted to have the effect of placing a reasonable student in fear of harm to himself/herself or his/her property; cause the student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his/her physical or mental health; or cause the student to experience substantial interferences with his/her academic performance or ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by a school.

Bullying shall include any act of sexual harassment, hate violence, or harassment, threat, or intimidation, as defined in Education Code 48900.2, 48900.3, or 48900.4 (items #20-22 below), that has any of the effects described above on a reasonable student.

Electronic act means the transmission of a communication, including, but not limited to, a message, text, sound, image, or post on a social network Internet web site, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager. A post on a social network Internet web site shall include, but is not limited to, the posting or creation of a burn page or the creation of a credible impersonation or false profile for the purpose of causing a reasonable student any of the effects of bullying described above.

Reasonable student means a student, including, but not limited to, a student who has been identified as a student with a disability, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of his/her age, or for a person of his/her age with his/her disability. (Education Code 48900(r))

(cf. 1114 - District-Sponsored Social Media)

(cf. 5131.2 - Bullying)

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(cf. 6164.4 - Identification and Evaluation of Individuals for Special Education)

⁽cf. 6164.6 - Identification and Education under Section 504)

19. Made terrorist threats against school officials and/or school property. (Education Code 48900.7)

A *terrorist threat* includes any written or oral statement by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death or great bodily injury to another person or property damage in excess of \$1,000, with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out. (Education Code 48900.7)

A student in grades 4-12 is also subject to suspension or recommendation for expulsion when it is determined that he/she:

20. Committed sexual harassment as defined in Education Code 212.5. (Education Code 48900.2)

Sexual harassment means conduct which, when considered from the perspective of a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim, is sufficiently severe or pervasive as to have a negative impact upon the victim's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. (Education Code 212.5, 48900.2)

- (cf. 5145.7 Sexual Harassment)
- 21. Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of hate violence as defined in Education Code 233. (Education Code 48900.3)

Hate violence means any act punishable under Penal Code 422.6, 422.7, or 422.75. Such acts include injuring or intimidating a victim, interfering with the exercise of a victim's civil rights, or damaging a victim's property because of the victim's race, ethnicity, religion, nationality, disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation; a perception of the presence of any of those characteristics in the victim; or the victim's association with a person or group with one or more of those actual or perceived characteristics. (Education Code 233; Penal Code 422.55)

(cf. 5145.9 - Hate-Motivated Behavior)

22. Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation against district personnel or students that is sufficiently severe or pervasive to have the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting classwork, creating substantial disorder, and invading the rights of school personnel or students by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. (Education Code 48900.4)

A student may be suspended or expelled for any of the acts listed above if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any district school or within any other school district, at any time, including, but not limited to, the following: (Education Code 48900)

- 1. While on school grounds
- 2. While going to or coming from school

(cf. 5131.1 - Bus Conduct)

3. During the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus

(cf. 5112.5 - Open/Closed Campus)

4. During, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity

Removal from Class by a Teacher and Parental Attendance

A teacher may remove any student from his/her class for the remainder of the day and the following day for any act listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above. (Education Code 48910)

When removing a student from his/her class, the teacher shall immediately report this action to the principal or designee and send the student to the principal or designee for appropriate action. If that action requires the continuing presence of the student at school, he/she shall be appropriately supervised during the class periods from which he/she has been removed. (Education Code 48910)

As soon as possible, the teacher shall ask the student's parent/guardian to attend a parentteacher conference regarding the removal. A counselor or psychologist may attend the conference if it is practicable, and a school administrator shall attend if either the parent/guardian or teacher so requests. (Education Code 48910)

A student removed from class shall not be returned to class during the period of removal without the approval of the teacher of the class and the principal. (Education Code 48910)

A student removed from class shall not be placed in another regular class during the period of removal. However, if a student is assigned to more than one class per day, he/she may be placed in any other regular classes except those held at the same time as the class from which the student was removed. (Education Code 48910)

The teacher of any class from which a student is removed may require the student to complete any assignments and tests missed during the removal. (Education Code 48913)

Pursuant to Board policy, a teacher may require the parent/guardian of a student whom the teacher has removed to attend a portion of a school day in his/her child's classroom. When a teacher makes this request, the principal shall send the parent/guardian a written notice that the parent/guardian's attendance is requested pursuant to law. (Education Code 48900.1)

The notice shall specify that the attendance may be on either the date the student is scheduled to return to class or within one week thereafter.

This notice shall also:

- 1. Inform the parent/guardian when his/her presence is expected and by what means he/she may arrange an alternate date
- 2. State that if the parent/guardian does not have a means of transportation to school, he/she may ride the school bus with the student
- 3. Ask the parent/guardian to meet with the principal after the visit and before leaving school, as required by Education Code 48900.1

Suspension by Superintendent, Principal, or Designee

The Superintendent, principal, or designee may suspend a student for any of the acts listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above. A student may be suspended only when the Superintendent or principal has determined that other means of correction have failed to bring about proper conduct in the student. (Education Code 48900.5)

However, the Superintendent, principal, or designee may impose a suspension upon a first offense if he/she determines that the student violated items #1-5 listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above or if the student's presence causes a danger to persons or property or threatens to disrupt the instructional process. (Education Code 48900.5)

In addition, the Superintendent, principal, or designee shall <u>immediately</u> suspend any student found at school or at a school activity to be: (Education Code 48915)

- 1. Possessing, as verified by a district employee, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm, unless the student had obtained prior written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the principal or designee's concurrence
- 2. Brandishing a knife as defined in Education Code 48915(g)

- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code 11053-11058
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in item #14 under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above
- 5. Possessing an explosive as defined in 18 USC 921

The Superintendent, principal, or designee may suspend a student from school for not more than five consecutive school days unless the suspension is extended pending expulsion. (Education Code 48911)

A student may be suspended from school for not more than 20 school days in any school year unless, for purposes of adjustment, the student enrolls in or is transferred to another regular school, an opportunity school, or continuation school or class, in which case suspension shall not exceed 30 days in any school year. However, this restriction on the number of days of suspension does not apply when the suspension is extended pending an expulsion. (Education Code 48903, 48911, 48912)

(cf. 6184 - Continuation Education)

The district may count suspensions that occur while a student is enrolled in another school district toward the maximum number of days for which the student may be suspended in any school year. (Education Code 48903)

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. Informal Conference: Suspension shall be preceded by an informal conference conducted by the Superintendent, principal, or designee with the student and, whenever practicable, the teacher, supervisor, or school employee who referred the student to the principal. At the conference, the student shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action, presented with the evidence against him/her, and given the opportunity to present his/her version and evidence in support of his/her defense. (Education Code 48911)

This conference may be omitted if the Superintendent, principal, or designee determines that an emergency situation exists involving a clear and present danger to the lives, safety, or health of students or school personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student's right to return to school for the purpose of the conference. The conference shall be held within two school days, unless the student waives his/her right to it or is physically unable to attend for any reason. In such a case, the conference shall be held as soon as the student is physically able to return to school. (Education Code 48911)

- 2. Administrative Actions: All requests for student suspension are to be processed by the principal or designee. A school employee shall report the suspension, including the name of the student and the cause for the suspension, to the Superintendent or designee. (Education Code 48911)
- 3. Notice to Parents/Guardians: At the time of the suspension, a school employee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension. (Education Code 48911)

This notice shall state the specific offense committed by the student. (Education Code 48900.8)

In addition, the notice may state the date and time when the student may return to school. If school officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may add that state law requires the parent/guardian to respond to such requests without delay.

4. **Parent/Guardian Conference:** Whenever a student is suspended, school officials may meet with the parent/guardian to discuss the cause(s) and duration of the suspension, the school policy involved, and any other pertinent matter. (Education Code 48914)

While the parent/guardian is required to respond without delay to a request for a conference about his/her child's behavior, no penalties may be imposed on the student for the failure of the parent/guardian to attend such a conference. The student may not be denied readmission solely because the parent/guardian failed to attend the conference. (Education Code 48911)

5. Extension of Suspension: If the Board is considering the expulsion of a suspended student from any school or the suspension of a student for the balance of the semester from continuation school, the Superintendent or designee may, in writing, extend the suspension until such time as the Board has made a decision. (Education Code 48911)

Any extension of the original period of suspension shall be preceded by notice of such extension with an offer to hold a conference concerning the extension, giving the student an opportunity to be heard. This conference may be held in conjunction with a meeting requested by the student or parent/guardian to challenge the original suspension. Extension of the suspension may be made only if the Superintendent or

designee determines, following a meeting in which the student and the student's parent/guardian were invited to participate, that the student's presence at the school or at an alternative school would endanger persons or property or threaten to disrupt the instructional process. (Education Code 48911)

Suspension by the Board

The Board may suspend a student for any of the acts listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above and within the limits specified in "Suspension by Superintendent, Principal, or Designee" above. (Education Code 48912)

The Board may suspend a student enrolled in a continuation school or class for a period not longer than the remainder of the semester if any of the acts listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" occurred. The suspension shall meet the requirements of Education Code 48915. (Education Code 48912.5)

When the Board is considering a suspension, disciplinary action, or any other action (except expulsion) against any student, it shall hold closed sessions if a public hearing would lead to disclosure of information violating a student's right to privacy under Education Code 49073-49079. (Education Code 35146, 48912)

(cf. 9321 - Closed Session Purposes and Agendas)

The Board shall provide the student and his/her parent/guardian with written notice of the closed session by registered or certified mail or personal service. Upon receiving this notice, the student or parent/guardian may request a public meeting, and this request shall be granted if made in writing within 48 hours after receipt of the Board's notice. However, any discussion that conflicts with any other student's right to privacy still shall be held in closed session. (Education Code 35146, 48912)

Supervised Suspension Classroom

Students for whom an expulsion action has not been initiated and who pose no imminent danger or threat to the school, students, or staff may be assigned to a supervised suspension classroom in a separate classroom, building, or site for the entire period of suspension. The following conditions shall apply: (Education Code 48911.1)

- 1. The supervised suspension classroom shall be staffed in accordance with law.
- 2. The student shall have access to appropriate counseling services.
- 3. The supervised suspension classroom shall promote completion of schoolwork and tests missed by the student during the suspension.

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS (continued)

4. Each student shall be responsible for contacting his/her teacher(s) to receive assignments to be completed in the supervised suspension classroom. The teacher(s) shall provide all assignments and tests that the student will miss while suspended. If no such work is assigned, the person supervising the suspension classroom shall assign schoolwork.

At the time a student is assigned to a supervised suspension classroom, the principal or designee shall notify the student's parent/guardian in person or by telephone. When the assignment is for longer than one class period, this notification shall be made in writing. (Education Code 48911.1)

Authority to Expel

A student may be expelled <u>only</u> by the Board. (Education Code 48918(j))

The Board shall expel, as required by law, any student found to have committed any offense listed below under "Mandatory Recommendation and Mandatory Expulsion." (Education Code 48915)

For all other grounds listed above under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion," the Board shall order a student expelled upon the recommendation of the Superintendent, principal, or designee, hearing officer, or administrative panel, only if the Board makes a finding of either or both of the following: (Education Code 48915(b) and (e))

- 1. That other means of correction are not feasible or have repeatedly failed to bring about proper conduct
- 2. That due to the nature of the violation, the presence of the student causes a continuing danger to the physical safety of the student or others

Mandatory Recommendation for Expulsion

Unless the Superintendent, principal, or designee finds that expulsion is inappropriate due to particular circumstances, the Superintendent, principal, or designee shall recommend a student's expulsion for any of the following acts: (Education Code 48915(a))

- 1. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
- 2. Possession of any knife as defined in Education Code 48915(g), explosive, or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student

- 3. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance, as listed in Health and Safety Code 11053-11058, except for the first offense for the possession of not more than one ounce of marijuana, other than concentrated cannabis
- 4. Robbery or extortion
- 5. Assault or battery, as defined in Penal Code 240 and 242, upon any school employee

Mandatory Recommendation and Mandatory Expulsion

The Superintendent, principal, or designee shall recommend that the Board expel any student found at school or at a school activity to be: (Education Code 48915(c))

- 1. Possessing, as verified by a district employee, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm, unless the student had obtained prior written permission to possess the firearm from a certificated school employee, with the principal or designee's concurrence
- 2. Brandishing a knife as defined in Education Code 48915(g) at another person
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code 11053-11058
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in item #14 under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above
- 5. Possessing an explosive as defined in 18 USC 921

Upon finding that the student committed any of the above acts, the Board shall expel the student. (Education Code 48915)

Student's Right to Expulsion Hearing

Any student recommended for expulsion shall be entitled to a hearing to determine whether he/she should be expelled. The hearing shall be held within 30 school days after the Superintendent, principal, or designee determines that the student has committed one of the acts listed under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion." (Education Code 48918(a))

The student is entitled to at least one postponement of an expulsion hearing for a period of not more than 30 calendar days. The request for postponement shall be in writing. Any subsequent postponement may be granted at the Board's discretion. (Education Code 48918(a))

If the Board finds it impractical during the regular school year to comply with these time requirements for conducting an expulsion hearing, the Superintendent or designee may, for good cause, extend the time period by an additional five school days. Reasons for the extension shall be included as a part of the record when the expulsion hearing is held. (Education Code 48918(a))

If the Board finds it impractical to comply with the time requirements of the expulsion hearing due to a summer recess of Board meetings of more than two weeks, the days during the recess shall not be counted as school days. The days not counted during the recess may not exceed 20 school days, as defined in Education Code 48925. Unless the student requests in writing that the expulsion hearing be postponed, the hearing shall be held not later than 20 calendar days prior to the first day of the next school year. (Education Code 48918(a))

Once the hearing starts, all matters shall be pursued with reasonable diligence and concluded without unnecessary delay. (Education Code 48918(a))

After a determination that one of the grounds listed above under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" has occurred, the Superintendent, principal, or designee may offer the student and his/her parent/guardian the option to waive a hearing and stipulate to the expulsion. The stipulation agreement shall be in writing and shall be signed by the student and his/her parent/guardian.

Rights of Complaining Witness

An expulsion hearing involving allegations of sexual assault or sexual battery may be postponed for one school day in order to accommodate the special physical, mental, or emotional needs of a student who is the complaining witness. (Education Code 48918.5)

Whenever the Superintendent or designee recommends an expulsion hearing that addresses allegations of sexual assault or sexual battery, he/she shall give the complaining witness a copy of the district's suspension and expulsion policy and regulation and shall advise the witness of his/her right to: (Education Code 48918.5)

- 1. Receive five days' notice of his/her scheduled testimony at the hearing
- 2. Have up to two adult support persons of his/her choosing present at the hearing at the time he/she testifies
- 3. Have a closed hearing during the time he/she testifies

Whenever any allegation of sexual assault or sexual battery is made, the Superintendent or designee shall immediately advise complaining witnesses and accused students to refrain from personal or telephone contact with each other during the time when an expulsion process is pending. (Education Code 48918.5)

Written Notice of the Expulsion Hearing

Written notice of the expulsion hearing shall be forwarded to the student and the student's parent/guardian at least 10 calendar days before the date of the hearing. The notice shall include: (Education Code 48900.8, 48918(b))

- 1. The date and place of the hearing.
- 2. A statement of the specific facts, charges, and offense upon which the proposed expulsion is based.
- 3. A copy of district disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation.
- 4. Notification of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation, pursuant to Education Code 48915.1, to provide information about the student's status in the district to any other district in which the student seeks enrollment. This obligation applies when a student is expelled for acts other than those described in Education Code 48915(a) or (c).

(cf. 5119 - Students Expelled from Other Districts)

5. The opportunity for the student or the student's parent/guardian to appear in person or be represented by legal counsel or by a nonattorney advisor.

Legal counsel means an attorney or lawyer who is admitted to the practice of law in California and is an active member of the State Bar of California.

Nonattorney advisor means an individual who is not an attorney or lawyer, but who is familiar with the facts of the case and has been selected by the student or student's parent/guardian to provide assistance at the hearing.

- 6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing.
- 7. The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing.
- 8. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the student's behalf, including witnesses.

Conduct of Expulsion Hearing

1. Closed Session: Notwithstanding the provisions of Government Code 54953 and Education Code 35145, the Board shall conduct a hearing to consider the expulsion of the student in a session closed to the public unless the student requests in writing at least five days prior to the hearing that the hearing be a public meeting. If such a request is made, the meeting shall be public unless another student's privacy rights would be violated. (Education Code 48918(c))

Whether the expulsion hearing is held in closed or public session, the Board may meet in closed session to deliberate and determine whether or not the student should be expelled. If the Board admits any other person to this closed session, the parent/guardian, the student, and the counsel of the student also shall be allowed to attend the closed session. (Education Code 48918(c))

If a hearing that involves a charge of sexual assault or sexual battery is to be conducted in public, a complaining witness shall have the right to have his/her testimony heard in closed session when testifying in public would threaten serious psychological harm to the witness and when there are no alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm, including, but not limited to, videotaped deposition or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing room by closed-circuit television. (Education Code 48918(c))

- 2. **Record of Hearing:** A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made. (Education Code 48918(g))
- 3. **Subpoenas:** Before commencing a student expulsion hearing, the Board may issue subpoenas, at the request of either the student or the Superintendent or designee, for the personal appearance at the hearing of any person who actually witnessed the action that gave rise to the recommendation for expulsion. After the hearing has commenced, the Board or the hearing officer or administrative panel may issue such subpoenas at the request of the student or the County Superintendent of Schools or designee. All subpoenas shall be issued in accordance with the Code of Civil Procedure 1985-1985.2 and enforced in accordance with Government Code 11455.20. (Education Code 48918(i))

Any objection raised by the student or the Superintendent or designee to the issuance of subpoenas may be considered by the Board in closed session, or in open session if so requested by the student, before the meeting. The Board's decision in response to such an objection shall be final and binding. (Education Code 48918(i))

If the Board determines, or if the hearing officer or administrative panel finds and submits to the Board, that a witness would be subject to unreasonable risk of harm by testifying at the hearing, a subpoena shall not be issued to compel the personal attendance of that witness at the hearing. However, that witness may be compelled to testify by means of a sworn declaration as described in item #4 below. (Education Code 48918(i))

4. **Presentation of Evidence:** Technical rules of evidence shall not apply to the expulsion hearing, but relevant evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. The decision of the Board to expel shall be supported by substantial evidence that the student committed any of the acts pursuant to Education Code 48900 and listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above. (Education Code 48918(h))

Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. While no finding shall be based solely on hearsay, sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses whose disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm. (Education Code 48918(f))

In cases where a search of a student's person or property has occurred, evidence describing the reasonableness of the search shall be included in the hearing record.

- 5. **Testimony by Complaining Witnesses:** The following procedures shall be observed when hearings involve allegations of sexual assault or sexual battery by a student: (Education Code 48918, 48918.5)
 - a. Any complaining witness shall be given five days' notice before being called to testify.
 - b. Any complaining witness shall be entitled to have up to two adult support persons, including, but not limited to, a parent/guardian or legal counsel, present during his/her testimony.
 - c. Before a complaining witness testifies, support persons shall be admonished that the hearing is confidential.
 - d. The person presiding over the hearing may remove a support person whom he/she finds is disrupting the hearing.
 - e. If one or both support persons are also witnesses, the hearing shall be conducted in accordance with Penal Code 868.5.

- f. Evidence of specific instances of prior sexual conduct of a complaining witness shall be presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard unless the person conducting the hearing determines that extraordinary circumstances require the evidence to be heard. Before such a determination is made, the complaining witness shall be given notice and an opportunity to oppose the introduction of this evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of this evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent/guardian, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of a complaining witness shall not be admissible for any purpose.
- g. In order to facilitate a free and accurate statement of the experiences of the complaining witness and to prevent discouragement of complaints, the district shall provide a nonthreatening environment.
 - (1) The district shall provide a room separate from the hearing room for the use of the complaining witness before and during breaks in testimony.
 - (2) At the discretion of the person conducting the hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed reasonable periods of relief from examination and cross-examination during which he/she may leave the hearing room.
 - (3) The person conducting the hearing may:
 - (a) Arrange the seating within the hearing room so as to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness
 - (b) Limit the time for taking the testimony of a complaining witness to the hours he/she is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours
 - (c) Permit one of the support persons to accompany the complaining witness to the witness stand
- 6. **Decision:** The Board's decision as to whether to expel a student shall be made within 40 school days after the student is removed from his/her school of attendance, unless the student requests in writing that the decision be postponed. (Education Code 48918(a))

Alternative Expulsion Hearing: Hearing Officer or Administrative Panel

Instead of conducting an expulsion hearing itself, the Board may contract with the county hearing officer or with the Office of Administrative Hearings of the State of California for a hearing officer. Alternatively, the Board may appoint an impartial administrative panel composed of three or more certificated personnel, none of whom shall be members of the Board or on the staff of the school in which the student is enrolled. (Education Code 48918(d))

A hearing conducted by the hearing officer or administrative panel shall conform to the same procedures applicable to a hearing conducted by the Board as specified above in "Conduct of Expulsion Hearing," including the requirement to issue its decision within 40 school days of the student's removal from school, unless the student requests that the decision be postponed. (Education Code 48918(a) and (d))

The hearing officer or administrative panel shall, within three school days after the hearing, determine whether to recommend expulsion of the student to the Board. If expulsion is not recommended, the expulsion proceeding shall be terminated and the student shall be immediately reinstated. The Superintendent or designee shall place the student in a classroom instructional program, any other instructional program, a rehabilitation program, or any combination of these programs after consulting with district staff, including the student's teachers, and with the student's parent/guardian. The decision to not recommend expulsion shall be final. (Education Code 48918(e))

If expulsion is recommended, findings of fact in support of the recommendation shall be prepared and submitted to the Board. All findings of fact and recommendations shall be based solely on the evidence presented at the hearing. The Board may accept the recommendation based either upon a review of the findings of fact and recommendations submitted or upon the results of any supplementary hearing the Board may order. (Education Code 48918(f))

In accordance with Board policy, the hearing officer or administrative panel may recommend that the Board suspend the enforcement of the expulsion for a period of one year. (Education Code 48917, 48918)

Final Action by the Board

Whether the expulsion hearing is conducted in closed or public session by the Board, a hearing officer, or an administrative panel, the final action to expel shall be taken by the Board at a public meeting. (Education Code 48918(j))

If the Board conducts the hearing and reaches a decision not to expel, this decision shall be final and the student shall be reinstated immediately.

Upon ordering an expulsion, the Board shall set a date when the student shall be reviewed for readmission to a school within the district. For a student expelled for any act listed under "Mandatory Recommendation and Mandatory Expulsion" above, this date shall be one year from the date the expulsion occurred, except that the Board may set an earlier date on a case-by-case basis. For a student expelled for other acts, this date shall be no later than the last day of the semester following the semester in which the expulsion occurred. If an expulsion is ordered during summer session or the intersession period of a year-round program, the Board shall set a date when the student shall be reviewed for readmission not later than the last day of the semester following the summer session or intersession period in which the expulsion occurred. (Education Code 48916)

At the time of the expulsion order, the Board shall recommend a plan for the student's rehabilitation, which may include: (Education Code 48916)

- 1. Periodic review, as well as assessment at the time of review, for readmission
- 2. Recommendations for improved academic performance, tutoring, special education assessments, job training, counseling, employment, community service, or other rehabilitative programs

With parent/guardian consent, students who have been expelled for reasons relating to controlled substances or alcohol may be required to enroll in a county-sponsored drug rehabilitation program before returning to school. (Education Code 48916.5)

Written Notice to Expel

The Superintendent or designee shall send written notice of the decision to expel to the student or parent/guardian. This notice shall include the following:

- 1. The specific offense committed by the student for any of the causes for suspension or expulsion listed above under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" (Education Code 48900.8)
- 2. The fact that a description of readmission procedures will be made available to the student and his/her parent/guardian (Education Code 48916)
- 3. Notice of the right to appeal the expulsion to the County Board of Education (Education Code 48918)

- 4. Notice of the alternative educational placement to be provided to the student during the time of expulsion (Education Code 48918)
- 5. Notice of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of the student's status with the expelling district, pursuant to Education Code 48915.1 (Education Code 48918)

Decision Not to Enforce Expulsion Order

In accordance with Board policy, when deciding whether to suspend the enforcement of an expulsion order, the Board shall take into account the following criteria:

- 1. The student's pattern of behavior
- 2. The seriousness of the misconduct
- 3. The student's attitude toward the misconduct and his/her willingness to follow a rehabilitation program

The suspension of the enforcement of an expulsion shall be governed by the following:

- 1. The Board may, as a condition of the suspension of enforcement, assign the student to a school, class, or program appropriate for the student's rehabilitation. This rehabilitation program may provide for the involvement of the student's parent/guardian in the student's education. However, a parent/guardian's refusal to participate in the rehabilitation program shall not be considered in the Board's determination as to whether the student has satisfactorily completed the rehabilitation program. (Education Code 48917)
- 2. During the period when enforcement of the expulsion order is suspended, the student shall be on probationary status. (Education Code 48917)
- 3. The suspension of the enforcement of an expulsion order may be revoked by the Board if the student commits any of the acts listed under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above or violates any of the district's rules and regulations governing student conduct. (Education Code 48917)
- 4. When the suspension of enforcement of an expulsion order is revoked, a student may be expelled under the terms of the original expulsion order. (Education Code 48917)

- 5. Upon satisfactory completion of the rehabilitation assignment, the Board shall reinstate the student in a district school. Upon reinstatement, the Board may order the expunging of any or all records of the expulsion proceedings. (Education Code 48917)
- 6. The Superintendent or designee shall send written notice of any decision to suspend the enforcement of an expulsion order during a period of probation to the student or parent/guardian. The notice shall inform the parent/guardian of the right to appeal the expulsion to the County Board, the alternative educational placement to be provided to the student during the period of expulsion, and the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of his/her status with the expelling district, pursuant to Education Code 48915.1(b). (Education Code 48918(j))
- 7. Suspension of the enforcement of an expulsion order shall not affect the time period and requirements for the filing of an appeal of the expulsion order with the County Board. (Education Code 48917)

Right to Appeal

The student or parent/guardian is entitled to file an appeal of the Board's decision with the County Board. The appeal must be filed within 30 days of the Board's decision to expel, even if the expulsion order is suspended and the student is placed on probation. (Education Code 48919)

The student shall submit a written request for a copy of the written transcripts and supporting documents from the district simultaneously with the filing of the notice of appeal with the County Board. The district shall provide the student with these documents within 10 school days following the student's written request. (Education Code 48919)

Notification to Law Enforcement Authorities

Prior to the suspension or expulsion of any student, the principal or designee shall notify appropriate city or county law enforcement authorities of any student acts of assault which may have violated Penal Code 245. (Education Code 48902)

The principal or designee also shall notify appropriate city or county law enforcement authorities of any student acts which may involve the possession or sale of narcotics or of a controlled substance. In addition, law enforcement authorities shall be notified regarding any acts by students regarding the possession, sale, or furnishment of firearms, explosives, or other dangerous weapons in violation of Education Code 48915(c)(1) or (5) or Penal Code 626.9 and 626.10. (Education Code 48902)

Within one school day after a student's suspension or expulsion, the principal or designee shall notify appropriate city or county law enforcement authorities, by telephone or other appropriate means, of any student acts which may violate Education Code 48900(c) or (d), relating to the possession, use, offering, or sale of controlled substances, alcohol, or intoxicants of any kind. (Education Code 48902)

Post-Expulsion Placements

The Board shall refer expelled students to a program of study that is: (Education Code 48915, 48915.01)

- 1. Appropriately prepared to accommodate students who exhibit discipline problems
- 2. Not provided at a comprehensive middle, junior, or senior high school or at any elementary school, unless the program is offered at a community day school established at such a site
- 3. Not housed at the school site attended by the student at the time of suspension

(cf. 6158 - Independent Study) (cf. 6185 - Community Day School)

When the placement described above is not available and when the County Superintendent so certifies, students expelled for acts described in items #6-13 and #20-22 under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above may be referred to a program of study that is provided at another comprehensive middle, junior, or senior high school or at an elementary school. (Education Code 48915)

The program for a student expelled from any of grades K-6 shall not be combined or merged with programs offered to students in any of grades 7-12. (Education Code 48916.1)

Readmission After Expulsion

Readmission procedures shall be as follows:

- 1. On the date set by the Board when it ordered the expulsion, the district shall consider readmission of the student. (Education Code 48916)
- 2. The Superintendent or designee shall hold a conference with the parent/guardian and the student. At the conference the student's rehabilitation plan shall be reviewed and the Superintendent or designee shall verify that the provisions of this plan have been met. School regulations shall be reviewed and the student and parent/guardian shall be asked to indicate in writing their willingness to comply with these regulations.

- 3. The Superintendent or designee shall transmit to the Board his/her recommendation regarding readmission. The Board shall consider this recommendation in closed session if information would be disclosed in violation of Education Code 49073-49079. If a written request for open session is received from the parent/guardian or adult student, it shall be honored.
- 4. If the readmission is granted, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the student and parent/guardian, by registered mail, of the Board's decision regarding readmission.
- 5. The Board may deny readmission only if it finds that the student has not satisfied the conditions of the rehabilitation plan or that the student continues to pose a danger to campus safety or to other district students or employees. (Education Code 48916)
- 6. If the Board denies the readmission of a student, the Board shall determine either to continue the student's placement in the alternative educational program initially selected or to place the student in another program that serves expelled students, including placement in a county community school. (Education Code 48916)
- 7. The Board shall provide written notice to the expelled student and parent/guardian describing the reasons for denying readmittance into the regular program. This notice shall indicate the Board's determination of the educational program which the Board has chosen. The student shall enroll in that program unless the parent/guardian chooses to enroll the student in another school district. (Education Code 48916)

Maintenance of Records

The district shall maintain a record of each suspension and expulsion, including its specific cause(s). (Education Code 48900.8)

Expulsion records of any student shall be maintained in the student's mandatory interim record, and sent to any school in which the student subsequently enrolls upon written request by that school. (Education Code 48918(k))

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)

The Superintendent or designee shall, within five working days, honor any other district's request for information about an expulsion from this district. (Education Code 48915.1)

(cf. 5119 - Students Expelled from Other Districts)

Outcome Data

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain the following data: (Education Code 48900.8, 48916.1)

- 1. The number of students recommended for expulsion
- 2. The specific grounds for each recommended expulsion
- 3. Whether the student was subsequently expelled
- 4. Whether the expulsion order was suspended
- 5. The type of referral made after the expulsion
- 6. The disposition of the student after the end of the expulsion period

Students

PARENTAL NOTIFICATIONS

The Governing Board recognizes that notifications are essential to effective communication between the school and the home. The Superintendent or designee shall send students and parents/guardians all notifications required by law, including notifications about their legal rights, and any other notifications he/she believes will promote parental understanding and involvement.

(cf. 5020 - Parent Rights and Responsibilities) (cf. 5022 - Student and Family Privacy Rights) (cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

Note: Education Code 48981 and 48982, as amended by AB 2262 (Ch. 17, Statutes of 2012), authorize annual parental notifications to be sent electronically upon request, as provided below.

The notice required pursuant to Education Code 48980 shall be sent at the beginning of each academic year and may be provided either by regular mail, in electronic form when so requested by the parent/guardian, or by any other method normally used to communicate with parents/guardians in writing. (Education Code 48981, 48982)

If any activity specified in Education Code 48980 will be undertaken by any school during the forthcoming school term, the notice shall state that fact and the approximate date on which any such activity will occur. No such activity shall be undertaken with respect to any particular student unless his/her parent/guardian has been informed of such action through the annual notification or other separate special notification. (Education Code 48983-48984)

The annual notification shall include a request that the parent/guardian sign the notice and return it to the school or, if the notice is provided in electronic format, that the parent/guardian submit a signed acknowledgment of receipt of the notice to the school. The parent/guardian's signature is an acknowledgment of receipt of the information but does not indicate that consent to participate in any particular program has been given or withheld. (Education Code 48982)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48985, when 15 percent or more of students enrolled in a school speak a single primary language other than English, all notices and reports sent to the parents/guardians of these students must also be written in the primary language and may be answered by the parent/guardian in either language. As amended by AB 2262 (Ch. 17, Statutes of 2012), Education Code 48981 requires notifications sent electronically to conform to the primary language requirements of Education Code 48985. In addition, 20 USC 6311 and 6312 require that districts receiving Title I funds provide parent/guardian notices in an understandable and uniform format and, to the extent practicable, in a language that parents/guardians understand.

The following paragraph should be modified to reflect district practice.

Notifications to parents/guardians shall be written both in English and in the family's primary language when so required by law. (Education Code 48981, 48985; 20 USC 6311, 6312)

Whenever an employee learns that a student's parent/guardian is, for any reason, unable to understand the district's printed notifications, the principal or designee shall work with the parent/guardian to establish other appropriate means of communication.

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE 221.5 Prohibited sex discrimination 231.5 Sexual harassment policy 262.3 Appeals for discrimination complaints; information regarding availability of civil remedies 310 Structured English immersion program 440 English language proficiency assessment; instruction in English language development 17288 Building standards for university campuses 17612 Notification of pesticide use 32221.5 Insurance for athletic team members 32255-32255.6 Right to refuse harmful or destructive use of animals 32390 Fingerprint program; contracts; funding; consent of parent/guardian 35160.5 Extracurricular and cocurricular activities 35178.4 Notice of accreditation status 35183 School dress codes; uniforms 35186 Complaints concerning deficiencies in instructional materials and facilities 35256 School Accountability Report Card 35291 Rules for student discipline 37254 Intensive instruction for students who have not passed High School Exit Examination 37616 Consultation regarding year-round schedule 39831.5 School bus rider rules and information 44808.5 Permission to leave school grounds 46010.1 Notice regarding excuse to obtain confidential medical services 46014 Regulations regarding absences for religious purposes 46600-46611 Interdistrict attendance agreements 48000 Minimum age of admission 48070.5 Promotion or retention of students 48204 Residency requirements 48205 Absence for personal reasons 48206.3 Students with temporary disabilities; individual instruction; definitions 48207-48208 Students with temporary disabilities in hospitals 48213 Prior notice of exclusion from attendance 48216 Immunization 48260.5 Notice regarding truancy 48262 Need for parent conference regarding truancy 48263 Referral to school attendance review board or probation department 48354 Option to transfer from school identified under Open Enrollment Act 48357 Status of application for transfer from school identified under Open Enrollment Act 48432.5 Involuntary transfers of students

Legal Reference: (continued)

EDUCATION CODE (continued) 48900.1 Parental attendance required after suspension 48904 Liability of parent/guardian for willful student misconduct 48904.3 Withholding grades, diplomas, or transcripts 48906 Notification of release of student to peace officer 48911 Notification in case of suspension 48911.1 Assignment to supervised suspension classroom 48912 Closed sessions; consideration of suspension 48915.1 Expelled students; enrollment in another district 48916 Readmission procedures 48918 Rules governing expulsion procedures 48980 Required notification at beginning of term 48980.3 Notification of pesticide use 48981 Time and means of notification 48982 Parent signature acknowledging receipt of notice 48983 Contents of notice 48984 Activities prohibited unless notice given 48985 Notices to parents in language other than English 48987 Child abuse information 49013 Use of uniform complaint procedures for complaints regarding student fees 49063 Notification of parental rights 49067 Student evaluation; student in danger of failing course 49068 Transfer of permanent enrollment and scholarship record 49069 Absolute right to access 49073 Release of directory information 49076 Access to student records 49077 Access to information concerning a student in compliance with court order 49403 Cooperation in control of communicable disease and immunization 49423 Administration of prescribed medication for student 49451 Physical examinations: parent's refusal to consent 49452.5 Screening for scoliosis 49452.7 Information on type 2 diabetes 49452.8 Oral health assessment 49456 Results of vision or hearing test 49472 Insurance 49475 Student athletes; concussions and head injuries 49480 Continuing medication regimen for nonepisodic conditions 49510-49520 Duffy-Moscone Family Nutrition Education and Services Act of 1970 51225.3 Graduation requirements; courses that satisfy college entrance criteria 51229 Course of study for grades 7-12 51513 Personal beliefs: privacy 51938 HIV/AIDS and sexual health instruction 52164.1 Census-taking methods; determination of primary language; assessment of language skills 52164.3 Reassessment of English learners; notification of results 52173 Bilingual education 52244 Advanced Placement program 54444.2 Migrant education programs; parent involvement 56301 Child-find system; policies regarding written notification rights 56321 Special education: proposed assessment plan

Legal Reference: (continued)

EDUCATION CODE (continued) 56321.5-56321.6 Notice of parent rights pertaining to special education 56329 Written notice of right to findings: independent assessment 56341.1 Development of individualized education program; right to audio record meeting 56341.5 Individualized education program team meetings 56343.5 Individualized education program meetings 58501 Alternative schools; notice required prior to establishment 60641 Standardized Testing and Reporting Program 60850 High School Exit Examination 60852.4 High School Exit Examination; waiver for student with disabilities HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE 1596.857 Right to enter child care facility 104855 Availability of topical fluoride treatment 120365-120375 Immunizations 120440 Sharing immunization information 124100 Health screening and immunizations PENAL CODE 627.5 Hearing request following denial or revocation of registration **CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5** 850 Definitions; notification regarding use of California Modified Assessment 863 Standardized Testing and Reporting Program 3052 Behavioral intervention 3831 General standards, Gifted and Talented Education program 4622 Notification of uniform complaint procedures 4631 Uniform complaint procedures; notification of decision and right to appeal 4702 Student transfer from school identified under Open Enrollment Act 4917 Notification of sexual harassment policy 11303 Reclassification of English learners 11309 Parental exception waivers 11511.5 English language proficiency assessment; test results 11523 Notice of proficiency examinations 18066 Child care policies regarding excused and unexcused absences CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 17 6040 Time period to obtain needed immunizations UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20 1232g Family Educational and Privacy Rights Act 1232h Privacy rights 1415 Procedural safeguards 6311 State plans 6312 Local education agency plans 6316 Academic assessment and local education agency school improvement 6318 Parental involvement 7012 Instruction in English language development 7908 Armed forces recruiter access to students UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42 1758 Child nutrition programs CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 7 245.5 Eligibility criteria for free and reduced-price meals

245.6a Verification of eligibility for free and reduced-price meals

Legal Reference: (continued)

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 34 99.7 Student records, annual notification 99.34 Student records, disclosure to other educational agencies 99.37 Disclosure of directory information 104.32 District responsibility to provide free appropriate public education 104.36 Procedural safeguards 104.8 Nondiscrimination 106.9 Dissemination of policy, nondiscrimination on basis of sex 200.61 Teacher qualifications 300.300 Parent consent for special education evaluation 300.322 Parent participation in IEP team meetings 300.502 Independent educational evaluation of student with disability 300.503 Prior written notice regarding identification, evaluation, or placement of student with disability 300.504 Procedural safeguards notice for students with disabilities 300.508 Due process complaint 300.530 Discipline procedures CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 40 763.84 Asbestos inspections, response actions and post-response actions

763.93 Asbestos management plans

Center USD Board Policy Parental Notifications

BP 5145.6 Students

The Governing Board recognizes that notifications are essential to effective communication between the school and the home. The Superintendent or designee shall send students and parents/guardians all notifications required by law, including notifications about their legal rights, and any other notifications he/she believes will promote parental understanding and involvement.

(cf. 5020 - Parent Rights and Responsibilities) (cf. 5022 - Student and Family Privacy Rights) (cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that notifications which must be sent at the beginning of each academic year include a request that the parent/guardian sign the notice and return it to the school. (Education Code 48981, 48982)

Notifications to parents/guardians shall be written both in English and in the family's primary language when so required by law. Whenever an employee learns that a student's parent/guardian is for any reason unable to understand the district's printed notifications, the principal or designee shall work with the parent/guardian to establish other appropriate means of communication.

(cf. 6174 - Education for English Language Learners)

Legal Reference: **EDUCATION CODE** 221.5 Prohibited sex discrimination 231.5 Sexual harassment policy 262.3 Appeals; information re: availability of civil remedies 310 Structured English Immersion Program 17288 Pupils: school buildings 17612 Notification of pesticide use 32255-32255.6 Right to refuse harmful or destructive use of animals 32390 Fingerprint program; contracts; funding; consent of parent/guardian 35178.4 Notice of accreditation status 35183 School dress codes: uniforms 35186 Complaints concerning deficiencies in instructional materials and facilities 35256 School accountability report card 35291 Rules 37616 Consultation

39831.5 School bus rider rules and information

44808.5 Permission to leave school grounds

46010.1 Notice re: excuse to obtain confidential medical services

46014 Regulations regarding absences for religious purposes

46600-46611 Interdistrict attendance agreements especially:

46601 Failure to approve interdistrict attendance

48000 Minimum age of admission

48070.5 Promotion or retention of students

48205 Absence for personal reasons

48206.3 Pupils with temporary disabilities; individual instruction; definitions

48207 Pupils with temporary disabilities in hospitals outside of school district

48208 Students with temporary disabilities in qualifying hospitals

48216 Immunization

48260.5 Notice to parent re truancy

48263 Referral to SARB or probation department

48432.5 Involuntary transfers of pupils

48904 Liability of parent/guardian for willful pupil misconduct

48904.3 Withholding grades, diplomas, or transcripts

48906 Notification of release of pupil to peace officer

48911 Notification in case of suspension

48912 Closed sessions; consideration of suspension

48915.1 Expelled individuals: enrollment in another district

48916 Readmission procedures

48918 Rules governing expulsion procedures

48980 Required notification at beginning of term

48980.3 Notification of pesticide use

48981 Time and means of notification

48982 Signature; return to school; effect of signature

48983 Contents of notice

48984 Activities prohibited unless notice given

48985 Notices to parents in language other than English

48987 Child abuse information

49063 Notification of parents of their rights

49067 Regulations regarding pupil's achievement

49068 Transfer of permanent enrollment and scholarship record

49069 Absolute right to access

49070 Challenging content of records

49073 Release of directory information

49076 Access to student records

49077 Access to information concerning a student in compliance with court order

49091.14 Prospectus

49302 Parental consent

49332 Notifications of retention of object by school personnel; release

49403 Cooperation in control of communicable disease and immunization

49423 Administration of prescribed medication for pupil

49451 Physical examinations: parent's refusal to consent

49452.5 Screening for scoliosis

49452.7 Information on type 2 diabetes

49456 Report to parent

49472 Medical and hospital services for pupils

49480 Continuing medication regimen for nonepisodic conditions

49510-49520 Duffy-Moscone Family Nutrition Education and Services Act of 1970

51229 Course of study for grades 7-12

51513 Personal beliefs

51938 Right of parent/guardian notice HIV/AIDS and sexual health instruction

52164.1 Census-taking methods; determination of primary language; assessment of language

skills 52164.3 Notice of reassessment of language skills

52173 Consultation with parents or guardians; notice to parents or guardians; withdrawal of pupil

52244 Advanced Placement Program

54444.2 Migrant education programs; parent involvement

56301 Child-find system; policies re: written notification rights

56321 Special education: proposed assessment plan

56321.5-56321.6 Notice of parent rights pertaining to special education

56329 Written notice of right to findings; independent assessment

56341 Individualized education program team

56341.1 Development of individualized education program; right to audio record meeting

56341.5 Individualized education program team meetings

56343.5 IEP meetings

56346 Parental notice and consent to special education program

58501 Alternative schools: notice required prior to establishment

60641 Standardized Testing and Reporting Program

60850 High School Exit Examination

66204 Certification of high school courses as meeting university admission criteria

HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE

1596.857 Right to enter child care facility

120365 Immunizations

120370 Immunizations

120375 Immunizations

120440 Sharing immunization information

124085 Certificate of receipt; health screening and evaluation services; waiver by parent/guardian

124100 School districts and private schools; information to parents

PENAL CODE

627.5 Hearing request following denial or revocation of registration

WELFARE AND INSTITUTIONS CODE

18976.5 Parental notice; right of refusal to participate

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

863 Standardized Testing and Reporting Program

3052 Behavioral intervention

3831 General standards (Gifted and Talented Program)

4622 Notice requirements and recipients

4631 Responsibilities of the local agency

11303 Reclassification of English language learners

11309 Parental exception waivers

11523 Notice of proficiency examinations

18066 Policies and procedures absences for child care

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

1232g Family Educational and Privacy Rights Act

1415 Procedural safeguards

1681-1688 Title IX, discrimination based on sex or blindness

6311 State plans

6312 Local education agency plans

6316 Academic assessment and local education agency school improvement

6318 Parental involvement

7908 Armed forces recruiter access to students

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42

2000d -2000d-7, Title VI, Civil Rights Act of 1964

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 34

99.7 Student records, annual notification

99.34 Student records, disclosure to other educational agencies

104.36 Procedural safeguards

106.9 Dissemination of policy, nondiscrimination on basis of sex

300.345 Parent participation

300.502 Independent educational evaluation

300.503 Prior written notice

300.505 Parental consent

300.507 Parent notice due process hearing

300.523 Manifestation determination review

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 40

763.84 Asbestos inspections, response actions and post-response actions

763.93 Asbestos management plans

Students

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION

Note: The following policy is **optional** and may be used both by districts that operate their own preschool/early childhood education programs and those that do not; see the appropriate sections below. CSBA's publication <u>Expanding Access to High-Quality Preschool Programs</u>: A <u>Resource and Policy Guide</u> for <u>School Leaders</u> provides information about characteristics of effective preschool programs and actions that the district and Governing Board can take to encourage and/or provide high-quality preschool education, including a worksheet to assist districts in the development of policy pertaining to preschool and early childhood education.

The Governing Board recognizes that high-quality preschool experiences help children ages 3-4 years to develop knowledge, skills, abilities, and attributes necessary for a successful transition into the elementary education program. Such programs should provide developmentally appropriate activities in a safe, adequately supervised, and cognitively rich environment.

(cf. 6170.1 - Transitional Kindergarten)

Collaboration with Community Programs

Note: The following optional section may be used by all districts, regardless of whether or not they provide their own preschool programs, and may be revised to reflect district practice.

The Superintendent or designee shall collaborate with other agencies, organizations, the county office of education, and/or private preschool providers to assess the availability of preschool programs in the community and the extent to which the community's preschool needs are being met. The Board encourages the development of a community-wide plan to increase children's access to high-quality preschool programs.

(cf. 1020 - Youth Services) (cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools) (cf. 1700 - Relations Between Private Industry and the Schools)

The Superintendent or designee shall provide information about preschool options in the community to parents/guardians upon request.

Note: The following optional paragraph is for use by districts that maintain elementary schools.

The Superintendent or designee shall establish partnerships with feeder preschools to facilitate articulation of the preschool curriculum with the district's elementary education program.

(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

(cf. 6143 - Courses of Study)

District Preschool Programs

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that choose to provide preschool/early childhood education programs for children ages 3-4 years and should be revised to reflect district practice. Also see BP/AR 5148 - Child Care and Development.

Education Code 8235-8239 establish the California State Preschool Program (CSPP) with subsidized services for children ages 3-4 from low-income or otherwise disadvantaged families. The CSPP consolidates funding and program requirements for a number of state programs that serve children ages 3-4, including state preschool programs (Education Code 8235-8237), family literacy programs (Education Code 8238-8238.4), and general child care and development programs to the extent that they serve children ages 3-4 (Education Code 8240-8244). Agencies that provide general child care and development programs for children younger than age 3 or older than age 4 will continue to have a general child care and development contract for those services in addition to a CSPP contract. See the accompanying administrative regulation for major program requirements.

Preschool programs also may receive funding through the state migrant child care and development program (Education Code 8230-8233), state program for severely disabled children (Education Code 8250-8252), federal Head Start program (42 USC 9831-9852), or Title I preschool program (20 USC 6311-6322).

When the Board determines that it is feasible, the district may contract with the California Department of Education (CDE) to provide preschool services in facilities at or near district schools.

The Board shall set priorities for establishing or expanding services as resources become available. In so doing, the Board shall give consideration to the benefits of providing early education programs for at-risk children and/or children residing in the attendance areas of the lowest performing district schools.

(cf. 0520.2 - Title I Program Improvement Schools) (cf. 0520.4 - Quality Education Investment Schools) (cf. 6171 - Title I Programs)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 8236, districts have the authority to subcontract with an appropriate public or private agency to operate a district CSPP program.

On a case-by-case basis, the Board shall determine whether the district shall directly administer a preschool program or contract with a public or private provider to offer such a program.

Facilities for preschool classrooms shall be addressed in the district's facilities master plan, including an assessment as to whether adequate and appropriate space exists on school sites. As necessary, the Superintendent or designee shall provide information to the Board
regarding facilities financing options for preschool classrooms and/or facilities available through partnering organizations.

(cf. 7110 - Facilities Master Plan) (cf. 7210 - Facilities Financing)

Note: The following paragraph is **optional**. SB 1016 (Ch. 38, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 8235 to define programs operated under the CSPP to be part-day programs only, and repealed Education Code 8236.1 which contained the provisions related to full-day programs. However, Education Code 8239, as amended by SB 1016, encourages the provision of "wraparound child care services" which combine part-day preschool and general child care services to provide a full day of services for qualifying families; see the accompanying administrative regulation for program requirements.

To encourage participation in the district's preschool program and meet the child care needs of parents/guardians, the Superintendent or designee shall recommend strategies to link the district's preschool program with other available child care and development programs in the district or community.

(cf. 5148 - Child Care and Development) (cf. 5148.1 - Child Care Services for Parenting Students) (cf. 5148.2 - Before/After School Programs)

Because parents/guardians are essential partners in supporting the development of their children, the Superintendent or designee shall involve them in program planning. Program staff shall encourage volunteerism in the program and shall communicate frequently with parents/guardians of enrolled children regarding their child's progress.

(cf. 1240 - Volunteer Assistance) (cf. 5020 - Parent Rights and Responsibilities) (cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

Note: The CDE has developed voluntary "preschool learning foundations" which describe the knowledge, skills, and competencies that children are expected to exhibit as they complete their first or second year of preschool. In 2008, learning foundations were issued in the areas of social-emotional development, language and literacy, English language development for English learners, and mathematics. Learning foundations in visual and performing arts, physical development, and health were issued in 2010. Learning foundations in history/social science and science are expected to be released in 2013. Companion curriculum frameworks are also being developed. The CDE's <u>Prekindergarten Learning and Development Guidelines</u> (2000) provides further guidance on how to develop a high-quality preschool program and will be revised in the future to incorporate the learning foundations.

The district's program shall be aligned with preschool learning foundations and curriculum frameworks developed by the CDE which identify the knowledge, skills, and competencies that children typically attain as they complete their first or second year of preschool. Program components shall address social-emotional, physical, and cognitive development in key areas that are necessary for kindergarten readiness.

The district's preschool program shall provide appropriate services to support the needs of English learners and children with disabilities.

(cf. 6164.4 - Identification and Evaluation of Individuals for Special Education) (cf. 6174 - Education for English Language Learners)

To maximize the ability of children to succeed in the preschool program, program staff shall support children's health through proper nutrition and physical activity and shall provide or make referrals to available health and social services as needed.

(cf. 3550 - Food Services/Child Nutrition Program) (cf. 5030 - Student Wellness) (cf. 5141.31 - Immunizations) (cf. 5141.32 - Health Screening for School Entry) (cf. 5141.6 - School Health Services)

Note: The Commission on Teacher Credentialing issues permits for child development program directors, site supervisors, master teachers, teachers, associate teachers, and assistants pursuant to criteria established in Education Code 8360-8370 and 5 CCR 80105-80125.

Professional development resources pertaining to preschool/early childhood education are available through the CDE, California Preschool Instructional Network, and others. See the management resources below.

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that administrators, teachers, and paraprofessionals in district preschool programs possess the appropriate permit(s) issued by the Commission on Teacher Credentialing, meet any additional qualifications established by the Board, and participate in professional development opportunities designed to continually enhance their knowledge and skills.

(cf. 4112.2 - Certification) (cf. 4112.4/4212.4/4312.4 - Health Examinations) (cf. 4112.5/4312.5 - Criminal Record Check) (cf. 4131 - Staff Development) (cf. 4212.5 - Criminal Record Check) (cf. 4222 - Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals) (cf. 4231 - Staff Development) (cf. 4331 - Staff Development)

Note: 5 CCR 18279-18281 require an annual evaluation using the standardized "Desired Results for Children and Families" system developed by the CDE. The system requires a self-evaluation that includes, but is not limited to, an assessment of the program by staff and the Board, a parent survey, and an environment rating scale using forms selected by the CDE.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and implement an annual plan of evaluation which conforms to state requirements. (5 CCR 18279)

The Superintendent or designee shall regularly report to the Board regarding enrollments in district preschool programs and the effectiveness of the programs in preparing preschoolers for transition into the elementary education program.

(cf. 0500 - Accountability) (cf. 6190 - Evaluation of the Instructional Program)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 8200-8499.10 Child Care and Development Services Act, especially: 8200-8209 General provisions for child care and development services 8230-8233 Migrant child care and development program 8235-8239 California State Preschool Program 8240-8244 General child care and development programs 8250-8252 Programs for children with special needs 8263 Eligibility and priorities for subsidized child development services 8300-8303 Early Learning Quality Improvement System Advisory Committee 8360-8370 Personnel aualifications 8400-8409 Contracts 8493-8498 Facilities 8499.3-8499.7 Local child care and development planning councils 54740-54749 Cal-SAFE program for pregnant/parenting students and their children HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE 1596.70-1596.895 California Child Day Care Act 1596.90-1597.21 Day care centers 120325-120380 Immunization requirements CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5 18000-18434 Child care and development programs 80105-80125 Permits authorizing service in child development programs UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20 6311-6322 Title I, relative to preschool 6319 Qualifications for teachers and paraprofessionals 6371-6376 Early Reading First 6381-6381k Even Start family literacy programs 6391-6399 Education of migratory children UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42 9831-9852 Head Start programs 9858-9858q Child Care and Development Block Grant **CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 22** 101151-101239.2 General requirements, licensed child care centers, including: 101151-101163 Licensing and application procedures 101212-101231 Continuing requirements 101237-101239.2 Facilities and equipment **CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS. TITLE 45** 1301-1310 Head Start

Management Resources: **CSBA PUBLICATIONS** Expanding Access to High-Quality Preschool Programs: A Resource and Policy Guide for School Leaders, 2005 CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS California Preschool Learning Foundations 12-08 Disenrollment Due to 2012-13 Budget Reduction for California State Preschool Programs, Management Bulletin, July 2012 Preschool English Learners: Principles and Practices to Promote Language, Literacy, and Learning, 2nd ed., 2009 Prekindergarten Learning Development Guidelines, 2000 First Class: A Guide for Early Primary Education, 1999 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS Good Start, Grow Smart, April 2002 WEB SITES CSBA: http://www.csba.org California Association for the Education of Young Children: http://www.caeyc.org California Children and Families Commission: http://www.ccfc.ca.gov California County Superintendents Educational Services Association: http://www.ccsesa.org California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov California Head Start Association: http://caheadstart.org California Preschool Instructional Network: http://www.cpin.us Child Development Policy Institute: http://www.cdpi.net Cities, Counties, and Schools Partnership: http://www.ccspartnership.org First 5 Association of California: http://www.f5ac.org National Institute for Early Education Research: http://nieer.org National School Boards Association: http://www.nsba.org Preschool California: http://www.preschoolcalifornia.org U.S. Department of Education: http://www.ed.gov

Center USD Board Policy Preschool/Early Childhood Education

BP 5148.3 **Students**

The Governing Board recognizes that high-quality preschool experiences for children ages 3-4 years help them develop knowledge, skills, and attributes necessary to be successful in school and provide for a smooth transition into the elementary education program. Such programs should provide developmentally appropriate activities in a safe, well-supervised, cognitively rich environment.

(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards) (cf. 6143 - Courses of Study)

Collaboration with Community Programs

The Superintendent or designee shall collaborate with other agencies, organizations, the county office of education, and private preschool providers to assess the availability of preschool programs in the community and the extent to which the community's preschool needs are being met. The Board encourages the development of a community-wide plan to increase children's access to high-quality preschool programs.

(cf. 1020 - Youth Services)
(cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools)
(cf. 1700 - Relations Between Private Industry and the Schools)

Information about preschool options in the community shall be provided to parents/guardians upon request.

The Superintendent or designee shall establish partnerships with feeder preschools to facilitate articulation of the preschool curriculum with the district's elementary education program.

District Preschool Programs

When the Board determines that it is feasible, the district may provide preschool services in facilities at or near district schools.

The Board shall set priorities for establishing or expanding services as resources become available. In so doing, the Board shall give consideration to the benefits of providing early education programs for at-risk children and/or children residing in the attendance areas of the lowest performing district schools.

(cf. 0520.1 - High Priority Schools Grant Program) (cf. 0520.2 - Title I Program Improvement Schools) (cf. 0520.4 - Quality Education Investment Schools) (cf. 6171 - Title I Programs)

On a case-by-case basis, the Board shall determine whether the district shall directly administer preschool programs or contract with public or private providers to offer such programs.

Facilities for preschool classrooms shall be addressed in the district's comprehensive facilities plan, including an assessment as to whether adequate and appropriate space exists on school sites. As necessary, the Superintendent or designee shall provide information to the Board regarding facilities financing options for preschool classrooms and/or facilities available through partnering organizations.

(cf. 7110 - Facilities Master Plan) (cf. 7210 - Facilities Financing)

To enable children of working parents/guardians to participate in the district's preschool program, the Superintendent or designee shall recommend strategies to provide a full-day program and/or to link to other full-day child care programs in the district or community to the extent possible.

(cf. 5148 - Child Care and Development)
(cf. 5148.1 - Child Care Services for Parenting Students)
(cf. 5148.2 - Before/After School Programs)

Because parents/guardians are essential partners in supporting the development of their children, the Superintendent or designee shall involve them in program planning. Program staff shall encourage volunteerism in the program and shall communicate frequently with parents/guardians of enrolled children regarding their child's progress.

(cf. 1240 - Volunteer Assistance) (cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

The district's program shall be aligned with preschool learning foundations published by the California Department of Education which identify the knowledge, skills, and competencies that children typically attain as they complete their first or second year of preschool. Program components shall address social-emotional, physical, and cognitive development in key areas that are necessary for kindergarten readiness.

The district's preschool program shall provide appropriate services to support the needs of English learners and children with disabilities.

(cf. 6164.4 - Identification and Evaluation of Individuals for Special Education) (cf. 6174 - Education for English Language Learners)

To maximize the ability of children to succeed in the preschool program, program staff shall support children's health through proper nutrition and physical activity and shall provide or make referrals to health and social services. (cf. 3550 - Food Services/Child Nutrition Program)
(cf. 5030 - Student Wellness)
(cf. 5141.32 - Health Screening for School Entry)
(cf. 5141.6 - School Health Services)

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that administrators, teachers, and paraprofessionals in district preschool programs possess the appropriate permit(s) issued by the Commission on Teacher Credentialing, meet any additional qualifications established by the Board, and participate in professional development opportunities designed to continually enhance their knowledge and skills.

(cf. 4112.2 - Certification)
(cf. 4112.4/4212.4/4312.4 - Health Examinations)
(cf. 4112.5/4312.5 - Criminal Record Check)
(cf. 4131 - Staff Development)
(cf. 4212.5 - Criminal Record Check)
(cf. 4222 - Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals)
(cf. 4231 - Staff Development)
(cf. 4331 - Staff Development)

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and implement an annual plan of evaluation which conforms to state requirements. (5 CCR 18279)

The Superintendent or designee shall regularly report to the Board regarding enrollments in district preschool programs and the effectiveness of the programs in preparing preschoolers for transition into the elementary education program.

(cf. 0500 - Accountability) (cf. 6190 - Evaluation of the Instructional Program)

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE 8200-8499.10 Child Care and Development Services Act, especially: 8200-8209 General provisions for child care and development services 8230-8233 Migrant child care and development program 8235-8239 California state preschool program 8250-8252 Programs for children with special needs 8263 Eligibility and priorities for subsidized child development services 8300-8303 Early Learning Quality Improvement System Advisory Committee 8360-8370 Personnel qualifications 8400-8409 Contracts 8493-8498 Facilities 8499.3-8499.7 Local child care and development planning councils 54740-54749 Cal-SAFE program for pregnant/parenting students and their children HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE 1596.70-1596.895 California Child Day Care Act 1596.90-1597.21 Day care centers 120325-120380 Immunization requirements

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5 18000-18434 Child care and development programs 80105-80125 Permits authorizing service in child development programs **UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20** 6311-6322 Title I, relative to preschool 6319 Oualifications for teachers and paraprofessionals 6371-6376 Early Reading First 6381-6381k Even Start family literacy programs 6391-6399 Education of migratory children **UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42** 9831-9852 Head Start programs 9858-9858g Child Care and Development Block Grant CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 22 101151-101239.2 General requirements, licensed child care centers, including: 101151-101163 Licensing and application procedures 101212-101231 Continuing requirements 101237-101239.2 Facilities and equipment **CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 45** 1301-1310 Head Start Management Resources: **CSBA PUBLICATIONS** Expanding Access to High-Quality Preschool Programs: A Resource and Policy Guide for School Leaders, 2005 CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS California Preschool Learning Foundations, Vol. 1, 2008 Preschool English Learners: Principles and Practices to Promote Language, Literacy, and Learning, 2007 Prekindergarten Learning Development Guidelines, 2000 First Class: A Guide for Early Primary Education, 1999 CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION MANAGEMENT BULLETINS 08-13 California State Preschool Program, November 2008 01-06 The Desired Results for Children and Families System, May 31, 2001 **U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS** Good Start, Grow Smart, April 2002 WEB SITES CSBA: http://www.csba.org California Association for the Education of Young Children: http://www.caeyc.org California Children and Families Commission: http://www.ccfc.ca.gov California County Superintendents Educational Services Association: http://www.ccsesa.org California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov California Head Start Association: http://caheadstart.org California Preschool Instructional Network: http://www.cpin.us Child Development Policy Institute: http://www.cdpi.net

Cities, Counties, and Schools Partnership: http://www.ccspartnership.org

First 5 Association of California: http://www.f5ac.org

National Institute for Early Education Research: http://nieer.org

National School Boards Association: http://www.nsba.org

Preschool California: http://www.preschoolcalifornia.org

U.S. Department of Education: http://www.ed.gov

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION

Note: The following administrative regulation reflects the major requirements of the California State Preschool Program (CSPP) pursuant to Education Code 8235-8239. The CSPP consolidates funding and program requirements for a number of state programs that serve children ages 3-4, including state preschool programs (Education Code 8235-8237), family literacy programs (Education Code 8238-8238.4), and general child care and development programs to the extent that they serve children ages 3-4 (Education Code 8240-8244).

SB 1016 (Ch. 38, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 8235 to provide that programs operated under the CSPP through a contract with the California Department of Education (CDE) will be part-day programs only. SB 1016 also amended Education Code 8239 to encourage a combination of part-day preschool and supplemental wraparound child care for preschool-age children (i.e., services funded with support from the general child care and development program).

The district may revise the following administrative regulation to reflect other preschool program(s) it offers which were not consolidated into the CSPP, such as the state migrant child care and development program (Education Code 8230-8233), the state program for severely disabled children (Education Code 8250-8252), the federal Head Start program (42 USC 9831-9852), or the Title I preschool program (20 USC 6311-6322).

In addition to the program requirements described below, preschool programs may be subject to other policies contained throughout the district's policy manual. For example, see BP/AR 5148 - Child Care and Development, AR 3514.2 - Integrated Pest Management, BP/AR 1240 - Volunteer Assistance, and food safety standards and nutrition requirements in BP/AR 3550 - Food Service/Child Nutrition Program. Districts should consult legal counsel if they have questions regarding the applicability of other laws to the district's preschool program.

When approved by the California Department of Education (CDE) under the California State Preschool Program, the district may operate one or more part-day preschool programs in accordance with law and the terms of the state contract.

(cf. 5148 - Child Care and Development) (cf. 5148.1 - Child Care Services for Parenting Students) (cf. 5148.2 - Before/After School Programs)

Eligibility

Note: SB 1016 (Ch. 38, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 8208 to align the age of preschool eligibility with start dates for kindergarten and transitional kindergarten; see AR 5111 - Admission and BP 6170.1 - Transitional Kindergarten.

Children eligible for the district's preschool program include those who will have their third or fourth birthday on or before October 1 of the 2013-14 fiscal year or September 1 of each fiscal year thereafter. (Education Code 8208, 8235, 8236)

(cf. 5111 - Admission) (cf. 6170.1 - Transitional Kindergarten)

Enrollment Priorities

Note: The following **optional** paragraph is for use by districts that have access to a "centralized eligibility list" established by the county child care and development planning council pursuant to Education Code 8499.5, which ranks families by eligibility factors for subsidized care (e.g., income, family size, and need); see section below entitled "Fees and Charges" for further information about eligibility for subsidized services. Unless state funding is allocated to support such lists, they will be maintained only if locally funded. In situations where there is no locally funded centralized eligibility list or the district elects not to participate in the local list, the district must determine each family's eligibility and priority for subsidized services.

The Superintendent or designee shall refer to the county's centralized eligibility list to identify children in need of services.

First priority for enrollment in a preschool program shall be given to neglected or abused children who are recipients of child protective services or who are at risk of being neglected, abused, or exploited, upon written referral from a legal, medical, or social service agency. If unable to enroll a child in this category, the district shall refer the child's parent/guardian to local resource and referral services so that services for the child can be located. (Education Code 8236)

(cf. 1020 - Youth Services) (cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools) (cf. 1700 - Relations Between Private Industry and the Schools)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 8236, second priority for enrollment must be granted to children age 4 years, as provided in the following paragraph. In any CSPP program operating with funding that was initially allocated in a prior fiscal year, at least one-half of the children enrolled at a preschool site must be children who are age 4 unless an exception is granted by the Superintendent of Public Instruction (SPI).

After all such children are enrolled, the district shall give priority to eligible children age 4 years prior to enrolling eligible children age 3 years. (Education Code 8236)

After enrolling all eligible children who meet the criteria for subsidized services as specified in the section entitled "Fees and Charges" below, up to 10 percent of the program's enrollment, calculated throughout the entire contract, may be filled with children whose family income is no more than 15 percent above the income eligibility threshold. (Education Code 8235)

The district may certify eligibility and enrollment up to 120 calendar days prior to the first day of the beginning of the preschool year. After establishing eligibility at the time of initial enrollment, a child shall remain eligible for the remainder of the program year. (Education Code 8237)

Note: Education Code 8263.3, as added by SB 1016 (Ch. 38, Statutes of 2012), specifies the order by which families will be disenrolled from child care and development services when funding levels are reduced. CDE Management Bulletin 12-08 clarifies the order in which families will be disenrolled from CSPP programs and takes into account the priority specified in Education Code 8236 to enroll children age 4 years before enrolling children age 3 years. The following list reflects the order as specified in the CDE Management Bulletin.

When necessary due to a reduction in state reimbursements, families shall be disenrolled in the following order: (Education Code 8236, 8263.3)

1. Children age 3 years whose families have the highest income in relation to family size shall be disenrolled first, followed by children age 4 years whose families have the highest income in relation to family size.

At each age level, if two or more families have the same income ranking, the child with disabilities shall be disenrolled last. If there are no families that have a child with disabilities, the child who has received services the longest shall be disenrolled first.

2. Families of children age 3 or 4 years who are receiving child protective services or who have been documented to be at risk of being neglected, abused, or exploited, regardless of income, shall be disenrolled last.

Minimum Hours/Days of Operation

Note: SB 1016 (Ch. 38, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 8235 to delete the provision which specified that preschool programs could be offered a maximum of four hours per day.

The district's part-day preschool program shall operate a minimum of three hours per day, excluding time for home-to-school transportation, and for a minimum of 175 days per year unless otherwise specified in the program's contract. (Education Code 8235)

(cf. 6111 - School Calendar) (cf. 6112 - School Day)

Wraparound Child Care Services

Note: The following section is **optional**. Pursuant to Education Code 8329, as amended by SB 1016 (Ch. 38, Statutes of 2012), districts may contract with the CDE to offer "wraparound child care services" which combine preschool and general child care services to provide a full day of services for eligible families, as described below. Such programs must be consistent with requirements for general child care and development programs offered pursuant to Education Code 8240-8244; see BP/AR 5148 - Child Care and Development.

In accordance with its contract with the CDE, the district may offer full-day services to meet the needs of eligible families through a combination of part-day preschool and wraparound child care services that are offered for the remaining portion of the day or year following completion of the preschool services. Child care and development services offered through this program shall meet the requirements of general child care and development programs pursuant to Education Code 8240-8244. (Education Code 8239)

Wraparound services shall operate a minimum of 246 days per year unless otherwise specified in the contract. For this period of time, part-day preschool programs shall operate 175-180 days and general child care and development programs may operate a full day for the remainder of the year after the completion of the preschool program. (Education Code 8239)

Family Literacy Services

Note: The following section is **optional**. Education Code 8238 and 8238.4, as amended by SB 1016 (Ch. 28, Statutes of 2012), provide for the SPI to distribute family literacy supplemental grant funds to qualifying CSPP contractors, including districts, for the purposes described below. Pursuant to Education Code 8238.4, CSPP programs that contract to receive this funding before July 1, 2012 will have first priority for funding. Second priority is given to CSPP programs operating in classrooms located in the attendance area of elementary schools ranked in deciles 1-3 of the Academic Performance Index.

SB 1016 also repealed some sections of the Education Code and consolidated the program requirements into Education Code 8238 and 8238.4. As amended, Education Code 8238.4 no longer addresses the appointment of a program coordinator, but the district may choose to appoint such a coordinator at its discretion.

When any district preschool program receives funding for family literacy services pursuant to Education Code 8238.4, the Superintendent or designee shall coordinate the provision of: (Education Code 8238)

1. Opportunities for parents/guardians to work with their children on interactive literacy activities, including activities in which parents/guardians actively participate in facilitating their children's acquisition of prereading skills through guided activities such as shared reading, learning the alphabet, and basic vocabulary development

(cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

- 2. Parenting education for parents/guardians of participating children to support their children's development of literacy skills, including, but not limited to, parent education in:
 - a. Providing support for the educational growth and success of their children

- b. Improving parent-school communications and parental understanding of school structures and expectations
- c. Becoming active partners with teachers in the education of their children
- 3. Referrals to providers of adult education and instruction in English as a second language as necessary to improve parents/guardians' academic skills

(cf. 6200 - Adult Education)

- 4. Staff development for teachers in participating classrooms that includes, but is not limited to:
 - a. Development of a pedagogical knowledge, including, but not limited to, improved instructional strategies
 - b. Knowledge and application of developmentally appropriate assessments of the prereading skills of children in participating classrooms
 - c. Information on working with families, including the use of on-site coaching, for guided practice in interactive literacy activities

(cf. 4131 - Staff Development)

Fees and Charges

Note: SB 1016 (Ch. 38, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 8239 and 8263 to provide that districts must charge a fee to families enrolled in part-day CSPP programs and/or supplemental wraparound services (see section "Wraparound Child Care Services" above) in accordance with the fee schedule established by the SPI.

Fees for participation shall be assessed and collected in accordance with the fee schedule established by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. (Education Code 8239, 8263)

(cf. 3260 - Fees and Charges)

Children shall be eligible for subsidized services as follows:

1. Children shall be eligible for subsidized preschool services if their family is a current aid recipient, income eligible, or homeless and/or the family's children are recipients of protective services or have been identified as being, or at risk of being, abused, neglected, or exploited. (Education Code 8235, 8263, 8263.1)

- 2. Children shall be eligible for subsidized wraparound services if their family meets at least one of the criteria specified in item #1 above and/or needs child care services because of either of the following circumstances: (Education Code 8239, 8263)
 - a. The child is identified by a legal, medical, or social services agency or emergency shelter as a recipient of protective services or as being, or at risk of being, neglected, abused, or exploited.
 - b. The parents/guardians are engaged in vocational training leading directly to a recognized trade, paraprofession, or profession; are employed or seeking employment; are seeking permanent housing for family stability; or are incapacitated.

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 8263, a district that chooses to charge a fee for field trips or to require parents/guardians to provide diapers is **mandated** to adopt policy to include parents/guardians in the decision-making about such fees, as provided below. The following paragraph may be modified to delete diapers as appropriate for the age of the children served.

The district shall involve parents/guardians in the decision-making process to determine whether and how much to charge for field trip expenses and whether to require parents/guardians to provide diapers. A child shall not be denied participation in a field trip due to the parent/guardian's inability or refusal to pay the fee, and no adverse action shall be taken against a parent/guardian for that inability or refusal. (Education Code 8263)

Center USD Administrative Regulation Preschool/Early Childhood Education

AR 5148.3 Students

When approved by the California Department of Education under the California State Preschool Program (CSPP), the district may operate one or more part-day and/or full-day preschool programs in accordance with law and the terms of the state contract.

(cf. 5148 - Child Care and Development)
(cf. 5148.1 - Child Care Services for Parenting Students)
(cf. 5148.2 - Before/After School Programs)

Eligibility and Enrollment Priorities for Full-Day and Part-Day Programs

Children eligible for the district's full-day or part-day CSPP program include those who will have their third or fourth birthday on or before December 2 of the fiscal year in which they are enrolled in the program. (Education Code 8235, 8236)

The Superintendent or designee shall refer to the county's centralized eligibility list to identify children in need of services.

Children shall be eligible for subsidized services if their family meets one or more of the criteria specified in Education Code 8263 and 8263.1. (Education Code 8235)

For a child to be eligible for the district's full-day program, his/her family shall, in addition to meeting the above criteria, demonstrate need for the services due to any of the following circumstances: (Education Code 8235, 8263)

1. The child is identified by a legal, medical, or social services agency or emergency shelter as a recipient of protective services; as being neglected, abused, or exploited; or as at risk of being neglected, abused, or exploited.

2. The parents/guardians are engaged in vocational training leading directly to a recognized trade, paraprofession, or profession; are employed or seeking employment; seeking permanent family housing; or are incapacitated.

First priority for enrollment in any CSPP program shall go to neglected or abused children age 3-4 years who are recipients of child protective services or who are at risk of being neglected, abused, or exploited, upon written referral from a legal, medical, or social service agency. If unable to enroll a child in this category, the district shall refer the child's parent/guardian to local resource and referral services so that services for the child can be located. (Education Code 8236)

(cf. 1020 - Youth Services)

(cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools) (cf. 1700 - Relations Between Private Industry and the Schools)

After all such children are enrolled, the district shall give priority to eligible children age 4 years prior to enrolling eligible children age 3 years. (Education Code 8236)

Additional Requirements for Part-Day Program

The district's part-day CSPP program shall operate a minimum of three hours per day but less than four hours per day, excluding time for home-to-school transportation, and for a minimum of 175 days per year unless otherwise specified in the program's contract. (Education Code 8235)

(cf. 6111 - School Calendar) (cf. 6112 - School Day)

After all eligible children have been enrolled, the program may fill up to 10 percent of its enrollment, calculated throughout the entire contract, with children whose family income is no more than 15 percent above the income eligibility threshold. (Education Code 8235)

The district may certify eligibility and enrollment up to 120 calendar days prior to the first day of the beginning of the preschool year. After establishing eligibility at the time of initial enrollment, a child shall remain eligible for the part-day program for the remainder of the program year. (Education Code 8237)

Fees shall not be assessed for families whose children are enrolled in the part-day program. (Education Code 8235)

Additional Requirements for Full-Day Program

The district's full-day CSPP program shall operate the number of hours per day necessary to meet the child care and development needs of families and for a minimum of 246 days per year, unless otherwise specified in the program's contract. (Education Code 8235)

Fees for participation in the full-day program shall be assessed and collected in accordance with a fee schedule established by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. (Education Code 8235)

(cf. 3260 - Fees and Charges)

The district shall involve parents/guardians in the decision-making process to determine whether and how much to charge for field trip expenses and whether to require parents/guardians to provide diapers. A child shall not be denied participation in a field trip due to the parent/guardian's inability or refusal to pay the fee, and no adverse action shall be taken against a parent/guardian for that inability or refusal. (Education Code 8263)

Families shall establish eligibility for their children for subsidized services at the time of initial enrollment and shall provide ongoing eligibility documentation as changes in income or family size occur. If a child becomes ineligible for subsidized services, he/she shall

continue to be eligible for part-day services, if available, or the family shall pay the full cost to remain in the program. If the need for services drops below four hours per day, the child shall be enrolled for only part-day services.

Additional Requirements for Prekindergarten and Family Literacy Programs

Prekindergarten and family literacy programs offered by the district prior to July 1, 2009, shall continue to provide classes in the attendance area of elementary schools in deciles 1-3 on the 2005 base Academic Performance Index. (Education Code 8238.4)

Such programs shall operate a minimum of 175 days for part-day services and 246 days for full-day, full-year services unless otherwise specified in the contract. (Education Code 8238.4)

Prekindergarten and family literacy programs shall provide: (Education Code 8238-8238.3)

1. Age and developmentally appropriate activities that are designed to facilitate children's transition to kindergarten

2. Opportunities for parents/guardians to work with their children on interactive literacy activities as defined in Education Code 8238

(cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

3. Coordination of parenting education for parents/guardians of participating children to support their children's development of literacy skills

4. Referrals to providers of adult education and English as a second language as necessary to improve parents/guardians' academic skills

(cf. 6200 - Adult Education)

5. Staff development of participating teachers in accordance with Education Code 8238.3

(cf. 4131 - Staff Development)

The district may select a family literacy and education coordinator to coordinate the provision of literacy services to families in the district and community, create an organizational partnership between the program(s) and adult education programs in the district or community, and promote parent/guardian involvement in participating classrooms. (Education Code 8238.2)

Instruction

SELECTION AND EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

Cautionary Notice: As added and amended by SBX3 4 (Ch. 12, Third Extraordinary Session, Statutes of 2009), ABX4 2 (Ch. 2, Fourth Extraordinary Session, Statutes of 2009), and SB 70 (Ch. 7, Statutes of 2011), Education Code 42605 grants districts flexibility in "Tier 3" categorical programs and provides that districts are deemed in compliance with the program and funding requirements for these programs for the 2008-09 through 2014-15 fiscal years. As a result of this flexibility, the district may choose to temporarily suspend certain provisions of the following policy or administrative regulation that reflect those requirements. However, this flexibility does not affect or alter any existing contract or bargaining agreement that the district may have in place. Thus, districts should examine the terms of those contracts and agreements and consult with district legal counsel for additional guidance. Also see BP 2210 - Administrative Discretion Regarding Board Policy.

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 60200 and 60400, the Governing Board is responsible for the adoption of textbooks and other instructional materials, as defined in Education Code 60010, for use in district schools. See the accompanying administrative regulation for required and optional criteria for the selection of instructional materials. See BP 6161.11 - Supplementary Instructional Materials and BP/AR 6163.1 - Library Media Centers for selection processes regarding supplementary materials.

The Governing Board desires that district instructional materials, as a whole, present a broad spectrum of knowledge and viewpoints, reflect society's diversity, and enhance the use of multiple teaching strategies and technologies. The Board shall adopt instructional materials based on a determination that such materials are an effective learning resource to help students achieve grade-level competency and that the materials meet criteria specified in law. Textbooks, technology-based materials, and other educational materials shall be aligned with academic content standards and the district's curriculum to ensure that they effectively support the district's adopted courses of study.

(cf. 0440 - District Technology Plan)
(cf. 6000 - Concepts and Roles)
(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)
(cf. 6141 - Curriculum Development and Evaluation)
(cf. 6143 - Courses of Study)
(cf. 6146.1 - High School Graduation Requirements)
(cf. 6161.11 - Supplementary Instructional Materials)
(cf. 6162.5 - Student Assessment)
(cf. 6163.1 - Library Media Centers)

Note: The following paragraph is for use by districts that maintain any of grades K-8 and may be revised to reflect grade levels offered by the district. Pursuant to Education Code 60200, the State Board of Education (SBE) is required to adopt basic instructional materials in specified subjects that districts may select for use in grades K-8. AB 1246 (Ch. 668, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 60200, 60203, 60207, and 60209 to revise the process and timelines used by the state to adopt such materials.

AB 1246 also added Education Code 60210, which authorizes the Board to select materials that have not been approved by the SBE, provided they are aligned with state academic content standards or Common Core Standards. In addition, if the district uses materials not adopted by the SBE, the majority of participants in the review process must be teachers assigned to the subject area or grade level for which the materials will be used; see section below entitled "Review Process."

The Board shall select instructional materials for use in grades K-8 that have been approved by the State Board of Education (SBE) or have otherwise been determined to be aligned with the state academic content standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605 or the Common Core Standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605.8. (Education Code 60200, 60210)

Note: The following paragraph is for use by districts that maintain high schools.

The Board shall adopt instructional materials for grades 9-12 upon determining that the materials meet the criteria specified in law and administrative regulation. (Education Code 60400)

Note: The following optional paragraph is consistent with priorities established in Education Code 60119 to ensure that each student is provided with sufficient standards-aligned instructional materials in four core curriculum areas: English/language arts, mathematics, science, and history-social science. The Instructional Materials Funding Realignment Program (Education Code 60420-60424), which had provided a block grant for instructional materials with a priority on materials that are aligned to state standards in those core courses, was repealed by AB 1246 (Ch. 668, Statutes of 2012).

The Board's priority in the selection of instructional materials is to ensure that all students are provided with standards-aligned instructional materials in the core curriculum areas of English/language arts, mathematics, science, and history-social science.

Review Process

Note: The following optional section may be revised to reflect district practice.

The Superintendent or designee shall establish a process by which instructional materials shall be reviewed for recommendation to the Board. Toward that end, he/she may establish an instructional materials review committee to evaluate and recommend instructional materials.

(cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 60002, the Board must provide for "substantial" teacher involvement in the selection of instructional materials and must promote the involvement of parents/guardians and other members of the community in the selection of instructional materials. The Education Code does not define "substantial."

The review process shall involve teachers in a substantial manner and shall encourage the participation of parents/guardians and community members. (Education Code 60002)

In addition, the instructional materials review committee may include administrators, other staff who have subject-matter expertise, and students as appropriate.

Note: The following paragraph is for use by districts that maintain any of grades K-8. Education Code 60210, as added by AB 1246 (Ch. 668, Statutes of 2012), adds the following requirement for the review of K-8 materials that have not been adopted by the SBE.

If the district chooses to use instructional materials for grades K-8 that have not been adopted by the SBE, the Superintendent or designee shall ensure that a majority of the participants in the district's review process are classroom teachers who are assigned to the subject area or grade level of the materials. (Education Code 60210)

Individuals who participate in the selection or review of instructional materials shall not have a conflict of interest, as defined in administrative regulation, in the materials being reviewed.

(cf. 9270 - Conflict of Interest)

The committee shall review instructional materials using criteria provided in law and administrative regulation, and shall provide the Board with documentation supporting its recommendations.

All recommended instructional materials shall be available for public inspection at the district office.

(cf. 5020 - Parent Rights and Responsibilities)

Note: SBE Policy on <u>Guidelines for Piloting Textbooks and Instructional Materials</u> provides a sample process for piloting instructional materials that addresses the selection of materials to pilot, a chronology of the process, and additional considerations, such as conflict of interest, contacts with publishers, and consideration of standards maps.

The district may pilot instructional materials, using a representative sample of classrooms for a specified period of time during a school year, in order to determine how well the materials support the district's curricular goals and academic standards. Feedback from teachers piloting the materials shall be made available to the Board before the materials are adopted.

Public Hearing on Sufficiency of Instructional Materials

Note: As a condition of receiving funds for instructional materials from any state source, Education Code 60119 requires the Board to annually hold a public hearing to determine whether each student in the district has sufficient standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials in English/language arts, mathematics, science, and history-social science that are consistent with the content and cycles of the curriculum framework adopted by the SBE.

Education Code 1240 requires the County Superintendent of Schools to review the textbooks or instructional materials of schools ranked in deciles 1-3 of the Academic Performance Index (API). If the County Superintendent determines that a school does not have sufficient materials, he/she must prepare a report outlining the noncompliance and give the district a chance to remedy the deficiency. If the deficiency is not remedied by the second month of the school year, the County Superintendent may request that the California Department of Education (CDE) purchase textbooks or materials for the district, and the cost must be repaid by the district. The CDE will issue a public statement at an SBE meeting indicating the district's failure to provide instructional materials.

The Board shall annually conduct one or more public hearings on the sufficiency of the district's textbooks and other instructional materials. (Education Code 60119)

Note: Education Code 60119 specifies that the hearing must be held within eight weeks of the beginning of the school year. Option 1 is for use by districts without any schools on a multitrack year-round calendar. Option 2 is for use by districts with schools on a multitrack year-round calendar.

OPTION 1: The hearing shall be held on or before the end of the eighth week from the first day students attend school for that year. (Education Code 60119)

OPTION 2: The hearing shall be held on or before the end of the eighth week from the first day of the school year of any district school that operates on a multitrack year-round calendar that begins its school year in August or September. (Education Code 60119)

Note: The remainder of this policy applies to all districts.

The Board encourages participation by parents/guardians, teachers, interested community members, and bargaining unit leaders at the hearing. Ten days prior to the hearing, the Superintendent or designee shall post a notice in three public places within the district containing the time, place, and purpose of the hearing. The hearing shall not take place during or immediately following school hours. (Education Code 60119)

(cf. 9322 - Agenda/Meeting Materials)

Note: Education Code 60119 requires the Board to adopt a resolution indicating whether or not each student in each school has sufficient standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials. AB 1246 (Ch. 668, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 60119 to provide that the materials may be aligned to either state content standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605 or Common Core Standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605.8. See the accompanying Exhibit for a sample resolution.

Pursuant to Education Code 60119, the determination of the sufficiency of textbooks or instructional materials for mathematics, science, history-social science, and English/language arts is a condition for receipt of state instructional materials funding. The Board must also make a written determination during the hearing as to the sufficiency of textbooks or instructional materials in foreign language and health courses, as well as science laboratory equipment in science laboratory courses, although the provision of the materials or the equipment in these courses is not a condition for receipt of state instructional materials funding.

At the hearing(s), the Board shall determine, through a resolution, whether each student in each school, including each English learner, has sufficient textbooks or instructional materials which are aligned to the state content standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605 or the Common Core Standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605.8 and which are consistent with the content and cycles of the state's curriculum frameworks. Sufficiency of instructional materials shall be determined in each of the following subjects: (Education Code 60119)

- 1. Mathematics
- (cf. 6142.92 Mathematics Instruction)
- 2. Science
- (cf. 6142.93 Science Instruction)
- 3. History-social science
- (cf. 6142.94 History-Social Science Instruction)
- 4. English language arts, including the English language development component of an adopted program
- (cf. 6142.91 English/Language Arts Instruction) (cf. 6174 - Education for English Language Learners)
- 5. Foreign language
- (cf. 6142.2 World/Foreign Language Instruction)
- 6. Health

(cf. 6142.8 - Comprehensive Health Education)

Note: The following paragraph is for use by districts that maintain any of grades 9-12.

The Board shall also determine the availability of science laboratory equipment, as applicable to science laboratory courses offered in grades 9-12. (Education Code 60119)

In making these determinations, the Board shall consider whether each student has sufficient textbooks and/or instructional materials to use in class and to take home. However, this does not require that each student have two sets of materials. The materials may be in a digital format as long as each student, at a minimum, has and can access the same materials in the

class and to take home as all other students in the same class or course in the district and has the ability to use and access them at home. However, the materials shall not be considered sufficient if they are photocopied sheets from only a portion of a textbook or instructional materials copied to address a shortage. (Education Code 60119)

Note: Education Code 1240.3 and 42605 specify that, for the 2008-09 through 2014-15 fiscal years, "sufficiency" means that all students in the district who are enrolled in the same course have "identical" standards-aligned textbooks and instructional materials from the same adoption cycle. However, Education Code 1240.3 does not require districts to purchase all of the instructional materials included in an adoption cycle if the materials that are purchased are made available to all the students for whom they are intended in all of the schools within the district.

For example, fourth-grade students at all district schools must have instructional materials from the same SBE science adoption cycle, though fourth-grade students at different schools could be using materials from different publishers within the same adoption cycle. However, the district may use materials from different adoption cycles for grades K-3 and grades 4-8 since those students are not in the same "course."

The Board shall also make a determination that all students within the district who are enrolled in the same course have "identical" standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials from the same adoption cycle, as defined in Education Code 1240.3 and 60119. (Education Code 1240.3, 42605)

Note: The following paragraph is **optional**. Education Code 1240.3 authorizes the district, until July 1, 2015, to purchase the newest adopted instructional materials for the neediest schools in the district without incurring a duty to purchase these materials for students in other district schools. This provision will be used by the County Superintendent through fiscal year 2014-15 whenever he/she visits schools ranked in deciles 1-3 of the API to determine the sufficiency of instructional materials pursuant to Education Code 1240.

However, the district may purchase the newest adopted instructional materials for students in district schools ranked in deciles 1-3 of the base Academic Performance Index in any one of the past three school years without necessarily purchasing these materials for use in other district schools. (Education Code 1240.3)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 60119, if the Board makes a determination that there are insufficient textbooks or instructional materials, the Board must take action to ensure that the materials are provided within two months of the beginning of the school year. The CDE's <u>Instructional Materials FAQ</u> states that, if a district has submitted purchase orders to the publisher to purchase materials to remedy the insufficiency, these materials should be received and made available to students by the end of the second month of the school year. Thus, districts are strongly encouraged to hold the public hearing as early in the school year as possible in order to provide sufficient time to correct any deficiencies.

If the Board determines that there are insufficient textbooks or instructional materials, it shall provide information to classroom teachers and to the public setting forth, for each school in which an insufficiency exists, the percentage of students who lack sufficient standards-

aligned textbooks or instructional materials in each subject area and the reasons that each student does not have sufficient textbooks or instructional materials. The Board shall take any action, except an action that would require reimbursement by the Commission of State Mandates, to ensure that each student has sufficient materials within two months of the beginning of the school year in which the determination is made. (Education Code 60119)

Complaints

Note: Complaints regarding the contents of instructional materials are addressed in BP/AR 1312.2 - Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials. See AR 1312.4 - Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures for language regarding complaints about deficiencies in instructional materials.

Complaints concerning instructional materials shall be handled in accordance with law, Board policy, and administrative regulation.

(cf. 1312.2 - Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials) (cf. 1312.4 - Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures)

Legal Reference: (see next page)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 220 Prohibition against discrimination 1240 County superintendent, general duties 1240.3 Definition of sufficiency for categorical flexibility 33050-33053 General waiver authority 33126 School accountability report card 35272 Education and athletic materials 42605 Tier 3 categorical flexibility 44805 Enforcement of course of studies; use of textbooks, rules and regulations 49415 Maximum textbook weight 51501 Nondiscriminatory subject matter 60000-60005 Instructional materials, legislative intent 60010 Definitions 60040-60052 Instructional requirements and materials 60060-60062 Requirements for publishers and manufacturers 60070-60076 Prohibited acts (re instructional materials) 60110-60115 Instructional materials on alcohol and drug education 60119 Public hearing on sufficiency of materials 60200-60210 Elementary school materials 60226 Requirements for publishers and manufacturers 60240-60252 State Instructional Materials Fund 60350-60352 Core reading program instructional materials 60400-60411 High school textbooks 60510-60511 Donation for sale of obsolete instructional materials 60605 State content standards 60605.8 Common Core Standards 60605.86-60605.88 Supplemental instructional materials aligned with Common Core Standards CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5 9505-9530 Instructional materials

Management Resources:

<u>CSBA PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>Flexibility Provisions in the 2008 and 2009 State Budget: Policy Considerations for Governance</u> <u>Teams</u>, Budget Advisory, March 2009 <u>CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS</u> 01-05 <u>Guidelines for Piloting Textbooks and Instructional Materials</u>, September 2001 <u>Standards for Evaluating Instructional Materials for Social Content</u>, 2000 <u>WEB SITES</u> CSBA: http://www.csba.org Association of American Publishers: http://www.publishers.org California Academic Content Standards Commission, Common Core Standards: http://www.scoe.net/castandards California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov

Center USD Board Policy Selection And Evaluation Of Instructional Materials

BP 6161.1 Instruction

Cautionary Notice: As added and amended by SBX3 4 (Ch. 12, Third Extraordinary Session, Statutes of 2009) and ABX4 2 (Ch. 2, Fourth Extraordinary Session, Statutes of 2009), Education Code 42605 grants district flexibility in "Tier 3" categorical programs. The Center Unified School District has accepted this flexibility and thus is deemed in compliance with the statutory or regulatory program and funding requirements for these programs for the 2008-2009 through 2012-2013 fiscal years. As a result, the district may temporarily suspend certain provisions of the following policy or regulation that reflect these requirements. For further information, please contact the Superintendent or designee.

The Governing Board desires that district instructional materials, as a whole, present a broad spectrum of knowledge and viewpoints, reflect society's diversity, and enhance the use of multiple teaching strategies and technologies. The Board shall adopt instructional materials based on a determination that such materials are an effective learning resource to help students achieve grade-level competency and meet criteria specified in law. Textbooks, technology-based materials, and other educational materials shall be aligned with state and district content standards and the district's curriculum in order to ensure that they effectively support the district's adopted courses of study.

- (cf. 0440 District Technology Plan)
- (cf. 6000 Concepts and Roles)
- (cf. 6011 Academic Standards)
- (cf. 6141 Curriculum Development and Evaluation)
- (cf. 6143 Courses of Study)
- (cf. 6146.1 High School Graduation Requirements)
- (cf. 6161 Equipment, Books and Materials)
- (cf. 6161.11 Supplementary Instructional Materials)
- (cf. 6162.5 Student Assessment)
- (cf. 6163.1 Library Media Centers)
- (cf. 9000 Role of the Board)

The Superintendent or designee shall establish a process by which instructional materials shall be reviewed for recommendation to the Board.

This process shall involve teachers in a substantial manner and shall also encourage the participation of parents/guardians and community members. (Education Code 60002)

All recommended instructional materials shall be available for public inspection at the district office.

(cf. 5020 - Parent Rights and Responsibilities)

Individuals who participate in the selection or evaluation of instructional materials shall not have a conflict of interest, as defined in administrative regulation, in the materials being reviewed.

(cf. 9270 - Conflict of Interest)

Complaints concerning instructional materials shall be handled in accordance with law, Board policy, and administrative regulation.

(cf. 1312.2 - Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials) (cf. 1312.4 - Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures)

The Board's priority in the selection of instructional materials is to ensure that all students in grades K-12 are provided with instructional materials that are aligned to state content standards in the core curriculum areas of reading/language arts, mathematics, science, and history-social science. Students in grades K-8 shall be provided with instructional materials adopted by the State Board of Education.

The district may pilot instructional materials, using a representative sample of classrooms for a specified period of time during a school year, in order to determine how well the materials support the district's curricular goals and academic standards. Feedback from teachers piloting the materials shall be made available to the Board before the materials are adopted.

Public Hearing on Sufficiency of Textbooks or Instructional Materials

The Board shall annually conduct one or more public hearings on the sufficiency of the district's textbooks or instructional materials. (Education Code 60119; 5 CCR 9531)

The hearing shall be held on or before the end of the eighth week from the first day students attend school for that year. (Education Code 60119)

The Board encourages participation by parents/guardians, teachers, interested community members, and bargaining unit leaders at the hearing. Ten days prior to the hearing and in three public places within the district, the Superintendent or designee shall post a notice containing the time, place, and purpose of the hearing. The hearing shall not take place during or immediately following school hours. (Education Code 60119)

(cf. 9322 - Agenda/Meeting Materials)

At the hearing(s), the Board shall determine, through a resolution, whether each student in each school, including each English learner, has sufficient textbooks or instructional materials in each of the following subjects which are aligned to the state content standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605 and consistent with the content and cycles of the state's curriculum frameworks: (Education Code 60119)

1. Mathematics

2. Science

3. History-social science

4. English language arts, including the English language development component of an adopted program

The Board shall also make a written determination as to whether each student enrolled in a foreign language or health course has sufficient textbooks or instructional materials that are consistent with the content and cycles of the state curriculum frameworks. The Board shall determine the availability of science laboratory equipment, as applicable to science laboratory courses offered in grades 9-12. (Education Code 60119)

In making these determinations, the Board shall consider whether each student has sufficient textbooks and/or instructional materials to use in class and to take home. However, this does not require that each student have two sets of materials. The materials may be in a digital format as long as each student, at a minimum, has and can access the same materials in the class and to take home as all other students in the same class or course in the district and has the ability to use and access them at home. However, the materials shall not be considered sufficient if they are photocopied sheets from only a portion of a textbook or instructional materials copied to address a shortage. (Education Code 60119)

For the 2008-09 through 2012-13 fiscal years, the Board shall also make a determination that all students within the district who are enrolled in the same course have "identical" standardsaligned textbooks or instructional materials from the same adoption cycle, as defined in Education Code 1240.3, 60119, and 60422. (Education Code 1240.3, 42605)

If the Board determines that there are insufficient textbooks and/or instructional materials, the Board shall provide information to classroom teachers and to the public setting forth, for each school in which an insufficiency exists, the percentage of students who lack sufficient standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials in each subject area and the reasons that each student does not have sufficient textbooks and/or instructional materials. The Board shall take any action, except an action that would require reimbursement by the Commission of State Mandates, to ensure that each student has sufficient materials within two months of the beginning of the school year in which the determination is made. (Education Code 60119)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

1240 County superintendent, general duties

1240.3 Definition of sufficiency for categorical flexibility

33050-33053 General waiver authority

33126 School accountability report card

35272 Education and athletic materials

42605 Tier 3 categorical flexibility

44805 Enforcement of course of studies; use of textbooks, rules and regulations

49415 Maximum textbook weight

51501 Subject matter reflecting on race, color, etc.

60000-60005 Instructional materials, legislative intent

60010 Definitions

60040-60052 Instructional requirements and materials

60060-60062 Requirements for publishers and manufacturers

60070-60076 Prohibited acts (re instructional materials)

60110-60115 Instructional materials on alcohol and drug education

60119 Public hearing on sufficiency of materials

60200-60206 Elementary school materials

60226 Requirements for publishers and manufacturers

60240-60252 State Instructional Materials Fund

60350-60352 Core reading program instructional materials

60400-60411 High school textbooks

60420-60424 Instructional Materials Funding Realignment Program

60510-60511 Donation for sale of obsolete instructional materials

60605 State content standards

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

9505-9535 Instructional materials, especially:

9531-9532 Instructional Materials Funding Realignment Program

Management Resources:

CSBA PUBLICATIONS

Flexibility Provisions in the 2008 and 2009 State Budget: Policy Considerations for Governance Teams, Budget Advisory, March 2009

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION CORRESPONDENCE

1002.90 Selection of Instructional Materials, CIL: 90/91-02

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

Standards for Evaluation of Instructional Materials with Respect to Social Content, rev. 2000 STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION POLICIES

01-05 Guidelines for Piloting Textbooks and Instructional Materials, September 2001 WEB SITES

CSBA: http://www.csba.org

Association of American Publishers: http://www.publishers.org

California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov

Instruction

SELECTION AND EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

Cautionary Notice: As added and amended by SBX3 4 (Ch. 12, Third Extraordinary Session, Statutes of 2009), ABX4 2 (Ch. 2, Fourth Extraordinary Session, Statutes of 2009), and SB 70 (Ch. 7, Statutes of 2011), Education Code 42605 grants districts flexibility in "Tier 3" categorical programs and provides that districts are deemed in compliance with the program and funding requirements for these programs for the 2008-09 through 2014-15 fiscal years. As a result of this flexibility, the district may choose to temporarily suspend certain provisions of the following policy or administrative regulation that reflect those requirements. However, this flexibility does not affect or alter any existing contract or bargaining agreement that the district may have in place. Thus, districts should examine the terms of those contracts and agreements and consult with district legal counsel for additional guidance. Also see BP 2210 - Administrative Discretion Regarding Board Policy.

Criteria for Selection and Adoption of Instructional Materials

In recommending textbooks or other instructional materials for adoption by the Governing Board, the Superintendent or designee shall ensure that such materials:

1. Are aligned to any applicable academic content standards adopted by the State Board of Education (SBE) pursuant to Education Code 60605 and/or Common Core Standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605.8

(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)

Note: The following paragraph is for use by districts that offer any of grades K-8. Pursuant to Education Code 60200, the State Board of Education (SBE) is responsible for adopting at least five basic instructional materials for grades K-8 in specified core subjects and any other subject for which the SBE determines that the adoption of instructional materials is necessary or desirable. AB 1246 (Ch. 668, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 60200, 60203, 60207, and 60209 to revise the process and timelines used by the state to adopt such materials. Although Education Code 60200.7 prohibits the SBE from adopting instructional materials until the 2015-16 school year, an exception established in Education Code 60207, as amended by AB 1246, authorizes the SBE to adopt K-8 instructional materials in mathematics by March 30, 2014.

Education Code 60210, as added by AB 1246, authorizes the Governing Board to select instructional materials for grades K-8 that have not been approved by the SBE, provided they are aligned with state academic content standards adopted by the SBE pursuant to Education Code 60605 or Common Core Standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605.8 and have been reviewed through a process that requires a majority of the participants in the process to be classroom teachers who are assigned to the subject area or grade level for which the materials will be used; also see the accompanying Board policy.

Because state adoptions of instructional materials are postponed, Education Code 60605.86, as added by SB 140 (Ch. 623, Statutes of 2011), and Education Code 60605.87-60605.88, as added by AB 1719 (Ch. 636, Statutes of 2012), require the California Department of Education (CDE) to recommend and the SBE to approve lists of K-8 supplementary instructional materials aligned with the Common Core Standards in English language arts by September 30, 2012, mathematics by July 30, 2013, and English language development by June 30, 2014. See BP 6161.11 - Supplementary Instructional Materials.

For grades K-8, the Superintendent or designee shall select instructional materials from among the list of materials adopted by the SBE and/or other materials that have not been adopted by the SBE but are aligned with the state academic content standards and/or the Common Core Standards. (Education Code 60200, 60210)

(cf. 6161.11 - Supplementary Instructional Materials)

Note: The following optional paragraph is for use by districts offering any of grades 9-12 and may be revised to reflect district practice. One way to ensure that instructional materials in core courses for grades 9-12 are aligned to state standards is through a review of standards maps created by the CDE. A template of the standards map is available on the CDE's web site.

For grades 9-12, the Superintendent or designee shall review instructional materials in history-social science, mathematics, English/language arts, and science using a standards map in order to determine the extent to which the materials are aligned to state academic content standards.

Note: Item #2 below is for use by districts that offer any of grades 9-12.

- 2. For grades 9-12, are provided by publishers that comply with the requirements of Education Code 60040-60052, 60060-60062, and 60226 (Education Code 60400)
- 3. Do not reflect adversely upon persons because of their race or ethnicity, gender, religion, disability, nationality, sexual orientation, occupation, or other characteristic listed in Education Code 220, nor contain any sectarian or denominational doctrine or propaganda contrary to law (Education Code 51501, 60044)

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

- 4. To the satisfaction of the Board, are accurate, objective, current, and suited to the needs and comprehension of district students at their respective grade levels (Education Code 60045)
- 5. With the exception of literature and trade books, use proper grammar and spelling (Education Code 60045)

Note: Education Code 60048 and 60200 require that the Board not adopt basic instructional materials that provide unnecessary exposure to a commercial brand name, product, or corporate or company logo, unless it makes specific findings that the use has an educational purpose or is incidental to the general nature of an illustration, as provided in item #6 below. The SBE publication <u>Standards for Evaluating Instructional Materials for Social Content</u> details standards for the use of brand names and corporate logos in instructional materials.

- 6. Do not expose students to a commercial brand name, product, or corporate or company logo unless the Board makes a specific finding that the use is appropriate based on one of the following: (Education Code 60048, 60200)
 - a. The commercial brand name, product, or corporate or company logo is used in text for an educational purpose as defined in guidelines or frameworks adopted by the SBE.
 - b. The appearance of a commercial brand name, product, or corporate or company logo in an illustration is incidental to the general nature of the illustration.

(cf. 1325 - Advertising and Promotion)

7. If the materials are technology-based materials, are both available and comparable to other, equivalent instructional materials (Education Code 60052)

Note: Education Code 60040-60043 require that specific subject matter be included in the district's instructional materials. Education Code 60040 requires that instructional materials include accurate portrayals of the cultural and racial diversity of society as specified. Education Code 60041 requires (1) accurate portrayal of humanity's place in ecological systems and the need to protect the environment and (2) the effects of tobacco, alcohol, and other drug use on the human system. Education Code 60042 requires the Board to adopt materials as it deems necessary to encourage thrift, fire prevention, and the humane treatment of animals and people. Education Code 60043 requires that the Board, when appropriate to the comprehension of students, adopt textbooks for social science, history, or civics classes that contain the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States. If desired, the district may expand item #8 below to list these specific requirements.

8. Meet the requirements of Education Code 60040-60043 for specific subject content

Note: Items #9-18 below are **optional** and may be revised to reflect district practice. The district may choose to develop subject-specific criteria as well as general criteria.

9. Support the district's adopted courses of study and curricular goals

- (cf. 6141 Curriculum Development and Evaluation)
- (cf. 6142.2 World/Foreign Language Instruction)
- (cf. 6142.8 Comprehensive Health Education)
- (cf. 6142.91 English/Language Arts Instruction)
- (cf. 6142.92 Mathematics Instruction)
- (cf. 6142.93 Science Instruction)
- (cf. 6142.94 History-Social Science Instruction)
- (cf. 6143 Courses of Study)
- (cf. 6146.1 High School Graduation Requirements)
- 10. Contribute to a comprehensive, balanced curriculum

- 11. Demonstrate reliable quality of scholarship as evidenced by:
 - a. Accurate, up-to-date, and well-documented information
 - b. Objective presentation of diverse viewpoints
 - c. Clear, concise writing and appropriate vocabulary
 - d. Thorough treatment of subject matter
- 12. Provide for a wide range of materials at all levels of difficulty, with appeal to students of varied interests, abilities, and developmental levels
- 13. Include materials that stimulate discussion of contemporary issues and improve students' thinking and decision-making skills
- 14. Contribute to the proper articulation of instruction through grade levels
- 15. As appropriate, have corresponding versions available in languages other than English
- 16. Include high-quality teacher's guides
- 17. Meet high standards in terms of the quality, durability, and appearance of paper, binding, text, and graphics

Note: 5 CCR 9517.2 sets the following maximum weight standards for each student textbook: three pounds for grades K-4, four pounds for grades 5-8, and five pounds for grades 9-12. 5 CCR 9517.2 requires publishers submitting textbooks to the SBE that exceed those weight standards to provide lighter weight alternatives, such as split volumes or electronic editions, soft cover editions, or other alternate physical formats. For materials for grades 9-12, publishers must disclose the availability of lighter weight alternatives. Item #18 below includes textbook weight as one of the criteria for Board consideration.

18. When available, include options for lighter weight materials in order to help minimize any injury to students by the combined weight of instructional materials

Conflict of Interest

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that choose to require individuals who will participate in the review process to first complete a disclosure statement which provides an opportunity to disclose any conflict of interest or appearance of conflict of interest.

The following conflict of interest rules are not applicable to "public officials" (including Board members and designated staff) who are subject to the district's conflict of interest code pursuant to the Political

Reform Act. Such persons who are making decisions concerning instructional materials must comply with the more stringent conflict of interest requirements described in BB 9270 - Conflict of Interest.

To ensure integrity and impartiality in the evaluation and selection of instructional materials, any district employee who is participating in the evaluation of instructional materials and not otherwise designated in the district's conflict of interest code shall sign a disclosure statement indicating that he/she:

Note: Education Code 60061 requires publishers to provide instructional materials free of charge within California to the same extent that they provide free materials to other states or school districts; see <u>Price List</u> of <u>Adopted Instructional Materials</u> on the CDE web site. However, Education Code 60071 forbids publishers from offering "valuable thing(s)" to school officials for the purpose of influencing the purchase of instructional materials. The CDE's <u>Instructional Materials FAQ</u> clarifies that, in accordance with the definition of "technology-based materials" in Education Code 60010, districts may accept electronic equipment necessary to make use of technology-based materials provided that such equipment is used by students and teachers as a learning resource, not to replace computers or related equipment in an existing computer lab or to establish a new computer lab.

1. Shall not accept any emolument, money, or other valuable thing or inducement to directly or indirectly introduce, recommend, vote for, or otherwise influence the adoption or purchase of any instructional material (Education Code 60072)

Sample copies of instructional materials are excepted from this prohibition. (Education Code 60075)

Note: Items # 2-4 below are optional and should be modified to reflect district practice.

- 2. Is not employed by nor receives compensation from the publisher or supplier of the instructional materials or any person, firm, organization, subsidiary, or controlling entity representing it
- 3. Does not have and will not negotiate a contractual relationship with the publisher or supplier of the instructional materials or any person, firm, organization, subsidiary, or controlling entity representing it
- 4. Does not have an interest as a contributor, author, editor, or consultant in any textbook or other instructional material submitted to the district

(cf. 9270 - Conflict of Interest)

Center USD Administrative Regulation Selection And Evaluation Of Instructional Materials

AR 6161.1 Instruction

Cautionary Notice: As added and amended by SBX3 4 (Ch. 12, Third Extraordinary Session, Statutes of 2009) and ABX4 2 (Ch. 2, Fourth Extraordinary Session, Statutes of 2009), Education Code 42605 grants district flexibility in "Tier 3" categorical programs. The Center Unified School District has accepted this flexibility and thus is deemed in compliance with the statutory or regulatory program and funding requirements for these programs for the 2008-2009 through 2012-2013 fiscal years. As a result, the district may temporarily suspend certain provisions of the following policy or regulation that reflect these requirements. For further information, please contact the Superintendent or designee.

Instructional Materials Funding Realignment Program

The district shall use state funds received under the Instructional Materials Funding Realignment Program to ensure that each student is provided with standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials, in an electronic or hard-bound format, in the core curriculum areas of reading/language arts, mathematics, science, and history-social science. (Education Code 60422, 60422.3)

Instructional materials for grades K-8 shall be selected from the list of standards-aligned materials adopted by the State Board of Education (SBE). Instructional materials for grades 9-12 shall be adopted by the Governing Board. Standards-aligned materials in each core curriculum area shall be provided to each student at the beginning of the first school term that commences no later than 24 months after those materials are adopted by the SBE or the Board, as applicable. (Education Code 60422)

(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)

For grades 9-12, the Superintendent or designee shall review instructional materials in history-social science, mathematics, reading/language arts, and science using a standards map in order to determine the extent to which the materials are aligned to the content standards adopted by the SBE.

After the Board has certified that all students have been provided with standards-aligned instructional materials in the core curriculum areas, the district may use any remaining program funds for the purposes specified in Education Code 60242. (Education Code 60119, 60422)

Criteria for Selection and Adoption of Instructional Materials

Instructional materials adopted by the Board shall:
1. For basic instructional materials in grades K-8, be selected from among the list of materials approved by the SBE in accordance with law (Education Code 60200)

(cf. 1431 - Waivers)

2. For instructional materials in high schools, be provided by publishers who comply with the requirements of Education Code 60040-60048, 60060-60062, and 60226 (Education Code 60400)

3. Not reflect adversely upon persons because of their race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, sex, disability, or occupation, or contain any sectarian or denominational doctrine or propaganda contrary to law (Education Code 60044)

4. To the satisfaction of the Board, be accurate, objective, current, and suited to the needs and comprehension of students at their respective grade levels (Education Code 60045)

5. With the exception of literature and trade books, use proper grammar and spelling (Education Code 60045)

6. Not provide any exposure to a commercial brand name, product, or corporate or company logo unless the Board makes a specific finding that the use is appropriate based on one of the following: (Education Code 60048, 60200)

a. The commercial brand name, product, or corporate or company logo is used in text for an educational purpose as defined in guidelines or frameworks adopted by the SBE.

b. The appearance of a commercial brand name, product, or corporate or company logo in an illustration is incidental to the general nature of the illustration.

(cf. 1325 - Advertising and Promotion)

7. If the materials are technology-based materials, be both available and comparable to other, equivalent instructional materials (Education Code 60052)

8. Meet the requirements of Education Code 60040-60043 for specific subject content

9. Support the district's adopted courses of study and curricular goals

(cf. 6141 - Curriculum Development and Evaluation) (cf. 6143 - Courses of Study)

10. Contribute to a comprehensive, balanced curriculum

11. Demonstrate reliable quality of scholarship as evidenced by:

a. Accurate, up-to-date, and well-documented information

b. Objective presentation of diverse viewpoints

- c. Clear, concise writing and appropriate vocabulary
- d. Thorough treatment of subject

12. Provide for a wide range of materials at all levels of difficulty, with appeal to students of varied interests, abilities, and developmental levels

13. Include materials that stimulate discussion of contemporary issues and improve students' thinking and decision-making skills

14. Contribute to the proper articulation of instruction through grade levels

15. As appropriate, have corresponding versions available in languages other than English

16. Include high-quality teacher's guides

17. Meet high standards in terms of the quality, durability, and appearance of paper, binding, text, and graphics

18. When available from the publishers, include options for lighter weight materials in order to help minimize any injury to students by the combined weight of instructional materials

Instructional Materials Evaluation Committee

The Superintendent or designee may establish an instructional materials evaluation committee to evaluate and recommend instructional materials for Board approval. This committee shall substantially be composed of teachers and may also include administrators, other staff who have subject-matter expertise, parents/guardians, community members, and students as appropriate.

(cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees)

The committee shall review instructional materials using criteria provided above and in law, and shall provide the Board with documentation supporting its recommendations.

Conflict of Interest

To ensure integrity and impartiality in the evaluation and selection of instructional materials, any district employee who is participating in the evaluation of instructional materials and not otherwise designated in the district's conflict of interest code shall not:

1. Accept any emolument, money, or other valuable thing or inducement to directly or indirectly introduce, recommend, vote for, or otherwise influence the adoption or purchase of any instructional material (Education Code 60072)

Sample copies of instructional materials are excepted from this prohibition. (Education Code 60075)

(cf. 9270 - Conflict of Interest)

2. Be employed by or receive compensation from any person, firm, organization, or any of its subsidiaries or controlling entities submitting instructional materials to the district

3. Have or negotiate a contractual relationship with any person, firm, or organization or any of its subsidiaries or controlling entities submitting instructional materials to the district

4. Have an interest as a contributor, author, editor, or consultant in any textbook or other instructional material submitted to the district

SELECTION AND EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

RESOLUTION ON SUFFICIENCY OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

Note: As a condition of receiving instructional materials funding from any state source, Education Code 60119 requires that the Governing Board hold an annual public hearing regarding the sufficiency of textbooks or other instructional materials and determine through a resolution whether each student has sufficient materials; see the accompanying Board policy. "Sufficient textbooks or instructional materials," as defined in Education Code 60119, means that each student in the district, including each English learner, has a standards-aligned textbook or instructional materials, which may include materials in a digital format under specified conditions, to use in class or to take home.

The following sample resolution is based on the 2008 sample resolution developed by the California Department of Education (CDE) but has been updated to reflect new law. This resolution may be used to certify compliance with Education Code 60119.

Whereas, the Governing Board of the (<u>name of school district/county office of education</u>), in order to comply with the requirements of Education Code 60119, held a public hearing on (<u>date</u>), at (<u>time</u>) o'clock, which is on or before the eighth week of school (between the first day that students attend school and the end of the eighth week from that day) and which did not take place during or immediately following school hours, and;

Whereas, the Board provided at least 10 days notice of the public hearing by posting it in at least three public places within the district stating the time, place, and purpose of the hearing, and;

Whereas, the Board encouraged participation by parents/guardians, teachers, members of the community, and bargaining unit leaders in the public hearing, and;

Whereas, information provided at the public hearing detailed the extent to which sufficient textbooks or instructional materials were provided to all students, including English learners, in the (*name of school district/county office of education*), and;

Whereas, the definition of "sufficient textbooks or instructional materials" means that each student, including each English learner, has a standards-aligned textbook or instructional materials to use in class and to take home, which may include materials in a digital format but shall not include photocopied sheets from only a portion of a textbook or instructional materials copied to address a shortage, and;

Note: Education Code 1240.3 and 42605 specify that, for the 2008-09 through 2014-15 fiscal years, "sufficiency" means that all students in the district who are enrolled in the same "course" have standardsaligned textbooks and instructional materials from the same adoption cycle; see the accompanying Board policy.

SELECTION AND EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (continued)

Whereas, the definition of "sufficient textbooks or instructional materials" also means that all students who are enrolled in the same course within the (*name of school district/county office of education*), have standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials from the same adoption cycle, and;

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 60119, as amended by AB 1246 (Ch. 668, Statutes of 2012), a determination as to whether the instructional materials are "standards-aligned" may be based on alignment to either state academic content standards adopted by the State Board of Education pursuant to Education Code 60605 or the Common Core Standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605.8.

Whereas, textbooks or instructional materials in core curriculum subjects should be aligned with state academic content standards adopted by the State Board of Education pursuant to Education Code 60605 and/or the Common Core Standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605.8;

Finding of Sufficient Textbooks or Instructional Materials

Note: The following section is for use when the Board is making a finding that the district has "sufficient" materials. According to the CDE, *Education Code* 60119 requires documentation of sufficiency of textbooks or instructional materials to be presented at the public hearing. Survey forms are available on the CDE's web site which may be used as a self-study and county office validation tool for grades K-12.

Whereas, sufficient standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials that are consistent with the cycles and content of the curriculum frameworks were provided to each student, including each English learner, in the following subjects:

Note: To provide complete information about the basis for the Board's determination of sufficiency, the district may wish to include the names of the textbooks or instructional materials provided to students, as well as the applicable state adoption cycle.

- Mathematics: (List adopted textbooks or instructional materials for this subject for each grade level or school as well as applicable state adoption cycle.)
- Science: (List adopted textbooks or instructional materials for this subject for each grade level or school as well as applicable state adoption cycle.)
- History-social science: (List adopted textbooks or instructional materials for this subject for each grade level or school as well as applicable state adoption cycle.)

SELECTION AND EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (continued)

• English language arts, including the English language development component of an adopted program: (List adopted textbooks or instructional materials for this subject for each grade level or school as well as applicable state adoption cycle.)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 60119, the Board must also include a written determination for the following subject areas, although these determinations are not a condition for receipt of state instructional materials funds.

- Foreign language: (List adopted textbooks or instructional materials for this subject for each grade level or school as well as applicable state adoption cycle.)
- Health: (List adopted textbooks or instructional materials for this subject for each grade level or school as well as applicable state adoption cycle.)

Note: The following paragraph is for use by districts that maintain grades 9-12. The Board may provide a list of the science laboratory classes offered in grades 9-12 and details on the science laboratory equipment available for these classes.

Whereas, laboratory science equipment was available for science laboratory classes offered in grades 9-12, inclusive;

Therefore, it is resolved that for the (*year*) school year, the (*name of school district/county* office of education) has provided each student with sufficient standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials that are consistent with the cycles and content of the curriculum frameworks.

Finding of Insufficient Textbooks or Instructional Materials

Note: The following section is for use when the Board is making a finding of "insufficient" materials. Education Code 60119 requires that the Board's resolution list, for each school for which an insufficiency exists, the percentage of students at each grade level who lack sufficient materials in each of the subject areas listed below. The provision of sufficient foreign language and health materials is not a condition of receipt of instructional materials funds.

Whereas, information provided at the public hearing and to the Board at the public meeting detailed that insufficient standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials were provided to students in the following subjects and grade levels at district schools: (For each school,

SELECTION AND EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (continued)

list the percentage of students who lack sufficient standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials in mathematics, science, history-social science, English language arts, foreign language, and health.)

Whereas, sufficient textbooks or instructional materials were not provided at each school listed above due to the following reasons: (For each school at which there is an insufficiency, list the reasons that each student does not have sufficient instructional materials in each subject and grade level listed above.)

Therefore, it is resolved, that for the (*year*) school year, the (*name of school district/county* <u>office of education</u>) has not provided each student with sufficient textbooks or instructional materials that are consistent with the cycles and content of the curriculum framework, and;

Be it further resolved, that the following actions will be taken to ensure that all students have sufficient standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials in all subjects that are consistent with the cycles and content of the curriculum frameworks within two months of the beginning of the school year in which this determination is made. (List actions to be taken to resolve insufficiency. See Education Code 60119(a)(2)(B) for other funds that may be used to ensure sufficient instructional materials.)

 PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS _____ day of _____, ____ at a meeting, by the following vote:

 AYES:_____ NOES:____ ABSENT:_____

 Attest:

 Secretary

Center USD Exhibit Selection And Evaluation Of Instructional Materials

E 6161.1 Instruction

Resolution on Sufficiency of Textbooks or Instructional Materials

Whereas, the Governing Board of the Center Unified School District, in order to comply with the requirements of Education Code 60119, held a public hearing on (date), at (time) o'clock, which is on or before the eighth week of school (between the first day that students attend school and the end of the eighth week from that day) and which did not take place during or immediately following school hours, and;

Whereas, the Board provided at least 10 days notice of the public hearing by posting it in at least three public places within the district stating the time, place, and purpose of the hearing, and;

Whereas, the Board encouraged participation by parents/guardians, teachers, members of the community, and bargaining unit leaders in the public hearing, and;

Whereas, information provided at the public hearing detailed the extent to which textbooks and instructional materials were provided to all students, including English learners, in the Center Unified School District, and;

Whereas, the definition of "sufficient textbooks or instructional materials" means that each student, including each English learner, has a standards-aligned textbook and/or instructional materials to use in class and to take home, which may include materials in a digital format but shall not include photocopied sheets from only a portion of a textbook or instructional materials copied to address a shortage, and;

Whereas between the 2008-09 through the 2012-13 fiscal years, the definition of "sufficient textbooks or instructional materials" also means that all students who are enrolled in the same course within the Center Unified School District, have standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials from the same adoption cycle, and;

Finding of Sufficient Textbooks or Instructional Materials

Whereas, sufficient textbooks or instructional materials were provided to each student, including each English learner, that are aligned to the academic content standards and consistent with the cycles and content of the curriculum frameworks in the following subjects:

* Mathematics: (List adopted textbooks or instructional materials for this subject for each grade level or school as well as applicable state adoption cycle.)

* Science: (List adopted textbooks or instructional materials for this subject for each grade level or school as well as applicable state adoption cycle.)

* History-social science: (List adopted textbooks or instructional materials for this subject for each grade level or school as well as applicable state adoption cycle.)

* English/language arts, including the English language development component of an adopted program: (List adopted textbooks or instructional materials for this subject for each grade level or school as well as applicable state adoption cycle.)

Whereas, sufficient textbooks or instructional materials were provided to each student enrolled in foreign language or health classes, and;

Whereas, laboratory science equipment was available for science laboratory classes offered in grades 9-12, inclusive;

Therefore, it is resolved that for the ______ school year, the Center Unified School District, has provided each student with sufficient textbooks or instructional materials aligned to the academic content standards and consistent with the cycles and content of the curriculum frameworks.

Finding of Insufficient Textbooks or Instructional Materials

Whereas, information provided at the public hearing and to the Board at the public meeting detailed that insufficient textbooks or instructional materials were provided to students in the following subjects and grade levels at district schools: (For each school, list the percentage of students who lack sufficient standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials in mathematics, science, history-social science, English/language arts, foreign language, and health.)

Whereas, sufficient textbooks or instructional materials were not provided at each school listed above due to the following reasons: (For each school at which there is an insufficiency, list the reasons why each student does not have sufficient instructional materials in each subject and grade level listed above.)

Therefore, it is resolved, that for the ______ school year, the Center Unified School District has not provided each student with sufficient textbooks or instructional materials consistent with the cycles and content of the curriculum framework, and;

Be it further resolved, that the following actions will be taken to ensure that all students have sufficient textbooks or instructional materials in all subjects that are aligned to the academic content standards and consistent with the cycles and content of the curriculum frameworks within two months of the beginning of the school year in which this determination is made. (List actions to be taken to resolve insufficiency. See Education Code 60119(a)(2)(B) for other funds that may be used to ensure sufficient instructional materials.)

PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS _____ day of _____, ____ at a meeting, by the following vote:

AYES: _____ NOES:

Attest:

Secretary

President

SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

Note: The following **optional** policy addresses the selection of instructional materials that are used to supplement the basic textbooks and other instructional materials adopted by the Governing Board for use in grades K-8 pursuant to Education Code 60200 or for grades 9-12 pursuant to Education Code 60400. See BP/AR 6161.1 - Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials for requirements pertaining to the selection of those basic instructional materials.

The Governing Board encourages the use of supplementary instructional materials to enrich the curriculum and enhance student learning. Such materials shall be aligned with district goals, curriculum objectives, and academic standards and shall supplement and not supplant the use of Board-adopted basic instructional materials that serve as the primary learning resources.

(cf. 0000 - Vision) (cf. 0200 - Goals for the School District) (cf. 6011 - Academic Standards) (cf. 6161.1 - Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials) (cf. 6163.1 - Library Media Centers)

Supplementary instructional materials include, but are not limited to, instructional materials that are designed to serve one or more of the following purposes: (Education Code 60010)

- 1. To provide more complete coverage of one or more subjects included in a given course
- 2. To meet the various learning ability levels of students in a given age group or grade level
- 3. To meet the diverse educational needs of students with a language disability in a given age group or grade level
- 4. To meet the diverse educational needs of students reflective of a condition of cultural pluralism
- 5. To use current, relevant technology that further engages interactive learning in the classroom and beyond

(cf. 6142.91 - English/Language Arts Instruction) (cf. 6142.92 - Mathematics Instruction) (cf. 6142.93 - Science Instruction) (cf. 6142.94 - History-Social Science Instruction)

Supplementary instructional materials may be selected by the Superintendent or designee, school administrators, or teachers, as applicable, and obtained through donations to the district and/or available funding sources designated for these purposes.

SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (continued)

(cf. 1260 - Educational Foundation)

(cf. 3290 - Gifts, Grants and Bequests)

(cf. 4132/4232/4332 - Publication or Creation of Materials)

Note: In <u>McCarthy v. Fletcher</u>, a California appellate court clarified that the Board may exclude materials from classroom teaching because they are educationally unsuitable and unrelated to the goals specified in Education Code 233.5, but not simply because the materials contain ideas to which Board or community members object.

As appropriate, supplementary instructional materials shall meet the criteria developed for the selection and evaluation of basic instructional materials as described in AR 6161.1 - Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials. Supplementary instructional materials shall be directly related to the course of study in which they are being used and shall be appropriate for the age and maturity level of the students.

The use or reproduction of supplementary instructional materials shall be in accordance with federal copyright law.

(cf. 6162.6 - Use of Copyrighted Materials)

Supplementary Materials Aligned with Common Core Standards

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that maintain any of grades K-8. Pursuant to Education Code 60605.8, the State Board of Education (SBE) has adopted Common Core Standards in English language arts and mathematics; see BP 6011 - Academic Standards. In November 2012, the SBE adopted updated English language development standards for English learners which are aligned to the Common Core Standards. However, the SBE has not yet adopted K-8 textbooks and instructional materials aligned to the Common Core Standards because Education Code 60200.7 suspended state adoptions of instructional materials until the 2015-16 school year. To bridge the gap, Education Code 60605.86, as added by SB 140 (Ch. 623, Statutes of 2011), and Education Code 60605.87-60605.88, as added by AB 1719 (Ch. 636, Statutes of 2012), require the California Department of Education (CDE) to recommend and the SBE to approve lists of supplementary instructional materials aligned with the Common Core Standards in English language arts by September 30, 2012, mathematics by July 30, 2013, and English language development by June 30, 2014. These lists of supplementary materials will be available on the CDE's web site and are informational only; districts are not required to purchase any of the supplementary materials.

To prepare district students to achieve the Common Core Standards in English language arts and mathematics and the English language development standards, as applicable, the Board may select supplementary instructional materials from the lists of materials determined by the State Board of Education (SBE) to be aligned with those standards. (Education Code 60605.86-60605.88)

SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (continued)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 60605.86-60605.88, as added by SB 140 (Ch. 623, Statutes of 2011) and AB 1719 (Ch. 636, Statutes of 2012), the district may select supplementary materials that are not on the SBE-approved lists. Such materials must be reviewed and recommended by content review experts who are selected by the Board, meet specified qualifications, and serve without compensation. The Board must ensure that the selected materials comply with SBE-approved evaluation criteria, which are available on the CDE's web site, and specified legal requirements for instructional materials, including social content review requirements.

The Board may approve supplementary instructional materials that are not on the lists approved by the SBE but which are aligned with the Common Core Standards provided that the materials comply with the evaluation criteria established by the SBE and Education Code 60050, 60060-60062, and 60226. The Board shall select content review experts who possess the qualifications specified in law to review and recommend such supplementary materials. The majority of the content review experts shall be teachers who are credentialed and/or authorized in the subject area they are reviewing and the remainder shall include appropriate persons from postsecondary educational institutions, school and district curriculum administrators, and other persons who are knowledgeable in the subject area. (Education Code 60605.86-60605.88)

Appropriateness of Materials

Note: The following optional section may be revised to reflect district practice, including any district criteria for the appropriateness of supplementary instructional materials and/or circumstances under which materials should be submitted to the principal or other designee for review prior to their use (e.g., when materials relate to controversial issues or are presented in a controversial manner or context, such as when materials contain nudity, sexual content, graphic violence, or extensive profanity). The district is encouraged to consult legal counsel prior to adopting such criteria or processes or when banning films, electronic resources, or other materials solely on the basis of industry ratings.

Whenever a district employee proposes to use a supplementary resource which is not included in the approved learning resources of the district, he/she shall preview the material to determine whether, in his/her professional judgment, it is appropriate for the grade level taught and is consistent with district criteria for the selection of supplementary instructional materials.

The employee shall confer with the Superintendent or designee as necessary to determine the compliance of the material with district criteria. The primary considerations should be the educational value, appropriateness, and relevance of the materials as well as the ages and maturity of the students.

(cf. 6141.2 - Recognition of Religious Beliefs and Customs) (cf. 6142.1 - Sexual Health and HIV/AIDS Prevention Instruction) (cf. 6144 - Controversial Issues)

SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 233.5 Duty regarding instruction in morals, manners, and citizenship 18111 Exclusion of books by governing board 51510 Prohibited study or supplemental materials 51511 Religious matters properly included 51933 Sex education materials 60010 Definitions 60050 Social content review of instructional materials 60060-60062 Requirements of publishers 60200.7 Suspension of state instructional materials adoptions 60226 Learner verification of instructional materials 60242 Uses of instructional materials funds 60400 Adoption of high school instructional materials 60605.8 Common Core Standards 60605.86-60605.88 Supplemental instructional materials aligned with Common Core Standards 60811.3 English language development standards COURT DECISIONS McCarthy v. Fletcher, (1989) 207 Cal. App. 3d 130 Fowler v. Board of Education of Lincoln County, (1978) 819 F.2d 657

Management Resources:

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS Standards for Evaluating Instructional Materials for Social Content, 2000 WEB SITES CSBA: http://www.csba.org California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov



Instruction

SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

The Governing Board encourages teachers to use supplementary instructional materials which are relevant to curriculum objectives and compatible with district goals and objectives. By using such materials, teachers can introduce content and instructional strategies that enrich the curriculum, enhance learning, help students make critical judgments, and stimulate their intellectual growth.

Teachers shall carefully preview all supplementary instructional materials in order to ensure that, in their professional judgment, the materials are:

- 1. Directly related to the course of study in which they are being used
- 2. Appropriate for students' ages and maturity levels

Supplementary instructional materials must also be consistent with criteria developed for the selection and evaluation of other instructional materials. If the teacher believes that the materials may be in conflict with district criteria, the teacher shall confer with the principal or designee before using them.

(cf. 6161.1 - Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials)

When using supplementary materials, teachers shall provide appropriate introductory and follow-up activities. In addition, teachers shall ensure that supplementary materials do not supplant the use of basic texts or teaching activities.

All materials must be used within legal copyright limits.

(cf. 6162.6 - Use of Copyrighted Materials)

Films

When a teacher desires to show a film that has not been approved by the district or county for use in the grade level taught, the teacher shall preview the film to determine whether in his/her professional judgment it is consistent with district criteria for the selection of instructional materials. All films must be appropriate for the curriculum and the student's ages. The teacher shall consult District BP 6162.1 Instructional Services and Resources, for guidance.

If the teacher has any questions about how established district criteria apply to the film, he/she shall confer with the principal or designee before showing the film.



(cf. 6141.2 - Recognition of Religious Beliefs and Customs) (cf. 6142.1 - Family Life/Sex Education) (cf. 6144 - Controversial Issues)

Legal Reference: (see next page)

BP 6161.11(b)



SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 233.5 Duty re instruction in morals, manners and citizenship 18111 Exclusion of books by governing board 51510 Prohibited study or supplemental materials 51511 Religious matters properly included 51933 Sex education materials 60010-60028 Definitions, especially 60013 Supplementary instructional materials <u>McCarthy v. Fletcher</u>, 207 Cal. App. 3d 130, 1989





EDUCATION FOR FOSTER YOUTH

Definitions

Foster youth means a child who has been removed from his/her home pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 309, is the subject of a petition filed under Welfare and Institutions Code 300 or 602, or has been removed from his/her home and is the subject of a petition filed under Welfare and Institutions Code 300 or 602. (Education Code 48853.5)

Note: In instances where the rights of the parent/guardian have been limited, the court may appoint an educational representative on a temporary or long-term basis to make educational decisions for the student.

Person holding the right to make educational decisions means a responsible adult appointed by a court pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 361 or 726.

School of origin means the school that the foster youth attended when permanently housed or the school in which he/she was last enrolled. If the school the foster youth attended when permanently housed is different from the school in which he/she was last enrolled, or if there is some other school that the foster youth attended within the preceding 15 months and with which the youth is connected, the district liaison for foster youth shall determine, in consultation with and with the agreement of the foster youth and the person holding the right to make educational decisions for the youth, and in the best interests of the foster youth, which school is the school of origin. (Education Code 48853.5)

Note: Education Code 48850 expresses the legislative intent that the "best interests of the child" include educational stability as well as placement in the least restrictive educational program, as provided below.

Best interests means that, in making educational and school placement decisions for a foster youth, consideration is given to, among other factors, educational stability, the opportunity to be educated in the least restrictive educational setting necessary to achieve academic progress, and the foster youth's access to academic resources, services, and extracurricular and enrichment activities that are available to all district students. (Education Code 48850, 48853)

District Liaison

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48853.5, districts are required to designate a staff person as an educational liaison for foster youth. This person may be the same individual designated as the liaison for homeless students as required by 42 USC 11432; see AR 6173 - Education for Homeless Children. In addition, Education Code 48853.5 requires that, for districts operating a foster youth services program, the liaison be affiliated with that program. The duties of the liaison are as specified below.

The Superintendent designates the following position as the district's liaison for foster youth: (Education Code 48853.5)

Healthy Start Coordinator 3401 Scotland Drive Antelope, CA 95843 (916) 338-6387

(cf. 6173 - Education for Homeless Children)

The liaison for foster youth shall:

1. Ensure and facilitate the proper educational placement, enrollment in school, and checkout from school of students in foster care (Education Code 48853.5)

Note: Education Code 48645.5 requires districts to accept for credit full or partial coursework completed in a public school or nonpublic nonsectarian school or agency in addition to a juvenile court school; see BP 6146.3 - Reciprocity of Academic Credit.

2. Ensure proper transfer of credits, records, and grades when students in foster care transfer from one school to another or from one district to another (Education Code 48645.5, 48853.5)

When a student in foster care is enrolling in a district school, the liaison shall contact the school last attended by the student to obtain, within two business days, all academic and other records. When a foster youth is transferring to a new school, the liaison shall provide the student's records to the new school within two business days of receiving the new school's request. (Education Code 48853.5)

(cf. 5117 - Interdistrict Attendance) (cf. 5125 - Student Records) (cf. 6146.3 - Reciprocity of Academic Credit)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48853.5, 48911, and 48915.5, as amended by AB 1909 (Ch. 849, Statutes of 2012), and Education Code 48918.1, as added by AB 1909, the district liaison is required to invite or notify a foster youth's attorney and the appropriate official of the county child welfare agency in certain circumstances when expulsion-related proceedings are pending against the foster youth. For specific situations requiring such invitation or notice, see AR 5144.1 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process.

3. When required by law, notify the foster youth's attorney and the representative of the appropriate county child welfare agency when the foster youth is undergoing any expulsion or other disciplinary proceeding, including, for a student with a disability, a manifestation determination prior to a change in the student's placement. (Education Code 48853.5, 48911, 48915.5, 48918.1)

(cf. 5144.1 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process) (cf. 5144.2 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Students with Disabilities))

Note: Items #4-8 below are optional and should be modified to reflect district practice.

4. As needed, make appropriate referrals to ensure that students in foster care receive necessary special education services and services under Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973

(cf. 6164.4 - Identification and Evaluation of Individuals for Special Education) (cf. 6164.6 - Identification and Education Under Section 504)

- 5. As needed, ensure that students in foster care receive appropriate school-based services, such as counseling and health services, supplemental instruction, and after-school services
- (cf. 5141.6 School Health Services)
- (cf. 5148.2 Before/After School Programs)
- (cf. 5149 At-Risk Students)
- (cf. 6164.2 Guidance/Counseling Services)
- (cf. 6172 Gifted and Talented Student Program)
- (cf. 6174 Education for English Language Learners)
- (cf. 6177 Summer School)
- (cf. 6179 Supplemental Instruction)
- 6. Develop protocols and procedures for creating awareness for district staff, including principals, school registrars, and attendance clerks, of the requirements for the proper enrollment, placement, and transfer of foster youth
- (cf. 4131 Staff Development) (cf. 4231 - Staff Development) (cf. 4331 - Staff Development)
- 7. Collaborate with the county placing agency, social services, probation officers, juvenile court officers, nonprofit organizations, and advocates to help coordinate services for the district's foster youth

(cf. 1020 - Youth Services) (cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools) (cf. 5113.1 - Chronic Absence and Truancy)

8. Monitor the educational progress of foster youth and provide reports to the Superintendent or designee and the Governing Board based on indicators identified in Board policy

Note: The following paragraph is optional. Because the district's liaison for foster youth often has additional duties pertaining to other programs, CSBA's policy brief <u>Educating Foster Youth: Best Practices</u> and <u>Board Considerations</u> recommends periodic evaluation of the liaison's caseload to determine whether he/she is able to adequately fulfill his/her duties with respect to foster youth.

The Superintendent or designee shall regularly monitor the caseload of the liaison, as well as his/her additional duties outside of the foster youth program, to determine whether adequate time and resources are available to meet the needs of foster youth in the district.

(cf. 4115 - Evaluation/Supervision) (cf. 4315 - Evaluation/Supervision)

Enrollment

A foster youth placed in a licensed children's institution or foster family home within the district shall attend programs operated by the district unless one of the following circumstances applies: (Education Code 48853, 48853.5)

1. The student has an individualized education program requiring placement in a nonpublic, nonsectarian school or agency, or in another local educational agency.

(cf. 6159 - Individualized Education Program) (cf. 6159.2 - Nonpublic, Nonsectarian School and Agency Services for Special Education)

Note: Education Code 48853 requires districts to educate foster youth in the least restrictive environment necessary for their educational achievement. However, pursuant to Education Code 48853, as amended by SB 121 (Ch. 571, Statutes of 2012), a district may be discharged from this obligation when the parent/guardian or other person with the right to make educational decisions for the foster youth unilaterally decides to place the foster youth in another educational program and provides the district a written statement as specified in item #2 below.

- 2. The parent/guardian or other person holding the right to make educational decisions for the student determines that it is in the best interest of the student to be placed in another educational program and submits a written statement to the district indicating that determination and that:
 - a. He/she is aware that the student has a right to attend a regular public school in the least restrictive environment.
 - b. The alternate educational program is a special education program, if applicable.

- c. The decision to unilaterally remove the student from the district school and to place him/her in an alternate education program may not be financed by the district.
- d. Any attempt to seek reimbursement for the alternate education program may be at the expense of the parent/guardian or other person holding the right to make educational decisions for the student.

(cf. 6159.3 - Appointment of Surrogate Parent for Special Education Students)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48853.5, a foster youth may continue his/her education in the school of origin under the circumstances stated below. SB 1568 (Ch. 578, Statutes of 2012) amended Education Code 48853.5 to authorize a former foster youth to continue in the school of origin until high school graduation after the court's jurisdiction is terminated (item c below). Elementary and high school districts should delete any item (b or c) that is not applicable to the grade levels served by the district.

- 3. At the initial placement or any subsequent change in placement, the student exercises his/her right to continue in his/her school of origin, as defined above.
 - a. The student may continue in the school of origin for the duration of the court's jurisdiction.
 - b. If the court's jurisdiction over a grade K-8 student is terminated prior to the end of a school year, the student may continue in his/her school of origin for the remainder of the school year.
 - c. If the court's jurisdiction is terminated while the student is in high school, the student may continue in his/her school of origin until he/she graduates.
 - d. If the student is transitioning between school grade levels, he/she shall be allowed to continue in the district of origin in the same attendance area to provide him/her the benefit of matriculating with his/her peers in accordance with the established feeder patterns of school districts. A student who is transitioning to a middle school or high school shall be allowed to enroll in the school designated for matriculation in another school district.

The liaison may, in consultation with and with the agreement of the foster youth and the person holding the right to make educational decisions for the youth, recommend that the youth's right to attend the school of origin be waived and he/she be enrolled in any school that students living in the attendance area in which the foster youth resides are eligible to attend. All decisions shall be made in accordance with the foster youth's best interests. (Education Code 48853.5)

Prior to making any recommendation to move a foster youth from his/her school of origin, the liaison shall provide the youth and the person holding the right to make educational decisions for the youth with a written explanation of the basis for the recommendation and how this recommendation serves the youth's best interests. (Education Code 48853.5)

The role of the liaison shall be advisory with respect to placement decisions and determination of the school of origin. (Education Code 48853.5)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48853.5 and Health and Safety Code 120341, a district is required to immediately enroll any foster youth transferring into the district even when it has not received the foster youth's medical records, including his/her immunization records. However, pursuant to Health and Safety Code 120341, the district must, subsequent to the enrollment, take steps to obtain the foster youth's immunization records or ensure that he/she is properly immunized. See BP/AR 5141.31 - Immunizations.

If the liaison, in consultation with the foster youth and the person holding the right to make educational decisions for the foster youth, agrees that the best interests of the youth would be served by his/her transfer to a school other than the school of origin, the principal or designee of the new school shall immediately enroll the foster youth. The foster youth shall be immediately enrolled even if he/she: (Education Code 48853.5)

1. Has outstanding fees, fines, textbooks, or other items or monies due to the school last attended

(cf. 5125.2 - Withholding Grades, Diploma or Transcripts)

- 2. Does not have clothing normally required by the school, such as school uniforms
- (cf. 5132 Dress and Grooming)
- 3. Is unable to produce records normally required for enrollment, such as previous academic records, proof of residency, and medical records, including, but not limited to, immunization records or other documentation

(cf. 5141.26 - Tuberculosis Testing) (cf. 5141.31 - Immunizations) (cf. 5141.32 - Health Screening for School Entry)

Note: Education Code 48853 and 48853.5 specify that, if a dispute arises regarding school placement, the district shall use an existing dispute resolution process available to any district student. The following paragraph should be modified to reflect district practice.

If the foster youth or a person with the right to make educational decisions for the foster youth disagrees with the liaison's enrollment recommendation, he/she may appeal to the Superintendent. The Superintendent shall make a determination within 30 calendar days of

receipt of the appeal. Within 30 calendar days of receipt of the Superintendent's decision, the parent/guardian or foster youth may appeal that decision to the Board. The Board shall consider the issue at its next regularly scheduled meeting. The Board's decision shall be final.

(cf. 9320 - Meetings and Notices)

If any dispute arises regarding the request of a foster youth to remain in the school of origin, the youth has the right to remain in the school of origin pending resolution of the dispute. (Education Code 48853.5)

Transportation

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48853.5, districts may, but are not required to, provide transportation to allow a foster youth to attend a school or school district of origin, unless otherwise required by federal law or pursuant to the individualized education program of a student with a disability. An example of when transportation might be required under federal law is when a foster youth is homeless, pursuant to the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 USC 11431-11435).

Option 1 is for use by districts that do not provide transportation. Option 2 is for use by districts that choose to provide transportation to foster youth to their school of origin and may be revised to reflect district practice.

OPTION 1: The district shall not be responsible for providing transportation to and from the school of origin.

OPTION 2: Upon request, the district may provide transportation for a foster youth to and from his/her school of origin when the student is residing within the district and the school of origin is within district boundaries.

(cf. 3540 - Transportation)

(cf. 3541 - Transportation Routes and Services)

Transfer of Coursework and Applicability of Graduation Requirements

Note: The following section is for use by districts maintaining high schools. Education Code 51225.2 addresses the transferability of coursework completed by foster youth, as provided below. See BP 6146.1 - High School Graduation Requirements.

When a foster youth transfers into a district school, the district shall accept and issue full credit for any coursework that the foster youth has satisfactorily completed while attending another public school, a juvenile court school, or a nonpublic, nonsectarian school or agency and shall not require the foster youth to retake the course. (Education Code 51225.2)

If the foster youth did not complete the entire course, he/she shall be issued partial credit for the coursework completed and shall be required to take the portion of the course that he/she did not complete at his/her previous school. However, the district may require the foster youth to retake the portion of the course completed if, in consultation with the holder of educational rights for the foster youth, the district finds that the foster youth is reasonably able to complete the requirements in time to graduate from high school. Whenever partial credit is issued to a foster youth in any particular course, he/she shall be enrolled in the same or equivalent course, if applicable, so that he/she may continue and complete the entire course. (Education Code 51225.2)

In no event shall the district prevent a foster youth from taking or retaking a course to meet the eligibility requirements for admission to the California State University or the University of California. (Education Code 51225.2)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 51225.3, any foster youth who transfers into the district or between district schools in grades 11-12 is exempted from locally established high school graduation requirements, as provided below. This exemption does not apply to state graduation requirements for course completion or the high school exit examination.

When a foster youth in grade 11 or 12 transfers into the district from another school district or transfers between high schools within the district, he/she shall be exempted from all coursework and other graduation requirements adopted by the Board that are in addition to the statewide coursework requirements specified in Education Code 51225.3 and the high school exit examination, unless the district makes a finding that the student is reasonably able to complete the additional requirements in time to graduate from high school while he/she remains in foster care. (Education Code 51225.3, 60851)

(cf. 6146.1 - High School Graduation Requirements) (cf. 6162.52 - High School Exit Examination)

The Superintendent or designee shall notify any student who is granted an exemption and, as appropriate, the person holding the right to make educational decisions for the student, if any of the requirements that are waived will affect the student's ability to gain admission to a postsecondary educational institution and shall provide information about transfer opportunities available through the California Community Colleges. (Education Code 51225.3)

Grades/Credits

Grades for a student in foster care shall not be lowered if the student is absent from school due to either of the following circumstances: (Education Code 49069.5)

- 1. A decision by a court or placement agency to change the student's placement, in which case the student's grades and credits shall be calculated as of the date he/she left school
- 2. A verified court appearance or related court-ordered activity
- (cf. 5121 Grades/Evaluation of Student Achievement)

Eligibility for Extracurricular Activities

Note: Education Code 48850 provides that, when the residence of a student in foster care changes pursuant to a court order or decision of a child welfare worker, the student shall be immediately deemed to meet all residency requirements for participation in extracurricular activities and interscholastic sports. For additional information about eligibility requirements, see BP 6145 - Extracurricular and Cocurricular Activities.

A foster youth who changes residences pursuant to a court order or decision of a child welfare worker shall be immediately deemed to meet all residency requirements for participation in interscholastic sports or other extracurricular activities. (Education Code 48850)

(cf. 6145 - Extracurricular and Cocurricular Activities) (cf. 6145.2 - Athletic Competition)

Center USD Administrative Regulation Education For Foster Youth

AR 6173.1 Instruction

Definitions

Foster youth means a child who has been removed from his/her home pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 309, is the subject of a petition filed under Welfare and Institutions Code 300 or 602, or has been removed from his/her home and is the subject of a petition filed under Welfare and Institutions Code 300 or 602. (Education Code 48853.5)

Person holding the right to make educational decisions means a responsible adult appointed by a court pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 361 or 727.

School of origin means the school that the foster youth attended when permanently housed or the school in which he/she was last enrolled. If the school the foster youth attended when permanently housed is different from the school in which he/she was last enrolled, or if there is some other school that the foster youth attended within the preceding 15 months and with which the youth is connected, the district liaison shall, in consultation with and with the agreement of the foster youth and the person holding the right to make educational decisions for the youth, determine, in the best interests of the foster youth, which school is the school of origin. (Education Code 48853.5)

Best interests means that, in making educational and school placement decisions for a foster youth, consideration is given to, among other factors, educational stability, the opportunity to be educated in the least restrictive educational setting necessary to achieve academic progress, and the foster youth's access to academic resources, services, and extracurricular and enrichment activities that are available to all district students. (Education Code 48850, 48853)

District Liaison

The Superintendent designates the following position as the district liaison for foster youth: (Education Code 48853.5)

Healthy Start Coordinator 3401 Scotland Drive Antelope, CA 95843 (916) 338-6387

(cf. 6173 - Education for Homeless Children)

The district's liaison for foster youth shall:

1. Ensure and facilitate the proper educational placement, enrollment in school, and checkout from school of students in foster care (Education Code 48853.5)

2. Ensure proper transfer of credits, records, and grades when students in foster care transfer from one school to another or from one district to another (Education Code 48853.5, 48645.5)

(cf. 5117 - Interdistrict Attendance)
(cf. 5125 - Student Records)
(cf. 6146.3 - Reciprocity of Academic Credit)

3. As needed, make appropriate referrals to ensure that students in foster care receive necessary special education services and services under Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973

(cf. 6164.4 - Identification and Evaluation of Individuals for Special Education) (cf. 6164.6 - Identification and Education Under Section 504)

4. Ensure that students in foster care receive appropriate school-based services, such as supplemental instruction, counseling, or after-school services

(cf. 5141.6 - School Health Services)

(cf. 5148.2 - Before/After School Programs)

(cf. 5149 - At-Risk Students)

(cf. 6164.2 - Guidance/Counseling Services)

(cf. 6172 - Gifted and Talented Student Program)

(cf. 6174 - Education for English Language Learners)

(cf. 6177 - Summer School)

(cf. 6179 - Supplemental Instruction)

5. Develop protocols and procedures so that district staff, including principals, school registrars, and attendance clerks, are aware of the requirements for the proper enrollment, placement, and transfer of foster youth

(cf. 4131 - Staff Development) (cf. 4231 - Staff Development) (cf. 4331 - Staff Development)

6. Collaborate with the county placing agency, social services, probation officers, juvenile court officers, nonprofit organizations, and advocates to help coordinate services for the district's foster youth

(cf. 1020 - Youth Services)
(cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools)
(cf. 5113.1 - Chronic Absence and Truancy)
(cf. 5149 - At-Risk Students)

7. Monitor the educational progress of foster youth and provide reports to the Superintendent or designee and the Governing Board based on indicators identified in Board

policy

The Superintendent or designee shall regularly monitor the caseload of the district liaison, as well as his/her additional duties outside of the foster youth program, to determine whether adequate time and resources are available to meet the needs of foster youth in the district.

(cf. 4115 - Evaluation/Supervision) (cf. 4315 - Evaluation/Supervision)

Enrollment

A foster youth placed in a licensed children's institution or foster family home within the district shall attend programs operated by the district unless one of the following circumstances applies: (Education Code 48853, 48853.5)

1. The student has an individualized education program requiring placement in a nonpublic, nonsectarian school or agency or in another local educational agency.

(cf. 6159 - Individualized Education Program) (cf. 6159.2 - Nonpublic, Nonsectarian School and Agency Services for Special Education)

2. The parent/guardian or other person holding the right to make educational decisions for the student determines that it is in the best interest of the student to be placed in another educational program.

(cf. 6159.3 - Appointment of Surrogate Parent for Special Education Students)

3. At the initial placement or any subsequent change in placement, the student exercises his/her right to continue in his/her school of origin, as defined above

a. The student may continue in the school of origin for the duration of the court's jurisdiction or, if the court's jurisdiction is terminated prior to the end of a school year, then for remainder of the school year.

b. To provide the student the benefit of matriculating with his/her peers in accordance with the established feeder patterns of school districts, a student who is transitioning between school grade levels shall be allowed to continue in the district of origin in the same attendance area. A student who is transitioning to a middle school or high school shall be allowed to enroll in the school designated for matriculation in another school district.

The district liaison may, in consultation with and with the agreement of the foster youth and the person holding the right to make educational decisions for the youth, recommend that the youth's right to attend the school of origin be waived and he/she be enrolled in any school that students living in the attendance area in which the foster youth resides are eligible to attend. All decisions shall be made in accordance with the foster youth's best interests. (Education Code 48853.5)

Prior to making any recommendation to move a foster youth from his/her school of origin, the liaison shall provide the youth and the person holding the right to make educational

decisions for the youth with a written explanation of the basis for the recommendation and how this recommendation serves the youth's best interests. (Education Code 48853.5)

The role of the liaison shall be advisory with respect to placement decisions and determination of the school of origin. (Education Code 48853.5)

If the liaison, in consultation with the foster youth and the person holding the right to make educational decisions for the foster youth, agrees that the best interests of the youth would be served by his/her transfer to a school other than the school of origin, the principal or designee of the new school shall immediately enroll the foster youth. The youth shall be immediately enrolled even if he/she has outstanding fees, fines, textbooks, or other items or monies due to the school last attended or is unable to produce records, such as academic or medical records, proof of residency, or clothing normally required for enrollment. (Education Code 48853.5)

(cf. 5125.2 - Withholding Grades, Diploma or Transcripts)
(cf. 5132 - Dress and Grooming)
(cf. 5141.26 - Tuberculosis Testing)
(cf. 5141.31 - Immunizations)
(cf. 5141.32 - Health Screening for School Entry)

Within two business days of a request for enrollment, the liaison shall contact the school last attended by the student to obtain all academic and other records. Upon receiving a request from a new school, the liaison shall provide all records within two business days of receiving the request. (Education Code 48853.5)

If a person with the right to make educational decisions for a foster youth or the foster youth disagrees with the liaison's enrollment recommendation, he/she may appeal to the Superintendent. The Superintendent shall make a determination within 30 days of receipt of the appeal. Within 30 days of receipt of the Superintendent's decision, the parent/guardian or foster youth may appeal that decision to the Board. The Board shall consider the issue at its next regularly scheduled meeting. The Board's decision shall be final.

If any dispute arises regarding the request of a foster youth to remain in the school of origin, the youth has the right to remain in the school of origin pending resolution of the dispute. (Education Code 48853.5)

Transportation

Upon request, the district may provide transportation for a foster youth to and from his/her school of origin when the student is residing within the district and the school of origin is within district boundaries.

Applicability of Graduation Requirements

When a foster youth in grade 11 or 12 transfers into the district from another school district or transfers between high schools within the district, he/she shall be exempted from all coursework and other graduation requirements adopted by the Board that are in addition to the statewide coursework requirements specified in Education Code 51225.3 and the high school exit examination, unless the district makes a finding that the student is reasonably able to complete the additional requirements in time to graduate from high school while he/she remains in foster care. (Education Code 51225.3, 60851)

The Superintendent or designee shall notify any student who is granted an exemption and, as appropriate, the person holding the right to make educational decisions for the student if any of the requirements that are waived will affect the student's ability to gain admission to a postsecondary educational institution and shall provide information about transfer opportunities available through the California Community Colleges. (Education Code 51225.3)

(cf. 6146.1 - High School Graduation Requirements) (cf. 6162.52 - High School Exit Examination)

Grades/Credits

Grades for a student in foster care shall not be lowered if the student is absent from school due to either of the following circumstances: (Education Code 49069.5)

1. A decision by a court or placement agency to change the student's placement, in which case the student's grades and credits shall be calculated as of the date he/she left school

2. A verified court appearance or related court-ordered activity

(cf. 5121 - Grades/Evaluation of Student Achievement)

Eligibility for Extracurricular Activities

A foster youth who changes residences pursuant to a court order or decision of a child welfare worker shall be immediately deemed to meet all residency requirements for participation in interscholastic sports or other extracurricular activities. (Education Code 48850)

(cf. 6145 - Extracurricular and Cocurricular Activities) (cf. 6145.2 - Athletic Competition)

EDUCATION FOR ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS

Note: Proposition 227 (Education Code 300-340), which was enacted in June 1998, requires that English learners be educated through a program of "sheltered English immersion," as defined in law and the accompanying administrative regulation, with the goal that students learn English as rapidly and effectively as possible. In <u>McLaughlin v. State Board of Education</u>, the court held that the State Board of Education (SBE) may not grant districts waivers related to Education Code 300-340 pursuant to its waiver authority in Education Code 33050.

During the Federal Program Monitoring (FPM) process, California Department of Education (CDE) staff will expect to see evidence that the district has complied with major program requirements. See the CDE web site for FPM compliance monitoring instruments.

The Governing Board intends to provide English learners with challenging curriculum and instruction that develop proficiency in English as rapidly and effectively as possible while facilitating student achievement in the district's regular course of study.

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 60811, the SBE has adopted state academic content standards for English language development for students whose primary language is a language other than English. In November 2012, the SBE approved English language development standards that have been updated to align with the state's Common Core Standards for English language arts as required by Education Code 60811.3, as added by AB 124 (Ch. 605, Statutes of 2012). The standards describe what students should know and be able to do in the early stages of and at exit from each of three proficiency levels: emerging, expanding, and bridging.

The SBE has been unable to adopt K-8 textbooks and instructional materials aligned to the Common Core Standards because Education Code 60200.7 suspended state adoptions of instructional materials until the 2015-16 school year. To bridge the gap, Education Code 60605.87, as added by AB 1719 (Ch. 636, Statutes of 2012), requires the CDE to recommend and the SBE to approve, by June 30, 2014, a list of supplementary instructional materials aligned with the updated English language development standards. This list of supplementary materials will be available on the CDE's web site and is informational only; see BP 6161.11 - Supplementary Instructional Materials.

English learners shall be provided English language development instruction targeted to their English proficiency level and aligned with state content standards. The district's program shall be based on sound instructional theory and adequately supported in order to assist students in accessing the full educational program.

(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards) (cf. 6141 - Curriculum Development and Evaluation) (cf. 6161.1 - Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials) (cf. 6161.11 - Supplementary Instructional Materials) (cf. 6171 - Title I Programs)

Note: Education Code 44253.1-44253.11, related Title 5 regulations, and Commission on Teacher Credentialing (CTC) leaflet CL-622, <u>Serving English Learners</u>, describe requirements pertaining to the qualifications of teachers of English learners. A teacher who is assigned to provide English language development, specially designed academic instruction in English, and/or primary language instruction to English learners must hold an appropriate authorization from the CTC; see AR 4112.22 - Staff Teaching English Language Learners.

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that all staff employed to teach English learners possess the appropriate authorization from the Commission on Teacher Credentialing.

(cf. 4112.22 - Staff Teaching English Language Learners)

Note: The following optional paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice.

The Superintendent or designee shall encourage parent and community involvement in the development, implementation, and evaluation of English language development programs. In addition, to support students' English language development, the Superintendent or designee may provide an adult literacy training program for parents/guardians and community members that leads to English fluency.

(cf. 0420 - School Plans/Site Councils) (cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees) (cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

Identification and Assessment

Note: Pursuant to 5 CCR 11511, the district must initially administer the California English Language Development Test (CELDT) to any student whose native language is not English and who has not been previously identified as an English learner by a California public school or for whom there is no record of results from an administration of an English language proficiency test. Once identified as an English learner, the student must continue to be assessed on an annual basis until reclassified based on the CELDT, teacher evaluation, parental opinion and consultation, and performance on a statewide assessment of basic skills. See the accompanying administrative regulation for further information about test administration and identification and reclassification criteria.

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain procedures which provide for the accurate identification of English learners and an assessment of their proficiency and needs in the areas of listening, speaking, reading, and writing in English.

Once identified as an English learner, a student shall be annually assessed for language proficiency until he/she is reclassified based on criteria specified in administrative regulation.

Placement of English Learners

Note: Education Code 305-306 require that English learners be initially placed in a "sheltered English immersion" or "structured English immersion" classroom, as defined in law and the accompanying administrative regulation. Students will be placed in an English language mainstream classroom when they have acquired a reasonable level of English proficiency or when the student's parent/guardian so requests.

Students who are English learners shall be educated through "sheltered English immersion" or "structured English immersion," as defined in law and administrative regulation, during a temporary transition period not normally intended to exceed one year. Nearly all of the classroom instruction in the district's structured English immersion program shall be in English, but with the curriculum and presentation designed for students who are learning the language. (Education Code 305-306)

Note: The Education Code does not define the term "nearly all" for purposes of ensuring that nearly all instruction is provided in English pursuant to Education Code 306, and the SBE has declared that it is the responsibility of districts to determine the appropriate ratio of English and native language instruction. The district could establish a minimum percentage of classroom instructional time to be conducted in English or specify the types of courses to be conducted in English and the courses (e.g., science, algebra) to be taught in the student's primary language. "Nearly all" could be cautiously defined as to provide that all classroom instruction be conducted in English except for clarification, explanation, and support as needed. The following paragraph should be completed with the district's definition of "nearly all."

For purposes of determining the amount of instruction conducted in English in the structured English immersion classroom, "nearly all" shall be defined as follows:

All classroom instruction be conducted in English except for clarifications, explanations, and support as needed.

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 305-306 and 5 CCR 11301, when a student has acquired a reasonable level of English proficiency, as measured by state or local assessment instruments, he/she shall be removed from the structured English immersion classroom and placed in an English mainstream classroom in which the language of instruction is overwhelmingly in English. The term "overwhelmingly" is not defined in the Education Code nor in the state regulations.

The definition of "reasonable level of proficiency" is one that must be made at the local level. The following paragraph should be revised to specify the types of assessment instruments and scores and/or other local tools (e.g., student portfolios or grades) which will be used to determine whether a student has achieved a reasonable level of English proficiency for purposes of qualifying for transfer to an English mainstream classroom. The district should fill in the blanks below with its definition of "reasonable level of proficiency."

When an English learner has acquired a reasonable level of English proficiency as measured by any of the state-designated assessments approved by the California Department of Education, any district assessments, and/or other criteria adopted by the Board, he/she shall be transferred from a structured English immersion classroom to an English language mainstream classroom in which the instruction is overwhelmingly in English. (Education Code 305-306; 5 CCR 11301)

(cf. 6162.5 - Student Assessment)

An English learner has acquired a "reasonable level of English proficiency" when he/she has achieved the following:

-Below Basic or above on C.E.L.D.T. -Alevel or Intermediate or above on the C.E.L.D.T. -Below Basic or above on the District Writing Assessment.

Note: 5 CCR 11301 allows a parent/guardian to have his/her child moved into an English language mainstream classroom at any time during the school year. According to the CDE, the parent/guardian only needs to request this placement; he/she does not need to go through the waiver process described below in the section entitled "Parental Exception Waivers."

Education Code 320 grants parents/guardians legal standing to sue Board members, teachers, or administrators if their child has been "willfully and repeatedly" denied the option of an English language curriculum. The constitutionality of this section was upheld by the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals in <u>California Teachers Association v. the State Board of Education</u>. Therefore, districts should ensure that requests from parents/guardians to place their child in an English language mainstream classroom are granted immediately.

At any time during the school year, the parent/guardian of an English learner may have his/her child moved into an English language mainstream program. (5 CCR 11301)

Parental Exception Waivers

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 310-311, the district may, in three narrowly defined circumstances, grant parental exception waivers from the requirements of Education Code 305 regarding placement in the structured English immersion program and instead be taught through bilingual education or other permitted methodologies. For detailed procedures, see the accompanying administrative regulation.

When allowed by law, the parent/guardian of an English learner may submit a request that his/her child be exempted from placement in a structured English immersion program and instead be placed in a class where he/she is taught English and other subjects through bilingual education techniques or other generally recognized educational methodologies permitted by law. (Education Code 310-311)

Each waiver request shall be considered on its individual merits with deference given to parental preference for student placement.

Note: 5 CCR 11309 mandates that the district's procedure contain the following paragraph. Pursuant to 5 CCR 11309, the district is required to grant all parental exception waiver requests, unless the principal and educational staff have determined that an alternative program offered at the school would not be better suited for the overall educational development of the student; see the accompanying administrative regulation. Therefore, the burden is on the district staff to show why a waiver request should not be granted.

In 83 <u>Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen</u>. 40 (2000), the Attorney General opined that a district may not deny a parent/guardian request for a waiver on the sole ground that the district has no alternative program.

A waiver request shall be granted in accordance with law unless the principal and educational staff have determined that an alternative program would not be better suited to the student's overall educational development. (5 CCR 11309)

Note: The following appeal process is optional.

If the Superintendent or designee denies the waiver request, he/she shall provide a written justification to the parent/guardian describing the reasons for the denial. A parent/guardian may appeal the decision in writing to the Board. The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting. The Board may decide not to hear the appeal, in which case the Superintendent's decision shall be final. If the Board hears the appeal, the Superintendent shall send the Board's decision to the parent/guardian within seven working days.

Note: Pursuant to 5 CCR 11310, any parent/guardian who applies for a waiver may request that the SBE review the district's guidelines or procedures. The SBE shall review the guidelines only to make a determination as to whether the guidelines comply with 5 CCR 11309. In addition, the SBE may request that the Board submit the guidelines for review.

Program Evaluation

Note: The following section may be revised to reflect indicators agreed upon by the Board and Superintendent or designee for measuring the effectiveness of the district's educational program for English learners.

Education Code 313.1, as added by AB 2193 (Ch. 427, Statutes of 2012), defines "long-term English learner" and "English learner at risk of becoming a long-term English learner"; see definitions in the accompanying administrative regulation. Pursuant to Education Code 313.2, as added by AB 2193, the CDE is required to annually determine the number of students in each district and school who are, or at risk of becoming, long-term English learners and to report that information to districts and schools.

To evaluate the effectiveness of the district's educational program for English learners, the Superintendent or designee shall report to the Board, at least annually, regarding the progress of English learners towards proficiency in English, the number and percentage of English learners reclassified as fluent English proficient, the number and percentage of English learners who are or are at risk of being classified as long-term English learners, the achievement of English learners on standards-based tests in core curricular areas, and a comparison of current data with data from at least the previous year. The Superintendent or designee also shall provide the Board with regular reports from any district or schoolwide English learner advisory committees.

Legal Reference: (see next page)

BP 6174(f)

EDUCATION FOR ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 300-340 English language education 430-446 English Learner and Immigrant Pupil Federal Conformity Act 33050 State Board of Education waiver authority 44253.1-44253.11 Qualifications for teaching English learners 48985 Notices to parents in language other than English 51101-51101.1 Rights of parents 52130-52135 Impacted Languages Act of 1984 52160-52178 Bilingual Bicultural Act 52180-52186 Bilingual teacher training assistance program 54000-54028 Programs for disadvantaged children 60200.7 Suspension of state instructional materials adoptions 60605.87 Supplemental instructional materials, English language development 60810-60812 Assessment of language development 62005.5 Continuation of advisory committee after program sunsets CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5 11300-11316 English learner education 11510-11517 California English Language Development Test UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20 1701-1705 Equal Educational Opportunities Act 6312 Local education agency plans 6801-6871 Title III, Language instruction for limited English proficient and immigrant students 7012 Parental notification **COURT DECISIONS** Valeria G. v. Wilson, (2002) 307 F.3d 1036 California Teachers Association v. State Board of Education et al., (9th Circuit, 2001) 271 F.3d 1141 McLaughlin v. State Board of Education, (1999) 75 Cal.App.4th 196 Teresa P. et al v. Berkeley Unified School District et al. (1989) 724 F.Supp. 698 ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINIONS 83 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 40 (2000)

Management Resources:

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS California English Language Development Test (CELDT): 2012-13 CELDT Information Guide, 2012 English Language Development Standards for California Public Schools: Kindergarten Through Grade Twelve, 2012 Matrix of Test Variations, Accommodations, and Modifications for Administration of California Statewide Assessments U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION NONREGULATORY GUIDANCE Assessment and Accountability for Recently Arrived and Former Limited English Proficient (LEP) Students, May 2007 WEB SITES California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/el U.S. Department of Education: http://www.ed.gov

Policy adopted:
Center USD Board Policy Education For English Language Learners

BP 6174 Instruction

The Governing Board intends to provide English language learners with challenging curriculum and instruction that develop proficiency in English as rapidly and effectively as possible in order to assist students in accessing the full educational program and achieving the district's academic standards. The district's program shall be based on sound instructional theory and shall be adequately supported so that English language learners can achieve results at the same academic level as their English-proficient peers in the regular course of study.

The Board encourages staff to exchange information with staff in other districts and the county office of education about programs, options and strategies for English language learners that succeed under various demographic conditions.

(cf. 4112.22/4212.22 - Staff Teaching Students of Limited English Proficiency)

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain procedures which provide for the identification, assessment and placement of English language learners and for their redesignation based on criteria adopted by the Board and specified in administrative regulations.

To evaluate program effectiveness, the Superintendent or designee shall regularly examine program results, including reports of the English language learners' academic achievement, their progress towards proficiency in English and the progress of students who have been redesignated as fluent English proficient. The Superintendent or designee shall annually report these findings to the Board and shall also provide the Board with regular reports from any district or schoolwide English learner advisory committees.

(cf. 6190 - Evaluation of the Instructional Program)

Type of Instruction

Students who are English language learners shall be educated through "sheltered English immersion" or "structured English immersion" during a temporary transition period not normally intended to exceed one year. "Nearly all" of the classroom instruction in the district's sheltered English immersion program shall be in English, but with the curriculum and presentation designed for students who are learning the language. (Education Code 305, 306)

The district has defined the term "nearly all" as follows:

All classroom instruction be conducted in English except for clarification, explanation, and

support in primary language, as needed.

When an English language learner has acquired a reasonable level of English proficiency as measured by any of the state-designated assessments approved by the California Department of Education or any locally developed assessments and using other criteria developed by the district, he/she shall be transferred from a structured English immersion classroom to an English language mainstream classroom in which the instruction is "overwhelmingly" in English. (Education Code 305; 5 CCR 11301)

An English language learner has acquired a "reasonable level of English proficiency" when he/she has achieved the following:

- Below Basic or above on California Standards Test
- A level of Intermediate or above on the C.E.L.D.T.
- Below Basic or above on the District Writing Assessment

(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards) (cf. 6162.5 - Student Assessment) (cf. 6171 - Title I Programs)

Upon the request of his/her parent/guardian, a student shall be placed in an English language mainstream classroom. (5 CCR 11301)

Parental Exception Waivers

At any time during the school year, the parent/guardian of an English language learner may have his/her child moved into an English language mainstream program.

Parent/guardian requests for waivers from Education Code 305 regarding placement in a sheltered English immersion program shall be granted in accordance with law and administrative regulation.

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE 300-340 English language education for immigrant children 430-446 English Learner and Immigrant Pupil Federal Conformity Act 33308.5 CDE guidelines not binding 44253.5-44253.10 Certification for bilingual-cross-cultural competence 48985 Notices to parents in language other than English 51101 Rights of parents to information 51101.1 Rights for parents of English learners 52130-52135 Impacted languages act of 1984 52160-52178 Bilingual Bicultural Act 52180-52186 Bilingual teacher training assistance program 54000-54028 Programs for disadvantaged children 60810-60812 Assessment of language development 62001-62005.5 Evaluation and sunsetting of programs

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

4320 Determination of funding to support program to overcome the linguistic difficulties of English learners

11300-11316 English Language Learner Education

11510-11517 California English Language Development Test

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

1701-1705 Equal Educational Opportunities Act

6312 Local education agency plans

6801-6871 Title III, Language instruction for limited English proficient and immigrant students

COURT DECISIONS

Valeria G. v. Wilson, (9th Circuit) 2002 U.S. App. Lexis 20956

California Teachers Association et al. v. State Board of Education et al., (9th Circuit, 2001) 271 F.3d 1141

McLaughlin v. State Board of Education, (1999) 75 Cal.App.4th 196

Teresa P. et al v. Berkeley Unified School District et al, (1989) 724 F.Supp. 698

Casteneda v. Pickard, (5th Cir. 1981) 648 F.2d 989

ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINIONS

83 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 40 (2000)

Management Resources:

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

Guidelines for Reclassification of English Learners, September 2002

Accommodations for the California English Language Development Test, Revised 8/13/01 WEB SITES

CDE: http://www.cde.ca.gov

CSBA: http://www.csba.org

EDUCATION FOR ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS

Definitions

English learner, also known as a limited English proficient student, means a student who does not speak English or whose native language is not English and who is not currently able to perform ordinary classroom work in English. (Education Code 306)

Note: Education Code 313.1, as added by AB 2193 (Ch. 427, Statutes of 2012), establishes the following definitions of "long-term English learner" and "English learner at risk of becoming a long-term English learner." Pursuant to Education Code 313.2, as added by AB 2193, the California Department of Education (CDE) is required to annually determine the number of students in each district and school who are, or at risk of becoming, long-term English learners and to report that information to districts and schools; see the accompanying Board policy.

Long-term English learner means an English learner who is enrolled in grades 6-12, has been enrolled in schools in the United States for more than six years, has remained at the same English language proficiency level for two or more consecutive years as determined by the California English Language Development Test (CELDT) or any successor test, and scores far below basic or below basic on the English language arts test of the California Standards Tests or any successor test. (Education Code 313.1)

English learner at risk of becoming a long-term English learner means an English learner who is enrolled in grades 5-11 in the United States for four years, scores at the intermediate level or below on the CELDT or any successor test, and scores in the fourth year at the below basic or far below basic level on the English language arts test of the California Standards Tests or any successor test. (Education Code 313.1)

English language classroom means a classroom in which the language of instruction used by the teaching personnel is overwhelmingly the English language, and in which such teaching personnel possess a good knowledge of the English language. (Education Code 306)

English language mainstream classroom means a classroom in which the students either are native English language speakers or already have acquired reasonable fluency in English. (Education Code 306)

Sheltered English immersion or structured English immersion means an English language acquisition process in which nearly all classroom instruction is in English but with the curriculum and presentation designed for students who are learning the language. (Education Code 306)

Bilingual education/native language instruction means a language acquisition process for students in which much or all instruction, textbooks, and teaching materials are in the student's native language. (Education Code 306)

Identification and Assessment

Note: 5 CCR 11307 and 11511 require the district to administer a home language survey to all enrolled students and, for students who are determined by the home survey to have a primary language other than English, to follow up with administration of the California English Language Development Test (CELDT) as provided in the following paragraphs. According to the CDE's 2012-13 CELDT Information Guide, these requirements also apply to students in a transitional kindergarten program, who are expected to have the same level of services as kindergarten students; see BP 6170.1 - Transitional Kindergarten.

Upon enrollment in the district, each student's primary language shall be determined through use of a home language survey. (5 CCR 11307)

Any student who is identified as having a primary language other than English as determined by the home language survey, and who has not been previously identified as an English learner by a California public school or for whom there is no record of results from an administration of an English language proficiency test, shall be assessed for English proficiency using the CELDT. The test shall be administered between 60 calendar days before the date of first enrollment in a district school and 30 calendar days after the date of first enrollment, but not before July 1 of that school year. (5 CCR 11511)

The CELDT shall be administered in accordance with 5 CCR 11511-11516.7.

Note: 5 CCR 11516-11516.6 specify allowable variations and accommodations in CELDT administration. These variations and accommodations are generally the same as those allowed for the Standardized Testing and Reporting Program; see AR 6162.51 - Standardized Testing and Reporting Program. A matrix of allowable accommodations is available on the CDE's web site.

Variations and accommodations in test administration may be provided pursuant to 5 CCR 11516-11516.7. Any student with a disability shall be allowed to take the CELDT with those accommodations for testing that the student has regularly used during instruction and classroom assessment as delineated in the student's individualized education program (IEP) or Section 504 plan that are appropriate and necessary to address the student's individual needs. If he/she is unable to participate in the assessment or a portion of the assessment with such accommodations, he/she shall be administered an alternate assessment for English language proficiency as set forth in his/her IEP. (5 CCR 11516-11516.7)

(cf. 6152.51 - Standardized Testing and Reporting Program)

(cf. 6159 - Individualized Education Program)

(cf. 6164.6 - Identification and Education Under Section 504)

Parental Notifications

Note: The following section specifies notifications that must be sent to parents/guardians regarding assessment results and available programs for English learners. The district may choose to combine these notifications with notifications required for parental exception waivers, as detailed in the section "Parental Exception Waivers" below. The CDE has developed sample notification letters, available on its web site in multiple translations, to notify parents/guardians of the initial identification of the student as an English learner or as initially fluent English proficient and to notify them of the results of the annual assessment.

Pursuant to Education Code 48985, when 15 percent or more of students enrolled in a school speak a single primary language other than English, all notices and reports sent to their parents/guardians must be written in English and in the primary language and may be answered by the parent/guardian in either language.

As provided in the following paragraph, 5 CCR 11511.5 requires the district to notify parents/guardians of their child's CELDT results within 30 calendar days following receipt of the results from the test contractor. According to the CDE's <u>2012-13 CELDT Information Guide</u>, individual student performance results are received approximately eight weeks after the completed tests are sent to the test contractor for scoring.

The district shall notify parents/guardians of their child's results on the CELDT within 30 calendar days following receipt of the results from the test contractor. (5 CCR 11511.5)

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

At the beginning of each school year, parents/guardians shall be informed of the placement of their child in a structured English immersion program and shall be notified of an opportunity to apply for a parental exception waiver. (Education Code 310; 5 CCR 11309)

Note: The remainder of this section is for use by districts that receive federal Title III funds. Pursuant to Education Code 440 and 20 USC 7012, districts receiving federal Title III funds must notify parents/guardians of their child's assessment of English proficiency, as specified below.

Not later than 30 calendar days after the beginning of the school year, each parent/guardian of a student participating in, or identified for participation in, a language instruction program supported by federal Title III funds shall receive notification of the assessment of his/her child's English proficiency. The notice shall include all of the following: (Education Code 440; 20 USC 7012)

- 1. The reason for the student's classification as an English learner
- 2. The level of English proficiency
- 3. A description of the program for English language development instruction, including a description of all of the following:
 - a. The manner in which the program will meet the educational strengths and needs of the student

- b. The manner in which the program will help the student develop his/her English proficiency and meet age-appropriate academic standards
- c. The specific exit requirements for the program, the expected rate of transition from the program into classrooms not tailored for English learners, and the expected rate of graduation from secondary school if applicable
- d. Where the student has been identified for special education, the manner in which the program meets the requirements of the student's IEP
- 4. Information regarding a parent/guardian's option to decline to allow the student to be enrolled in the program or to choose to allow the student to be enrolled in an alternative program
- 5. Information designed to assist a parent/guardian in selecting among available programs, if more than one program is offered

Parental Exception Waivers

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 311, parents/guardians may request a waiver of their child's placement in a structured English immersion program under the circumstances described below. See the accompanying Exhibit for a sample form that may be used to obtain and process the parent/guardian's waiver request.

A parent/guardian may, by personally visiting the school, request that the district waive the requirements pertaining to the placement of his/her child in a structured English immersion program if one of the following circumstances exists: (Education Code 310-311)

- 1. The student already possesses good English language skills, as measured by standardized tests of English vocabulary comprehension, reading, and writing, in which the student scores at or above the state average for his/her grade level or at or above the fifth-grade average, whichever is lower.
- 2. The student is age 10 years or older, and it is the informed belief of the principal and educational staff that an alternate course of study would be better suited to the student's rapid acquisition of basic English skills.

Note: Education Code 311 provides that a waiver may be granted when the student has such special physical, emotional, psychological, or educational needs that an alternate course of study would be better suited to the student's overall educational development, as provided in item #3 below. The State Board of Education (SBE) has declared that the definition of "special needs" is broader than special education, or any other specific medical condition, in that expert documentation justifying the waiver need not be presented by the parent/guardian. Rather, the determination as to whether a child has "special needs" should be based on the parent/guardian's opinion that an alternative program is better for his/her child. According to the CDE, for a special education student, the IEP determines placement of that student, and therefore a waiver pursuant to this section is not required.

3. The student already has been placed, for a period of not less than 30 calendar days during that school year, in an English language classroom and it is subsequently the informed belief of the principal and educational staff that the student has special physical, emotional, psychological, or educational needs and that an alternate course of educational study would be better suited to the student's overall educational development.

Note: 5 CCR 11309 mandates that districts establish procedures for granting parental exception waivers that contain the following two paragraphs. Pursuant to Education Code 311, waivers granted pursuant to item #3 above are subject to approval by the Superintendent under guidelines adopted by the Governing Board and ultimately subject to SBE guidelines.

Upon request for a waiver, the Superintendent or designee shall provide parents/guardians with a full written description and, upon request, a spoken description of the intent and content of the structured English immersion program, any alternative courses of study, all educational opportunities offered by the district and available to the student, and the educational materials to be used in the different educational program choices. For a request for waiver pursuant to item #3 above, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the parent/guardian that the student must be placed for a period of not less than 30 calendar days in an English language classroom and that the waiver must be approved by the Superintendent pursuant to any guidelines established by the Governing Board. (Education Code 310, 311; 5 CCR 11309)

The principal and educational staff may recommend a waiver to a parent/guardian pursuant to item #2 or #3 above. Parents/guardians shall be informed in writing of any recommendation for an alternative program made by the principal and staff and shall be given notice of their right to refuse to accept the recommendation. The notice shall include a full description of the recommended alternative program and the educational materials to be used for the alternative program as well as a description of all other programs available to the student. If the parent/guardian elects to request the alternative program recommended by the principal and educational staff, the parent/guardian shall comply with district procedures and requirements otherwise applicable to a parental exception waiver, including Education Code 310. (Education Code 311; 5 CCR 11309)

Note: If standardized tests are not available to measure a student's English language skills and for waivers pursuant to item #1 above, 5 CCR 11309 provides that the district may use equivalent measures as determined by the Board. The following optional paragraph should be revised to reflect district practice.

When evaluating waiver requests pursuant to item #1 above and other waiver requests for those students for whom standardized assessment data are not available, other equivalent assessment measures may be used. These equivalent measures may include district standards and assessment and teacher evaluations of such students.

Parental exception waivers pursuant to item #2 above shall be granted if it is the informed belief of the principal and educational staff that an alternate course of educational study would be better suited to the student's rapid acquisition of basic English language skills. (Education Code 311)

Parental exception waivers pursuant to item #3 above shall be granted by the Superintendent if it is the informed belief of the principal and educational staff that, due to the student's special physical, emotional, psychological, or educational needs, an alternate course of educational study would be better suited to the student's overall educational development. (Education Code 311)

All parental exception waivers shall be acted upon within 20 instructional days of submission to the principal. However, parental waiver requests pursuant to item #3 above shall not be acted upon during the 30-day placement in an English language classroom. Such waivers shall be acted upon no later than 10 calendar days after the expiration of that 30-day English language classroom placement or within 20 instructional days of submission of the waiver to the principal, whichever is later. (5 CCR 11309)

Note: Education Code 310 provides that when 20 or more students in the same grade level at the same school receive a waiver, the school is required to offer an alternative class; otherwise it must allow the students to transfer to a public school in which such a class is offered. Districts that have questions about the requirement to offer a program should consult legal counsel as necessary.

Any individual school in which 20 students or more of a given grade level receive a waiver shall offer an alternative class where the students are taught English and other subjects through bilingual education techniques or other generally recognized educational methodologies permitted by law. Otherwise, the students shall be allowed to transfer to a public school in which such a class is offered. (Education Code 310)

In cases where a parental exception waiver pursuant to item #2 or #3 above is denied, the parent/guardian shall be informed in writing of the reason(s) for the denial and advised that he/she may appeal the decision to the Board if the Board authorizes such an appeal, or to the court. (5 CCR 11309)

Waiver requests shall be renewed annually by the parent/guardian. (Education Code 310)

Reclassification/Redesignation

Note: The following section reflects procedures established by law and state regulations for the reclassification of English learners to fluent English proficient. Education Code 313.5, as added by SB 1108 (Ch. 434, Statutes of 2012), requires the CDE to review the criteria, policies, and practices of a sampling of school districts and to recommend to the Legislature and the SBE, by January 1, 2014 and again by January 1, 2017, any guidelines or regulatory or statutory changes needed to identify when English learners are prepared for the successful transition to classrooms and curricula that require English proficiency.

The district shall continue to provide additional and appropriate educational services to English learners for the purposes of overcoming language barriers until they: (5 CCR 11302)

- 1. Demonstrate English language proficiency comparable to that of the district's average native English language speakers
- 2. Recoup any academic deficits which may have been incurred in other areas of the core curriculum as a result of language barriers

English learners shall be reclassified as fluent English proficient when they are able to comprehend, speak, read, and write English well enough to receive instruction in an English language classroom and make academic progress at a level substantially equivalent to that of students of the same age or grade whose primary language is English and who are in the regular course of study. (Education Code 52164.6)

Note: 5 CCR 11303 mandates that the district's reclassification process include the criteria specified in items #1-4 below. The CDE's 2012-13 CELDT Information Guide includes recommendations for assessing each of the following criteria.

The following measures shall be used to determine whether an English learner shall be reclassified as fluent English proficient: (Education Code 313; 5 CCR 11303)

- 1. Assessment of English language proficiency using an objective assessment instrument, including, but not limited to, the CELDT.
- 2. Participation of the student's classroom teacher and any other certificated staff with direct responsibility for teaching or placement decisions related to the student.
- 3. Parent/guardian opinion and consultation. The Superintendent or designee shall provide the parent/guardian with notice and a description of the reclassification process and of his/her opportunity to participate in the process and shall encourage his/her involvement in the process.
- 4. Student performance on a statewide assessment of basic skills in English.

Note: 5 CCR 11304 requires the district to monitor the progress of reclassified students to ensure that their classification and placement are correct. During the Federal Program Monitoring process, CDE staff will check whether the district monitors the progress of reclassified students for at least two years and whether such monitoring includes a determination of additional academic support needed.

The Superintendent or designee shall monitor the progress of reclassified students to ensure their correct classification and placement. (5 CCR 11304)

Students shall be monitored for at least two years following their reclassification. As part of this evaluation, the Superintendent or designee shall identify whether the student needs any additional academic support to ensure his/her language and academic success.

Advisory Committees

Note: The following section should be revised to reflect district practice. Pursuant to 5 CCR 11308, parent/guardian advisory committees are required for any district with over 50 English learners and for schools with over 20 English learners. Duties of the advisory committee are specified in 5 CCR 11308. Also see BP/AR 5020 - Parent Rights and Responsibilities for information about the rights of parents/guardians of English learners.

At the district level when there are more than 50 English learners in the district and at each school with more than 20 English learners, parent/guardian advisory committees shall be maintained to serve the advisory functions specified in law. (5 CCR 11308)

Parents/guardians of English learners shall constitute committee membership in at least the same percentage as their children represent of the total number of students in the school. (Education Code 52176)

The district's English language advisory committee shall advise the Board on at least the following tasks: (5 CCR 11308)

- 1. The development of a district master plan of education programs and services for English learners, taking into consideration the school site plans for English learners
- 2. The district wide needs assessment on a school-by-school basis
- 3. Establishment of a district program, goals, and objectives for programs and services for English learners
- 4. Development of a plan to ensure compliance with applicable teacher or aide requirements
- 5. Administration of the annual language census
- 6. Review of and comment on the district's reclassification procedures
- 7. Review of and comment on the written notification required to be sent to parents/guardians pursuant to 5 CCR 11300-11316

(cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

In order to assist advisory members in carrying out their responsibilities, the Superintendent or designee shall ensure that committee members receive appropriate training and materials. This training shall be planned in full consultation with the members. (5 CCR 11308)

Center USD Administrative Regulation Education For English Language Learners

AR 6174 Instruction

Definitions

English learner means a student who does not speak English or whose native language is not English and who is not currently able to perform ordinary classroom work in English, also known as a limited English proficient or LEP child. (Education Code 306)

English language classroom means a classroom in which the language of instruction used by the teaching personnel is overwhelmingly the English language, and in which such teaching personnel possess a good knowledge of the English language. (Education Code 306)

English language mainstream classroom means a classroom in which the students either are native English language speakers or already have acquired reasonable fluency in English. (Education Code 306)

Sheltered English immersion or structured English immersion means an English language acquisition process in which nearly all classroom instruction is in English but with the curriculum and presentation designed for students who are learning the language. (Education Code 306)

Bilingual education/native language instruction means a language acquisition process for students in which much or all instruction, textbooks, and teaching materials are in the students native language. (Education Code 306)

Identification and Assessment

Upon enrollment, each student's primary language shall be determined through use of a home language survey. (5 CCR 11307)

Within 30 calendar days of their initial enrollment, students who are identified as having a primary language other than English, as determined by the home language survey, and for whom there is no record of results from an English language development test shall be assessed using the California English Language Development Test (CELDT). (5 CCR 11511)

All students shall have sufficient time to complete the CELDT as provided in the directions for test administration. (5 CCR 11516)

Any student with a disability shall take the CELDT with those accommodations for testing that the student has regularly used during instruction and classroom assessment as delineated in the students individualized education program (IEP) or Section 504 plan that are appropriate and necessary to address the students individual needs. (5 CCR 11516.5)

(cf. 6159 - Individualized Education Program) (cf. 6164.6 - Identification and Education under Section 504)

The district shall notify parents/guardians of their childs results on the CELDT within 30 calendar days. (5 CCR 11511.5)

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

Within 90 days of initial enrollment, students identified as having limited English proficiency shall be further assessed for primary language proficiency in comprehension, speaking, reading and writing. The Superintendent or designee shall develop criteria for determining student needs on the basis of these assessments. (former Education Code 52164.1, 62002)

Before students are enrolled in a program for English language learners, parents/guardians shall receive information about the program and their opportunities for parental involvement. This information shall include the fact that an individual student's participation in the program is voluntary on the part of the parent/guardian. (Education Code 52173)

Not later than 30 calendar days after the beginning of the school year, each parent/guardian of a student participating in, or identified for participation in, a language instruction program supported by federal Title III funds shall receive notification of the assessment of his/her childs English proficiency. The notice shall include all of the following: (Education Code 440; 20 USC 6312)

1. The reason for the students classification as English language learner

2. The level of English proficiency

3. A description of the program for English language development instruction, including a description of all of the following:

a. The manner in which the program will meet the educational strengths and needs of the student

b. The manner in which the program will help the student develop his/her English proficiency and meet age-appropriate academic standards

c. The specific exit requirements for the program, the expected rate of transition from the program into classrooms not tailored for English language learner students, and the expected rate of graduation from secondary school if Title I funds are used for students in secondary schools

d. Where the student has been identified for special education, the manner in which the program meets the requirements of the students IEP

4. Information regarding a parent/guardians option to decline to allow the student to become enrolled in the program or to choose to allow the student to become enrolled in an alternative program

5. Information designed to assist a parent/guardian in selecting among available programs, if more than one program is offered

Parent/guardians also shall be notified of the results of any reassessments. (Education Code 52164.3)

Parental Exception Waivers

At the beginning of each school year, parents/guardians shall be informed of the placement of their children in a structured English immersion program and shall be notified of an opportunity to apply for a parental exception waiver. (Education Code 310; 5 CCR 11309)

A parent/guardian may request that the district waive the requirements of Education Code 305, pertaining to the placement of a student in a structured English immersion program if the one of the following circumstances exists:

1. Students who already know English: The student already possesses good English language skills, as measured by standardized tests of English vocabulary comprehension, reading and writing, in which the student scores at or above the state average for his/her grade level or at or above the fifth-grade average, whichever is lower. (Education Code 311(a))

2. Older students: The student is age 10 years or older, and it is the informed belief of the school principal and educational staff that an alternate course of study would be better suited to the student's rapid acquisition of basic English skills. (Education Code 311(b))

3. Students with special needs: The student already has been placed, for a period of not less than 30 calendar days during that school year, in an English language classroom and it is subsequently the informed belief of the school principal and educational staff that the student has special physical, emotional, psychological or educational needs and that an alternate course of educational study would be better suited to the student's overall educational development. (Education Code 311(c))

The parent/guardian shall personally visit the school to apply for the waiver. (Education Code 310)

Upon request for a waiver, the Superintendent or designee shall provide to the parents/guardians: (Education Code 310, 311; 5 CCR 11309)

1. A full written description, and a spoken description upon request, of the intent and content of the structured English immersion program, any alternative courses of study and all educational opportunities offered by the district and available to the student, and the educational materials to be used in the different educational program choices

2. For a request for waiver pursuant to Education Code 311(c) for students with special needs, notification that the student must be placed for a period of not less than 30 calendar days in an English language classroom and that the Superintendent must approve the waiver pursuant to Governing Board guidelines

Pursuant to Education Code 311(b) and 311(c), the principal and educational staff may recommend a waiver to a parent/guardian for a student 10 years or older and a student with special needs. Parents/guardians shall be informed in writing of any recommendation for an alternative program made by the principal and staff and shall be given notice of their right to refuse to accept the recommendation. The notice shall include a full description of the recommended alternative program and the educational materials to be used for the alternative program as well as a description of all other programs available to the student. If the parent/guardian elects to request the alternative program recommended by the principal and educational staff, the parent/guardian shall comply with district procedures and requirements otherwise applicable to a parental exception waiver, including Education Code 310. (5 CCR 11309)

When evaluating waiver requests pursuant to Education Code 311(a) for students who already know English and other waiver requests for those students for whom standardized assessment data are not available, other equivalent assessment measures may be used. These equivalent measures may include local assessments, local standards and teacher evaluations.

Parental exception waivers pursuant to Education Code 311(b) for students 10 years or older shall be granted if it is the informed belief of the principal and educational staff that an alternate course of educational study would be better suited to the student's rapid acquisition of basic English language skills. (Education Code 311)

Parental exception waivers pursuant to Education Code 311(c) for students with special needs shall be granted if it is the informed belief of the principal and educational staff that, due to the student's special physical, emotional, psychological or educational needs, an alternate course of educational study would be better suited to the student's overall educational development. (Education Code 311)

The principal shall consider all waiver requests made pursuant to Education Code 311(c) for students with special needs and shall submit a rationale of the decision regarding the waiver to the Superintendent or designee. When determining whether or not to recommend the approval of the waiver request, the principal shall assume that the facts justifying the request attested by the parent/guardian are a true representation of the child's condition.

Each waiver shall be considered on its individual merits with great deference given to parental preference for student placement.

The principal or designee shall act upon all parental exception waivers within 20 instructional days of submission to the principal. However, parental waiver requests pursuant to Education Code 311(c) for students with special needs shall not be acted upon during the 30-day placement in an English language classroom. These waivers shall be acted upon no later than 10 calendar days after the expiration of that 30-day English language classroom placement or within 20 instructional days of submission of the waiver to the principal, whichever is later. (5 CCR 11309)

All parental exception waivers shall be granted unless the principal and educational staff have determined that an alternative program offered at the school would not be better suited for the overall educational development of the student. (5 CCR 11309)

Individual schools in which 20 students or more of a given grade level receive a waiver shall be required to offer such a class; otherwise they must allow the students to transfer to a public school in which such a class is offered. (Education Code 310)

Students wishing to transfer shall be subject to the district's intradistrict and interdistrict attendance policies and administrative regulations. Students wishing to transfer to another district shall also be subject to the receiving district's interdistrict attendance policies and administrative regulations.

(cf. 5116.1 - Intradistrict Open Enrollment)
(cf. 5117 - Interdistrict Attendance)
(cf. 5117.1 - Interdistrict Attendance Agreements)
(cf. 5117.2 - Alternative Interdistrict Attendance Program)

In cases where a parental exception waiver pursuant to Education Code 311(b) or (c) is denied, the parent/guardian shall be informed in writing of the reason(s) for the denial and advised that he/she may appeal the decision to the Board if the Board authorizes such an appeal, or to the court. (5 CCR 11309)

Waiver requests shall be renewed annually by the parent/guardian. (Education Code 310)

Reclassification/Redesignation

The district shall continue to provide additional and appropriate educational services to English language learners for the purposes of overcoming language barriers until the English language learners have: (5 CCR 11302)

1. Demonstrated English language proficiency comparable to that of the district's average native English language speakers

2. Recouped any academic deficits which may have been incurred in other areas of the core curriculum as a result of language barriers

English language learners shall be redesignated as fluent English proficient when they are able to comprehend, speak, read and write English well enough to receive instruction in the regular program and make academic progress at a level substantially equivalent to that of students of the same age or grade whose primary language is English and who are in the regular course of study. (Education Code 52164.6)

The following measures shall be used to determine whether an English language learner shall be reclassified as fluent English proficient: (5 CCR 11303)

1. Assessment of English language proficiency utilizing the CELDT as the primary criterion, and objective assessment of the students English reading and writing skills

2. Participation of the students classroom teacher and any other certificated staff with direct responsibility for teaching or placement decisions

3. Parent/guardian opinion and consultation during a redesignation interview

Parents/guardians shall receive notice and a description of the redesignation process, including notice of their right to participate in the process. Parent/guardian participation in the process shall be encouraged.

4. Comparison of performance in basic skills, including performance on the English-Language Arts section of the California Standards Test

5. Objective data on the student's academic performance in English

The Superintendent or designee shall provide subsequent monitoring and support for redesignated students, including but not limited to monitoring the performance of redesignated students in the core curriculum in comparison with their native-English speaking peers, monitoring the rate of redesignation, and ensuring correct classification and placement.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop a process to monitor the effectiveness of the districts program for English language learners. The districts program shall be modified as needed to help ensure language and academic success for each English language learner.

Advisory Committees

At the district level when there are more than 50 English language learners in the district and at each school with more than 20 English language learners, parent/guardian advisory committees shall be maintained to serve the advisory functions specified in law. (5 CCR 11308)

Parents/guardians of English language learners shall constitute committee membership in at least the same percentage as their children represent of the total number of students in the school. (Education Code 52176)

The districts English language advisory committee shall advise the Board on at least the following tasks: (5 CCR 11308)

1. The development of a district master plan of education programs and services for English learners, taking into consideration the school site plans for English learners

2. The districtwide needs assessment on a school-by-school basis

3. Establishment of a district program, goals and objectives for programs and services for English learners

4. Development of a plan to ensure compliance with applicable teacher or aide requirements

5. Administration of the annual language census

6. Review of and comment on the districts reclassification procedures

7. Review of and comments on the written notification required to be sent to parents/guardians pursuant to 5 CCR 11300-11316

(cf. 0420 - School Plans/Site Councils)
(cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees)
(cf. 5020 - Parent Rights and Responsibilities)
(cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

In order to assist advisory members in carrying out their responsibilities, the Superintendent or designee shall ensure that committee members receive appropriate training and materials. This training shall be planned in full consultation with the members. (5 CCR 11308)

EDUCATION FOR ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS

PARENTAL EXCEPTION WAIVER **EDUCATION CODE 311**

Student's Name:______ Grade:_____

School:______Date of Birth:_____

Student's Primary Language:

I request a waiver of the placement of my child in the school's structured/sheltered English immersion program for the following reason:

- ____ My child possesses good English language skills. (Education Code 311(a))
- ____ My child is 10 years of age or older and I believe that an alternate course of study is better suited to my child's rapid acquisition of English. (Education Code 311(b))
- ____ I believe that my child has special needs and that an alternate course of study is better suited to his/her educational development. (Education Code 311(c))

I understand that the objective for my child is to be taught English as rapidly and effectively as possible. I have been provided a full written description of the intent and content of the structured English immersion program; any alternative courses of study offered by the district and made available to my child; all educational opportunities offered by the district and made available to my child; and the educational materials to be used in the different educational program choices.

I have personally visited the school to apply for this waiver.

I understand that I must request that this waiver be reconsidered annually, each school year.

Parent/Guardian Signature:	Date:		
Address:			
City:	State:	Zip:	
Phone Number:			

For School Use Only:

For waivers pursuant to Education Code 311(a), student's English standardized test scores: (Scores must be at or above the state average for the child's grade level or above the 5th grade average)

Waiver Granted/Denied:	Date:
Signature:	Title:

Center USD Exhibit Education For English Language Learners

E 6174 Instruction

PARENTAL EXCEPTION WAIVER EDUCATION CODE 311(a): Children who know English

Name:	Grade:	
School:	Date of Birth:	

Language Designation:

My child possesses good English language skills and for that reason I request a waiver of the school's Structured/Sheltered English language program. I understand that the objective for my child is to be taught English as rapidly and effectively as possible.

I have personally visited the school to apply for this waiver.

I have been provided a full written description of: the intent and content of the structured English immersion program; any alternative courses of study offered by the district and made available to my child; all educational opportunities offered by the district and made available to my child; and the educational materials to be used in the different educational program choices.

I understand that I must request that this waiver be reconsidered annually, each school year.

arent/Guardian Signature:		Date:	
Address:			
City:	State:	Zip:	
Phone Number:			
For School Use Only:			

Child's English standardized test scores: Scores must be at or above the state average for the child's grade level or above the 5th grade average:

Waiver Granted/Denied:		Date:	
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Signature:		
Signature.		

PARENTAL EXCEPTION WAIVER EDUCATION CODE 311(b): Children age 10 or older

E2-Delete

Name:	Grade:	
School:	Date of Birth:	

Language Designation:

My child is 10 years of age or older and I believe that an alternate course of study is better suited to my child's rapid acquisition of English. For that reason, I request a waiver of the school's Structured/Sheltered English language program. I understand that the objective for my child is to be taught English as rapidly and effectively as possible.

I have personally visited the school to apply for this waiver.

I have been provided a full written description of: the intent and content of the structured English immersion program; any alternative courses of study offered by the district and made available to my child; all educational opportunities offered by the district and made available to my child; and the educational materials to be used in the different educational program choices.

I understand that I must request that this waiver be reconsidered annually, each school year.

Parent/Guardian Signature:		Date:	
Address:			
City:	State:	Zip:	
Phone Number:			
For School Use Only:			
Waiver Granted/Denied:	Date:		
Signature:			
PARENTAL EXCEPTION WAIVER EDUCATION CODE 311(c): Children w	vith Special Needs	E3-Del	ete
Name:	Grade:		

School:

Date of Birth:

Language Designation:

I believe that my child has special needs and that an alternate course of study is better suited to his/her educational development. (Check all that apply and provide a brief statement)

__Educational Needs __Physical Needs __Emotional/Psychological Needs

Therefore, I request a waiver of the school's Structured/Sheltered English language program. I understand that the objective for my child is to be taught English as rapidly and effectively as possible. I have personally visited the school to apply for this waiver.

I understand that my child must be placed in an English language classroom for 30 calendar days and that this waiver will be considered by the Superintendent pursuant to Boardestablished guidelines.

I have been provided a full written description of: the intent and content of the structured English immersion program; any alternative courses of study offered by the district and made available to my child; all educational opportunities offered by the district and made available to my child; and the educational materials to be used in the different educational program choices.

I understand that I must request that this waiver be reconsidered annually, each school year.

Parent/Guardian Signature:		Date:
Address:	781-141	
City:		Zip:
Phone Number:		
For School Use Only:		
Waiver Granted/Denied:		
Signature:		
Note: For a Spanish version of this E	Exhibit - See District M	aterials

Exhibit version:

Facilities

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Note: Article 16, Section 18 of the California Constitution permits school districts to issue bonds for the construction of school facilities with either a 66.67 percent or 55 percent approval by local voters. To qualify for the lower 55 percent (Proposition 39) threshold, districts must use the bond funds for more limited purposes and fulfill additional accountability requirements, as specified in this Board policy and accompanying administrative regulation.

Education Code 15100 sets forth conditions under which the Governing Board may call for a bond election. Pursuant to Education Code 15266, these conditions must be satisfied if the Board is seeking either the 66.67 percent or 55 percent approval threshold. The following paragraph is consistent with Education Code 15100.

In 88 <u>Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen.</u> 46 (2005), the Attorney General opined that a school district may use district funds to hire a consultant to assess the feasibility of developing a bond measure and to assess the public's support and opposition. However, according to the Attorney General, a district may not use district funds to hire a consultant to develop and implement a strategy to build a coalition to support the bond because such activities would be an impermissible use of public funds for campaign purposes in violation of Education Code 7054. For further discussion regarding use of district funds for political purposes, see BP 1160 - Political Processes.

The Governing Board recognizes that school facilities are an essential component of the educational program and that the Board has a responsibility to ensure that the district's facilities needs are met in the most cost-effective manner possible. When the Board determines that it is in the best interest of district students, it may order an election on the question of whether bonds shall be issued to pay for school facilities.

(cf. 1160 - Political Processes) (cf. 7110 - Facilities Master Plan) (cf. 7210 - Facilities Financing)

Note: For bonds requiring a 55 percent majority, Education Code 15268 and 15270 set limits as to the maximum amount of the bond and the tax rate that may be levied as a result of the bond. Limitations for bonds requiring a 66.67 percent majority are detailed in Education Code 15102-15109.

The Board shall determine the appropriate amount of the bonds in accordance with law.

Note: Education Code 15122.5 requires the inclusion of the statement specified in the following paragraph in the ballot for a bond measure, when any of the projects to be funded by the bond will require state matching funds.

When any project to be funded by bonds will require state matching funds for any phase of the project, the ballot for the bond measure shall include a statement as specified in Education Code 15122.5, advising voters that, because the project is subject to approval of state matching funds, passage of the bond measure is not a guarantee that the project will be completed. (Education Code 15122.5)

Bonds Requiring 55 Percent Approval by Local Voters

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 15266, upon adoption of the resolution specified below, the district must comply with the accountability provisions required for the 55 percent threshold, even if the bond ultimately passes by a 66.67 percent majority of the voters.

The Board may decide to pursue the authorization and issuance of bonds by approval of 55 percent majority of the voters pursuant to Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3) and Article 16, Section 18(b) of the California Constitution. If two-thirds of the Board agrees to such an election, the Board shall vote to adopt a resolution to incur bonded indebtedness if approved by a 55 percent majority of the voters. (Education Code 15266)

(cf. 9323.2 - Actions by the Board)

Note: Education Code 15266 requires that the bond election be held only during a regularly scheduled local election at which <u>all of the electors</u> (voters) in the district are entitled to vote. Therefore, those school districts whose boundaries encompass more than one city or county or whose board members are elected by trustee area must ensure that the bond election is on a ballot in which all of the electors in the district are entitled to vote, such as a statewide primary, general, or special election.

The bond election may only be ordered at a primary or general election, a statewide special election, or a regularly scheduled local election at which all of the electors of the school district are entitled to vote. (Education Code 15266)

Bonded indebtedness incurred by the district shall be used only for the following purposes: (California Constitution Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3) and 1(b)(3)(A))

- 1. The construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of school facilities, including the furnishing and equipping of school facilities
- 2. The acquisition or lease of real property for school facilities

The proposition approved by the voters shall include the following accountability requirements: (California Constitution Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3))

- 1. A requirement that proceeds from the sale of the bonds be used only for the purposes specified in items #1-2 above, and not for any other purposes including teacher and administrative salaries and other school operating expenses
- 2. A list of specific school facility projects to be funded and certification that the Board has evaluated safety, class size reduction, and information technology needs in developing that list

Note: The question of whether or not bond proceeds may be used to pay the costs of the audits required pursuant to items #3-4 below should be referred to the district's legal counsel. However, an Attorney General opinion (87 <u>Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen</u>. 157 (2004)) supports the use of bond proceeds to pay the salaries of district employees to the extent they perform administrative oversight work on bond projects. According to the opinion, because these audits are expressly required by Proposition 39 and are directly related to the bond projects rather than routine school operations, these project administration costs may be considered as coming within the purposes specified in California Constitution Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3)(A) and therefore are an appropriate expenditure of bond proceeds.

The performance audit described in item #3 may include an evaluation of the planning, financing, and implementation of the overall facilities program. To assist districts with this requirement, CSBA provides a Proposition 39 Bond Performance Audits service; see CSBA's web site for further information.

- 3. A requirement that the Board conduct an annual, independent performance audit to ensure that the funds have been expended only on the specific projects listed
- 4. A requirement that the Board conduct an annual, independent financial audit of the proceeds from the sale of the bonds until all of those proceeds have been expended for the school facilities projects

Note: If the district has a general obligation bond approved under the 55 percent threshold, Education Code 15278 requires that the Board appoint a citizens' oversight committee. See the accompanying administrative regulation for requirements related to the composition and duties of the committee.

If a district general obligation bond requiring a 55 percent majority is approved by the voters, the Board shall appoint an independent citizens' advisory oversight committee. This committee shall be appointed within 60 days of the date that the Board enters the election results in its minutes pursuant to Education Code 15274. (Education Code 15278)

(cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees) (cf. 9324 - Minutes and Recordings)

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that the annual, independent performance and financial audits conducted pursuant to items #3 and #4 above are issued in accordance with the U.S. Comptroller General's Government Auditing Standards. He/she shall submit the audits to the citizens' oversight committee by March 31 of each year. (Education Code 15286)

Bonds Requiring 66.67 Percent Approval by Local Voters

The Board may decide to pursue the authorization and issuance of bonds by approval of 66.67 percent majority of the voters pursuant to Education Code 15100 and Article 13A, Section 1(b)(2) of the California Constitution. If a majority of the Board agrees to such an election, or upon a petition of the majority of the qualified electors residing in the district, the Board shall adopt a resolution ordering an election on the question of whether to incur bonded indebtedness if approved by a 66.67 percent majority of the voters. (Education Code 15100)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 15101, an election for a bond measure that requires 66.67 percent approval may be held only on specified days. Districts using this option should coordinate efforts with their local elections officials to ensure compliance with law.

The bond election may be ordered to occur on any Tuesday, except a Tuesday that is a state holiday or the day before or after a state holiday, is within 45 days before or after a statewide election unless conducted at the same time as the statewide election, or is an established election date pursuant to Elections Code 1000 or 1500. (Education Code 15101)

Bonds shall be sold to raise money for any of the following purposes: (Education Code 15100)

- 1. Purchasing school lots
- 2. Building or purchasing school buildings
- 3. Making alterations or additions to school building(s) other than as may be necessary for current maintenance, operation, or repairs
- 4. Repairing, restoring, or rebuilding any school building damaged, injured, or destroyed by fire or other public calamity
- 5. Supplying school buildings and grounds with furniture, equipment, or necessary apparatus of a permanent nature
- 6. Permanently improving school grounds
- 7. Refunding any outstanding valid indebtedness of the district, evidenced by bonds or state school building aid loans
- 8. Carrying out sewer or drain projects or purposes authorized in Education Code 17577
- 9. Purchasing school buses with a useful life of at least 20 years
- 10. Demolishing or razing any school building with the intent to replace it with another school building, whether in the same location or in any other location

Except for refunding any outstanding indebtedness, any of the purposes listed above may be united and voted upon as a single proposition by order of the Board and entered into the minutes. (Education Code 15100)

Note: The following paragraph is **optional**. Districts that have had approval of a bond with 66.67 percent majority vote are not required by law to appoint a citizens' oversight committee but may, at their discretion, form an oversight committee under requirements and guidelines adopted by the Board.

The Board may appoint a citizens' oversight committee to review and report to the Board and the public as to whether the expenditure of bond revenues complies with the intended purposes of the bond.

Certificate of Results

Note: The following section applies to bond elections requiring either a 55 percent or 66.67 percent approval by local voters. Pursuant to Elections Code 15372, following a bond election, the county elections official must submit a certificate of the election results to the Board, which then must provide certification to the County Board of Supervisors, as specified below.

If the certificate of election results received by the Board shows that the appropriate majority of the voters is in favor of issuing the bonds, the Board shall record that fact in its minutes. The Board shall then certify to the County Board of Supervisors all proceedings it had in connection with the election results. (Education Code 15124, 15274)

Resolutions Regarding Sale of Bonds

Note: The following section applies to bond elections requiring either a 55 percent or 66.67 percent approval by local voters. Pursuant to Education Code 15140, bonds may be offered for sale by either the County Board of Supervisors or the County Superintendent of Schools. However, the County Board of Supervisors may adopt a resolution authorizing a district to sell bonds on its own behalf when the district has not received a qualified or negative certification in its most recent interim financial report; see BP/AR 3460 - Financial Reports and Accountability.

In addition to districts' authority to issue bonds pursuant to Education Code 15100-15254, Government Code 53506-53509 provide them with an alternative method. However, the requirements under this alternative method are different from those applicable under Education Code 15100. Under the alternative method, (1) the Board can offer the bonds for sale directly without going through the County Board of Supervisors or County Superintendent of Schools; (2) the maturity date of the bond is up to 40 years, contrary to Education Code 15144 which limits the maturity to 25 years; and (3) the maximum interest rate allowed is 12 percent, contrary to the maximum rate of 8 percent set by Education Code 15143. Districts using the alternative method may need to further modify this policy and accompanying administrative regulation and should consult with legal counsel as necessary.

Following passage of the bond measure by the appropriate majority of voters, the Board shall pass a resolution directing the issuance and sale of bonds. The resolution shall prescribe the total amount of bonds to be sold and may also prescribe the maximum acceptable interest rate, not to exceed eight percent, and the time(s) when the whole or any part of the principal of the bonds shall be payable, which shall not be more than 25 years from the date of the bonds. However, if the Board elects to issue the bonds pursuant to Government Code 53508, the maximum acceptable interest rate shall not exceed 12 percent and the time(s) when the whole or any part of the principal shall be payable shall not be more than 40 years. (Education Code 15140; Government Code 53508)

Note: Boards should be aware of their responsibility to be good stewards of district resources and should take steps to ensure prudence in the expenditure of those resources. Thus, the Board should carefully compare all available funding instruments, such as current interest bonds, capital appreciation bonds, and convertible capital appreciation bonds, and whether the bonds will be sold by competitive or negotiated sale, when determining the method by which approved bonds will be funded. Pursuant to Education Code 15146, the Board's comparison should include the suitability of each option for the project to be financed; the projected interest rates, debt service ratios, and other costs associated with each option; prepayment and repayment terms; and other relevant factors. Districts deciding on a method of bond sale and kinds of bonds to sell are encouraged to review CSBA's Governance Brief Bond Sales - Questions and Considerations for Districts.

Prior to the sale of bonds, the Board shall disclose, as an agenda item at a public meeting, either in the bond issuance resolution or a separate resolution, all of the following information: (Education Code 15146; Government Code 53508.9)

- 1. Express approval of the method of sale (i.e., competitive, negotiated, or hybrid)
- 2. Statement of the reasons for the method of sale selected
- 3. Disclosure of the identity of the bond counsel, and the identities of the bond underwriter and the financial adviser if either or both are utilized for the sale, unless these individuals have not been selected at the time the resolution is adopted, in which case the Board shall disclose their identities at the public meeting occurring after they have been selected
- 4. Estimates of the costs associated with the bond issuance, including, but not limited to, bond counsel and financial advisor fees, printing costs, rating agency fees, underwriting fees, and other miscellaneous costs and expenses of issuing the bonds

After the sale, the Board shall be presented with the actual issuance cost information and shall disclose that information at the Board's next scheduled meeting. The Board shall ensure that an itemized summary of the costs of the bond sale and all necessary information and reports regarding the sale are submitted to the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission. (Education Code 15146; Government Code 53509.5)

Bond Anticipation Notes

Note: The following **optional** section applies to bonds required to be passed by both 55 percent and 66.67 percent of local voters and may be revised to reflect district practice. Pursuant to Education Code 15150, a district is authorized to issue a bond anticipation note, when the Board determines by resolution that it is in the best interest of the district, to finance a facilities project on an interim basis in anticipation of the sale of bonds that has been approved by voters. The note may only be issued in accordance with law and subject to terms and conditions prescribed by the Board.

Whenever the Board determines that it is in the best interest of the district, it may, by resolution, issue a bond anticipation note, on a negotiated or competitive-bid basis, to raise funds that shall be used only for a purpose authorized by a bond that has been approved by the voters of the district in accordance with law. (Education Code 15150)

Note: Education Code 15150, as amended by AB 794 (Ch. 715, Statutes of 2012), clarifies that interest on a bond anticipation note may be paid at maturity from the proceeds of the sale of the bond in anticipation of which it was issued or paid periodically from a property tax levied for that purpose if certain conditions are satisfied.

Payment of principal and interest on any bond anticipation note shall be made at note maturity, not to exceed five years, from the proceeds derived from the sale of the bond in anticipation of which that note was originally issued or from any other source lawfully available for that purpose, including state grants. Interest payments may also be made from such sources. However, interest payments may be made periodically and prior to note maturity from an increased property tax if the following conditions are met: (Education Code 15150)

- 1. A resolution of the Board authorizes the property tax for that purpose.
- 2. The principal amount of the bond anticipation note does not exceed the remaining principal amount of the authorized but unissued bonds.

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 15268 and 15270, the bond anticipation notes may only be issued if the tax rate levied to pay interest on the notes periodically would not cause the district to exceed \$30 per \$100,000 of assessed value of property for an elementary or high school district and \$60 per \$100,000 of assessed value of property for a unified district. The district may revise the following paragraph to reflect the applicable tax rate limitation.

The notes may be issued only if the tax rate levied to pay interest on the notes periodically would not cause the district to exceed the tax rate limitations set forth in Education Code 15268 or 15270, as applicable.

Legal Reference continued: (see next page)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 7054 Use of district property, campaign purposes 15100-15254 Bonds for school districts and community college districts 15264-15288 Strict Accountability in Local School Construction Bonds Act of 2000 17577 Sewers and drains 17584.1 Deferred maintenance, reports 47614 Charter school facilities **ELECTIONS CODE** 324 General election 328 Local election 341 Primary election 348 Regular election 356 Special election 357 Statewide election 1302 School district election 15372 Elections official certificate **GOVERNMENT CODE** 1090-1099 Prohibitions applicable to specified officers 1125-1129 Incompatible activities 8855 California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission 53506-53509.5 General obligation bonds 53580-53595.5 Bonds 54952 Definition of legislative body, Brown Act CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION Article 13A, Section 1 Tax limitation Article 16. Section 18 Debt limit **COURT DECISIONS** San Lorenzo Valley Community Advocates for Responsible Education v. San Lorenzo Valley Unified School District (2006) 139 Cal.App.4th 1356 ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINIONS 88 Ops.Cal.Atty,Gen. 46 (2005) 87 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 157 (2004)

Management Resources:

<u>CSBA PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>Bond Sales - Questions and Considerations for Districts</u>, Governance Brief, December 2012 <u>Legal Guidelines: Use of Public Resources for Ballot Measures and Candidates</u>, Fact Sheet, February 2011 <u>WEB SITES</u> CSBA: http://www.csba.org California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission: http://www.treasurer.ca.gov/cdiac California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov California Office of Public School Construction: http://www.opsc.dgs.ca.gov

Facilities

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The Governing Board recognizes that school facilities are an essential component of the educational program and that the Board has a responsibility to ensure that the district's facilities needs are met in the most cost-effective manner possible. When the Board determines that it is in the best interest of district students, it may order an election on the question of whether bonds shall be issued for school facilities.

(cf. 1160 - Political Processes) (cf. 7110 - Facilities Master Plan) (cf. 7210 - Facilities Financing)

The Board shall determine the appropriate amount of the bond in accordance with law.

Bonds Requiring 55 Percent Approval by Local Voters

The Board may decide to pursue the authorization and issuance of bonds by approval of 55 percent majority of the voters pursuant to Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3) and Article 16, Section 18(b) of the California Constitution. If two-thirds of the Board agree to such an election, the Board shall vote to adopt a resolution to incur bonded indebtedness if approved by a 55 percent majority of the voters. (Education Code 15266)

The bond election may only be ordered at a primary or general election, a statewide special election, or a regularly scheduled local election at which all of the electors of the school district are entitled to vote. (Education Code 15266)

Bonded indebtedness incurred by the district shall be used only for the following purposes: (California Constitution Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3) and 1(b)(3)(A))

- 1. The construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of school facilities, including the furnishing and equipping of school facilities
- 2. The acquisition or lease of real property for school facilities

The proposition approved by the voters shall include the following accountability requirements: (California Constitution Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3))

- 1. A requirement that proceeds from the sale of the bonds be used only for the purposes specified in items #1-2 above, and not for any other purposes including teacher and administrative salaries and other school operating expenses
- 2. A list of specific school facility projects to be funded and certification that the Board has evaluated safety, class size reduction, and information technology needs in developing that list

(cf. 0440 - District Technology Plan) (cf. 0450 - Comprehensive Safety Plan) (cf. 6151 - Class Size)

- 3. A requirement that the Board conduct an annual, independent performance audit to ensure that the funds have been expended only on the specific projects listed
- 4. A requirement that the Board conduct an annual, independent financial audit of the proceeds from the sale of the bonds until all of those proceeds have been expended for the school facilities projects

If a district general obligation bond requiring a 55 percent majority is approved by the voters, the Board shall appoint an independent citizens' advisory oversight committee. This committee shall be appointed within 60 days of the date that the Board enters the election results in its minutes pursuant to Education Code 15274. (Education Code 15278)

(cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees) (cf. 9324 - Minutes and Recordings)

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that the annual, independent performance and financial audits conducted pursuant to items #3 and #4 above are issued in accordance with the U.S. Comptroller General's Government Auditing Standards. He/she shall submit the audits to the citizens' oversight committee by March 31 of each year. (Education Code 15286)

Bonds Requiring 66.67 Percent Approval by Local Voters

Bonds shall be sold to raise money for any of the following purposes: (Education Code 15100)

- 1. Purchasing school lots
- 2. Building or purchasing school buildings
- 3. Making alterations or additions to school building(s) other than as may be necessary for current maintenance, operation, or repairs
- 4. Repairing, restoring, or rebuilding any school building damaged, injured, or destroyed by fire or other public calamity
- 5. Supplying school buildings and grounds with furniture, equipment, or necessary apparatus of a permanent nature
- 6. Permanently improving school grounds
- 7. Refunding any outstanding valid indebtedness of the district, evidenced by bonds or state school building aid loans
- 8. Carrying out sewer or drain projects or purposes authorized in Education Code 17577

- 9. Purchasing school buses with a useful life of at least 20 years
- 10. Demolishing or razing any school building with the intent to replace it with another school building, whether in the same location or in any other location

Except for refunding any outstanding indebtedness, any of the purposes listed above may be united and voted upon as a single proposition by order of the Board and entered into the minutes. (Education Code 15100)

The Board may appoint a citizens' oversight committee to review and report to the Board and the public as to whether the expenditure of bond revenues complies with the intended purposes of the bond.

Certificate of Results

If the certificate of election results received by the Board shows that the appropriate majority of the voters are in favor of issuing the bonds, the Board shall record that fact in its minutes. The Board shall then certify to the county board of supervisors all proceedings it had in connection with the election results. (Education Code 15124, 15274)

Resolution Regarding Sale of Bonds

Following passage of the bond measure by the appropriate majority of voters, the Board shall pass a resolution to issue the sale of bonds. The resolution shall prescribe the total amount of bonds to be sold and may also prescribe the maximum acceptable interest rate, not to exceed eight percent, and the time(s) when the whole or any part of the principal of the bonds shall be payable, which shall not be more than 25 years from the date of the bonds. (Education Code 15140)

Prior to the sale of bonds, the Board shall adopt, as an agenda item at a public meeting, another resolution, which includes all of the following items: (Education Code 15146)

- 1. Express approval of the method of sale
- 2. Statement of the reasons for the method of sale selected
- 3. Disclosure of the identity of the bond counsel, and the identities of the bond underwriter and the financial adviser if either or both are utilized for the sale, unless these individuals have not been selected at the time the resolution is adopted, in which case the Board shall disclose their identities at the public meeting occurring after they have been selected
- 4. Estimates of the costs associated with the bond issuance

After the sale, the Board shall be presented with the actual cost information and shall disclose that information at the Board's next scheduled meeting. The Board shall ensure that an itemized summary of the costs of the bond sale and all necessary information and reports regarding the sale are submitted to the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission. (Education Code 15146)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 7054 Use of district property, campaign purposes 15100-15254 Bonds for school districts and community college districts 15264-15288 Strict Accountability in Local School Construction Bonds Act of 2000 17577 Sewers and drains 17584.1 Deferred maintenance, reports 47614 Charter school facilities **ELECTIONS CODE** 324 General election 328 Local election 341 Primary election 348 Regular election 356 Special election 357 Statewide election 1302 School district election 15372 Elections official certificate GOVERNMENT CODE 1090-1099 Prohibitions applicable to specified officers 1125-1129 Incompatible activities 8855 California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission 53580-53595.5 Bonds 54952 Definition of legislative body, Brown Act CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION Article 13A, Section 1 Tax limitation Article 16, Section 18 Debt limit **COURT DECISIONS** San Lorenzo Valley Community Advocates for Responsible Education v. San Lorenzo Valley Unified School District, (2006) 139 Cal.App.4th 1356 ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINIONS 88 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 46 (2005) 87 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 157 (2004)

Management Resources:

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California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission: http://www.treasurer.ca.gov/cdiac California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov California Office of Public School Construction: http://www.opsc.dgs.ca.gov

Policy CENTER UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT approved: October 17, 2012 Antelope, California
Facilities

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Cautionary Notice: As added and amended by SBX3 4 (Ch. 12, Third Extraordinary Session, Statutes of 2009), ABX4 2 (Ch. 2, Fourth Extraordinary Session, Statutes of 2009), and SB 70 (Ch. 7, Statutes of 2011), Education Code 42605 grants districts flexibility in "Tier 3" categorical programs and provides that districts are deemed in compliance with the program and funding requirements for these programs for the 2008-09 through 2014-15 fiscal years. As a result of this flexibility, the district may choose to temporarily suspend certain provisions of the following policy or administrative regulation that reflect those requirements. However, this flexibility does not affect or alter any existing contract or bargaining agreement that the district may have in place. Thus, districts should examine the terms of those contracts and agreements and consult with district legal counsel for additional guidance. Also see BP 2210 - Administrative Discretion Regarding Board Policy.

Election Notice

Note: Notice and ballot requirements for bond elections are specified in Education Code 15120-15126. Additional requirements for bond measures with a 55 percent (Proposition 39) threshold are contained in Education Code 15272.

Whenever the Governing Board orders an election on the question of whether general obligation bonds shall be issued to pay for school facilities, the Superintendent or designee shall ensure that election notice and ballot requirements comply with Education Code 15120-15126 and 15272, as applicable.

Citizens' Oversight Committee

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that have appointed an independent citizens' oversight committee, as required by Education Code 15278 for districts that have had a general obligation bond approved under the 55 percent threshold. The section may also be adapted for use by districts that have had approval of a bond with 66.67 percent majority vote that choose to appoint an oversight committee at their discretion; see the accompanying Board policy.

If a bond is approved under the 55 percent majority threshold pursuant to Proposition 39 (Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3) and Article 16, Section 18(b) of the California Constitution), then the district's citizens' oversight committee shall consist of at least seven members, including, but not limited to: (Education Code 15282)

- 1. One member active in a business organization representing the business community located within the district
- 2. One member active in a senior citizens organization
- 3. One member active in a bona fide taxpayers' organization
- 4. One member who is a parent/guardian of a child enrolled in the district

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (continued)

5. One member who is a parent/guardian of a district student and is active in a parentteacher organization, such as the Parent Teacher Association or school site council

(cf. 0420 - School Plans/Site Councils) (cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees) (cf. 1230 - School-Connected Organizations)

Members of the citizens' oversight committee shall be subject to the conflict of interest prohibitions regarding incompatibility of office pursuant to Government Code 1125-1129 and financial interest in contracts pursuant to Government Code 1090-1099. (Education Code 15282)

(cf. 9270 - Conflict of Interest)

No employee, Board member, vendor, contractor, or consultant of the district shall be appointed to the citizens' oversight committee. (Education Code 15282)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 15282, as amended by AB 1199 (Ch. 73, Statutes of 2012), members of a citizens' oversight committee may now serve for three consecutive terms rather than two.

Members of the citizens' oversight committee shall serve for a minimum term of two years without compensation and for no more than three consecutive terms. (Education Code 15282)

The purpose of the citizens' oversight committee shall be to inform the public concerning the expenditure of bond revenues. The committee shall actively review and report on the proper expenditure of taxpayers' money for school construction and shall convene to provide oversight for, but not limited to, the following: (Education Code 15278)

- 1. Ensuring that bond revenues are expended only for the purposes described in Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3) of the California Constitution including the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of school facilities, including the furnishing and equipping of school facilities, or the acquisition or lease of real property for school facilities
- 2. Ensuring that, as prohibited by Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3)(A) of the California Constitution, no funds are used for any teacher and administrative salaries or other school operating expenses

In furtherance of its purpose, the committee may engage in any of the following activities: (Education Code 15278)

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (continued)

1. Receiving and reviewing copies of the annual, independent performance and financial audits required by Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3)(C) and (D) of the California Constitution

(cf. 3460 - Financial Reports and Accountability)

- 2. Inspecting school facilities and grounds to ensure that bond revenues are expended in compliance with the requirements of Article 13(A), Section 1(b)(3) of the California Constitution
- 3. Receiving and reviewing copies of any deferred maintenance proposals or plans developed by the district, including any reports required by Education Code 17584.1
- 4. Reviewing efforts by the district to maximize bond revenues by implementing costsaving measures, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Mechanisms designed to reduce the costs of professional fees
 - b. Mechanisms designed to reduce the costs of site preparation
 - c. Recommendations regarding the joint use of core facilities

(cf. 1330.1 - Joint Use Agreements)

- d. Mechanisms designed to reduce costs by incorporating efficiencies in school site design
- e. Recommendations regarding the use of cost-effective and efficient reusable facility plans

(cf. 7110 - Facilities Master Plan)

The district shall, without expending bond funds, provide the citizens' oversight committee with any necessary technical assistance and shall provide administrative assistance in furtherance of the committee's purpose and sufficient resources to publicize the committee's conclusions. (Education Code 15280)

Note: Pursuant to Government Code 54952, open meeting laws (the Brown Act) apply to any commission, committee, board, or other body created by formal action of the Governing Board, regardless of whether that body is permanent or temporary, decision-making or advisory.

All citizens' oversight committee proceedings shall be open to the public and noticed in the same manner as proceedings of the Board. Committee meetings shall be subject to the provisions of the Ralph M. Brown Act. (Education Code 15280; Government Code 54952)

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (continued)

(cf. 9320 - Meetings and Notices)

The citizens' oversight committee shall issue regular reports, at least once a year, on the results of its activities. Minutes of the proceedings and all documents received and reports issued shall be a matter of public record and shall be made available on the district's web site. (Education Code 15280)

(cf. 1113 - District and School Web Sites) (cf. 1340 - Access to District Records)

Note: The following optional paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice.

The citizens' oversight committee may be disbanded following its review of the final performance and financial audits.

Reports

Note: The following section applies to all bond elections.

Within 30 days after the end of each fiscal year, the district shall submit to the County Superintendent of Schools a report concerning any bond election(s) containing the following information: (Education Code 15111)

- 1. The total amount of the bond issue, bonded indebtedness, or other indebtedness involved
- 2. The percentage of registered electors who voted at the election
- 3. The results of the election, with the percentage of votes cast for and against the proposition

Center USD Administrative Regulation General Obligation Bonds

AR 7214 Facilities

Cautionary Notice: As added and amended by SBX3 4 (Ch. 12, Third Extraordinary Session, Statutes of 2009) and ABX4 2 (Ch. 2, Fourth Extraordinary Session, Statutes of 2009), Education Code 42605 grants district flexibility in "Tier 3" categorical programs. The Center Unified School District has accepted this flexibility and thus is deemed in compliance with the statutory or regulatory program and funding requirements for these programs for the 2008-2009 through 2012-2013 fiscal years. As a result, the district may temporarily suspend certain provisions of the following policy or regulation that reflect these requirements. For further information, please contact the Superintendent or designee.

Election Notice

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that election notice and ballot requirements are satisfied in accordance with Education Code 15120-15126 and 15272.

Certificate of Results

If the certificate of election results received by the Governing Board shows that the appropriate majority of the voters are in favor of issuing the bonds, the Board shall record that fact in its minutes. The Board shall then certify to the county board of supervisors all proceedings it had in connection with the election results. (Education Code 15124, 15274)

Resolution Regarding Sale of Bonds

Following passage of the bond measure by the appropriate majority of voters, the Board shall pass a resolution to issue the sale of bonds. The resolution shall prescribe the total amount of bonds to be sold and may also prescribe the maximum acceptable interest rate, not to exceed eight percent, and the time(s) when the whole or any part of the principal of the bonds shall be payable, which shall not be more than 25 years from the date of the bonds. (Education Code 15140)

Prior to the sale of bonds, the Board shall adopt, as an agenda item at a public meeting, another resolution, which includes all of the following items: (Education Code 15146)

- 1. Express approval of the method of sale
- 2. Statement of the reasons for the method of sale selected

3. Disclosure of the identity of the bond counsel, and the identities of the bond underwriter and the financial adviser if either or both are utilized for the sale, unless these individuals have not been selected at the time the resolution is adopted, in which case the Board shall disclose their identities at the public meeting occurring after they have been selected

4. Estimates of the costs associated with the bond issuance

After the sale, the Board shall be presented with the actual cost information and shall disclose that information at the Board's next scheduled meeting. The Board shall ensure that an itemized summary of the costs of the bond sale and all necessary information and reports regarding the sale are submitted to the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission. (Education Code 15146)

Citizens' Oversight Committee

If a district general obligation bond requiring a 55 percent majority is approved by the voters, the Board shall appoint an independent citizens' advisory oversight committee. This committee shall be appointed within 60 days of the date that the Board enters the election results in its minutes pursuant to Education Code 15274. (Education Code 15278)

(cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees) (cf. 9324 - Minutes and Recordings)

The citizens' oversight committee shall consist of at least seven members including, but not limited to: (Education Code 15282)

1. One member active in a business organization representing the business community located within the district

2. One member active in a senior citizens organization

3. One member active in a bona fide taxpayers' organization

4. One member who is a parent/guardian of a child enrolled in the district

5. One member who is a parent/guardian of a child enrolled in the district and is active in a parent-teacher organization, such as the Parent Teacher Association or school site council

(cf. 0420 - School Plans/Site Councils) (cf. 1230 - School-Connected Organizations)

No employee, official (board member), vendor, contractor, or consultant of the district shall be appointed to the citizens' oversight committee. (Education Code 15282)

Members of the citizens' oversight committee shall serve for a term of two years without compensation and for no more than two consecutive terms. (Education Code 15282)

The purpose of the citizens' oversight committee shall be to inform the public concerning the expenditure of bond revenues. The committee shall actively review and report on the proper expenditure of taxpayers' money for school construction and shall convene to provide

oversight for, but not limited to, the following: (Education Code 15278)

1. Ensuring that bond revenues are expended only for the purposes described in Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3) of the California Constitution including the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of school facilities, including the furnishing and equipping of school facilities, or the acquisition or lease of real property for school facilities (Education Code 15278)

2. Ensuring that, as prohibited by Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3)(A) of the California Constitution, no funds are used for any teacher and administrative salaries or other school operating expenses (Education Code 15278)

3. Ensuring that the annual, independent performance and financial audits required by Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3)(C) and (D) of the California Constitution are issued in accordance with the U.S. Comptroller General's Government Auditing Standards for performance and financial audits (Education Code 15286)

(cf. 3460 - Financial Reports and Accountability)

In furtherance of its purpose, the committee may engage in any of the following activities: (Education Code 15278)

1. Receiving and reviewing copies of the annual, independent performance and financial audits required by Article 13A, Section 1(b)(3)(C) and (D) of the California Constitution

2. Inspecting school facilities and grounds to ensure that bond revenues are expended in compliance with the requirements of Article 13(A), Section 1(b)(3) of the California Constitution

3. Receiving and reviewing copies of any deferred maintenance proposals or plans developed by the district, including any reports required by Education Code 17584.1

4. Reviewing efforts by the district to maximize bond revenues by implementing costsaving measures including, but not limited to, the following:

a. Mechanisms designed to reduce the costs of professional fees

b. Mechanisms designed to reduce the costs of site preparation

c. Recommendations regarding the joint use of core facilities

(cf. 1330.1 - Joint Use Agreements)

d. Mechanisms designed to reduce costs by incorporating efficiencies in school site design

e. Recommendations regarding the use of cost-effective and efficient reusable facility plans

(cf. 7110 - Facilities Master Plan)

The Board shall, without expending bond funds, provide the citizens' oversight committee with any necessary technical assistance and shall provide administrative assistance in furtherance of the committee's purpose and sufficient resources to publicize the committee's conclusions. (Education Code 15280)

All oversight committee proceedings shall be open to the public and noticed in the same manner as proceedings of the Board. Committee meetings shall be subject to the provisions of the Ralph M. Brown Act. (Education Code 15280; Government Code 54952)

(cf. 9320 - Meetings and Notices)

The oversight committee shall issue regular reports, at least once a year, on the results of its activities. Minutes of the proceedings and all documents received and reports issued shall be a matter of public record and shall be made available on the district's web site. (Education Code 15280)

(cf. 1340 - Access to District Records)

Members of the oversight committee shall be subject to prohibitions regarding incompatibility of office pursuant to Government Code 1125-1129 and financial interest in contracts pursuant to Government Code 1090-1098. (Education Code 15282)

(cf. 9270 - Conflict of Interest)

Reports

Within 30 days after the end of each fiscal year, the Board shall submit to the County Superintendent of Schools a report concerning any bond election(s) containing the following information: (Education Code 15111)

1. The total amount of the bond issue, bonded indebtedness, or other indebtedness involved

2. The percentage of registered electors who voted at the election

3. The results of the election, with the percentage of votes cast for and against the proposition

AGENDA/MEETING MATERIALS

Agenda Content

Note: Government Code 54954.2 requires Governing Board meeting agendas to briefly describe each item to be discussed, including closed session items, and states that a brief general description of an item generally need not exceed 20 words. For information regarding the different types of meetings and meeting location requirements, see BB 9320 - Meetings and Notices. For agenda requirements regarding closed session agenda items, see BB 9321 - Closed Session Purposes and Agendas.

Governing Board meeting agendas shall state the meeting time and place and shall briefly describe each business item to be transacted or discussed, including items to be discussed in closed session. (Government Code 54954.2)

(cf. 9320 - Meetings and Notices) (cf. 9321- Closed Session Purposes and Agendas)

The agenda shall provide members of the public the opportunity to address the Board on any agenda item before or during the Board's consideration of the item. The agenda shall also provide members of the public an opportunity to testify at regular meetings on matters which are not on the agenda but which are within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board. (Education Code 35145.5; Government Code 54954.3)

(cf. 9323 - Meeting Conduct)

Note: Pursuant to Government Code 54957.5, when agenda materials are distributed to the Board less than 72 hours before a meeting, the agenda must include the address of the location where the public can inspect those agenda materials. Also see section below entitled "Agenda Dissemination to Members of the Public."

Each meeting agenda shall list the address designated by the Superintendent or designee for public inspection of agenda documents that have been distributed to the Board less than 72 hours before the meeting. (Government Code 54957.5)

Note: Government Code 54954.2 requires that the agenda include information regarding how, when, and to whom a request for a disability-related accommodation or modification may be made. See BB 9320 - Meetings and Notices. The following paragraph should be modified to reflect district practice as to when and to whom such a request should be made.

The agenda shall specify that an individual should contact the Superintendent or designee if he/she requires disability-related accommodations or modifications, including auxiliary aids and services, in order to participate in the Board meeting. (Government Code 54954.2)

Agenda Preparation

Note: Education Code 35145.5 mandates that the Board adopt reasonable regulations to ensure that members of the public can place matters directly related to school district business on Board meeting agendas. In <u>Mooney v. Garcia</u>, a California appeals court reaffirmed boards' discretion in determining what agenda items are related to school district matters.

The following section, including the timelines, should be revised to reflect district practice. Districts are free to establish their own timelines for placing an item on the agenda, taking into account staff time and resources, as long as the established timeline is a reasonable one. In <u>Caldwell v. Roseville Joint Union High</u> <u>School District</u>, a federal district court upheld a district bylaw requiring members of the public to submit a written request in order to place items on a meeting agenda. The plaintiff had alleged that his First Amendment rights were violated when the district did not place his item on the agenda in response to his oral request because the district disagreed with his religious beliefs. However, the court held that the district's bylaw requiring that requests first be made in writing was content-neutral and thus a reasonable restriction.

The Board president and the Superintendent, as secretary to the Board, shall work together to develop the agenda for each regular and special meeting. Each agenda shall reflect the district's vision and goals and the Board's focus on student learning.

(cf. 0000 - Vision) (cf. 0200 - Goals for the School District) (cf. 9121 - President) (cf. 9122 - Secretary)

Any Board member or member of the public may request that a matter within the jurisdiction of the Board be placed on the agenda of a regular meeting. The request shall be submitted in writing to the Superintendent or designee with supporting documents and information, if any, at least one week before the scheduled meeting date. Items submitted less than a week before the scheduled meeting date may be postponed to a later meeting in order to allow sufficient time for consideration and research of the issue.

The Board president and Superintendent shall decide whether a request is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board. Items not within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board may not be placed on the agenda. In addition, before placing the item on the agenda, the Board president and Superintendent shall determine if the item is merely a request for information or whether the issue is covered by an existing policy or administrative regulation.

The Board president and Superintendent shall decide whether an agenda item is appropriate for discussion in open or closed session, and whether the item should be an action item subject to Board vote, an information item that does not require immediate action, or a consent item that is routine in nature and for which no discussion is anticipated.

Any Board action that involves borrowing \$100,000 or more shall be discussed, considered, and deliberated upon as a separate item of business on the meeting agenda. (Government Code 53635.7)

(cf. 9323.2 - Actions by the Board)

All public communications with the Board are subject to requirements of relevant Board policies and administrative regulations.

- (cf. 1312.1 Complaints Concerning District Employees)
- (cf. 1312.2 Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials)
- (cf. 1312.3 Uniform Complaint Procedures)
- (cf. 1312.4 Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures)
- (cf. 3320 Claims and Actions Against the District)
- (cf. 5144.1 Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process)

Consent Agenda/Calendar

Note: The following **optional** section is for boards that use the consent agenda or calendar to take action on matters of a routine nature for which discussion may not be necessary. It is important for such boards to limit the use of the consent agenda to noncontroversial matters and to establish rules that help ensure that any use of the consent agenda does not reduce transparency in the board's conduct of district business or result in violation of the open meeting laws. In addition, boards should be aware that, by law, certain items may not be placed on the consent agenda. For example, pursuant to Government Code 54960.2, as added by SB 1003 (Ch. 732, Statutes of 2012), a board's decision to approve or rescind its unconditional commitment to refrain from taking certain actions in violation of the Brown Act must be made as a separate item and not on the consent agenda. See BB 9323.2 - Actions by the Board.

In order to promote efficient meetings, the Board may bundle a number of items and act upon them together by a single vote through the use of a consent agenda. Consent agenda items shall be items of a routine nature and items for which Board discussion is not anticipated and for which the Superintendent recommends approval.

When any Board member requests the removal of an item from the consent agenda, the item shall be removed and given individual consideration for action as a regular agenda item.

The agenda shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to comment on any consent agenda item that has not been previously considered. However, the agenda need not provide an opportunity for public comment when the consent agenda item has previously been considered at an open meeting of a committee comprised exclusively of all the Board members provided that members of the public were afforded an opportunity to comment on the item at that meeting, unless the item has been substantially changed since the committee considered it. (Government Code 54954.3)

Agenda Dissemination to Board Members

Note: The following section is **optional** and should be modified to reflect district practice. Pursuant to Government Code 6252.7, when the Board, in the conduct of its duties, is authorized by law to access any writing of the district, including agenda and supporting documents, the district is prohibited from discriminating between or among Board members as to when and which records will be made available.

CSBA's Agenda Online, an electronic board meeting agenda service for use by districts and county offices of education, allows development of and access to Board meeting agendas, supporting documents, and minutes from any computer that has Internet access. Further information can be found on CSBA's web site.

At least three days before each regular meeting, each Board member shall be provided a copy of the agenda and agenda packet, including the Superintendent or designee's report; minutes to be approved; copies of communications; reports from committees, staff, citizens, and others; and other available documents pertinent to the meeting.

When special meetings are called, the Superintendent or designee shall make every effort to distribute the agenda and supporting materials to Board members as soon as possible before the meeting.

Board members shall review agenda materials before each meeting. Individual members may confer directly with the Superintendent or designee to ask questions and/or request additional information on agenda items. However, a majority of Board members shall not directly or through intermediaries or electronic means discuss, deliberate, or take action on any matter within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board.

(cf. 9012 - Board Member Electronic Communications)

Agenda Dissemination to Members of the Public

The Superintendent or designee shall mail a copy of the agenda or a copy of all the documents constituting the agenda packet to any person who requests the items. The materials shall be mailed at the time the agenda is posted or upon distribution of the agenda to a majority of the Board, whichever occurs first. (Government Code 54954.1)

Note: Government Code 54957.5 requires that when agenda materials are distributed to the Board less than 72 hours before a regular meeting, the district must also make the documents available for public inspection, as specified below. However, only those documents that are "public records" under the Public Records Act and which relate to an agenda item scheduled for the open session portion of a regular meeting need to be made available for inspection.

If a document which relates to an open session agenda item of a regular Board meeting is distributed to the Board less than 72 hours prior to a meeting, the Superintendent or designee shall make the document available for public inspection at a designated location at the same time the document is distributed to all or a majority of the Board, provided the document is a public record under the Public Records Act. The Superintendent or designee may also post the document on the district's web site in a position and manner that makes it clear that the document relates to an agenda item for an upcoming meeting. (Government Code 54957.5)

Any document prepared by the district or Board and distributed during a public meeting shall be made available for public inspection at the meeting. Any document prepared by another person shall be made available for public inspection after the meeting. These requirements shall not apply to a document that is exempt from public disclosure under the Public Records Act. (Government Code 54957.5)

Note: Pursuant to Government Code 54954.1, upon request, the agenda and supporting documentation must be made available in appropriate alternative formats to persons with a disability, as required under the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 USC 12132). Examples of alternative formats, also referred to as "auxiliary aids and services," are listed in 28 CFR 36.303 and include audio recordings or Braille materials.

Upon request, the Superintendent or designee shall make the agenda, agenda packet, and/or any writings distributed at the meeting available in appropriate alternative formats to persons with a disability, as required by the Americans with Disabilities Act. (Government Code 54954.1)

Any request for mailed copies of agendas or agenda packets shall be in writing and shall be valid for the calendar year in which it is filed. Written requests must be renewed following January 1 of each year. (Government Code 54954.1)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph is for use by districts that charge a fee for mailing the agenda or agenda packet. Government Code 54954.1 authorizes districts to charge a fee for mailing the agenda or agenda packet as long as the fee does not exceed the cost of providing the service. Pursuant to Government Code 54957.5, a surcharge may not be imposed for providing the agenda and other public record documents in alternative formats to persons with disabilities.

Persons requesting mailing of the agenda or agenda packet shall pay an annual fee, as determined by the Superintendent or designee, not to exceed the cost of providing the service.

Legal Reference: (see next page)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 35144 Special meetings 35145 Public meetings 35145.5 Right of public to place matters on agenda **GOVERNMENT CODE** 6250-6270 Public Records Act 53635.7 Separate item of business 54954.1 Mailed agenda of meeting 54954.2 Agenda posting requirements; board actions 54954.3 Opportunity for public to address legislative body 54954.5 Closed session item descriptions 54956.5 Emergency meetings 54957.5 Public records 54960.2 Challenging board actions; cease and desist UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42 12101-12213 Americans with Disabilities Act CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 28 35.160 Effective communications 36.303 Auxiliary aids and services COURT DECISIONS Mooney v. Garcia, (2012) 207 Cal.App.4th 229 Caldwell v. Roseville Joint Union High School District, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 66318

Management Resources:

<u>CSBA PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>Call to Order: A Blueprint for Great Board Meetings</u>, 2010 <u>The Brown Act: School Boards and Open Meeting Laws</u>, rev. 2009 <u>ATTORNEY GENERAL PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>The Brown Act: Open Meetings for Legislative Bodies</u>, rev. 2003 <u>WEB SITES</u> CSBA, Agenda Online: http://www.csba.org California Attorney General's Office: http://www.oag.ca.gov

Center USD Board Bylaw Agenda/Meeting Materials

BB 9322 Board Bylaws

Agenda Content

Governing Board meeting agendas shall state the meeting time and place and shall briefly describe each business item to be transacted or discussed, including items to be discussed in closed session. (Government Code 54954.2)

(cf. 9320 - Meetings and Notices) (cf. 9321- Closed Session Purposes and Agendas)

The agenda shall provide members of the public the opportunity to address the Board on any agenda item before or during the Board's consideration of the item. The agenda shall also provide members of the public an opportunity to testify at regular meetings on matters which are not on the agenda but which are within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board. (Education Code 35145.5; Government Code 54954.3)

(cf. 9323 - Meeting Conduct)

Each meeting agenda shall list the address designated by the Superintendent or designee for public inspection of agenda documents that have been distributed to the Board less than 72 hours before the meeting. (Government Code 54957.5)

The agenda shall specify that an individual who requires disability-related accommodations or modifications, including auxiliary aids and services, in order to participate in the Board meeting should contact the Superintendent or designee. (Government Code 54954.2)

Agenda Preparation

The Board president and the Superintendent, as secretary to the Board, shall work together to develop the agenda for each regular and special meeting. Each agenda shall reflect the district's vision and goals and the Board's focus on student learning.

(cf. 0000 - Vision)
(cf. 0200 - Goals for the School District)
(cf. 9121 - President)
(cf. 9122 - Secretary)

A Board member or member of the public may request that a matter within the jurisdiction of the Board be placed on the agenda of a regular meeting. The request shall be in writing and be submitted to the Superintendent or designee with supporting documents and information, if any, at least one week before the scheduled meeting date. Items submitted less than a week before the scheduled meeting date may be postponed to a later meeting in order to allow sufficient time for consideration and research of the issue.

The Board president and Superintendent shall decide whether a request is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board. Items not within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board may not be placed on the agenda. In addition, the Board president and Superintendent shall determine if the item is merely a request for information or whether the issue is covered by an existing policy or administrative regulation before placing the item on the agenda.

The Board president and Superintendent shall decide whether an agenda item is appropriate for discussion in open or closed session, and whether the item should be an action item subject to Board vote, an information item that does not require immediate action, or a consent item that is routine in nature and for which no discussion is anticipated.

Any Board action that involves borrowing \$100,000 or more shall be discussed, considered, and deliberated upon as a separate item of business on the meeting agenda. (Government Code 53635.7)

(cf. 9323.2 - Actions by the Board)

All public communications with the Board are subject to requirements of relevant Board policies and administrative regulations.

(cf. 1312.1 - Complaints Concerning District Employees)
(cf. 1312.2 - Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials)
(cf. 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures)
(cf. 3320 - Claims and Actions Against the District)

(cf. 5144.1 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process)

Consent Items

In order to promote efficient meetings, the Board may act upon more than one item by a single vote through the use of a consent agenda. Consent items shall be items of a routine nature or items for which no Board discussion is anticipated and for which the Superintendent recommends approval.

In accordance with law, the public has a right to comment on any consent item. At the request of any member of the Board, any item on the consent agenda shall be removed and given individual consideration for action as a regular agenda item.

Agenda Dissemination to Board Members

At least three days before each regular meeting, a copy of the agenda and agenda packet shall be forwarded to each Board member, including the Superintendent or designee's report; minutes to be approved; copies of communications; reports from committees, staff, citizens, and others; and other available documents pertinent to the meeting.

When special meetings are called, the Superintendent or designee shall make every effort to distribute the agenda and supporting materials to Board members as soon as possible before

the meeting.

Board members shall review agenda materials before each meeting. Individual members may confer directly with the Superintendent or designee to request additional information on agenda items.

Agenda Dissemination to Members of the Public

The Superintendent or designee shall mail a copy of the agenda or a copy of all the documents constituting the agenda packet to any person who requests the items. The materials shall be mailed at the time the agenda is posted or upon distribution of the agenda to a majority of the Board, whichever occurs first. (Government Code 54954.1)

If a document is distributed to the Board less than 72 hours prior to a meeting, the Superintendent or designee shall make the document available for public inspection at the time the document is distributed to a majority of the Board provided that the document is a public record under the Public Records Act and relates to an agenda item for an open session of a regular Board meeting. The Superintendent or designee may also post the document on the district's web site in a position and manner that makes it clear that the document relates to an agenda item for an upcoming meeting. (Government Code 54957.5)

(cf. 1113 - District and School Web Sites) (cf. 1340 - Access to District Records)

Any documents prepared by the district or the Board and distributed during a public meeting shall be made available for public inspection at the meeting. Any documents prepared by another person shall be made available for public inspection after the meeting. These requirements shall not apply to a document that is exempt from public disclosure under the Public Records Act. (Government Code 54957.5)

Upon request, the Superintendent or designee shall make the agenda, agenda packet, and/or any writings distributed at the meeting available in appropriate alternative formats to persons with a disability, as required by the Americans with Disabilities Act. (Government Code 54954.1)

Any request for mailed copies of agendas or agenda packets shall be in writing and shall be valid for the calendar year in which it is filed. Written requests must be renewed following January 1 of each year. (Government Code 54954.1)

Persons requesting mailing of the agenda or agenda packet shall pay an annual fee, as determined by the Superintendent or designee, not to exceed the cost of providing the service.

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE 35144 Special meetings 35145 Public meetings 35145.5 Right of public to place matters on agenda GOVERNMENT CODE

6250-6270 Public Records Act 53635.7 Separate item of business 54954.1 Mailed agenda of meeting 54954.2 Agenda posting requirements; board actions 54954.3 Opportunity for public to address legislative body 54954.5 Closed session item descriptions 54956.5 Emergency meetings 54957.5 Public records **UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42** 12101-12213 Americans with Disabilities Act CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 28 35.160 Effective communications 36.303 Auxiliary aids and services COURT DECISIONS Caldwell v. Roseville Joint Union HSD, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 66318 Management Resources: **CSBA PUBLICATIONS** The Brown Act: School Boards and Open Meeting Laws, rev. 2007 Guide to Effective Meetings, rev. 2007 Maximizing School Board Leadership: Boardsmanship, 1996 ATTORNEY GENERAL PUBLICATIONS The Brown Act: Open Meetings for Legislative Bodies, California Attorney General's Office, rev. 2003 CALIFORNIA CITY ATTORNEY PUBLICATIONS Open and Public III: A User's Guide to the Ralph M. Brown Act, 2000 WEB SITES CSBA. **Online:** Agenda http://www.csba.org/Services/Services/GovernanceTechnology/AgendaOnline.aspx

California Attorney General's Office: http://www.caag.state.ca.us

ACTIONS BY THE BOARD

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 35164, a majority vote of <u>all</u> members of the Governing Board is necessary for an item to carry, even in those cases where some members are absent. Thus, for districts with a five-member board, an item will pass with three votes, even if only three members are present or there is a vacancy. Education Code 35165 details the effect of a vacancy in districts with a seven-member board. For language regarding vote requirements when a board member abstains, see BB 9323 - Meeting Conduct.

The law specifies certain board actions as requiring more than a majority vote; see E(1) 9323.2 for a specific list of such actions.

The Governing Board shall act by a majority vote of all of the membership constituting the Board, unless otherwise required by law. (Education Code 35164)

(cf. 9000 - Role of the Board) (cf. 9005 - Governance Standards) (cf. 9012 - Board Member Electronic Communications) (cf. 9200 - Limits of Board Member Authority)

Note: In some instances, the law requires that a hearing be conducted before the Board takes action on an item (e.g., before adopting the district's budget or expelling a student). Notice and other requirements for hearings may be more extensive than those for regular or special meetings and will depend upon the specific requirements in applicable statutes.

An "action" by the Board means: (Government Code 54952.6)

- 1. A collective decision by a majority of the Board members
- 2. A collective commitment or promise by a majority of the Board members to make a positive or negative decision
- 3. A vote by a majority of the Board members when sitting as the Board upon a motion, proposal, resolution, order, or ordinance

The Board shall not take action by secret ballot, whether preliminary or final. (Government Code 54953)

Actions taken by the Board in open session shall be recorded in the Board minutes. (Education Code 35145)

(cf. 9324 - Minutes and Recordings)

Action on Non-Agenda Items

Note: The Brown Act (Government Code 54950-54963) generally prohibits any action or discussion of items not on the posted agenda. However, Government Code 54954.2 provides for three specific and narrow situations in which the Board can act on an item not on the agenda, as specified below. Board members may also briefly respond to questions raised by members of the public concerning items not on the agenda; see BB 9323 - Meeting Conduct.

After publicly identifying the item, the Board may take action on a subject not appearing on the posted meeting agenda under any of the following conditions: (Government Code 54954.2)

- 1. When a majority of the Board determines that an emergency situation exists, as defined for emergency meetings pursuant to Government Code 54956.5
- 2. When two-thirds of the members present, or if less than two-thirds of the members are present then by a unanimous vote of all members present, determine that the need to take immediate action came to the district's attention after the agenda was posted
- 3. When an item appeared on the agenda of, and was continued from, a meeting that occurred not more than five days earlier

(cf. 9320 - Meetings and Notices) (cf. 9322 - Agenda/Meeting Materials)

Challenging Board Actions

Note: Government Code 54960 grants authority to the district attorney or any interested person to file a civil action asking the court to order the Board to stop or prevent Brown Act violations specified below. The Board should be careful to respond to legal challenges to its actions and consult legal counsel when necessary. Pursuant to Government Code 54960.5, a court may award court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to a plaintiff who successfully invalidates a Board action in violation of the Brown Act or successfully enforces one of the Brown Act's civil remedies provided in Government Code 54960.2.

The district attorney's office or any interested person may file an action in court to stop or prevent the Board's violation or threats of violations of the Brown Act, to determine the applicability of the Brown Act to ongoing or future threatened Board actions, to determine the validity, under California or federal law, of any Board rule or action to penalize any of its members or otherwise discourage the member's expression, or to compel the Board to audio record its closed sessions because of its violation of any applicable Government Code provision. (Government Code 54960)

Note: Pursuant to Government Code 54960.1, the district attorney's office or any interested person may file a lawsuit to invalidate (i.e., declare null and void) actions that violate specific provisions of the Brown Act listed in Government Code 54960.1 and specified below. However, even when the action may normally be subject to invalidation, Government Code 54960.1 provides that in certain circumstances (e.g., when there has been substantial compliance with the Brown Act or the Board created a contractual obligation), the action may not be invalidated.

Before seeking court action, the person who believes a violation occurred must send a written demand to the Board to "cure or correct" the action as specified below. Because the laws regarding these provisions are complex, it is recommended that the district consult with legal counsel upon receipt of a "cure and correct" demand.

The district attorney or any interested person may present a demand that the Board cure and correct a Board action which he/she alleges is in violation of law regarding any of the following: (Government Code 54960.1)

- 1. Open meeting and teleconferencing (Government Code 54953)
- 2. Agenda posting (Government Code 54954.2)
- 3. Closed session item descriptions (Government Code 54954.5)
- 4. New or increased tax assessments (Government Code 54954.6)
- 5. Special meetings (Government Code 54956)
- 6. Emergency meetings (Government Code 54956.5)

Any demand to "cure and correct" an alleged violation shall clearly describe the challenged action and the nature of the alleged violation and shall be presented to the Board in writing within 90 days of the date when the action was taken. If the alleged violation concerns action taken in an open session but in violation of Government Code 54954.2 (agenda posting), the written demand must be made within 30 days of the date when the alleged action took place. (Government Code 54960.1)

Within 30 days of receiving the demand, the Board shall do one of the following: (Government Code 54960.1)

- 1. Cure or correct the challenged action and inform the demanding party in writing of its actions to cure or correct.
- 2. Determine not to cure or correct the alleged violation and inform the demanding party in writing of its decision to not cure or correct.
- 3. Take no action. If the Board takes no action within the 30-day review period, its inaction shall be considered a decision not to cure or correct the action.

Note: Pursuant to Government Code 54960, as amended by SB 1003 (Ch. 732, Statutes of 2012), past Board actions that occur on or after January 1, 2013 but which are not specified in Government Code 54960.1 may also be challenged. However, prior to commencing such an action, the district attorney or other interested person must comply with the requirements specified in Government Code 54960.2, as added by SB 1003, including sending a cease and desist letter to the Board within nine months of the alleged violation.

In addition, the district attorney's office or any interested party may file an action in court to determine the applicability of the Brown Act to any past Board action not specified in Government Code 54960.1, if the following conditions are met: (Government Code 54960.2)

1. Within nine months of the alleged violation, a cease and desist letter is submitted to the Board, clearly describing the past Board action and the nature of the alleged violation.

Note: Pursuant to Government Code 54960.2, the Board may respond within 30 days of receiving the cease and desist letter. If the Board decides to respond to the letter with an unconditional commitment to desist from repeating the past action, the unconditional commitment is required to be substantially in the same form provided in Government Code 54960.2 and to be approved in an open session of the Board's regular or special meeting. For a sample unconditional commitment letter, see E(2) 9323.2.

2. The time for the Board to respond has expired and the Board has not provided an unconditional commitment to cease and desist from and not repeat the past action alleged to have violated the Brown Act.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE 15266 School construction bonds 17466 Declaration of intent to sell or lease real property 17481 Lease of property with residence for nondistrict purposes 17510-17511 Resolution requiring unanimous vote of all members constituting board 17546 Private sale of personal property 17556-17561 Dedication of real property 17582-17583 District deferred maintenance fund 35140-35149 Meetings 35160-35178.4 Powers and duties 48660-48661 Community day schools, establishment and restrictions <u>CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE</u> 425.16 Special motion to strike in connection with a public issue 1245.240 Eminent domain vote requirements 1245.245 Eminent domain, resolution adopting different use

Legal Reference continued: (see next page)

Legal Reference: (continued) **GOVERNMENT** CODE 53090-53097.5 Regulation of local agencies by counties and cities 53724 Parcel tax resolution requirements 53790-53792 Exceeding the budget 53820-53833 Temporary borrowing 53850-53858 Temporary borrowing 54950-54963 The Ralph M. Brown Act, especially: 54952.6 Action taken, definition 54953 Meetings to be open and public; attendance; secret ballots 54960-54960.5 Actions to prevent violations 65352.2 Coordination with planning agency PUBLIC CONTRACT CODE 3400 Bid specifications 20111 Contracts over \$50,000; contracts for construction; award to lowest responsible bidder 20113 Emergencies, award of contracts without bids COURT DECISIONS Los Angeles Times Communications LLC v. Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors (2003) 112 Cal.App.4th 1313 McKee v. Orange Unified School District (2003) 110 Cal.App.4th 1310 Bell v. Vista Unified School District (2002) 82 Cal. App. 4th 672 Boyle v. City of Redondo Beach (1999) 70 Cal.App.4th 1109

Management Resources:

<u>CSBA PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>The Brown Act: School Boards and Open Meeting Laws</u>, 2009 <u>ATTORNEY GENERAL PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>The Brown Act: Open Meetings for Local Legislative Bodies</u>, 2003 <u>LEAGUE OF CALIFORNIA CITIES PUBLICATIONS</u> <u>Open and Public IV: A Guide to the Ralph M. Brown Act</u>, 2007 <u>WEB SITES</u> CSBA: http://www.csba.org California Attorney General's Office: http://www.oag.ca.gov Institute of Local Government: http://www.ca-ilg.org

Center USD Board Bylaw Actions By The Board

BB 9323.2 Board Bylaws

The Governing Board shall act by a majority vote of all of the membership constituting the Board, unless otherwise required by law. (Education Code 35164)

An "action" by the Board means: (Government Code 54952.6)

1. A collective decision by a majority of the Board members

2. A collective commitment or promise by a majority of the members to make a positive or negative decision

3. A vote by a majority of the members when sitting as the Board upon a motion, proposal, resolution, order, or ordinance

The Board shall not take action by secret ballot, whether preliminary or final. (Government Code 54953)

Actions taken by the Board in open session shall be recorded in the Board minutes. (Education Code 35145)

(cf. 9324 - Minutes and Recordings)

Action on Non-Agenda Items

After publicly identifying the item, the Board may take action on a subject not appearing on the posted meeting agenda under any of the following conditions: (Government Code 54954.2)

1. When a majority of the Board determines that an emergency situation exists, as defined for emergency meetings pursuant to Government Code 54956.5

2. When two-thirds of the members present, or if less than two-thirds of the members are present then by a unanimous vote of all members present, determine that the need to take immediate action came to the district's attention after the agenda was posted

3. When an item appeared on the agenda of, and was continued from, a meeting that occurred not more than five days earlier

(cf. 9320 - Meetings and Notices) (cf. 9322 - Agenda/Meeting Materials) Challenging Board Actions

Any interested person or the district attorney's office may present a demand that the Board cure and correct a Board action which he/she alleges is in violation of Government Code

54954.2 (agenda posting), Government Code 54953 (open meeting and teleconferencing), Government Code 54954.5 (closed session item descriptions), Government Code 54954.6 (new or increased tax assessments), Government Code 54956 (special meetings), or Government Code 54956.5 (emergency meetings). (Government Code 54960.1)

Any demand to "cure and correct" an alleged violation shall clearly describe the challenged action and the nature of the alleged violation and shall be presented to the Board in writing within 90 days of the date when the action was taken. If the alleged violation concerns action taken in an open session but in violation of Government Code 54954.2 (agenda posting), the written demand must be made within 30 days of the date when the alleged action took place. (Government Code 54960.1)

Within 30 days of receiving the demand, the Board shall do one of the following: (Government Code 54960.1)

1. Cure or correct the challenged action and inform the demanding party in writing of its actions to cure or correct.

2. Determine not to cure or correct the alleged violation and inform the demanding party in writing of its decision to not cure or correct.

3. Take no action. If the Board takes no action within the 30-day review period, its inaction shall be considered a decision not to cure or correct the action.

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE 15266 School construction bonds 17466 Declaration of intent to sell or lease real property 17481 Lease of property with residence for nondistrict purposes 17510-17511 Resolution requiring unanimous vote of all members constituting board 17546 Private sale of personal property 17556-17561 Dedication of real property 17582-17583 District deferred maintenance fund 35140-35149 Meetings 35160-35178.4 Powers and duties 48660-48661 Community day schools establishment and restrictions CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE 425.16 Special motion to strike in connection with a public issue 1245.240 Eminent domain vote requirements 1245.245 Eminent domain, resolution adopting different use **GOVERNMENT CODE** 53090-53097.5 Regulation of local agencies by counties and cities

53724 Parcel tax resolution requirements

53790-53792 Exceeding the budget

53820-53833 Temporary borrowing

53850-53858 Temporary borrowing

54950-54963 The Ralph M. Brown Act, especially:

54952.6 Action taken, definition

54953 Meetings to be open and public; attendance; secret ballots

54960 Action to prevent violations

65352.2 Coordination with planning agency

PUBLIC CONTRACT CODE

3400 Bid specifications

20111 Contracts over \$50,000; contracts for construction; award to lowest responsible bidder 20113 Emergencies, award of contracts without bids

COURT DECISIONS

Los Angeles Times Communications LLC v. Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors, (2003) 112 Cal.App.4th 1313

McKee v. Orange Unified School District, (2003) 110 Cal.App.4th 1310

Bell v. Vista Unified School District, (2002) 82 Cal.App.4th 672

Boyle v. City of Redondo Beach, (1999) 70 Cal.App.4th 1109

Management Resources: CSBA PUBLICATIONS The Brown Act: School Boards and Open Meeting Laws, 2009 ATTORNEY GENERAL PUBLICATIONS The Brown Act: Open Meetings for Local Legislative Bodies, 2003 LEAGUE OF CALIFORNIA CITIES PUBLICATIONS Open and Public IV: A Guide to the Ralph M. Brown Act, 2007 WEB SITES CSBA: http://www.csba.org California Attorney General's Office: http://www.caag.state.ca.us Institute of Local Government: http://www.ca-ilg.org



Board Bylaws

E(2) 9323.2

ACTIONS BY THE BOARD

UNCONDITIONAL COMMITMENT LETTER

Note: Government Code 54960, as amended by SB 1003 (Ch. 732, Statutes of 2012), authorizes the district attorney or other interested person to file an action in court to determine the applicability of the Ralph M. Brown Act to any past Governing Board action which is not specified in Government Code 54960.1 and which occurs on or after January 1, 2013; see the accompanying administrative regulation. Prior to commencing such an action, the district attorney or other interested person must send a cease and desist letter to the Board within nine months of the alleged violation. Within 30 days of receiving the cease and desist letter, the Board may respond by sending an unconditional commitment, substantially in the same form provided in Government Code 54960.2, to desist from repeating the past action. If the Board so responds, the district attorney or other interested person may not file an action in court. The following exhibit presents a sample unconditional commitment letter.

To: (Name of district attorney or any interested person)

The Governing Board of (*name of school district*) has received your cease and desist letter dated (*date*) alleging that the following described past action taken by the Board violates the Ralph M. Brown Act: (*Describe alleged past action as set forth in the cease and desist letter.*)

In order to avoid unnecessary litigation and without admitting any violation of the Ralph M. Brown Act, the Board hereby unconditionally commits that it will cease, desist from, and not repeat the challenged past action described above. The Board may rescind this commitment only by a majority vote of its membership taken in open session at a regular meeting and noticed on its posted agenda as "Rescission of Brown Act Commitment." You will be provided with written notice, sent by any means or media you provide in response to this message, to whatever address(es) you specify, of any intention to consider rescinding this commitment at least 30 days before any such regular meeting. In the event that this commitment is rescinded, a notice will be delivered to you by the same means as this commitment, or by mail to an address that you have designated in writing, and you will have the right to commence legal action pursuant to Government Code 54960(a).

Sincerely,

(<u>Name</u>) (<u>Title of Board President or other designee</u>)